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## THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

Deafness and Mother-Child Interaction

by

Douglas E. Anderson

## A THESIS

SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES AND RESEARCH IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF Doctor of Philosophy

IN

Educational Psychology

EDWONTON, ALBERTA

SPRING 1982

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Date ... October 30, 1981 ..

To My

Mother and Father

#### Acknowledgements

Thank you, the children and families involved in this study, for your participation, support and unlimited patience.

Thank you, Dr. Holdgrapher, Dr. Blakey and Dr. Rodda, members of my committee, for your helpful suggestions, comments and most of all your support.

Thank you, Dr. Tom Maguire, for your stimulating tutelage in reviewing my data and in presenting such extensive data in a meaningful way.

Thank you, Dr. Kyselå, for your extensive help, patience, undying support and encouragement when things weren't all that I had envisioned. Thank you also for your friendship.

Thank you, Joanne, for your typing and editing but most of all for your support and undying friendship.

Thank you, Helen and Catherine, for your help, encouragement, support, and for your genuine friendship.

Most of all, thank you Jason for being there through the good and bad of it all, and for helping me keep my perspective on what life is all about.

#### Abstract

The purpose of this study was to explore the interaction process between mother and child dyads affected by deafness. Other variables, considered to be important to the interaction process, that were explored included, maternal attitudes about deafness, maternal acceptance of deafness and the amount of stimulation in the home. Maternal attitudes were measured using the Attitudes Toward Disabled Persons Scale (Yuker, Block and Younng, 1970) with supplementary information and "acceptance" scores being gathered from the Brown Parent Attitude Scale (Brown, 1969). The amount of daily stimulation to the child was measured using the Home Observation for Measurement of the Environment Scale (Caldwell and Bradley, 1979). Other major sources of data included medical, audiológical and educational data collected via hospital and school records; standardized test of developmental level; and a comprehensive demographic questionnaire.

The major part of the study involved observation of mother-child dyads for one hour per week over a ten-week period using an observational system developed by the author from the earlier work of Clarke-Stewart (1973). Subjects included nine mother-child dyads constituting five groups including: (1) deaf mothers, deaf children using total communication; (2) hearing mothers, deaf children using total communication; (3) hearing mother, deaf child using oral communication; (4) deaf mothers, hearing children using

total communication and (5) hearing mothers with hearing children.

Data analysis included descriptive data and statistics, correlational data and a lag sequential analysis of contingency between behaviors for each member of the dyads involved. Results indicate that deaf parents had the lowest scores on attitudes about deafness scales but the highest scores on acceptance of deafness scales. H.O.M.E. scores showed little differentiation between dyads. Interaction analysis indicated a variety of anomalous areas within and between dyads and these results were discussed in terms of parental acceptance of deafness, communicative ability of the dyad and the reciprocal interaction within the dyad.

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#### I. Introduction and Statement of the Problem

# A. Early Intervention with the Deaf

The past decade has seen an increasing trend toward the development of intervention programs for infant and preschool age deaf children (Northcott, 1973; Connor, 1976). The major methodological thrust of this early intervention has again, as with school age deaf children, divided itself into the 'oral' and 'total communication' streams (Rodda, Godsave and Stevens, 1974). In terms of effectiveness, both sides provide empirical arguments for their cause. However, in considering all hearing impaired children, one single approach may never suffice, due to the affecting variables such as etiology, degree of hearing loss and home environment (Myklebust, 1964). The body of research evaluating effectiveness of these approaches has been focused upon the school age child with a few exceptions which will be reviewed. The main thrust of the research proposed here is not to engage in the 'oral/total communication' debate but rather to attempt to evaluate the amount and effectiveness of interaction processes between preschool deaf children and their mothers. Since this research is primarily concerned with preschool deaf children and their developing interaction skills, the writer has chosen to follow deaf children being taught by the 'total communication' approach, as well as those involved with an 'oral' approach, and to include children who are hearing but

affected by the deafness of their parents; children who are not affected by any hearing impairment in their homes will also be involved. Such a cross section should help to alleviate the dearth of literature on the effects of deafness on mother-child interactions.

#### B. Statement of the Problem

This research maintains that deaf preschoolers and their mothers can benefit from specific intervention strategies implemented from the point of detection of the hearing loss. However, for reasons outlined later in this review, such strategies cannot be determin until further information is available on the mother-deaf child interaction process and the subsequent intervening variables. At present, very little is available in terms of parent-centred, goal directed programs for deaf children between birth and four years of age. Even less information is available in terms of evaluating the present strategies used with these children. The information that is available is varied and employs different assessment instruments, different curriculum objectives and different data recording procedures. Such inconsistencies make direct comparison of child behaviour change among differing programs difficult, if not impossible.

The Association for the Hearing Handicapped in Edmonton currently offers one of two infant intervention programs for hearing impaired children in the city. The second program is

offered by the Glenrose Hospital and operates on a completely 'oral' approach as compared to the 'total communication' approach offered by the Association. The sample for this study includes children from both programs as well as children who are not involved in any preschool intervention.

As an integral part of the infant intervention and preschool program, the Association offers a parent-centred support service which includes a teacher who visits the homes on a regular basis to provide moral, as well as professional, support in terms of communication techniques, hearing aid usage, etc. The Glenrose Hospital, offering the other alternative to preschool intervention for the hearing impaired, provides quite a different service for these children. There is no home based program available; instead the children go to the hospital once a week for speech therapy, and communication is totally via an oral approach. This research will not directly compare children taught by either method but rather will look at some of the variables which may be affecting the communicative development of these children across programs.

The purpose of this research is to study the mother-child interaction process for a cross section of children and parents affected by deafness as well as children and parents not affected by deafness.

It is hoped that with such a group of dyads, interaction factors common to all can be identified and

perhaps more importantly, anomalous interaction patterns common to certain dyads may be identified.

considering the high cost of preschool intervention as well as the difficulty in evaluating its effectiveness the need to identify targets for intervention, such as the mother-child interaction process, becomes increasingly obvious. It is hoped that this research will shed some light on the deaf child-mother interaction process as it affects sequential communication patterns, and aid in generating hypotheses as to the relationships existing between interaction patterns and communicative modes.

#### II. Review of the Literature

The major impetus for the present research lies in the belief that there are a great number of important and complex issues in the education of preschool deaf children which should be investigated. While a great number of questions regarding methodology, placement, program orientation, structure and emphasis still need to be addressed, it is hoped that this research can make a significant contribution in the area of mother-child interaction with deaf children. It is subsequently hoped that this research can impel other researchers to address themselves to these and other issues of practical importance in the education of young deaf children. To date, extremely little research is available addressing the mother-child interaction process as it applies to the deaf child.

The apparent lack of comprehensive data may be traced to two primary sources. First, the numerous problems in evaluating the mother-infant interaction process are compounded by the added dimension of deafness. The difficulty in assembling a sufficiently large sample, the overriding factor of effectively communicating with the young deaf child, and the lack of evaluation with instruments appropriate for use with a population of preschool deaf children, are some of the difficulties encountered in the collection of empirical data.

Vane (1976), in discussing problems in evaluating preschool programs, suggests that the two main factors interfering with the proper evaluation are the measuring instruments used and the type of design selected. Considering the extremely small population of deaf preschool children available and the extremely limited number of evaluation materials appropriate for such a population, the problems become even more acute.

Another and perhaps even more inhibiting factor is the highly emotional nature of the question of educational methodology with young deaf children. In a report to the American Secretary of Health, Education and Welfare (Babbige, 1965), it was noted that for more than one hundred years, emotion has served as a substitute for research in the education of the deaf. Some prominent educators in the field firmly believe that the use of any kind of manual communication will prevent the development of speech and language and result in a mute subculture, while others believe just as firmly that depriving a deaf child of manual communication will cause irreparable linguisite, educational and emotional damage. Given such a climate, most researchers prefer to investigate other questions in the area of deafness.

While these concerns have some validity, they cannot be allowed to impede the objective analysis of the evaluation of young deaf children. Educational decisions must be made daily, and if little information exists, these decisions

will continue to be made on the basis of emotion and other similarly reliable factors. As Lasso (1978) points out, teachers of the deaf frequently use intuition when selecting material for feaching these children, raising numerous questions regarding their appropriateness. Northcott (1973), in-randomly sampling preschool teachers of the deaf, found that only five out of one hundred-nineteen sampled had received any early childhood concentration at university. The necessity for sound, empirically based information to assist in the educational decision-making process becomes even more urgent in light of the recent proliferation of preschool programs for the hearing impaired.

According to information presented in the Annual Directory of Programs and Services of the American Annals of the Deaf, the number of deaf children served by preschool programs has increased tremendously in the past fifteen years (Doctor, 1962; Craig, 1970) to the extent that the majority of deaf children in urban areas are likely to have been identified and to have received some treatment before entering school. However, while it appears from these documents that we have ensured quantity, in terms of preschool offerings for our deaf population, a more critical question of quality still remains largely unanswered.

Existing studies tangential to the focus of the current research have dealt with various aspects of educating the deaf, including the academic achievement of such students, effectiveness of preschool programs, methodological

comparisons and studies of deaf children of deaf parents. A review of the academic achievement of deaf students leads to discouraging conclusions. Most research supports the assertion that the majority of graduates of educational systems for the deaf are under-educated. Deaf adolescents and adults of average intelligence in North America and Europe are reportedly unable to read at the fifth grade level (Furth, 1966; Norden, 1970), lack basic linguistic skills in the language of the hearing community (Moores, 1970; Rodda et al. 1974), and are incapable of receiving and expressing oral communication on anything but an elementary level (Montgomery, 1966; Rodda, Godsave and Stevens, 1974). While deaf educators will argue incessantly over methodologies, etc., none will disagree that in the final analysis, the results, for the deaf adult, have been very discouraging in terms of linguistic and academic abilities. Amazingly, little research has addressed what intervention strategies and techniques are viable with the deaf child, even in light of the historically poor performance of deaf education generally.

Studies focusing on evaluation of preschool programs have reported similar results, suggesting few or no differences between deaf children with preschool training and those who have not been involved in preschool programs. Craig (1964) found no differences in speech-reading skills between children with preschool experience and those with no such experience.

In comparisons between children who received preschool training and those who did not, Phillips (1963), found that by age nine, no differences existed between preschool and non-preschool groups in the areas of language arts, arithmetic, and socialization. As part of a follow-up study of graduates of the Tracy Clinic. Vernon and Koh (1970) matched graduates with non-preschool deaf controls in age, IQ and sex. There was no difference between subjects trained at the Tracy Clinic and those with no preschool experience in speech, speech-reading, academic achievement or reading. Rodda, Godsave and Stevens (1974) confirmed these results in a study of hearing impaired children who had received 'oral' preschool training compared to children who had received no preschool intervention. They concluded that:

...academic achievement and speech and language of whatever form is not significantly improved by attendance at a preschool program by these children. (pp. 734-735).

The above cited studies conducted by non-affiliated investigators compare children trained in 'oral-only' preschools with those who received no preschool training. These inquiries consistently point out the absence of any linguistic or academic benefit between 'oral' preschoolers and the non-preschool group.

Relatively few studies directly comparing the afficacy of methologies at the preschool level have been undertaken. One such study was conducted by Quigley (1969), who reported that preschool children taught by the Rochester Method (the

simultaneous use of speech and fingerspelling) were superior to children taught by the oral-only approach in measures of speech-reading, reading and written language. Additionally, in a clinical study of deaf preschoolers and their mothers, Greenberg (1980) found that dyads using total communciation had interactions that were longer, more complex, and contained more co-operation and positive affect than those of oral dyads.

Combined with these findings, recent research on the relative superiority of deaf children of deaf parents has had a strong and growing impact on the field. These findings suggest that deaf children of deaf parents tend to be better adjusted, to achieve academically at a higher level, to have better language abilities and to have equivalent speech development, as compared to deaf children of hearing parents (Best, 1972; Meadow, 1967; Quigley and Frisina, 1961; Stuckless and Birch, 1966; Vernon and Koh, 1970). Of great importance is the evidence that deaf children of deaf parents increase their relative advantage with age, so that by late adolescence, their superiority is much more pronounced.

In view of these findings in favour of deaf children of deaf parents, which may have been the result of an exposure to signs from birth, and because 'oral-only' programs have shown no difference or have illustrated only temporary effects, it has been argued that many preschool programs have failed because they have been restricted to 'oral-only'

methods (Vernon and Koh, 1971; Rodda, Godsave and Stevens, 1974; Moores et al, 1978). Thus, it has been hypothesized that perhaps the addition of manual communication would improve results. Such reasoning has led to the development of many recent preschool programs utilizing a system of total communication which involves the use of sign, fingerspelling and oral/aural communication.

Moores, Weiss, and Goodwin (1978) applied themselves to evaluating, through a six-year longitudinal study, the effectiveness of various early intervention strategies being emphasized in the education of the hearing impaired. They concluded that the lack of early cognitive academic training (as opposed to incidental teaching) puts the young deaf child at a disadvantage which may not be overcome, and which increases in the early elementary school years. In terms of methodology, they found that it is harmful to delay the use of manual communication, since children who do not receive such training during the early stages of development do not catch up by age eight. The least beneficial approach for the children studied included an aural-only methodology within a traditional, socially-oriented nursery school framework. However, Corson (1973) argued that the key factor to the success of deaf children using a total communication approach is not only the mode of communication but more importantly, the acceptance of the handicap by the parents. He felt the question of 'how' communication takes place is secondary to the issues of parental acceptance of deafness

and that only after this problem is overcome can meaningful education of the deaf child take place.

Another methodological variable receiving a great deal of attention during the past five years is the question of 'who' implements the intervention strategies being used.

Bronfenbrenner (1974, 1976), in reviewing the long term effects of a variety of early intervention programs, found that "structured cognitive programs produced greater initial gains than play-oriented nursery programs" (Bronfenbrenner, 1976, p. 247).

However, for children enrolled in group settings, early gains on norm-referenced measures were largely washed out over the course of time except where some follow-through program was implemented. Similar results were reported from home-based tutoring programs. One exception to this trend was reported by Bronfenbrenner and included families who had received intervention that was parent (usually mother) and child directed. These children's gains continued after a child enrolled in group programs or regular school settings. While the Moores et al (1978) longitudinal study did not focus on any home-centred programs, they did confirm Bronfenbrenner's contentions that academic-cognitive orientations were more productive than the traditional preschool socialization approach.

