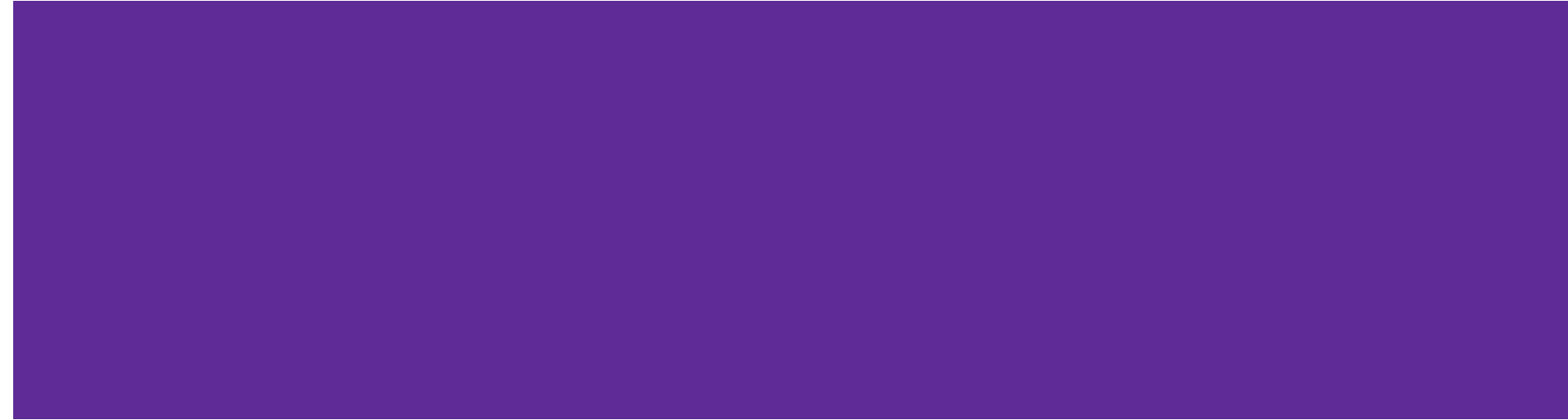


Mobile Libraries & Information Needs in Refugee Camps

Allison Easton & Katherine Wells



Outline

- Learning Objectives + Outcomes
- Key Terms
- Postcolonial theory & Global citizenship
- Information Needs in Refugee Camps
- Role of Libraries & Mobile Libraries



Learning Objectives and Outcomes

Objectives

- Communicate existing library services in an international-context
- Outline the postcolonial perspective(s) relating to global information access
- Posit mobile libraries as an intervention to address the information needs of refugees in refugee camps

Outcomes

- Understand key terms relating to information needs & refugees
- Be aware of current interventions in meeting the information needs of refugees
- Be aware of the variety of services that mobile libraries offer in an international context
- Be able to critically assess information provision in refugee camps

Key Terms I

Refugee:

“Refugees are people fleeing conflict or persecution. They are defined and protected in international law, and must not be expelled or returned to situations where their life and freedom are at risk” (UNHCR, 2019)

Refugee Camp:

- “A refugee camp is intended as a temporary accommodation for people who have been forced to flee their home because of violence and persecution. They are constructed while crises unfold for people fleeing for their lives.” (UNHCR, 2019)
- 2.6m refugees live in camps (UNHCR, 2019)

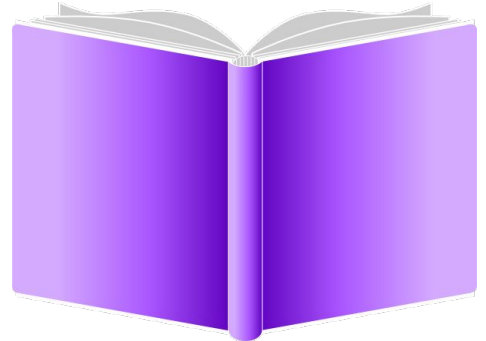
Key Terms II

Mobile Library:

