



Motivation:

• According to WHO, "School-age children with vision impairment can also experience lower levels of educational achievement."¹

• This is due to the difficulty of acquiring information through visual means; often many subjects require visuals/graphics to better explain the applications and spatial awareness, especially in STEAM

• DODO is a tactile coding block that supports visually impaired students in learning computer programming

• Series of paper modules with unique texture and shapes to represent a different function or value in code

• By using AI and computer recognition, the AI will provide feedback to the student in real time

• This project will aim to further optimize and increase the effectiveness of DODO by applying gamification to the system and creating a multiplayer version of DODO

Research Problem:

• Gamification: Process of enhancing systems by applying video game characteristics to motivate/engage users²

• Can increase learning efficiency, learning motivation and engagement, increasing information retaining ability etc.

- Gamification is effective when a cycle of struggle and reward is applied to the user ³ • Evokes "pleasure" within the user
 - Incentives the user to continue playing the game

• Due to DODO being a program for the visually impaired; gamification will be applied through aspects like:

- Assigning mission objectives
- Sound effects
- Narrator/storyline
- Badges

• The multiplayer game will use a competetive gamemode, where individuals compete to complete each mission objective the quickest

DODO: Gamification for the Visually Impaired

• AI Object Detection is modified, instead of real-time detection — webcam captures image when a button is pressed

• Image captured is then analyzed — allows for faster processing and supports this gamemode

• Timer for each script will time how fast each player is — this will determine which player is faster

Level ideas:

- #1: Show a variable module
- #2: Show an if statement
- #3: Show a module that will print a variable
- #4: Show a variable that has the value "x = 2"
- #5: Show a module that will print "x = 2"



Figure 1: The paper modules used in DODO



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DODO: Multiplayer Educational Game for the Visually Impaired

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- Identify user requirements and limitations due to Brainstorming visual impairment

Writing pseudocode — Apply in coding format

- This software program will use two cameras & two but to host the game on one computer
- For the sake of simplicity and to promote playing t game beside each other and in person



Figure 2: Flow chart depicting how the code for the first level will function

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Methodology:

Mapping out a flowchart of the code — Develop logistics of the program

	create function get_audio() input voice from user create function object_detection
ittons	
	#level 1
ha	create function player1():
ne	if X key is pressed:
	capture image in camera 1
	Timer 1 ends
	object detection in image
	modulo1 – 1
	else.
	module1 = 0
	create function player2():
	ii r key is pressed.
	Timer2 ends
	object detection in image
	if Image2 has variable module:
	module2 = 1
	else:
	module2 = 0
	play "starting sound effect"
	while True:
	say "Mission objective: show the variable module"
	play "beginning sound effect"
	Timer 2 starts
	run player1() & player2() simultaneously
	if module1 <= module2:
	counter 2 ++ 1 say "Playor 2 gots one point!"
	break
	elif module? <= module1.
	counter1 ++1
	say "Player 1 gets one point!"
	break
	elif module1 == module2 == 0:
	say "Both of you didn't show a variable block! Try again?"
↓ r2 < timer1	text = get_audio()
	if "yes" in text:
nter2 ++1	continue
•	elif "no" in text:
sound effect	break
	else:
"Player 2	break
one point"	else.
	if Timer1 <= Timer2:
	counter1 ++1
	say "Player 1 gets one point!"
	break
	else:
	counter2 ++1
	say "Player 2 gets one point!"
	break
	say "The current scoreboard is" counter1 "and" counter2
igure 3:	Pseudocode depicting how the code for
\sim	the first level will be written







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