## A. Language Development

1.6

Psycholinguists, from the behavioral models of Skinner (1957) and Osgood (1953) to the transformational grammar of Chomsky (1965), have attempted to deal in their own ways with the linguistic abilities of non-verbal children. Soviet psychologists, as well, have been interested in the functions of "external" and "internal" speech, seeing these as radically different functions of language. Luria, as an exponent of Vygotsky's (1962) view, further developed the idea that speech was part of man's phylogenetic development and in fact served mainly as a signal function to express internal states of emotional or organic need. As Piaget states, "...language simply reflects the attainments of sensorimotor development..." (Bower, 1979, p. 142). This is not to deny that, for hearing children, speech structures, once internalized and mastered, become the basic structures of their thinking process; rather it is to point out that verbalization is one, not 'the' means of mastering and internalizing a symbol system that can be used for higher order processing and cognitive functions.

Language treatment and research activity over the past twenty years have largely been based on the behavioral constructs of Skinner (1957), or the transformational grammar of Chomsky (4957, 1965). These dominant theoretical bases of the past have avoided any considerations of cognitive function per se, and have focused on the more observable systems such as structural grammar rules or

antecedant and consequential stimuli. Considering this in the light of intervention strategies, if one's theoretical view of language focuses around Chomsky's (1957) transformational grammar, then intervention would be directed toward base grammatical structures and their transformations. On the other hand, if one's theoretical base focuses around Skinner's (1957) model, intervention targets would be directed to "manding" responses from the child or providing appropriate "tacts" of antecendent stimulus objects.

Regardles of which theoretical base one operates from, the resultant intervention practices superimpose a limited adult perspective on the understanding and function of children's utterances (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978). To this point, both theories have largely avoided the child's perception, both in terms of the structure of an utterance and/or the function of an utterance. As McLean and Snyder-McLean state:

The importance of reflecting child perspectives more completely in language intervention programs is extremely far-reaching in its specific implications. One should see that such perspectives would have impact on all aspects of intervention from the targets of intervention to the nature of the teaching variables used and the patterns of manipulation applied to such variables. (p. 15).

This point becomes increasingly more obvious when one considers the sensory restrictions of the deaf child and the resultant perceptual deficits in terms of auditory stimulation. Considering language acquisition with the deaf

child from the perspective of either of the two previous models would leave tremendous gaps from a cognitive as well as from social and linguistic perspectives.

Recent research with young children (Bloom, 1970) discovered that grammars written independently of their semantic intent often missed the grammatical relationships which were present in utterances (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978). Further research (Bowerman, 1973; Schlesinger, 1974; Greenfield and Smith, 1976) supported Bloom's contentions away from the popular model of transformational grammar as posited by Chomsky, toward a model of language which views structure as inexplicitly related to the meaning of an utterance intended by the speaker. In essence then, the semantic relationships reflect the child's perception and understanding between and among entities and actions. The early language of a child is merely an expression of his perception of these relationships. This development of early language in the child is felt to be isomorphic with the cognitive development of the child and in fact is a direct manifestation of cognitive development (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978). It is interesting to note here that past research on the cognitive development of deaf children (Furth, 1966; Myklebust, 1964; Mindel and Vernon, 1971; Best and Roberts, 1976) indicated normal development through the sensorimotor stage in all areas except vocal imitation.

Hence, the deaf, at least in terms of cognitive prerequisites, should be in a position to develop language

from birth much the same as a hearing child. However, in light of recent research, and the resultant transactional model as proposed by McLean and Snyder-McLean (1978), the ... major thrust of the cognitive bases of language depends entirely upon the establishment of a reciprocal communication relationship between caretaker and child which stimulates the processing of sensory and social information. Carew's (1980) recent research with young children, at home and in an infant daycare setting, supports the need for intellectual experiences focusing on mastery of language skills. Carew found that the strongest predictor of IQ and receptive language scores were language mastery experiences in which the caregiver played a critical role in creating the experience for the child. While these prerequisites may occur more naturally for the hearing child and parents, the discovery of deafness in a child quite often leads to periods of shock, anger, guilt, denial and fear on the part of hearing parents of a deaf child. The hearing mother, caregiver to a deaf child, will experience frustration and helplessness in attempting to communicate with her child (Mindel and Vernon, 1971). The result is often a home environment unable to provide the necessary environment for language development. In a study of mother-child interactions and parental attitudes, Connor (1976) concluded that the previously stressed objective of developing language skills with deaf children must be preceded by reducing and removing the tension, anger and emotional

barriers that separate the mother (family) from the deaf child. However, Best and Roberts (1976) in studying the environmental stimulation in homes of deaf children, found that the mothers of deaf children were providing higher levels of stimulation than a normative group, and postulated that the results were a function of parental involvement in preschool programming. Hence, the variable of parental involvement may provide the impetus for improved attitudes which, in turn, will manifest themselves in a reciprocal involvement with the child and therefore enhance the language development process.

One further overriding factor consistent throughout recent literature is the notion of "appropriate input" for the child (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978). The purpose of this research is not to engage in the 'oral' vs. 'total communication' controversy, since the literature speaks for itself. However, whichever side one supports, the basic premise and goal must be the provision of "appropriate input" for the deaf child at the earliest possible age, so as to enhance language development to some degree of 'normality'.

The oral/aural method advocates the development of speech through the use of amplification and speech-reading only, while the total communication approach advocates the use of manual signs, fingerspelling, speech-reading and amplification. Viewed from a sensory-modal processing standpoint, the child in a total communication program is

offered two alternative means, both through his strongest receptive mode, of receiving information via this approach than he is through an 'oral' approach. It would seem that the 'total approach' provides language alternatives for deaf children at any point on a verbal/non-verbal continuum while the 'oral' approach offers only one alternative; if children fail at this then they will, in most cases, be beyond the optimal period for adequate intervention. Rodda, Godsave and Stevens (1974) quote a figure of 11.6 per cent of the deaf population as having good speech-reading skills and clear, intelligible speech. This failure of oral communication among deaf adults highlights the need for careful consideration of the "appropriate input" variable when outlining intervention strategies with the young deaf child. In a study of infant development, Clarke-Stewart (1973) found that the combination of verbal and visual stimulation. when frequently given, appears to accelerate development and to benefit adjustment generally. Considering the sensory deficit of the deaf, the need for stimulation through all modes is even more important. Clarke-Stewart (1973) also concluded that the amount of verbal stimulation directed toward the child was significantly related to the hearing. child's intellectual development, particularly the ability to comprehend and express language. Stuckless (1978) posits that equivalent stimulation with the deaf, emphasizing their strongest/receptive mode, should have similar effects.

In summary, we have collected a large amount of data over the past fifteen years as to the poor academic and linguistic abilities of deaf school children and adults (Furth, 1966; Vernon and Koh, 1970; Rodda et al, 1974). We also have significant data indicating that deaf children of deaf parents are better adjusted socially, and have better communication abilities and equivalent speech development compared to deaf children of hearing parents (Best, 1972; Meadow, 1967; Quigley and Frisina, 1961; Stuckless and Birch, 1966; Vernon and Koh, 1970).

Recent research in the area of language development (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978; Carew, 1980) indicates a need for "reciprocal interaction" and "appropriate input" between mother and child to ensure the development of linguistic abilities with all children. Considering the inability of deaf educators to define "appropriate input" for deaf children, it would seem evident that the type of input will vary greatly across families of deaf children, positing numerous questions in terms of the "appropriate input" dimension.

The traumatic effects of having a deaf child in the home, when considered in light of the need for large amounts of "reciprocal interaction", will posit questions as to the amount and types of effect that acceptance of the child's handicap will have on these interactions.

Schlesinger and Meadow (1972) observed mother-child interaction and found that hearing mothers of deaf children

were rated as less permissive and flexible, and more discretic and intrusive than mothers of hearing children. Similarily, Goss (1970) and Collins (1969) reported that mothers of deaf children gave more directive and controlling communication than did hearing controls. Additionally, numerous extra-familial studies indicate that compared to hearing children, deaf children, especially those of hearing parents, have a higher incidence of behavior problems (Meadow, 1975), as well as unfavorable personality traits such as egocentricity and impulsivity (Levine, 1960).

It has been suggested that these unfavorable findings result from deprivation of rich communication during early childhood (Mindel and Vernon, 1971; Moores, 1978), and further, to be directly related to the caregiver's acceptance of the handicap (Corson, 1973). Considering that approximately 92% of all deaf children have hearing parents (Schein and Delk, 1974), the issue of parental acceptance and its resultant effects on the dyad's interaction process becomes increasingly important. The following section attempts to review our knowledge of interaction patterns of normal and handicapped children with their mothers and the resultant implications for this research.

# B. The Mother-Child Interaction Process

Researchers have long been interested in the mother-child interaction process and its effects on child development. Early institutional studies (Bakwin, 1942;

Brodbeck and Irwin, 1946; Goldfarb, 1945; Spitz, 1946; Spitz and Wolf, 1946) asserted that children deprived of a mother's care suffered developmental retardation. More recent research (Ainsworth, 1963; Ainsworth and Bell, 1969; Rheingold, 1960; Schaffer and Emerson, 1964) has tried to define specific variables responsible for this "developmental retardation" within the parameters of the mother-child interaction process. This trend of identifying specific interacting variables has produced a great deal of research over the past two decades, with encouraging results. Researchers have found that maternal attitudes which are positive, accepting, and which express eagerness for close interaction with the child, show positive relationships to child development (Lakin, 1957; Moss and Robson, 1968; Stern et al, 1969; Caldwell, 1967; Yarrow. 1963; Clarke-Stewart, 1973). Physical handling that is gentle, firm, close and relatively frequent seems to have a beneficial effect on the child's early cognitive and motor development and on his attachment and responsiveness to his mother (Ainsworth et al. 1971; Casler, 1965; Lewis and Goldberg, 1969; Clarke-Stewart, 1973). Further research |Goldberg and Lewis, 1969; Schaefer et al, 1968; Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Friedlander, Jacobs, Davis and Wetstone, 1972; Elardo, Bradley and Caldwell, 1977; Carew. 1980) found that distinctive and frequent verbal stimulation from the mother, by reading or talking to the child, has also been related to children's cognitive development,

expressed by more frequent vocalization and greater language ability. The combination of verbal and visual stimulation, when frequently given, appears to accelerate development and to benefit adjustment generally (Moss, Robson and Pederson, 1969; Saltz, 1971; Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Carew, 1980).

The mother, however, is not only a direct source of stimulation, but is also a mediator of stimulation from the environment. Children of mothers who provide a greater number and variety of play materials and activities tend to be cognitively advanced (Yarrow et al. 1971; Elardo, Bradley and Caldwell, 1975). Moreover, the mediation of materials by the mother is more closely related to the child's skill with objects than is mere exposure to a stimulating physical environment (Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Carew, 1980).

A further "twist" to this already complex interaction process is the effect of the child on the mother's (caregiver's) behaviour. The reciprocal effects of child-mother interaction have been clearly demonstrated by many researchers (Bell, 1971; Harper, 1971; Moss and Robson, 1968; Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Osofsky and Danzger, 1974; Gerwitz and Boyd, 1976). Studies of children's responsiveness to stimuli provided by the mother (Escalona, 1963; Brazelton et al, 1971) indicate that a non-responding child may affect the mother's feeling of attachment and competency, and also affect her attempts to elicit responding behaviour. The direct relationships of sensory deprivation to these studies will be reviewed later in this

## chapter.

Another major variable affecting the mother-child interaction process is the mother's early attitude toward her child (Bibring, 1961; Haka-Inse, 1975; Kempe, 1976). Maternal insensitivity, or a mother who cannot, or will not, respond to her child's cues, can severely impede the relationship with her child (Korner, 1974). These studies are especially important in light of the deaf child, since the effects of sensory deprivation and family rejection of handicap will combine during critical periods of the mother-child interaction process.

Earlier research (Bing, 1963; Jones, 1972) found that low-verbal children received less maternal attention than normal control groups, especially in the area of stimulating verbal exchange. More recent investigations (Wulbert, Inglis, Kriegsmann and Mills, 1975; Hubbell, 1977) found that mothers of language-delayed children tended to talk about their children in critical tones and seldom praised or caressed. They were much quicker to shout at their children and while they met their children's needs adequately, interaction was minimal. Wulbert et al (1975) concluded that language-delayed children were a source of great frustration to their mothers and that mutual interaction did not seem pleasurable for either child or mother.

Twenty years ago, researchers (Myklebust, 1960; Suchman, 1959) found that sensory deprivation in a child did in fact inhibit parent-child communication, thus affecting his learning ability and socio-emotional sensitivity. More recently, other writers (Myklebust, 1964; Schlesinger and Meadow, 1972; Connor, 1976; Meadow and Trybus, 1979; Wedell-Monnig and Westerman 1977) confirm these reports and further elaborate that the previously stressed objective of 'developing language skills with deaf children must be preceded by reduction and removal of the tension, anger and emotional barriers that separate the mother (family) from the deaf child. These writers agree that the great majority of hearing parents of deaf children experience frustration and helplessness in their attempts to communicate with their child; this often results in a home environment unable to provide the necessary environment for the child's cognitive/social and linguistic development (Mindel and Vernon, 1971).

Reflecting on the frustrations of parents of deaf children (Allen and Allen, 1979; Robinson, 1979) and supported by the work of prominent researchers of the deaf (Furth, 1966; Schlesinger and Meadow, 1973), there appears to be considerable evidence that the trauma of having a deaf child, especially to a hearing family, often creates an atmosphere of pain, rejection, denial and guilt, even withstanding the difficulties of communication which may be forthcoming. The negative effects of parental withdrawal cannot be over-emphasized, in light of the cumulative research (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978; Bower, 1979) addressing the child's need for a primary caregiver with

whom to establish communication and from whom to effect responses, for frequency of opportunity to communicate, for responsive adults, for multiple experiences and for appropriate input and reciprocal interaction. As Whitehurst, Novak and Zorn (1972) point out, environmental deprivation can be a very subtle variable and yet have quite profound effects.

However, considering the amount of literature accumulated over the past two decades arguing persuasively for the role of a positive reciprocal mother-child interaction process to enhance early cognitive, social and language development, extremely little has been forthcoming from researchers of the deaf. Focusing on the sensory deprivation and its potential effects on the mother-child bond in combination with the general communication difficulty, the study of mother-child interaction within the deaf population appears a necessity, in order to fully understand many of the complex variables affecting the lives of mothers and children struggling through the early years within the confines of this handicap. Wedell-Monnig and Westerman (1977) point out that:

When mother's expectations of a conversational interaction beyond a gestural level are not met she feels frustrated and may be able to deal with these frustrations only by limiting furthur interaction with her child. To avoid such problems we suggest that the hearing mother-deaf infant interaction be evaluated as one index of the child's progress in receptive and expressive language. (p. 17).