- “Any library service that does not stay in one place is classed as a Mobile Library” (IFLA, 2010, p. 5).
- “[A] specially designed vehicle for use as a library that provides books and other reading material, and often, nowadays, audiobooks, IT equipment and Internet access” (Bikos & Papadimitriou, 2018)

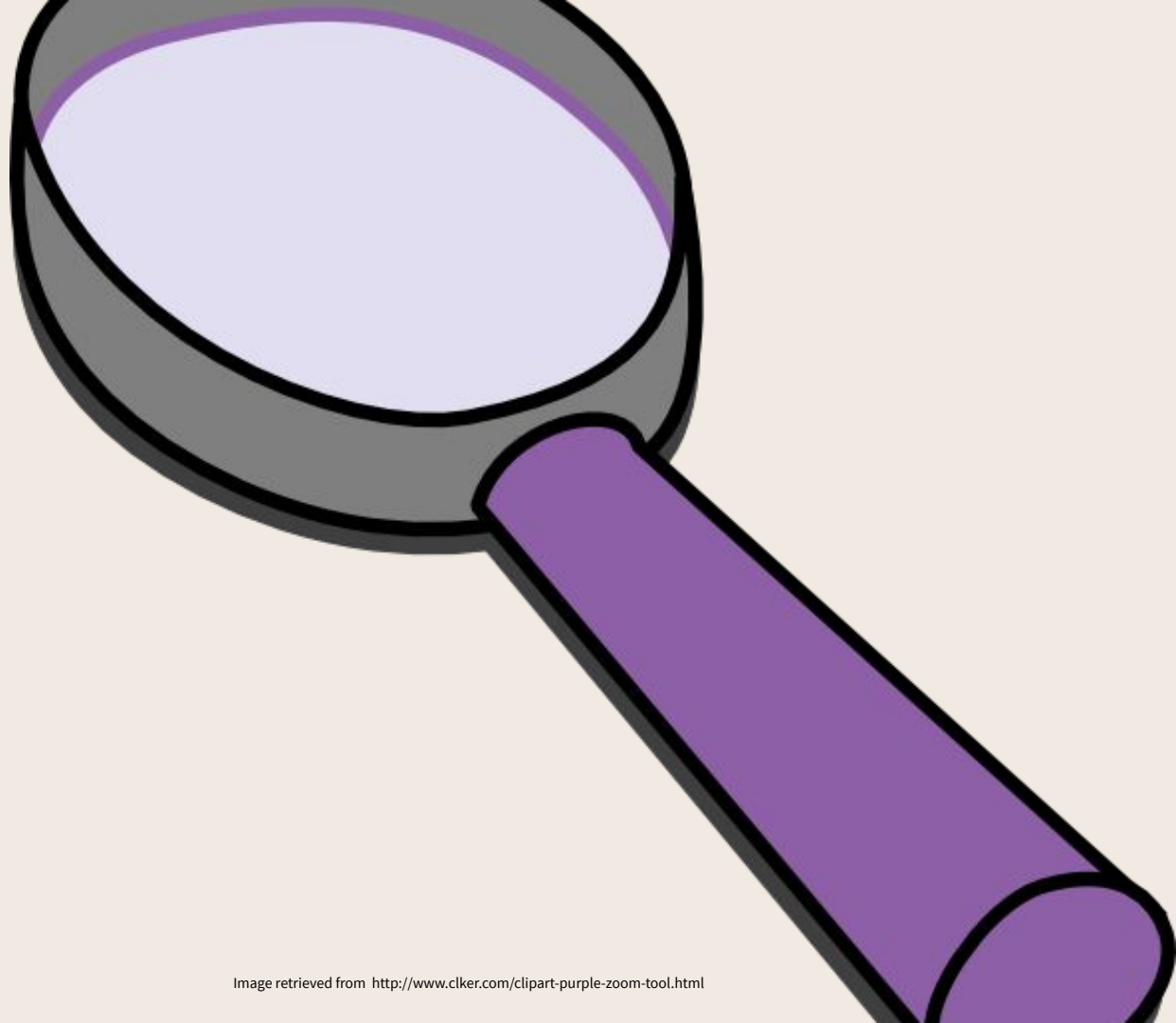
ICT: information and communication technologies