Researchers (Adler, 1973; Broen, 1972; Wyatt, 1969; Bower, 1979; McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978; Carew, 1980) agree that what is essential, at least in terms of appropriate "language" development, is dynamic interchange, where the mother gives positive responses to the child's attempts to communicate and also modifies her own communicative behavior to meet the child's ability to respond. This section has briefly reviewed some of the inherent problems of the deaf child and his family in developing such a positive, reciprocal interaction process, yet little data-based research is available to support or refute these contentions. One is overwhelmed by the literature on hearing children which supports the need for positive reciprocal mother-child interaction and again is deluged with the literature on the social, emotional and communicative aspects of deafness which would affect such interactions. We have supporting literature with other language-delayed children and deaf children observed in clinics (Collins, 1969), but observations of the deaf child-mother interaction in the natural home environment are simply not available.

As Whitehurst et al (1972) point out, questions regarding such interactions can only be answered by studying the development of language in situations where parents and children can interact in a normal manner and where variables are defined from the situation rather than imposed upon it.

Examples of prominent studies using the natural home

environment include the work of Bloom (1970); Wachs, Uzgiris and Hunt (1971); Elardo, Bradley and Caldwell (1975), Clarke-Stewart (1973) and Lamb (1976).

While the parent-child interaction studies have produced invaluable insight into the cognitive, social and linguistic development of hearing children; the method of natural home observation has had little use with deaf children and their mothers (Bodner-Johnson, 1981). The potential for identification and intervention with this population is vast, while our literature on affecting interaction variables is minimal, at least as they apply to the deaf child/mother process. The need for information on affecting variables of a deaf child's development cannot be overstated. We have sufficient literature to strongly suggest that the mothers (families) of these children may, to varying degrees, be emotiohally affected by the child's handicap, in such a way as to seriously affect both quantity and quality of interaction with the deaf child. We are also aware of the compounding sensory restrictions of deafness in terms of communicative ability of the child and in terms of the subsequent necessity for a reciprocal adaptability of communication by the hearing parent of such a child. We have substantial literature suggesting that deaf children of deaf parents are better adjusted socially and emotionally, have better language skills and have better academic skills than their deaf peers with hearing parents (Schlesinger and Meadow, 1972; Vernon and Koh, 1970; Quigley and Frisina,

1961; White and Stevenson, 1975). These findings become increasingly important when one considers that the deaf children of deaf parents often come from lower educated families, have much less verbal stimulation and generally have lower socio-economic status (Vernon and Koh, 1970).

Considering these circumstances and the ability of deaf children of deaf parents to develop better social, language and achievement skills in spite of their situation, the need for observing the home environment and mother-child interactions of these families in order to more adequately understand some of the affecting variables involved becomes increasingly obvious. Historically, we have relied heavily on indirect methods such as guestionnaires, anecdotal reports and interviews to retrieve information which has predictably proven fallible (Moss, 1965). It seems somewhat paradoxical that, until recent years, there has been little direct study of mother-child interaction, even though most theories consider these experiences fundamental for determining personality, as well as cognitive development and language development (Bower, 1979; McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978). If one supports the "critical period" theory for development, our available literature on the deaf child from 0 to 4 years old becomes embarrassingly inadequate. This has to be considered one of the major reasons for the diversity of programs and approaches for deaf pre-schoolers, since without a knowledge of affecting variables in the home and subsequent needs that should be

met in the pre-school, any approach to educating these children has to be done on a "hit or miss" basis. That is not to say that these approaches are, or are not, substandard, but rather that we need more information about the development of these children from birth, so that our educational decisions for them at a preschool level can be more soundly based on their own process of development, rather than interpreted from the development of their hearing peers. Bodner-Johnson (1981) suggests that family environment research:

...holds promise as a model for the study of deaf children and their family learning environments and fills a void regarding how we might conceptualize the effects of the handicapping condition on the cognitive and affective behaviors of the deaf child. (p. 4).

She goes on to suggest that past research dealing with the deaf (Schlesinger and Meadow, 1972; Gregory, 1976; Stinson, 1974; Meadow, 1968; Greenberg, 1980) points toward a real need to not only study the environmental process variables of deaf children, but to do so including a further variable which she describes as parental integration of deafness in the home.

#### C. Research Method

In reviewing the literature on mother-child interaction, it becomes increasingly obvious that, in research such as this, problems of method are abundant.

Strategies of data collection that are not based on direct

observation (interviews and questionnaires, for example) are not sensitive to the behavioural dynamics of interaction and may involve misleading and distorted information (Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Whitehurst, Novak and Zorn, 1972). However, critics of the direct observation method would argue that the presence of the observer makes the mother self-conscious and guarded, and therefore inhibits the natural situation. Most researchers would agree that we can never be completely certain of the influence of the observer on the mother-child interaction. In any case, present writers in this area (Moss, 1965; Wachs et al, 1971; Elardo, et al, 1975; Clarke-Stewart, 1973) agree that the longer and more frequent the observations are, the better the chances for facilitating naturalness in the mother. As Moss points out:

...it is extremely difficult to behave for a long period of time in ways contrary to characteristic. behavioural tendencies. Not only because one eventually betrays himself but also because the tension is too great to sustain ego-alien behaviours for an extended period of time. (p. 485).

Another weakness posited against naturalistic observation methods is their lack of standardization. However, one cannot help but consider this a strength as well as a weakness. Given that our basic interests lie in the 'measurement' of the actual life situation, the natural structure and unique qualities of the home must be the relevant variables considered for the study of mother-child interaction.

The study of reciprocal mother-child interaction has found many advocates and inspired many methods of investigation (Gerwitz and Gerwitz, 1969; Sander, 1964, 1969; Wachs, Uzgiris and Hunt, 1971; Freidlander et al. 1972; Bronson, 1974; Bloom and McDowell, 1972; Clarke-Stewart, 1973; Moss, 1967; Kysela et al, 1978; Martin, Maccoby, Baron and Jacklin, 1981; Clarke-Stewart and Hevey, 1981): A major problem for many of these investigations involved the method for recording data. There are a number of choices. One can videotape for a particular time interval and evaluate the tapes at a later time. One can observe for a period, take notes and later write a narrative report. Another approach is to time-sample a pre-coded set of variables. Needless to say, the variety and combinations of possible recording methods is endless. The problems associated with each one are obvious. The present study has chosen a time-sample recording of concurrent mother-child behaviours through the use of direct, in-home observation. This method has stood the test of time and shown high reliability, as well as high percent agreement (.93) with continuous recording techniques using multichannel event recorders (McDowell, 1973). While this study recognizes the previously described inherent problems in collecting data this way, we feel, as does Moss (1965), that "...direct observation despite its limitations) is the best method for studying mother-child relations" (p. 485).

#### D. Mother-Child Interaction Variables

The complexity of mother-child interaction creates a number of problems in terms of variables to be observed. Many investigators have avoided complexity by observing single variables such as motor behaviour or by observing selected pairs of variables such as infant crying and maternal attentiveness. Other investigators have neglected to take into account many of the relevant variables such as environmental stimulation and, pertinent particularly to this study, parental hearing status, as well as parental acceptance of the child's handicap. In fact, to date there has been no research dealing with the mother-child interaction process between deaf children and their mothers, especially as it relates to the above-mentioned variables.

The present study attempted to avoid many of these problems by preserving, as much as possible, the natural interaction patterns of mother and child. This is partially accomplished by using a Parent Child Observation System adapted from the work of Kysela et al (1978). The work of Kysela et al originated from the mother-child interaction studies of Clarke-Stewart (1973). The present scales (see Appendix A) have been adapted to accommodate the effects of deafness on communication and also to ensure that some evaluation of quantity and quality of interaction can be made.

Several investigators (Bloom, 1964; Plowden, 1967; Walberg and Marjoribanks, 1973; Elardo, Bradley and

Caldwell, 1975, 1977) have produced evidence attesting to the fact that important relationships exist between the home environment and the mother-child interaction process. This study will attempt to clarify these relationships in the context of the deaf child and his mother.

Finally, the cumulative research (Bower, 1979; McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978) points toward the need for the child to have a primary caregiver with whom to establish obmmunication and from whom to effect responses, for frequency of opportunity to communicate, for responsive adults, for multiple experiences and for the ability to attend to and give feedback to the caregiver. Combined with this would be appropriate input on the part of the caregiver and continuous reciprocal interaction. The observation procedure used in the home (see Appendix A) provides for both quantitative and qualitative measures of mother-child interaction, and considering the longitudinal nature of this study, should provide a realistic overview of the interactive profiles for all dyads being observed.

# E. Data Anyalsis

Direct observation has become a major methodological tool in behaviour development research (eg. Bronfenbrenner, 1977; Parke, 1978). Unfortunately, the lack of simple data analysis models and methods for representing complex sequential relationships among behaviours, has often led researchers to deal inadequately with their data from only a

descriptive point of view, losing information about the sequence events and permitting no causal inferences (Sackett, 1979). The present research goes beyond simple correlations among frequencies, and while descriptive statistics will be used to help evaluate the data, a major analysis technique will involve lag sequential analysis of contingencies among behaviours in the interaction process (Sackett, 1979).

A complete description of this technique is available in Sackett (1978). The basic analytic procedure involves the following steps: (1) choosing one of the behaviours as a criterion behavior (2) counting the number of times that every behavior (including criterion itself) follows the criterion as the next behaviour (Lag 1), the second behaviour after the criterion (Lag 2) and so on up to a maximum lag which is the largest sequential step of interest to the investigator. The overall frequency of occurrence of any behavior is represented by nMatch, while'N represents the total of all behaviors in the data as a whole. The lag conditional probability for any behavior matching the criterion at any lag is therefore represented by nMatch/NTotal of criterion.

This study concentrates only on sequential behaviors occurring at a lag one interval, thereby limiting the analysis in two ways. First, only behavior in the immediately following event is examined in determining contingencies, and secondly, this type of analysis does note.

reflect the fact that the behavior of an individual engaged in interaction with another individual depends on his or her own behavior as well as the behavior of the partner. Most sequential dependency studies in the past have concentrated on one step sequences such as this (Sackett, 1978), perhaps due to the astronomical amounts of data generated by such research, and the difficulty to comprehend such huge amounts of data (eg. Altmann, 1965). Rosenthal (1973) posits one alternative:

...limiting the research to one segment of the interaction only, obtaining a substantial record of that segment and possibly limiting the investigation to one interacting unit at a time. (p. 310).

Lag one analysis of the data in this study attempts to meet these criteria.

Further to this rationale for lag one event only analysis, Altmann (1965), in a study of the social behavior of rhesus monkeys, found a great predominance of short term, lag one event, contingencies. More recently, Martin, Maccoby, Baron and Jacklin (1981), studied mother-child interaction through a sequential analysis using a variety of microanalytic methods. Martin et al found that:

...in general, most of the information about contingent responding...appear in the first interval following the criterion behavior. Conditional probabilities gradually decrease following the first interval. In no case is there any evidence for a delayed effect of partner behavior. (p. 149).

Although these authors refer to time rather than event sampling techniques, the period of time was so small (5 sec.) that it is assumed to have the same effect in event

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analysis.

Although there may be research questions for which a fine-grained picture of the rates of decay in partner effects are of interest, for the purposes of this study these analyses are not required. Behavioral results, contingent upon that person's previous behaviors, rather than those of the other member of the dyad, were not analyzed in this study. As noted by Martin et al (1981), it seems likely that as children grow older their interactions with their parents will be less and less a function of immediately preceding events of the other person and more a function of events remembered and responded to over a period of time, However, at the infant and preschool level, when children are still developing these patterns, the cross-dyadic effects are much more important, thus supporting the need for studying these effects at a microscopic level. This study does recognize, however, that the effects of a person's behavior, in influencing his later behaviors, are important issues to be addressed and that more research is clearly required before we can understand the complex and interdependant processes affecting interaction in the mother-child dyad.

### III. Methodology

In order to investigate mother-child interactions over time, a longitudinal study was conducted with information collected over a four-month period. Six major data sources were used including: (1) observations of the behavior of mother-child pairs; (2) measures of the mother's acceptance of the child's handicap; (3) a comprehensive parental questionnaire regarding home background and developmental growth of each child; (4) medical, audiological and educational data via the child's medical and/or school records; (5) standardized test of developmental level; (6) a measure of the amount of stimulation in the home. The mean age of the children at Time 1 was 33 months and at the end of data collection was 36 months (See Table I for data collection schedule and testing session intervals).

### A. Subjects

Nine mother-child pairs were recruited through the Association for the Hearing Handicapped, Glenrose Hospital and personal contacts. The children's ages ranged from 24 months to 46 months at the end of the data collection.

Two dyads included children with moderate to profound hearing loss and who had hearing impaired parents using a total communication approach in the home. Two other dyads included children with moderate to profound hearing loss and

OBSERVATION AND TESTING SCHEDULE TABLE 1

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•	01/04	27/03	23/03	02/04	01/04	31/03	13/04	30/03	31/03
7	18/03	20/03	16/03	27/03	25/03 '81	23/03	30/03	25/03 '81	27/03
و	17/03	13/03	08/03	20/03	18/03	16/13	23/03	18/03	20/03
	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
80	10/03	07/03	02/03	13/03	11/03	09/03	17/03	11/03	06/03
•	03/03	23/02	23/02	06/03	04/03	02/03	06/03	04/03	26/02
6	26/02	20/021	16/02	27/92	27/02	23/02	27/02	26/02	21/02
7	19/02	13/02	09/02	23/02	18/02	16/02	23/02	18/02	13/02
-	12/02	06/02	02/02	13/02	11/02	10/02	21/02	11/02	06/02
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\* 1 ATTITUDE TOWARD DISABLED PERSONS SCALE (FORM A)
2 H D M.E OBSERVATION FOR MEASUREMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
\*\* 1 DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONAVAIRE
2 MEDICAL AUDIOLOGICAL AND EDUCATIONAL DATA
\*\* 1 ATTITUDE TOWARD DISABLED PERSONS SCALE (FORM B)
2 BROWN PARENT ATTITUDE SCALE
3 LEITER INTERNATIONAL PERFORMANCE SCALE

who had hearing parents who used a total communication approach in the home. One dyad included a child with moderate hearing loss and who had hearing parents who used an oral communication approach in the home. Two more dyads included hearing children with hearing impaired parents who used a total communication approach in the home. A final set of dyads included hearing children with hearing parents.

Due to the small number of children fitting into the preceding categories, along with the complicating problem of the time commitment necessary to take part in the study subject recruitment was difficult. Controlling and/or matching for affecting variables such as degree of hearing loss, cause of loss, onset of intervention, type of intervention, etc. was all but impossible. However, so as to consider each of these variables, each family filled out a comprehensive questionnaire (Appendix A), many of the details of which are discussed further in the following chapters. Table 2 presents a general demographic overview of each dyad while Table 3 specifically indicates the type and extent to which different communication systems are being used in each home.

#### B. Observation Visits

During the four month data collection period, ten observation visits were made to each home, and during each visit three twenty-minute samples of observation were recorded. Identical procedures were followed during each

				DE	DESCRIPTIVE DATA	ATA	•		-	<b>)</b>
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Child C.A. at End (Months)	<b>.</b>	\$	<del>.</del>	gs C7	<b>6</b>	. 4	` <b>9</b>	<b>6</b>	4	
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Child's 1.0	140	132	63	99		8	10	129	96.	
M/F Hear'g Status	0/0	0/0	H/H	Ħ/Ħ	I/I	0/0	0/0	ĭ	¥	
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TABLE 2 (Continued)
DESCRIPTIVE DATA

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MODE OF COMMUNICATION TABLE 3

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visit. The observer arrived at the home at a time pre-arranged with the mother to maximize the likelihood that the child would be awake. Visits were deliberately scheduled to sample different times of the day in each home. After arriving at the home, the observer first talked with the mother briefly, inquiring about the child's health and schedule for that day and requesting the mother to continue her normal duties and ignore the observer, who would be watching and following the child.

The observer then wrote a brief descriptive paragraph about the setting (people present, T.V. on, toys out, health of mother and child, appearance, time of starting) and then began the observation recording. Using a two-columned observation sheet, the observer recorded the naturally occurring activities of mother and child for the next twenty minutes. In the right-hand column of the recording sheet, short abbreviations for the child's behaviors were written; in the left column, maternal behaviors were recorded. The behaviors noted by the observers were limited to the 9 maternal, 8 child and one neutral (no communication) behaviors outlined in Appendix B, and to a small group of qualifiers describing the type of communication used during interaction. Tables 4 and 5 briefly outline the mother and child behavior categories used in this study.

Behaviors of mother and child which occurred simultaneously were written on the same horizontal line on the recording sheet; sequential behaviors were written on

TABLE 4
MOTHER BEHAVIORS

Behavior Definition	M smiles, laughs, hugs, kisses, cuddles, encourages C.	restrains, shouts, reprimends, punishes, indicates disapprove:	shows, guides, prompts, visually demonstrates	Dives toys, materials to C.	esks question to C.	labels, informs, tells about	clarifies, develops ideas, adds descriptions	calls, gestures, pulls C., seeks C.'s attention	gives directions, tells what to do.	
Code	* *	X X	E	St 13.	o	Inf.	ā.	SW	Drr.	
Behavior	Expressive Positive	Expressive Negative	Demonstration	Stimulation	Questions	Informing	Expanston	Attention Seeking	Directing	

TABLE 5 CHILD BEHAVIORS

Code Behavior Definition	Ex + C smiles, laughs, hugs, kisses, cuddles, holds M.	Exp - pushes away, resists, turns head (body).	Im. mimics verbal or non-verbal cues	p) menipulates, holds, uses toys and/or objects	Physical verbal or non-verbal aresponse and/or compliance with mother's directions.	g. asks, shows supplement or need for clarification	inf. labels, informs, tells about	AS Calls, gestures, pulls, seeks M's attention
Behavior	Expressive Positive	Expressive Negative	Imitation	Plays with Materials	Responds	Questions	Informs	Attention Seeking

alternate lines. Recording was done using a fixed interval, event recording technique so that every twenty seconds, at the sound of a timer from an earphone, the observer made a horizontal mark on the notebook line. A single behavior was written only once in a twenty second period unless it was stopped and/or interrupted by another behavior and then resumed. A continuous behaviour was indicated by a vertical line for as many time periods as it continued (see Appendix B for a sample page of the recording).

After observing for twenty minutes, the observer described in a few sentences what had happened during the observation including inferences and comments. This was repeated twice more during the visit, making a total of one hour of observation and taking approximately one-and-a-half hours to complete.

All possible attempts to minimize the effects of the observer on the mother-child interaction process were made by having observers who were non-threatening and friendly, and who consistently visited the same families. As well, these families were visited on a regular basis over an extended period of time, in order to facilitate naturalness in the mother and thereby provide a more realistic evaluation of the interaction process being observed.

## C. Observer Training and Reliability

Prior to the beginning of this study, the four observers, including the author, spent approximately one month learning the behavior categories and practicing their coding skills with the use of videotapes. Observers were initially asked to read carefully the observer training guide (see Appendix B) and to learn and practice the behavior categories described in the guide. Three videotapes were used in training, one of a hearing mother and deaf child using 'total communication', one of a deaf mother with a deaf child using 'total communication' and one of a hearing mother and hearing child. All behavior categories were adequately sampled across tapes and quality of production was reasonable. These observers included three female Caucasians while the fourth was male Caucasian. One was a house parent at the Alberta School for the Deaf (observed four pairs), one was a Linguistics student at The University of Alberta (observed two pairs), one was a housewife with considerable past experience in early child development (observed two pairs) and the last observer was the author (observed one pair).

The observer working with the four dyads with deaf parents was proficient in American Sign Language and 'total communication' methods. Two other observers worked with hearing families with deaf children who used either an 'oral' or 'total' communication approach. Both of these observers were proficient enough in sign language to

understand all of the child's signs and all parental signs were accompanied by their verbal counterpart.

Inter-observer reliability coefficients were calculated between observers using nominal and marginal simple percentage agreement measures (Frick and Semmel, 1978). These percentage agreement measures were calculated three times: at the beginning of the study, between the fifth and sixth observations and at the end of the study. Nominal agreement, generally the more conservative of the two measures, is calculated by comparing category agreement on individual events. This was calculated using ten randomly selected two minute sections of a forty minute videotape. Marginal agreement, on the other hand, was calculated by comparing total frequencies of categories across a number of events and therefore was not necessarily dependant on agreement on individual events. All reliabilities were checked in the clinic using videotapes over a sixty minute period equal to a full observation session in the home.

Marginal percentage agreement between observers before the study began ranged from 81.1% to 93.2%. Nominal percentage agreement at this time ranged from 78.4% to 88.9%. At the approximate midpoint of the study, marginal percentage agreement ranged from 82.7% to 91.3% while nominal agreement ranged from 70.1% to 83.4%. The final marginal percentage agreement after the study ended ranged from 79.8% to 88.4%, while the nominal agreement at this point was 69.7% to 84.3%.

The mean overall marginal percentage agreement was 86.9%, while the mean nominal percentage agreement overall was 80.4%. Reliability coefficients for each observer during these time periods is shown in Table 6.

#### D. Parental Attitudes Questionnaire

Parental attitudes toward deafness were assessed using the Attitudes Toward Disabled Persons Scale (Yuker, Block and Younng, 1970) adapted for deaf persons. The scale consists of three alternate forms, two of which were used in this study. The forms used consist of thirty items each and are in Likert format; the responses range from "I agree very much", scored +3, to "I disagree very much", scored -3. There is no neutral or zero point on the scale. Scores range from 0 to 180 on both Forms A and B, with higher scores reflecting more positive attitudes toward disabled persons and vice versa. Published median reliability coefficients range from .71 to .83 for Forms A and B while equivalency reliability coefficients derived from the split-half method range from .75 to .85.

The scale was administered to each mother by the observer working with that dyad. Two alternate forms, A and B, were used with each mother, one being administered before observations began and one at the end of the study. A complete outline of Forms A and B of the ATDP scales adapted for deaf persons is contained in Appendix C.

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#### E. Parental Expectation Questionnaire

As a supplement to the information gathered by the ATDP questionnaire described above, parental attitudes and expectations were further measured using the *Brown Parent Attitude Scale - Your Child Thirty Years from Now* (Brown, 1969). Since no validity or reliability data are available for this scale, the rating procedure developed by Corson (1973) was used to enhance comparisons between the two studies.

The scale consists of nineteen items rated by the parents from "very good chance" to "no chance at all" and scored from 1-5 as outlined in the description of the scale in Appendix D. A maximum score of 95 was possible for each mother and can be used to compare expectation among the mothers in terms of having more like "hearing parent" values or less like "hearing parent" values (Corson, 1973). A further breakdown of this scale, in terms of analyzing the parental acceptance factor, was used and is further described in the following chapters.

The scale was administered once to each mother at the end of the study by a trained teacher of the deaf with a graduate degree in deaf education. The scale took approximately fifteen to twenty minutes to complete and the only help given by the administrator was in terms of explanation or clarification of the items.

# F. Parental Demographic Questionnaire

A large amount of background information, demographic and developmental data were collected on each child and family via a parental questionnaire which was constructed from a number of similar questionnaires used for such purposes (Appendix A). The questionnaire was designed to provide maximum background information on each child and family so as to maximize the interpretation of other data being collected. Dealing with a deaf population, researchers are after stymied by small numbers and high variety in terms of affecting variables (Moores et al, 1978). While this study cannot solve these problems, it is hoped that by providing a maximum amount of relevant background information on each child and family, these problems may more accurately be addressed.

The questionnaires were delivered to each family by their respective observers who were available to help interpret any questions the families might have. All questionnaires were completed and returned between the sixth and ninth observation sessions.

# G. Medical, Audiological and Educational Data

Each family was given a consent form (Appendix E) to sign to allow the author to examine medical and/or educational records of their child. These records were to serve two purposes: (a) to collect data that parents were unable to provide in the parental questionnaire and (b) to

provide further data such as audiograms, speech reports and educational reports that were available for these children.

This information was collected by the author via the child's hospital and preschool records where applicable.

#### H. Leiter International Performance Scales

Each child's developmental level was determined through the administration of the Leiter International Performance Scales (Leiter, 1969), given one to two weeks following the observations. The Leiter was developed for the purpose of providing a culture-free, non-verbal method of assessing general intelligence based primarily on abstract concepts. The scales provide extensive opportunities for observation of an individual's approach to problem solving and emotional reactions to a variety of tasks. They range from the simple pairing of colors, shapes and objects at the earliest levels, to very complex analogies, perceptual patterns and concepts at the highest levels.

Since the Leiter Scales require no verbal communication and can rely on pantomime instruction or sign language, they are particularly suited for the psychological assessment of individuals with speech and hearing impairment (Ratcliffe & Ratcliffe, 1979). Research has suggested that the predictive validity of the Leiter is relatively high and that considerable emphasis can be given to the Leiter results in predicting academic success for deaf children (Birch & Birch, 1956; Birch, Stuckless, & Birch, 1963; Taddonis,

1973). The median correlation between the Leiter and the Stanford-Binet was .77 for a cluster of studies using both scales between 1951 and 1970 (Ratcliffe & Ratcliffe, 1979). Other studies using hearing impaired children showed correlations between the Leiter and WISC Performance Scale to be .78 (Ritter, 1976); between the Leiter and Nebraska Test of Learning Aptitude to be .77 (Mira, 1962); and between the Leiter and Ravens Colored Progressive Matrices to be .79 (Ritter, 1976). Published split-half reliabilities for the Leiter range from .91 to .94 based on several studies as indicated in Anastasi (1976).

The Leiter Scales were administered, using pantomime, by a teacher of the deaf with a graduate degree in deaf education. Testing procedures were taken directly from the manual and were consistant across all children.

# I. Home Observation for Measurement of the Environment

The Home Observation for Measurement of the Environment Scale (Caldwell and Bradley, 1979) was used to evaluate each child's daily environment. The H.O.M.E. is designed to be an easily administered, observationally based inventory which provides an index of the quality and quantity of social, emotional and cognitive support available to young children, from birth to six years of age, within the home setting. The H.O.M.E. inventory is divided into two separate scales: one for children from birth to three years and another for children from three to six years of age.

The H.O.M.E. inventory for families of infants and toddlers (0-3 years) contains forty-five items representing the following six types of environmental forces, as arrayed through a factor analysis procedure: (1) emotional and verbal responsivity of the mother, (2) avoidance of restriction and punishment, (3) organization of the environment, (4) provision of appropriate play materials, (5) maternal involvement with the child, and (6) opportunities for variety in the daily routine.

The H.O.M.E. inventory for families of preschool aged children (3-6 years) contains fifty-five items representing the following eight types of environmental forces, as arrayed through a factor analysis procedure: (1) stimulation through toys, games and reading materials; (2) language stimulation; (3) physical environment: safe, clean, and conducive to development; (4) pride, affection and warmth; (5) stimulation of academic behaviours; (6) modelling and encouragement of social maturity; (7) variety of stimulation; and (8) physical punishment.

Internal-consistency (KR-20) coefficients for the different subscales are reported to range from .38 to .89 over both versions of the H.O.M.E. The internal-consistency coefficient for the total scale for 0-3 year olds was .89 and for 3-6 year olds was .93. Concurrent validity correlations reported were moderate (.25 - .55) between the H.O.M.E. subscales and maternal education, paternal presence, paternal education, paternal occupation and

crowding in the home. Correlations between subscales and welfare status and maternal occupation were smaller in magnitude but still positive. The criterion-related validity of the inventory has been explored in many studies (Cravioto & De Licardie 1972; Elardo, Bradley & Caldwell, 1975; Wulbert, Inglis, Kriegsmann & Mills, 1975), with results consistently supporting the ability of the inventory to distinguish among environments varying in terms of several indices of quality.

The H.O.M.E. was administered by a teacher of the deaf who was proficient in sign language and who has a graduate degree in education of the deaf. Interview procedures were followed as per the H.O.M.E. manual and each interview/observation setting took one to one-and-a-half hours to complete.

# J. Maternal Responsiveness and Effectiveness

Combined with identifying conditional probabilities for sequential behaviors among and between mother and child, operational measures of mother's responsiveness and mother's effectiveness were also identified and analyzed using the same technique. A number of specific child behaviors which might be expected to elicit maternal responses were selected from the work of Clarke-Stewart (1973). These included child attention seeks, child questions, child negatives, child informs and child positives. For each of these child behaviors, a set of maternal behaviors were selected which

would indicate an 'appropriate' response to the specific child behavior. For example, if child attention seeks, any sequential maternal behavior except a negative would be considered appropriate. In this way, a global measure of responsiveness is available along with a specific breakdown of the type of response through the conditional probability tables. A breakdown of the operational definitions of maternal responsiveness and maternal effectiveness are available in Tables 7 and 8. In calculating the responsiveness score, each child's behavior was considered and the next sequential maternal event tabulated, scoring 1 for appropriate behaviors and 0 for inappropriate or no behaviors.