- For example, mobile phones



Postcolonial Theory

- Rejecting the “universalizing tendency of Western knowledge” (Iwowo, 2019, p. 6)
- Postcolonial Feminist Theory: Power dynamics & “The Other(s)” (Hesse-Biber, 2012)



Global Citizenship

- Locating, Contacting & Communicating
- Ethics of Engagement
 - Commitment to understanding conditions that produce refugees & their reception
 - Ethics of civility
 - Ethics of care



(Paehlke, 2014; Sidhu, 2017)

Library Values Internationally: IFLA & ALA



Article 1 Recognition of the inherent dignity and of the equal and inalienable rights of all members of the human family is the foundation of justice, peace and good will in the world.

Article 2 Everyone has the right to life, liberty and security of person. No one shall be subjected to torture or to cruel, inhuman or degrading treatment or punishment. No one shall be held in slavery or servitude; slavery and the slave trade, including the trade in women, shall be prohibited in all their forms.

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Article 9 No one shall be subjected to arbitrary arrest, detention or exile.

Article 10 Everyone has the right to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal in the determination of his rights and obligations.

Article 11 Everyone has the right to a fair and public hearing by an independent and impartial tribunal in the determination of his rights and obligations.

Article 12 No one shall be subjected to arbitrary interference with his privacy, family, home or correspondence, nor to attacks upon his honour and reputation. Everyone has the right to the protection of the law against such interference or attacks.

Article 13 Everyone has the right to free movement and residence within the borders of each state.

Article 14 Everyone has the right to leave any country, including his own, and to return to his country.

Article 15 Everyone has the right to a nationality.

Article 16 Everyone has the right to marry and to found a family, which is the basis of the family.

Article 17 Everyone has the right to own property alone as well as in association with others.

Article 18 Everyone has the right to freedom of thought, conscience and religion.

Article 19 Everyone has the right to freedom of opinion and expression.

Article 20 Everyone has the right to peaceful assembly and to associate with others in the maintenance of common interests.

Article 21 Everyone has the right to take part in the government of his country, directly or through freely chosen representatives.

Article 22 Everyone has the right to social security.

Article 23 Everyone has the right to work, to free choice of employment, to just and favourable conditions of work and to protection of employment.

Article 24 Everyone has the right to rest and leisure, including reasonable limitation of working hours and periodic holidays with pay.

Article 25 Everyone has the right to a standard of living adequate for the health and well-being of himself and of his family, including food, clothing, housing, medical care and necessary social services, and to education.

Article 26 Everyone has the right to education.

Article 27 Everyone has the right to the free enjoyment of his scientific, cultural and artistic achievements.

Article 28 Everyone has the right to the full development of his personality.

Article 29 Everyone has the right to the full development of his personality.

Article 30 Nothing shall be invoked against the rights and freedoms set forth in this Declaration.

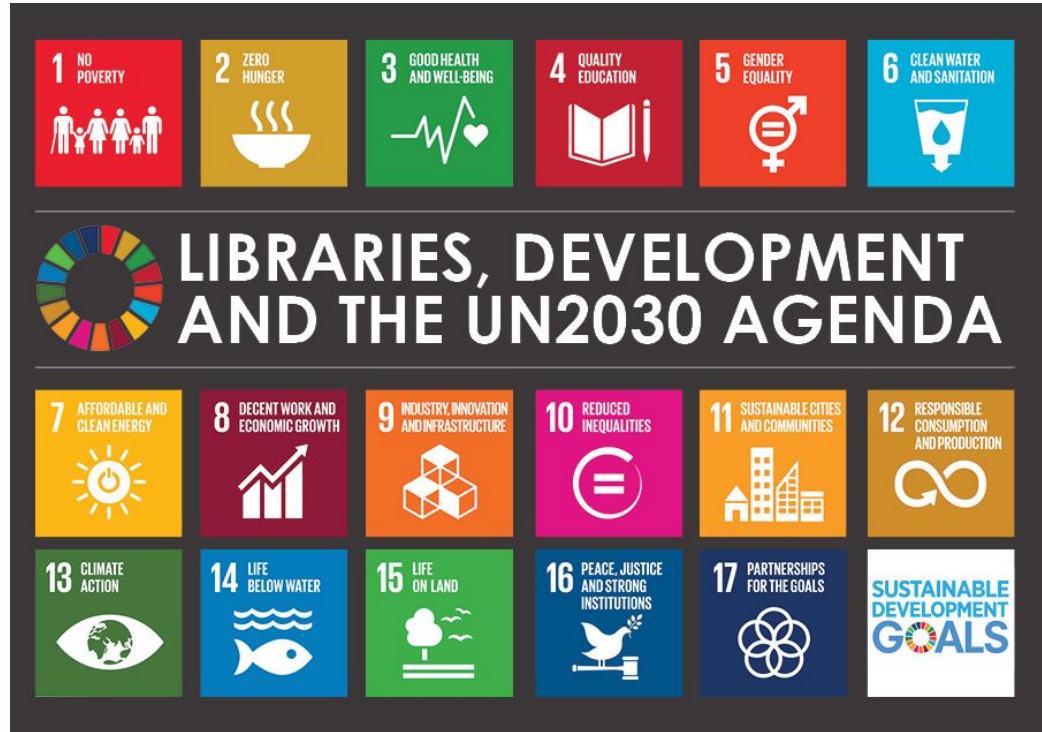
- Human Rights

“Libraries are innately subversive institutions born of the radical notion that every single member of society deserves free, high quality access to knowledge and culture.” - Dr. Matt Finch (as quoted in ALA, 2019, Access to Library Resources and Services)



Library Values Internationally II

- Access & Sustainability
 - “The library is the only place in many communities where people can access information that will help improve their education, develop new skills, find jobs, build businesses, make informed agricultural and health decisions, or gain insights into environmental issues” (IFLA, 2017).



Stages of Settlement

Lloyd, Kennan, Thompson & Qayyum (2013)

- transitioning
- settling in
- being settled

Andrade & Doolin (2019)

- orienting practices
- instrumental practices
- expressive practices





However...

- Context matters!
 - Size of refugee camps varies
 - Difficult to generalize literature (Mansour, 2016)
 - Community engagement (Fisher, Yafii, Maitland, & Xu, 2019)
- Cultural considerations
 - Gender (Fisher, Yafii, Maitland, & Xu, 2019)
 - Linguistic barriers (Nawotka, 2019)
 - And more!



Information Needs in Refugees Camps: Themes



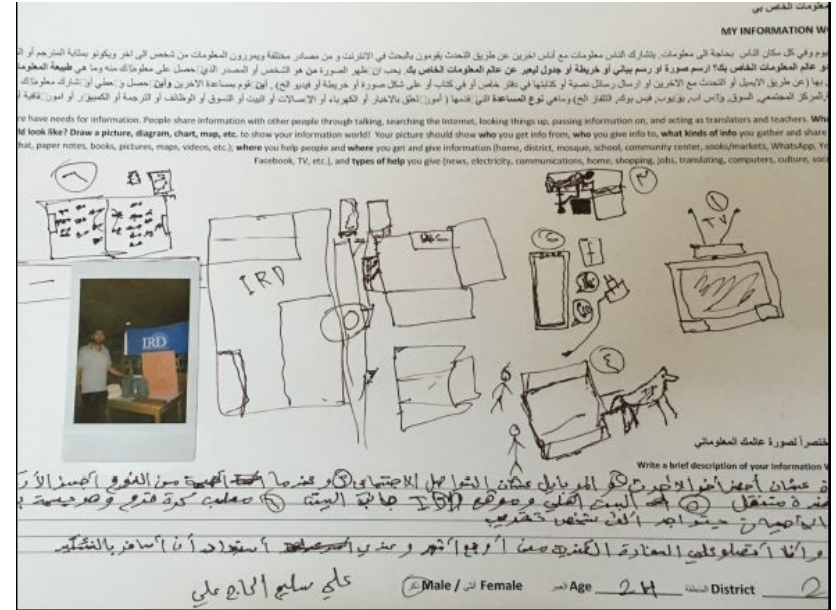
- Daily Tasks
 - Everyday Information Landscape (Lloyd, Kennan, Thompson & Qayyum, 2013)
- Security
- Shelter