Maternal effectiveness scores were calculated in a similar manner. For a set of specific maternal behaviors, certain child responses were selected which, it was judged, a priori, would indicate that the maternal behavior was effective or appropriate. Scores were again calculated using the next sequential event as the criterion with +1 being scored for appropriate responses (Table 8), 0 for no responses and -1 for maternal behaviors eliciting negative responses by the child. Scores for each behaviour and total scores were then summed and converted to proportions by dividing them by the total recorded frequencies for those particular behaviors. This enables an analysis of responsiveness and effectiveness as per each criterion behavior and a more global score for comparison across

ABLE 7

MATERNAL RESPONSIVENESS

. Child Behavior Responsive Maternal Behaviors	Attention Seek Mother is Positive, Demonstrates, Directs, Stimulates, Questions, Informs, Attention Seeks, or Expands	Question Mother Demonstrates, Directs, Stimulates, Questions, or Informs	Wother is Positive, Demonstrates, Directs, Stimulates, Questions, Informs, Attention Seeks, or Expands	Inform Mother is Positive, Demonstrates, Directs, Stimulates, Questions, Informs, Attention Seeks, or Expands	Expressive Positive Mother is Positive	
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	MATERNAL EFFECTAVENESS	Mother's Behavier Child's Behavior	Child is Positive, or Plays	Child Responds	Child is Positive	Child Imitatés	Child Informs or questions	Child is Positive, Imitates. Questions, or Informs	Child is Positive, Negative, Imitates, Responds, Questions, Informs or Attention Seeks	
A TOP I			Stimulate	Direct	Expressive Positive	Demonstrate	Question	Inform	Attention Seek	

dyads. These procedures are based on similar operationally defined categories of 'responsiveness' and 'effectiveness' in the research of Clarke-Stewart (1973).

#### IV. Results and Discussion

The data generated by research of this type are extensive and in many ways difficult to interpret without some clear patterns of focus. In order to enhance readability and to focus on predominant patterns observed throughout the data analysis, the patterns will be reviewed and discussed in light of present and past research in the field. A more comprehensive review of all of the data analysis results is presented in Appendix F for the reader who wishes to focus on specific patterns and cross patterns.

This chapter will be presented in five sections dealing with the following: (A) The Sample (B) Patterns of Parental Attitudes, Expectations and Acceptance (C) Patterns of H.O.M.E. Stimulation (D) Patterns of Interaction (i) Time (ii) Behaviors (iii) Associated Behaviors and (E) Patterns of Maternal Responsiveness and Effectiveness.

### A. The Sample

Eight of the nine families in the study were from middle-class backgrounds, while one family was from a lower-class home. The three deaf children of hearing parents were adopted, while all other children in the study were of natural parents. The adoptive status of the three children mentioned did not appear to affect the interactive process within dyads directly, although it is certainly a factor to

be considered when interpreting these results. Further research into the question of adoption and its effects on mother-child interaction seems necessary before any clear understanding of the effects of adoption can be realized. A demographic and behavioral description of each group is outlined below to enhance the reader's understanding of the groups as they are presented further in this chapter. Each dyad is described in terms of, first, the hearing status of the mother (i.e.) hearing or deaf (H or D) and, second, the hearing status of the child. One further subscript is used to differentiate the 'oral' dyad which is described as H/Do (hearing mother, deaf child - oral approach).

# Group One (D-D)

Group One consisted of two dyads of deaf mothers and deaf children. Both children had profound hearing losses and were diagnosed and fitted with hearing aids before one year of age. Total communication was the advocated mode of communication in both homes and in each, both mother and child were fluent in its use. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

Specific interaction patterns of these dyads will be reviewed throughput this chapter. However, on the whole these dyads spent just over fifty percent of their time communicating. Predominant mother behaviors were informing, attention seeking and questioning while predominant child behaviors were scattered, the highest occurring behavior being informing. Mothers used directions and questions less

than the overall mean rate and used behaviors of demonstration, stimulation, negatives and attention seeking more than the overall mean rate of the group. Other behaviors varied between families. The children used negatives and responding to directions less than the mean rate and used positive behaviors more than the mean rate. Other children's behaviors ranged above and below the mean rates with child one being above the mean in imitating and questioning behaviors and child two above the mean in attention seeking behaviors. Overall both dyads interacted well with high rates of effectiveness and responsiveness (discussed later in the chapter) and appeared to have a good, communicatively competent, reciprocal interaction. Group Two (H-D)

Group Two consisted of two dyads of hearing mothers with deaf children who advocated a total communication approach in the home. Both children had profound hearing losses and were fitted with hearing aids at twelve and fifteen months of age, respectively. Both children had pre-natal and/or birth irregularities possibly related to the etiology of deafness. Child four was also legally blind at birth, although corrective glasses have enabled her to see well enough to sign, read signs, and manoeuver around the house without much difficulty. Mother three, of this group, although advocating a total communication approach in the home, used this approach for only half of her communications. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive

data on these dyads.

These dyads were very different in their interaction patterns with dyad three interacting for a total of 18 percent of the total observation time (lowest overall) and dyad four interacting for 76.7 percent of the total observation time (highest overall). Mother three had higher proportions of negatives, positives and stimulation behaviors than the overall mean, but lower proportions of all other behaviors. Child three spent fifty percent of his interactive time being negative and attention seeking but was also positive more than the overall mean percentage rate. This dyad interacted very little and appeared to be hampered by a lack of awareness of one another's communication cues as well as an apparent apathy for anytype of communication on the part of mother.

Dyad four was dominated by the communicative attempts of mother who contributed 76% of the total dyadic interactions. This mother informed, directed and was negative more than the mean overall rate while the child in this dyad responded to directions and was both positive and negative more than the mean overall rate. Overall, this dyad also appeared to be hampered by a lack of understanding of communicative cues beyond the "directing", more gestural level. However, there appeared to be a sincere attempt on mother's part to generate communication which may also have been hampered by the child's poor eyesight and possible low mental functioning.

# Group Three (H-Do)

Group Three consisted of one dyad with a hearing mother and a deaf child who used oral communication in the home. The child had a moderate hearing loss and was not diagnosed and fitted with hearing aids until two-and-one-half years of age. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on this dyad.

This dyad spent 59% of the total observation time interacting, with both mother and child contributing approximately the same amount to the interactive events between them. Mother used informing, questioning, directing and positives more than the overall mean percentage rate while the child used more informing and imitating than the mean rate for all children. Both mother and child in this dyad used mainly oral communication and appeared to understand one another well. However, maternal effectiveness in eliciting appropriate responses from her child was below fifty percent indicating the posibility that the child may not fully understand mother's communications. In any case this dyad interacted with many of the same patterns common to the hearing dyads. The question of whether there was an understanding between them is not completely clear, but from an interactive point of view the dyad did appear relatively strona.

## Group Four (D-H)

Group Four consisted of two dyads of deaf mothers and hearing children. Total communication was the advocated mode

of communication in both homes and both children could express themselves fluently, verbally and through sign. One of these children, of family six, was the only child with no preschool and/or experience with structured intervention. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

These dyads were also somewhat different in their interaction patterns with dyad six interacting for a total of 73 percent of the total observation time and dyad seven interacting for a total of 46 percent of the total observation time. Mother six had higher proportions of informing, questioning, expanding, stimulating and demonstrating than the overall mean rate for all mothers. Child six had higher proportions of attention seeking, informing, questioning and imitating than the overall mean rate for all children. However, dyad seven showed many different patterns. Mother seven had higher proportions of attention seeking, questioning and positive behavior than the overall mean rate while her child had higher proportions of informing and positives than the overall mean rate for children.

In essence, both dyads appeared communicatively competent and able to generate and receive the interactive cues of the other member of the dyad. The major difference in the dyads was that mother six actively pursued the teaching of her child through relatively continuous interaction, the reasons for which may partially be due to

this mother being a trained teacher of the deaf, combined with the fact that she worked all day and therefore saw her child for only short periods. Mother seven, on the other hand, also a trained teacher of the deaf, was at home with her child all day and was more passive in her interaction with her child, usually letting the interaction take a more natural, less intrusive form. As with mother six this also may partially be a function of the number of contact hours spent with the child.

# Group Five (H-H)

Group Five consisted of two dyads of hearing mothers with hearing children, using verbal English as their communication mode in the home. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

As with many of the other groups, the dyads in this group had very different interaction patterns. Dyad eight interacted for only 35% of the observation time while dyad nine interacted for 64% of their observation periods. Mother eight had lower than the overall mean proportions of all behaviors except questioning and directing. Her child, on the other hand, had higher than the overall mean proportions of attention seeking, informing and responding behaviors. This dyad had the second lowest number of interactions overall and, much like dyad three, while basic needs were met, there appeared to be little attempt on mother's part to generate active reciprocal interaction within the dyad. Both mothers in this group tended to cluster a large percentage

of their behaviors into questioning and informing while behaviors such as negatives, demonstrating, attention seeking and expanding took up less than one percent of their total interactions.

Mother nine interacted with her child much more than mother eight and had higher than the overall mean proportions of informing and questioning behaviours. Child nine was also more interactive than child eight and had higher than the overall mean proportions of informing and questioning behaviors as well. This was the only child of the entire group to contribute more to the overall interactions within the dyad than the mother. This mother used most of her daily routine as an interactive opportunity with her child and the dialogue between them was continual. Overall, mothers who initiated alot of interaction tended to have children who also generated alot of interaction in the dvad. However, even within these communicatively competent dyads, if the mother was passive the interactions of her and her child were very similar to other less communicatively competent dyads. Cause and effect relationships are not. completely clear but will be discussed further in this chapter.

# B. Patterns of Parental Attitudes, Expectations and Acceptance

Yuker, Block and Younng (1970) indicate that scores on the Attitudes Toward Disabled Persons Scale may be

interpreted as reflecting the subject's perception of the deaf as being either the same or different from the hearing; a high score indicating the perception of the deaf as being similar to the hearing, and a low score indicating the perception of dissimilarity between the deaf and the hearing. The perception of differences in characteristics of, and treatment of, the deaf might be interpreted as rejection of the deaf, or as prejudice. At the same time, this scale may indicate the degree of positive and negative stereotyping in the hearing person's attitudes towards deaf people. Yuker et al (1970) also point out that the respondent who is deaf and who perceives deaf people as different from hearing people, may be projecting his attitude toward himself. In this sense, the ATDP may represent a measure of the deaf person's self-concept. However, the deaf person's low ratings on this scale may also reflect an awareness of the real differences between deaf and hearing people, differences which are not necessarily viewed as negative by the deaf person. The design of the ATDP scales did not allow for accurate interpretation as to the reasons for the mother's ratings on certain items. Hence the issues of poor self-concept and genuine awareness were many times difficult to differentiate. The results were therefore interpreted as the ATDP manual recommends but should be considered in further research in light of the questions raised regarding the validity of such an interpretation.

As well, after using both forms (A and B) of the ATDP and discussing the results with both deaf and hearing mothers, some concerns as to the validity of the questions presented on these scales arose. Both forms of the ATDP tend to be stated in such a way so as to coerce the subject into answering, many times on the basis of emotion. While parts of the scale may reflect true attitudes of the mothers concerned, many mothers, as well as the author, felt that a more anecdotal questionnaire would give a much more accurate, less emotionally charged reflection of their attitudes about deafness. The results below should be considered with these points in mind.

Results from this scale were similar in pattern to those found by Corson (1973) in a study emphasizing the difference in acceptance of deafness between deaf and hering people. As in Corson's study, this study found that overall, the attitudes of deaf parents were significantly more negative than those of hearing parents in areas of generalized rejection, inferred emotional consequences and overall opinion. These attitudes may possibly reflect feelings internalized by deaf people from being exposed to society's attitudes towards people who are different. These findings are also supported by Schroedel and Schiff (1972), who report similar results from a number of studies involving deaf and hearing parents. Schroedel and Schiff postulate that these negative attitudes towards deafness by the deaf themselves might originate from "misperceived or

misconceived attitudes of hearing persons towards deaf persons" (p. 69). These results are also consistent with past studies of attitudes of both handicapped and non-handicapped individuals towards disabled persons (Yuker, Block, and Younng, 1970).

Parental attitudes were further explored using the Brown Parent Attitude Scale (Brown, 1969). This scale measured parent's future expectations for their children and when further analyzed, also gave Acceptance of Deafness scores as described by Corson (1973). Parental expectations for their children's future were highest in hearing parents with hearing children and lowest overall in hearing parents with deaf children who used total communication. All parents with deaf children scored below the overall mean level of expectation, but in most cases this simply indicated a more realistic appraisal of what their children would achieve in the future. For example, some of the questions that parents of deaf children scored lower on include: "will be a college graduate", "will have speech that is easily understood by most people", "will be thought of as having normal hearing" and other questions directly reflecting the child's hearing status. While expectations of these parents therefore appear lower, they also reflect a certain degree of realism on the parent's part, as well as some degree of acceptance of the limitations of deafness as a handicap.

The question of acceptance was further analyzed using Corson's (1973) procedure to select out questions that would

reflect parental acceptance of deafness. Deaf parents were found to be more receptive than hearing parents to the idea that their children would use sign language as their preferred means of communication, would have more deaf friends than hearing friends, would be married to a deaf person, would have difficulty in using English correctly and would use both oral and manual communication. These findings agreed with earlier studies (Meadow, 1968; Corson, 1973) that deaf parents have more positive acceptance towards deafness than hearing parents. The hearing motiger in the dyad using oral communication had higher expectations than other hearing mothers with deaf children, but also had very low Acceptance of Deafness Scores. This mother rated her child as if the child were hearing and had the same general scores as the hearing parents of hearing children. This was also consistent with Corson's (1973) findings that parents of 'oral' subjects expressed significantly greater 'hearing parent' values than did parents using total communication.

Overall, deaf parents appear to have a relatively poor self-concept, or at least a somewhat negative image of deaf people regarding their similarity to hearing people. As stated earlier, these results do not necessarily indicate a poor self-concept but in some cases may reflect a genuine awareness of the real differences existing beetween deaf and hearing people. These attitudes may be a reflection of deaf people's experience in attending separate schools, their lack of academic opportunity after school, poor vocational

choices, limited job market and their own parent's attitudes about deafness. Hearing parents, on the other hand, appear to believe that deaf people are innately the same as hearing people with all of the same needs, rights and obligations as their hearing counterparts. However, these people consistently indicated a lack of awareness of deaf people, most of them never having met nor having been friends with a deaf adult. Their attitudes therefore may clearly have been a result of a basic naivety about deaf people and not necessarily a true belief based on experience.