Diaries filled out by Za'atari community members (Fisher, Yafii, Maitland, & Xu, 2019)

(Mansour, 2018; Martzoukou & Burnett, 2018; Obodoruku, 2014; Redmond & Associates, 2004; Sambo, 2017; Smith, 2008)

Information Needs in Refugees Camps: Themes II

- Health Information
- Information on Relocating Family
- Information on Country of Origin
- Education for School-Aged Children



Information World Drawing at Za'atari (Fisher, Yafii, Maitland, & Xu, 2019)

Strategies in Refugee Camps

- Social Networks
- ICT
- Formal Organizations



(Andrade & Doolin, 2019; Benitez, 2012; Lloyd, Kennan, Thompson & Qayyum, 2013; Lloyd & Wilkinson, 2019; Mansour, 2018; Obodoruku, 2014; Redmond & Associates, 2004)

United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)



- UNHCR Strategic Directions (#4 of 5 core directions)
 - Empower through information (UNHCR Strategic Directions 2017-2021, p. 24)
- Opportunity for Collaboration
 - Over 900 partners

Mobile Libraries

- What is a mobile library?
 - “Libraries in any form that move in any manner, offer library services, are served by specialised staff and work in an organised manner within an institutional framework, can be formally classified as Mobile Libraries” (Bikos & Papadimitriou, 2018).
- Local context
 - epl2go Literacy Vans
- Beyond books
 - Variety of services offered
 - Technology is significant



(epl2go Literacy Vans, n.d.; Library Resources, 2018)

Mobile Libraries (Not Just Vans)



Elephant mobile library in Laos



Stockholm county library boat (bokbåten)



Kenyan camel library

Mobile Libraries in Refugee Camps

- Relief International focuses on promoting **childhood literacy** with a Library-in-a-Truck in the Kelenterli refugee settlement
- ECHO mobile library serves refugees in the Athens area with the goal of fostering **learning** and a **sense of community**
- Through UNHCR, a nurse established mobile libraries at refugee camps in Tanzania for health workers to **update medical training** .
- Truck-library in Sahrawi refugee camps is part of a network that hosts **book clubs** for children and adults.

(Asselin & Doiron, 2013; Bausells, 2015; Knight, 2009; Lynch, 2017)



Based on these examples...

- Themes:
 - Educational Needs, Health Information, Employment Help, Security Information, Community
 - Collaborate with community & provide tools

Expanding the Mobile Library Service to Meet Information Needs in Refugee Camps

- ICT
- Access to Mobile Phones and/or directing to resources that can be used on mobile phones
- Collaboration



(Andrade & Doolin, 2019; Benitez, 2012; Mansour, 2018)

Incorporating ICT with Mobile Libraries: An Example

Libraries without Borders - Ideas Box



Conclusion

- To view library services through a postcolonial lens and practice our global citizenship, we think that library service to refugees in refugee camps is an important topic to consider.
- We see the use of mobile libraries as a meaningful and flexible intervention in addressing the variety of information needs that refugees may have while in refugee camps.
- We see the use of ICTs in these mobile libraries as particularly important for connecting individuals to the information they need. We see Libraries Without Borders' Ideas Box as an example of creative service that other mobile libraries could model.

Thank you!

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