Parental expectations for their child's future appear to be affected more by parental acceptance of their child's handicap. This may be a result of the scale used, or more likely, a function of the parent's perceptions of the limitations of the handicap. In any case, deaf parents with deaf children had moderate expectations for their children but had the highest Acceptance of the Handicap scores, perhaps again reflecting their own experiences in growing up with a hearing impairment. Two hearing mothers with deaf children also had moderate Expectation scores as well as Acceptance of Deafness scores. These mothers tended to score many scales in a non-committal way, taking the 'middle-of-the-road' approach in many instances. In discussing this with these mothers, this approach appears to indicate a genuine uncertainty about what to expect of their children, reflecting also a lack of input from outside sources as to their children's potential. Finally, the

'oral' mother had high expectations for her child, but scored the lowest Acceptance of Deafness scores of the entire group with deaf children. This may be consistant with Altman's (1973) findings that mothers of more linguistically competent oral children placed more pressure on their children to perform, since this mother's Attitude, Expectation and Acceptance scores were much closer to those of parents with hearing children than they were to those with deaf children.

## C. Patterns of Home Stimulation

All families in this study scored relatively high on the H.O.M.E. Scale compared to the normed population. Two mothers scored in the lower tenth percentile on one subtest each. A deaf mother with a deaf child, the lowest SES family, scored low on the Organization of the Environment sub-test which, as Caldwell, and Bradley (1979) point out, is directly influenced by mother's and father's education, as well as father's occupation and presence. The parents in this family had a low educational level, were separated during a major portion of the study, and the father was unemployed for most of the study as well, all influencing factors on this family's only low score on the H.O.M.E. scale.

A hearing mother with a deaf child also scored in the lower tenth percentile band on one sub-test, *Avoidance of Restriction and Punishment*. Caldwell and Bradley (1979)

indicate that beyond one year of age, this category is significantly related to the amount of crowding in the home. This particular home included both parents, an adult boarder, three natural children and two foster handicapped children. Along with this, the child in question was also legally blind as well as deaf and often needed to be restricted from environmental hazards of which she was unaware. The interviewer in the home indicated that most restriction was legitimate for the child's safety, and other scores on the H.O.M.E. by this family support this conclusion, since all other categories were in the upper twenty-fifth and tenth percentile bands. These points are important to consider when maternal behaviors are discussed, since this mother had the highest rate of negative interactions, the implications of which are further discussed in this chapter.

Three families scored in the lower twenty-fifth percentile band on one sub-scale each of the H.O.M.E. A hearing mother with a deaf child scored in the lower, twenty-fifth percentile band on the Maternal Involvement subtest. This mother and child had the lowest total interaction events over all families and when they did interact, the length of interaction bouts was second lowest over all families. A low score for maternal involvement would seem valid for this family.

Another hearing mother with a deaf child scored in the lower twenty-fifth percentile band on the Variety In Daily

Stimulation subtest of the H.O.M.E. While this subtest is moderately correlated to parental education level and crowding in the home (Caldwell and Bradley, 1979), there is no indication that these factors are influential in this case. A deaf mother with a hearing child also scored in the lower twenty-fifth percentile band on one subtest of the H.O.M.E. Scale. This subtest was the Modelling of Social Maturity, and although correlated with amount of crowding in the home (Caldwell and Bradley, 1979), this factor did not appear influential in this case.

In general, families obtained relatively high scores on the H.O.M.E. Scale and its value in differentiating families in any way, other than those discussed above, was rather limited. This may be a reflection of the general nature of the scale or possibly an indication that no real differences in home stimulation exist between dyads affected by deafness and associated language problems. Further research is needed to determine if in fact any differences do exist in the stimulation patterns of homes affected by deafness and language delay and those that are not. However, in similar research of mother-child interaction using the H.O.M.E. Scale (Wulbert, Inglis, Kriegsmann and Mills, 1975), researchers found significant discrepancies in H.O.M.E. scores between normal children and language-delayed children. It is notable that the greatest discrepancies occurred in the three categories which deal directly with mother and child interaction: (1) emotional and Verbal

responsiveness of mother, (2) avoidance of punishment and (3) maternal involvement with child. Wulbert et al (1975), found also that the H.O.M.E. inventory scores were statistically unrelated to socio-economic status and showed no discrepancies between the normal group and a third group of Down's Syndrome children. While the numbers in this study were too small to note statistically significant patterns previously discussed, it is noteworthy that four of the five families with relatively low subtest scores on the H.O.M.E. had deaf children with subsequent verbal language delay, and also that the two lowest subtest scores were both in categories described by Wulbert et al (1975) as showing the greatest discrepancies between normal and language-delayed children.

Elardo, Bradley and Caldwell (1977) further explored the relationship between children's home environments and their language development, finding similar relationships as discussed above. However, the question of causal inference is difficult to address from correlational studies such as these and, while relationships may exist between H.O.M.E. scores and children's language capabilities, there seems to be a great need for further exploration into the question of cause and effect before intervention is planned from these assumed contingencies.

## D. Patterns of Interaction

### Interaction Time

Results of time spent interacting varied considerably across families. Children and mothers in this study interacted more  $(\overline{X} = 53\%)$ , overall, than those in a similar study of hearing children by Clarke-Stewart (1973) ( $\overline{x}$  = 36%). However, the mean age of the Clarke-Stewart group was some twenty months younger than the group in this study and therefore much less communicatively mature. This is confirmed in later work by Clarke-Stewart and Hevey (1981) where they found differences in mother-child interactions related to the child's increasing maturity. Children's communication abilities increased from twelve to thirty months at which stage the ratio of mother-to-child communications were close to one-to-one. Ratios of mother-to-child communications were much more variable in this study, with the lowest ratios being for two hearing mothers with deaf children, who accounted for over two-thirds of the total communication between them and their children. This does not necessarily contradict Clarke-Stewart's findings but rather adds one further compounding variable affecting the ratio of communication within any dyad involving a sensory handicap, that is, the ability of the dyad, as a unit, to communicate with the same system and at the same level. Collins (1969) also found that hearing mothers with preschool deaf children (mean age 40 months) accounted for approximately two-thirds of the total

communication within the dyad, and as well used a variety of modes to convey these communications. It appears that in many cases, especially that of hearing parents with deaf children, communication systems used within the dyad are often less consistent or refined than those used in dyads where both mother and child more naturally use the same language. This is supported by the low reciprocal interaction ratios of hearing mothers and deaf children using total communication, as well as the effectiveness of these mothers, the lowest of all mothers. Greenberg (1978) also noted major interactive differences in hearing parents who signed well and who used this language with their child from birth, and parents who were what he termed "non-optimal" in their use of total communication. The effects of the communicative competence of the dyad as a unit will no doubt influence both quality and quantity of mother-child interactions.

### Interaction Behaviors

Specific maternal behaviors closely parallelled those described in earlier work by Clarke-Stewart (1973). Mothers in her study spent 40% - 45% of their interacting time labelling, describing, and talking about things in the environment, compared to a mean overall rate of 45.7% in this study. Other behaviors were similar in proportion as well, with the most relatively infrequent behaviors in both studies being positive expression, and stimulation with toys and objects. Even less frequent were demonstration and

expanding behaviors, which accounted for less than 5% of mothers' behaviors overall. Collins (1969), in his study of hearing mothers of deaf preschoolers, also found the highest concentration of maternal behaviors to be confined within the classes of informing, questioning and directing (>80%). Greenberg (1978), in a study involving parents of deaf children, suggests that the greatest amounts of maternal. questioning and demanding might be found in dyads with various types of communicative handicaps. This was not completely supported in this study, since dyads considered to have no communication handicaps, that is, hearing mothers with hearing children and deaf mothers with deaf children, used questioning quite differently relative to their communication patterns. In fact, all mothers with hearing children used questioning more than mothers with deaf children. Dyads with the greatest communication problems, hearing mothers with deaf children, did use directing behavior more as a group. However, no mothers used directing to the extent described by Collins (1969) or Greenberg (1978). Schlesinger and Meadow's (1976) suggestion that the high rate of directions by mothers of deaf children was probably a realistic adaptation necessary to control their deaf children and engage them in interaction may be true, but shows little difference from hearing mothers of hearing children in this study.

Overall, deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, used directions less than hearing

mothers, and used behaviors of demonstration, stimulation, expanding and attention seeking more than hearing mothers. Viewed from another perspective, mothers of deaf children, overall, were more negative and asked fewer questions than mothers of hearing children, relative to the total proportion of their behaviors. Schlesinger and Meadow's (1972) finding that mothers of deaf children, being less permissive and more didactic and intrusive than mothers of hearing children, was only partially supported by this study; anthough all mothers of deaf children were more negative than mothers of hearing children, other controlling behaviors appeared to be more a function of the communicative competence of the dyad as a unit. Many times the group of mothers of deaf children was separated into two gmoups, by their patterns of behavior, deaf mothers with deaf children and hearing mothers with deaf children. Unfortunately, studies in the past (Goss, 1970; Collins, 1969; Schlesinger and Meadow, 1973; and Greenberg, 1978) comparing mothers of deaf children and mothers of hearing children, did not include communicatively competent dyads of deaf mothers with deaf children, but rather often dealt with a group of dyads having extensive ranges of communication abilities. Hearing mothers of deaf children use sign language much less competently and naturally than do deaf mothers of deaf children. The result is two different groups of dyads producing very different patterns of interaction within the dyad. However, dyads with the same hearing status

(eg. D-D, H-H) did not have the same type of interaction patterns, nor were their interaction patterns better in terms of quantity or quality, than dyads with mismatched hearing status (eg. D-H, H-D). Patterns of interaction seem much more influenced by the communication mode used, mother's awareness of the handicap's restrictions and as well the mother's ability and willingness to generate appropriate input and reciprocal interaction with her child. The following section on children's communicative behaviors will help to shed more light on these contentions.

Overall, children used informing more than any other interactive behavior. However, two deaf children of hearing parents used this behavior fewer x han half as many times as any other child in the study and were the only two children not to use informing as their major interactive behavior. As well, these deaf children of hearing parents asked very few questions relative to the other children, and relative to their own behaviors. Since both questioning and informing are types of communication that demonstrate initiation, active involvement and control of conversational dialogue, one might expect relatively high incidences of these behaviors in children of dyads with at least some moderate degree of communicative functioning. Greenberg (1978) also found that deaf children in his study, described as high communicators, asked more questions and more often discussed objects and events. These types of behaviors were evident in all children in this study, other than the two deaf children of hearing parents previously discussed. Children who showed the highest rates of questioning behaviors were children from dyads where the mother-to-child communication ratio more closely approached one, indicating that both mother and child were contributing, as equal partners, to the communicative interaction within the did. As Greenberg (1978) outlines:

These abilities greatly expand the realm of the children's social and cognitive worlds by allowing them to discuss both past events and future events. By freeing them from reliance on concrete, present reality it enables the child and mother to engage in conversations dealing with simple abstractions and therefore provides aliment for expanding the child's cognitive development. (p. 91).

Lt is worthy of note that the two deaf children of hearing mothers, with low questioning and informing behaviors, also had relatively high rates of negatives and responding to directions. One of these children also spent over 25% of his time seeking his mother's attention. In general, these children seem compliant and somewhat emotional, but unable to interact at the same level with their mothers as do many of the other children.

Wedell-Monnig and Lumley (1980) in a study of deaf children of hearing mothers who could not sign, had similar results. They found that the children in their study were more passive than hearing children and generally showed signs of what they described as the "learned helplessness" syndrome which occurs when children learn that their actions have no effect on their environment.

Overall, children's behaviors appeared to be affected more by the mother's behaviors than their own hearing status, per . However, the author realizes this to be somewhat of a cyclic problem, since the effects of the hearing loss will no doubt have some bearing on the interactive style of the mother. In any case, children's behaviors tended to be associated, in kind, to mother's behaviors. That is, negatives were correlated with negatives, positives were correlated with positives, directions with responses and so on.

In summary, the interaction behaviors of both mothers, and children have generated the following observations:

- (1) Overall, mother-child interaction patterns were very similar to those found in earlier studies of mother-child interaction.
- (2) Mothers and children contributed approximately equal amounts to the interactive process, the major deviations from this trend being H-D dyads using total communication where the mothers accounted for over two-thirds of the communication between them and their children.
- (3) The amount and type of interactive behaviors appeared to be affected both by the hearing status of the mother and the hearing status of the child. Mothers of the same hearing status had many similar behavior patterns regardless of the hearing status of their children. The reciprocal effect was also true with children of the same

hearing status having similar behavior patterns regardless of the hearing status of their mothers.

- (4) Mothers of hearing children, regardless of their own hearing status, used more questioning behaviors than mothers of deaf children.
- (5) Mothers of deaf children, regardless of their own hearing status, used more negative behaviors than mothers of hearing children.
- (6) Deaf mothers used fewer directions than hearing mothers and more demonstrating, stimulating, expanding and attention seeking behaviors than hearing mothers, regardless of the hearing status of the dhildren.
- (7) Mothers of deaf children were often separated into two distinct groups according to their patterns of behavior (D-D and H-D). These divisions appear highly related to the communicative competence within the dyads. Many of these points are further elaborated and discussed in the following section on behavioral associations and contingencies.

  Associated Behaviours

The remainder of this section will deal with associated and contingent behaviors via correlational and lag sequential analyses. Lag one behaviors will often be referred to as responding behaviors for simplicity of reading. In no way does this indicate cause and effect but is used for economy and merely indicates behavior of the other member of the dyad at lag one event level.

Deaf children with hearing mothers showed weak cross-correlations between their own and their mother's behaviors in most areas except directing and responding, and demonstrating and imitating. One hearing child with a hearing mother also showed weak correlations between his own and his mother's behaviors as well. These three children / also showed the weakest overall correlations between mother questioning and child informing, mother's informing and child informing and child questioning and mother's informing. These are behaviors which, by definition, will involve at least a moderate degree of understanding within the dyad, beyond the gestural level, in order to achieve their goals. Whether or not these mothers and children can reciprocally communicate at some moderate level, or whether mothers and/or children are insensitive to the type of communication by the other member of the dyad is not clear at this level of analysis. However, lag analysis indicates that the deaf children of hearing mothers were lowest in responses to mother's questioning and informing. These children often responded to mother's informing behaviors with positives, negatives or attention seeking, unlike most other children who would respond by reciprocal informing or questioning. These children appear to comprehend that mother is directing some attention to them but are often unaware of its intent and therefore do not respond, and/or respond inappropriately.

In any case, as outlined by Osofsky and Connors (1979), a mother has to be sensitive to her child's cues and to respond appropriately, while at the same time, the child has to be able to signal his needs and desires. There is indication that in some of the cases discussed, such as hearing parents with deaf children, mothers and children are interacting, but not necessarily based on the cues of the other, and hence a somewhat interrupted and non-reciprocal flow of interactive events-occurs. These contentions are supported by the somewhat one-sided communication trends of H-D dyads as well as the very low effectiveness scores of these mothers. Even when these mothers had high rates of communication, as in dyad four, the effectiveness of this mother in eliciting appropriate responses from her child was very low relative to the rest of the group. However, hearing status and/or communicative competence of the dyad are not the only factors influencing the interactive patterns of mother and child. Dyad eight, a hearing mother and child, have very similar interaction patterns as dyad three, a hearing mother with a deaf child. While child deafness within the dyad will no doubt restrict the ability of a hearing mother to interact with her child, such restricted interaction is not limited to these dyads. Mothers who are active, involved with, and stimulating their children usually have children who reciprocate with active and stimulating interactions. More passive mothers, who generally meet the basic needs of their children but little

else, tend to have children who are more passive as well (Martin et al. 1981). Although the communicative competence of the dyad places some obvious restrictions on interaction the question of whether these mothers are active or passive in their interactions will have to be studied further in order to delineate causal effects and more accurately identify intervention strategies.

Deaf mothers and their children showed the highest correlations between mother, questioning and child informing, child questioning and mother informing, mother informing and child informing and mother positive and child positive. The 'oral' dyad also, had relatively high correlations in the latter two categories, as did one hearing mother with a hearing child in all categories mentioned. In a sample such as this, it is sometimes difficult to identify any type of group influence or trends due to the variation within the group. However, dyads with deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of the children, appear to be more interactive overall, have more effect on one another's behaviors, and generate a more active, dually-initiated communication within the dyad. Least interactive dyads were those with hearing mothers, two with deaf children and one with a hearing child. These dyads had the lowest number of children's communication events per session and the same two had the highest rate of no communication per session.

Lag analysis of these behaviors support the relationships indicated above and further aid in explaining

the inter-dyadic differences that seem evident in the correlational analysis. Overall, children's informing behaviors followed mother's negative, questioning, informing, attention seeking and expanding behaviors times than any other child behavior, at event lag one well, children's positives followed mother's positive imitations followed demonstrations, responses followed directions and play followed stimulation, more, ove than any other behaviors at event lag one.

Mother's informing behaviors, overall, followed children's negatives, imitations, questions, informs and attention seeking more than any other behaviors at event lag one. As well, mother's positives followed children's positives and mother's directions followed children's responses more, overall, than any other behaviors. Most of these results are not consistant over all families as indicated earlier, but rather, tend to be determined by a variety of factors, including hearing status of the dyad as well as type of behaviors generated by each member of the dyad.

Mother's behaviors that generated the highest rates of communicative response from children were directing, demonstrating and questioning. Mother's behaviors generating the lowest rates of communicative response from their children were expanding, attention seeking and stimulation. Hubbell's (1977) observations that parents of language delayed children often rely primarily on questions and

commands in attempting to elicit talking from their children appears to be supported in this case, and also seems somewhat warranted, since these behaviors are generating communicative behaviors from the children. However, the lowest communicating children in the study also tended to respond least to these behaviors, while high communicators responded more to these behaviors. Also, while directing and demonstrating by the mother often resulted in non-verball compliance and/or mimicking by the child, questioning behaviors required a more communicative response. Deaf children of hearing mothers were lowest in responses to mother's questions and tended to respond with more inappropriate behaviors such as negatives and attention seeking, rather than informing or further questions as was the case with the other children in the study.

Overall, mother's directing and child's responding correlated highly across all families. Children's imitations correlated highly with mother's informing in families with deaf mothers, as well as in the 'oral' dyad. These children quite often used imitation to mimic new signs, or in the case of the 'oral' child, new sounds produced by the mother. One would suspect that mother's informing with new signs, or sounds would be an optimal point for children to imitate these new communications, as in the cases discussed above. However, deaf children of hearing mothers, using total communication, had no correlations above .30 between their imitating and their mother's informing. Relationships that

are necessary for children to develop communication, that is, receiving, understanding and reproducing communicative cues (McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978; McDonáld, 1981), were not evident at this level, in H-D dyads using total communication.

Overall, children's behaviors followed mother's directing, demonstrating and questioning at relatively high rates. Children's behaviors following mother's informing were relatively low overall, perhaps due to the high frequencies of informing across all mothers, as well as the inability of some children to attend to and/or understand these communications.  $r_1$ 

Children's behaviors following mother's positive behaviors were moderate in frequency and quite different behaviorally. Children of hearing mothers, regardless of their own hearing status, responded least to their mother's positive behaviors. When they did respond to mother's positives, they more often used informing behavior. Children of deaf mothers responded more to their mother's positives, and more by reciprocating that positive behavior. By the same token, hearing mothers more often followed their children's positives with informing behavior, while deaf mothers more often followed their children's positives with positive behavior. The contention of Martin et al (1981) that behaviors tend to be reciprocated in kind, was substantiated in part, but also appeared strongly related, not only to the criterion behavior per se, but also to the

inter-dyadic response to that behavior over time; that is, mothers who informed often after children's positives tended to have children who informed often after mother's positives.

Mother's negative behaviors were followed by children's behaviors relatively infrequently, while children's negatives were followed by mother's behaviors over 65% of the time. Mother's negative behaviors appear to influence children to be negative, while children's negative behaltion. did not have the same effect on their mothers. This type of responsiveness to negative behavior is discussed later in this chapter under Maternal Responsiveness and Effectiveness. However, the contention of Martin et al (1981) that maternal negative behavior influenced children to be negative, while the reciprocal effect was not as strong, was substantiated in this research. Also, reciprocation of positives was stronger in most dyads than reciprocation of negatives. Exceptions to this pattern were three deaf mothers who responded more to their children's negatives than to their positives. Both positive and negative behaviors by children were followed, over 65% of the time, by maternal behaviors, over all families.

Children's behaviors that elicited the highest ratio of communicative response from the mother were questioning and informing, while the lowest maternal responses to children's communications were to children's imitating and responding. This was expected, since questioning and informing would

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more often mark the beginning of a dialogue within the dyad whereas responding to directions or imitating by the children would more often mark the end of conversation. However, within these behavioral areas, mothers reacted quite differently to their children's communications. Two deaf children of hearing mothers asked one question between them. (overall  $\bar{x} = 89$ ), in twenty hours of observation, indicating, as Greenberg (1978) describes, the inability to initiate, engage in, and control conversational dialogue. Both hearing mothers of hearing children responded to their. children's questions below the mean level, while the five remaining mothers responded to over 85% of their children's questions. Deaf mothers responded to their children's questioning over 90% of the time and their responses included more demonstrating and expanding behaviors than the other mothers. As a group, deaf mothers seemed much more aware of both their children's questioning and informing behaviors. Hearing mothers responded least to their children's informing with the exception of one hearing mother of a deaf child whose communicative behaviors followed her child's informing 94% of the time. Considering the language barrier between hearing children with deaf parents, one cannot help but note the frequency, appropriateness and reciprocation of responses within these dyads compared to hearing mothers with hearing children who have no communication handicaps, and hearing mothers with deaf children who are often 'communicatively' severely



handicapped. Deaf mothers and their children, regardless of the children's hearing status, appear more aware of the communicative restrictions within the dyad. This statement is supported by the high responsiveness and effectiveness scores of these mothers, discussed in the next section, as well as the high rates of interaction, and high ratios of interaction within these dyads.

Reflecting the communication problems of a hearing and deaf person in the same dyad, hearing mothers with deaf children, and deaf mothers with hearing children, all repeated their directions more than other mothers after the child began responding to initial directions. While in some cases this reflected two different sets of directions, in most cases observers noted that directions were repeated due to misunderstandings, the majority of which occurred in hearing mother-deaf child dyads. However, these two groups of mothers were more positive after their child responded than were the other mothers in the study. These mothers appear to realize the problem of communication and, more often, positively reinforced appropriate responding.

In summary, dyads having the least amount and poorest quality (non reciprocal) of interaction were three hearing mothers, two with deaf children using a total communication approach. These mothers seemed to have less effect on their child's communications, especially in areas that generated more active, self-initiated communication by their children. This may be a function of low communicating and/or more

controlling mothers generating these low communicating behaviors in children; or perhaps the opposite effect. These low communicating children may be, as Wulbert et al (1975) point out, "...a source of great frustration to their mothers, and...mutual interaction was not pleasurable for either child or mother" (p. 68), Osofsky and Connors (1979) further elaborate that the responsiveness of the infant to stimuli provided by the mother may affect her feelings of attachment and competency, and the frequency of her attempts to elicit responsiveness from the child. In any case, the responsiveness and effectiveness of mothers and children appear not only to be a function of mother's and/or child's hearing status but also of the ability of each member of the dyad to generate appropriate cues and in turn respond to these cues appropriately. It would seem logical, however, to assume that the absence of an appropriate communication system common to both members of the dyad would compound the problem of reciprocity even further. As pointed out by Moore (1977), "mothers of competent children facilitate their children's involvement with objects in the environment, talk with their infants about ongoing activities, and express a playful attitude toward their children" (p. 5). However, recent researchers (Wedell-Monnig and Lumley, 1980) hypothesize that child deafness, without an adequate means of communication, will negatively affect such an interactive process to a point where both children and parents become passive and lethargic in their interactions with the other

member of the dyad.

# E. Patterns of Maternal Responsiveness and Effectiveness,

Deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, were more responsive than hearing mothers, as defined by the responsiveness index outlined in Chapter II. Hearing mothers with deaf children were more responsive than hearing mothers with hearing children. Since responsiveness categories were defined quite liberally in most cases, this probably reflects the fact that hearing mothers with hearing children not only responded less to their children's communicative behaviors, but when they did respond, these responses were not as appropriate as those of other mothers in the study. Hearing mothers of hearing children not only had the lowest overall responsiveness scores, but they were also below the mean, overall family level, on all five separate measures of responsiveness. Two hearing mothers with deaf children also scored below the mean responsiveness level for all families, while one hearing mother with a deaf child scored above this level.

If, as Clarke-Stewart (1978) has pointed out, maternal responsiveness to social behaviors is important in promoting a broad range of competencies in children, deaf mothers, appeared, at this level, to do better than hearing mothers from both a quantitative and qualitative point of view.

Korner (1974) points out that a mother who cannot, or will not, respond to her infant's cues, can severely impede the

relationship with her infant. While the number of dyads involved in this study prohibits generalization, one can speculate that dyadic relationships, if only from a recognition and response to cue level, can certainly be improved upon in all homes, but especially those of hearing mothers.

Deaf mothers, as well as one hearing mother of a hearing child, had the highest effectiveness scores of all the mothers studied, as defined by the Effectiveness Index outlined in Chapter II. Hearing mothers with deaf children were least effective of all the groups, while two of these mothers, using total communication, had effectiveness scores below 35%, the lowest of all the group. These two mothers were below the mean overall family effectiveness scores on six of the seven measures of effectiveness used. All mothers were generally less effective in eliciting appropriate responses from their children than they were responsive to their children. Hearing mothers with hearing children were exceptions, both being more effective than responsive. One might postulate that, in dyads involving some form of communicative handicap, it is more difficult to adequately transfer communication within the dyad, and to therefore enhance the probability of appropriate responses by the children, the reciprocal of maternal effectiveness. This problem is compounded many times in dyads where a reciprocal, fluent communication system is not available, namely the hearing mothers with deaf children.

Bruner (1975) has suggested that, at the early stages of acquisition, the natural language teacher is:

...an interpreting adult who operates not so much as a corrector or reinforcer but rather is a provider and idealizer of utterances while interacting with the child. (p. 17).

McLean and Snyder-Mclean (1978) would add that the adult not only provides input, but that it be "appropriate sensory input" and that there would also be a large amount of reciprocal interaction. If one adheres to these contentions, it would appear that hearing parents of deaf children, both in this study and in past research (Goss, 1970; Collins, 1969; Greenberg, 1978), have a difficult time in providing the necessary environment for optimal interaction between themselves and their children. It seems safe to assume that such an optimal interaction environment can only be enhanced if both members of the dyad understand and use the same mode of communication from birth. However, this does not assume a common language to be the only affecting factor, as can be observed in the variability of the interactive patterns of hearing parents and hearing children.

McLean and Snyder-McLean (1978) posit that children not only need "appropriate input", but also need large amounts of "reciprocal interaction" with a caregiver who is aware of his or her cues for communication. While this study has looked at only a small sample of children, these contentions for the need for "appropriate input" and "reciprocal interaction" have been supported across all families.

regardless of the communicative problems within each dyad. The question of causality, that is, if mothers who provide "appropriate input" and "positive reciprocal interaction" generate more communicative and responsive children or if, in fact, the opposite is true, cannot be answered by studies such as this. Osofsky (1979) presents a more complete overview of this question of causality and the effects of each member of the dyad on the other. However, this research does support earlier studies (Corson, 1973; Greenberg, 1978) which indicated that dyads with deal children are not only dependant on their communicative approach (i.e. total versus oral) for interaction, but also are affected by the communicative competence within the dyad, as well as the interactive efforts of each member of the dyad. This study maintains that oral and total communication approaches are appropriate for certain deaf children, depending on many factors, including the degree of hearing loss. However, while it is extremely important to provide the deaf child with an appropriate mode of communication at the earliest possible age, this alone will not ensure appropriate interaction levels within the dyad. Questions of maternal acceptance of the handicap, as well as mother's ability to recognize her child's communicative cues and to provide plenty of reciprocal interaction events for practicing these communications, have to be addressed before deaf children. especially of hearing parents, can be provided a more natural communicative and interactive setting in which to

develop.

As well, while it was not a function of this research to assess preschool programs, the need to evaluate programs dealing with hearing mothers and deaf children is evident in light of recent research in this and related areas (Mclean and Snyder-Mclean, 1978; Abidin, 1980; Osofsky, 1979; Bronfenbrenner, 1974; Heifetz, 1980). Considering the traumatic effects on a hearing family of having a deaf child, combined with the subsequent lack of understanding of the handicap, as well as the communicative disabilities of both mother and child, the need for parent support services has to be of primary concern (Bronfenbrenner, 1976; Connor, 1976; Carew, 1980; Abidin, 1980). The extent to which the present support services and intervention programs for preschool hearing handicapped children are successfull is not certain. However, the need to furthur monitor families affected by deafness, as well as the ongoing effects of existing support services on these families, seems evident.

In summary, based on the observations made, the conclusions of the present study are as follows:

of the restrictions on their communication than hearing mothers with deaf children. This is supported by the high rates of interaction that were generated by these mothers as well as the high degree of responsiveness and effectiveness with their children. This "awareness" would be more natural in a deaf mother having grown up with such a handicap but

should be considered further when developing future research and intervention with H-D dyads.

- (2) Hearing mother-deaf child dyads appear to be the most seriously disadvantaged group in the present research and in past studies dealing with hearing impaired preschoolers. The presence of a viable communication system to teach and communicate with their children seems a logical prerequisite before an optimal learning environment can be considered.
- hearing impairment. This may be positive or negative depending on a number of factors previously mentioned including communication mode, parental acceptance of the handicap, parental awareness of the handicap's restrictions and parental ability or willingness to generate appropriate input and reciprocal interaction. However, dyadic interaction in communicatively competent dyads can stronly resemble the poor quality of interaction found in communicatively weak dyads when mothers take a more custodial role in child-rearing and generate little interaction between themselves and their children.
- (4) Child development research in related areas such as language development and mother-child interaction, appears highly relevant to the preschool deaf child and warrants serious consideration when considering priority areas for research and intervention with the preschool deaf population. While literature on the deaf preschooler and his

family is limited, related research with language delayed children, hearing children and other handicapped children is readily available and able to be logically adapted to the deag preschooler. This contention was not only supported by this study but by virtually all major studies dealing with a preschool deaf population.

- (5) Mother-child interactions appear very personalized and highly dependant on mother's awareness of, and ability to meet, her child's needs. While studies of large groups of mother-child dyads will provide patterns of interaction common to certain groups, the real patterns of interaction within dyads seems highly diversified. Although there is much to be learned by the study of large groups, these studies are often carried out under more clinical. experimental and less time-consuming conditions. The greatest expense of the latter type of research is its generalizability to the natural home environment as well as its immediate value in designing intervention strategies for specific families. If intervention is to focus on the parents, usually the mother, as suggested by researchers in related fields, it seems apparent that an on-going analysis of the interactions between parents and their children is necessary in order to monitor, evaluate and if necessary change such patterns of interaction.
  - (6) Mother-child interactions with preschool deaf children have to be a major focus of attention for intervention programs dealing with this population. While

hearing children will develop language and social skills via other sources such as media, family and friends, the mother of a deaf child is usually the only communicative source for such a child for the "optimal" learning years of this child's life.

(7) Intervention programs for preschool deaf children should have a built-in monitoring system that will provide an up-to-date theoretical base on which program goals are developed, as well as an evaluative component to determine if, in fact, these goals are met.

## V. Summary and Implications

Mother-child relations discovered in the present research closely parallel those found in related research with similar children from similar backgrounds. However, as with most research, there are a number of factors involved in this study which limit the certainty with which conclusions can be drawn. Small sample size and differences in hearing status of both parents and children are important factors limiting the extent to which one can generalize these results. While this is a restriction, it is also a strength of this type of 'exploratory' research. This type of research is generated by hypotheses from related areas such as mother-child interaction, child development and l'anguage development, which theoretically should apply to the preschool deaf child. Intensive, longitudinal observation of a cross-section of these and other children was needed to identify which principles of interaction apply to these children and, more importantly, to identify anamolous areas for further research. The main focus of the present research was to identify areas of mother-child interaction that may be related to mother's and child's hearing status, as well as to mother's attitudes and acceptance of deafness.

McLean and Snyder-McLean (1978) have suggested that dyads need "reciprocal interaction" and "appropriate input"

before communication can become natural and free-flowing. Meadow and Trybus (1979) propose that the prevalence and the nature of emotional/behavioral disturbances in deaf children suggests that the impact of deafness on the home environment is significant and creates patterns of parental behaviors detrimental to the child's development, thus inhibiting the appropriate input and reciprocation behaviors that are needed. Until recently, the superiority of deaf children of deaf parents in academic achievement, social development and language abilities was often attributed to the parents' use of sign language alone. Corson's (1973) work disagrees with this theory and attributes much of this 'superiority' of deaf children of deaf parents to the parental acceptance of the handicap. Bodner-Johnson (1981) goes on to suggest that parental acceptance, as well as parental ability to communicate fluently and readily from birth with their child, to a large extent explains the superiority of deaf children with deaf mothers over deaf children with hearing mothers.

These contentions were partially supported by this study, since deaf mothers were more responsive to their children than hearing mothers, were more effective in eliciting responses from their children than hearing mothers and overall had a better quality of interaction with their children than hearing mothers. However, this was also true of deaf mothers with hearing children, introducing another possible dimension to the superiority of deaf children with

deaf mothers over deaf children with hearing mothers. These mothers are not only more accepting of the handicap than hearing mothers, but also appear more aware of the restrictions and limitations of hearing impairment and therefore make extra efforts to overcome these limitations. This awareness of the restrictiveness of hearing impairment, not only vocationally, but, as importantly, socially and emotionally, was evident in deaf mothers who had quite low scores on their attitudes about deafness, reflecting a poor self-image in relation to hearing people. Apart from the self-concept aspect, these mothers may well be reflecting attitudes generated from years of prejudicial treatment by a hearing community. In any case, deaf mothers, while their attitudes about deafness were poor, had a higher acceptance of deafness than hearing parents with deaf children, who tended to give more socially appropriate, middle-of-the-road answers to these questions. The question of parental acceptance of deafness, as it relates to appropriate input from birth, and reciprocal interaction, was more clearly distinguishable between deaf mother and child dyads and hearing mother-deaf child dyads using total communication. The one mother using oral communication with her deaf child was more responsive to, and effective with, her child than hearing mothers using total communication and had a more reciprocal communication with her child than these mothers. While the oral dyad had a poorer quality of interaction than the deaf dyads, they did have more and better interactions

than hearing mothers with deaf children using total communication, and more closely resembled hearing mother-hearing child dyads in their interactive approach. While the oral mother was less accepting of deafness than other mothers, she did appear to meet the appropriate input and reciprocal interaction needs of her child quite adequately. At this point it is not clear as to what degree maternal acceptance of deafness, "appropriate input" from birth, and reciprocal interactions affect the development of young deaf children. Past and present research indicate these variables to be extremely important and the need for further research on these topics is evident. As

...family environment research...fills a void regarding how we might conceptualize the effects of the handicapping condition on the cognitive and affective behaviors of the deaf child. (p. 4).

Such research is desperately needed with all classes of dyads affected by deafness, including not only deaf children with deaf and hearing parents using various modes of communication but with hearing children with deaf parents as well. The question of parental awareness and understanding of the handicap and its relationship to parent-child interactions needs to be studied further in terms of all dyads. Adequate intervention strategies can only develop from a comprehensive knowledge of all of these factors affecting the deaf child's development.

Finally, Bronfenbrenner (1974) suggests that the most effective early childhood education programs are those which help the parents to provide support and encouragement to their children. In effect, mothers should often implement these programs with the help and guidance of a professional who directs his expertise to the parents and not necessarily to the child.

As Heifetz (1980) points out, parents of handicapped children are often put in a role that they never expected, probably did not want, and for which they were not psychologically prepared. Seligman (1975) posits that such a role, especially when accentuated with professionals offering service based on outdated theories, can often lead to a psychological state of learned helplessness. The stress and frustrations of dealing with the handicapped child . combined with the frustrations of finding 'effective' professional services, may reduce parenting to little more than day-to-day custodial care. Current comphrensive reviews of language development research (eg. McLean and Snyder-McLean, 1978), mother-child interaction research (eg. Osofsky, 1979) and parent as teacher research (eg. Abidin, 1980) all point to the need to support parents in an active intervention role with their children. However, in the education of young deaf children, as with many other handicapped children, the role of parents has too often been a passive one, supplemented by lack of professional support and effective intervention strategies.

Heifetz (1980) points out that:

Parents potential for active, effective partnership in service delivery, which has been so extensively documented in the behavioral training literature, is denied, particularly by paradigms that routinely assume the existence of psychopathology in the parents. (p. 373).

While it is not clear as to exactly why many educators rarely take full advantage of parents in their early education programs the need for continuous monitoring and upgrading of these programs seems apparent.

In deaf education, as in many other areas of education, the knowledge gained from related fields of study tends to have a somewhat lingering percolation phase before it reaches the people who design programs and intervention strategies. While many programs for deaf children have benefitted from related research, the diversity in philosophies of intervention for preschool deaf children, and the resultant programs, indicates a real need for further evaluation of existing programs, and their relevance to our present knowledge of child development.

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# APPENDIX A

# DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE

#### Appendix A

# DEMOGRAPHIC QUESTIONNAIRE

# RESEARCH PROJECT HEARING IMPAIRMENT

I . <u>F</u>	IMA	LY DATA:		
	1.	Name of child	Sex	
	2.	Child's birthday: Month	_ Day	Year
	3.	Name and address of parents or guardia	ıns:	
		Relationship		<u> </u>
		Name		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
		Mailing address:		
		City	_Postal	Code
	4.	Home telephone	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
	5.	Father's occupation:		
		Mother's occupation:		
	6.	Are the parents separated or divorced?		
		yesno		
	7.	Is the child adopted, or a foster chil	d?	<del></del>
•	8.	What language is spoken in the home?	<del></del>	
	٥	lint the names and some of othershilds	:_ ••	22

Other persons livi	ng in the home?
Name	Relationship
Are the child's pa	rents deaf? Father: yesno
,	Mother: yesno_
If so give cause	, 
In the families of	the parents, are there any dea
hard of hearing re	latives?
hard of hearing re Father's family:	
Father's family:	
Father's family:	no
Father's family: List cause Mother's Family: ye	no
Father's family: List cause Mother's Family: ye List cause	no
Father's family: List cause Mother's Family: ye List cause	examined by an otologist
Father's family: List cause  Mother's Family: ye List cause  Has the child been (ear doctor)? yes	examined by an otologist
Father's family: List cause  Mother's Family: ye List cause  Has the child been (ear doctor)? yes  If yes, give doctor	examined by an otologist
Father's family: List cause  Mother's Family: ye List cause  Has the child been (ear doctor)? yes  If yes, give doctor was the child born	examined by an otologistno  's name with a hearing loss? yesn
Father's family: List cause  Mother's Family: ye List cause  Has the child been (ear doctor)? yes If yes, give doctor was the child born At what age was the	examined by an otologist no

16.	. Has the child had a hearing test? yes no
17.	When was the child's hearing first tested?
	Where
	How old was the child?What were the results?
18.	Was a hearing aid recommended? yes no
	If yes, what kind is it?
	When did the child begin using it?
	Have there been any problems with the hearing aid?
	yesno If yes, describe
	Date of last hearing testWhere?
19.	When did your child get his last earmolds?
	How many hours a day does your child wear his aid?
	Does it seem to help him? yes If yes, in
	what ways?
20.	Do you communicate to your child using:
	(a) single words; (b) 2-3 word sentences;
	(c) longer sentences; (d) all of these?
21.	Do you communicate to your child orally; informal
	gestures; manual (formal sign language); total
	communication; other (explain)
22.	Do others understand the child's speech?
	yesno
23.	Does the child speak in single wordsor phrases?

24.	How does the child act near the following sounds?
	Fire siren
	Airplane
	Doorbell or telephone
	Voices
	Dog barking
	Door slam
	Car horn
•	Snowmobile
	Boat motor
	TV/Radio/Phonograph
	List other sounds the child reacts to
	•
25.	At what age did the child
	Sit up without help?Walk without help?
	Eat with spoon or fork?Drink from a glass?
	Dress himself?Ask to go to the toilet?
26.	Is the child completely toilet trained? yesno
27.	Does the child dress himself? yesno
	Does the child feed himself? yesno
28.	Does the child have any sleeping problems?
	yesno
29.	Does the child have any eating problems?
	yesno
	If yes, describe
30.	What do you do if the child won't eat?

3	<ol> <li>Does the child wet his bed? OftenSome</li> </ol>	netimes_	_Never_
	2. Does the child have any particular fear		
	yesno		
	If yes, describe		
			<b></b>
33	Does the child use mostly his right		
	or his lefthand?		
	Or, does he seem to use either hand equa	ally wel	1?
34	. What are the child's favourite things?		<del></del>
35	. Does the child map? yesno		
	If yes, when?		
	How long?		
			• •
II. MED	DICAL INFORMATION:		
36.	Pediatrician or Family Doctor's name:		
	Name		
•	Address	Phone_	<del></del>
37.	Has the child had his eyes checked? yes_	no_	
	If yes, when?Results_		
38.	Before the birth of the child:		
	Did the mother have German Measles, or an	y virus	or
	cold during the first three months of pre		
•	yesno	- * `	
	Any other illnesses during the pregnancy?		

yes	no
Ιf	yes, what kind?
Did	the mother have any disturbing experiences or
acc	idents during the pregnancy?
yes	no If yes, what were they?
Was	the RH Factor a problem? yesno
Did	the mother use any kind of drugs during her preg-
nan	cy? yesno If yes, what were they?
	e there any problems during the birth of the child no If yes, what kind of problems?
	Where was the child born?
Hos	pitalOther place
Who	delivered the child?
Doc	tor
or i	name of person other than a doctor and quali-
fica	ations (i.e., midwife, health aide)
ifa	any:
Was	the birth of the child premature? yesno
Įfχ	yes, how far along was the pregnancy at the time o
birt	th?months.
How	much did the child weigh?
Was	delivery induced? yesno
Was	labour prolonged? yesno
Have	long did the labour last?

		What Kind of anesthetic was used?
		Were instruments used? yesno
		₩as it a breech birth? yesno
		Was the cord around the child's neck? Yesno
		Was the birth Caesarian Section? yesno
40.	Wer	e there any problems immediately following the birth
		of the child? yesno
		If yes, what kind?
		Was the child in an incubator? yesno
		If yes, how long?
	•	Was the child blue? yesno
		Were there any feeding problems? yesno
		Was the child jaundiced? yesno
•		Did the baby have convulsions? yesno
		Was the baby weak? yesno
	41.	Has the child had any surgery? yesno
		If yes, what kind of surgery and when was it
		performed?
	42.	Has the child had ear problems? yesno
		If yes, how often?
		Explain the kinds of problems he has had
	43.	Did the child have any illnesses with long periods of
		fever shortly after birth? yesno If yes.
		explain

	Please note illnesses which the child has had and
	provide dates if at all possible.
	Spinal meningitis
	Diptheria
	Rheumatoid arthritis
	Small pox
	Scarlet fever
	Measles (kind)
	Mumps
	Chicken pox
	Encephalitis
	thooping cough
,	Convulsions (how many times?)
1	Epileptic seiures (how often)
(	Other contagious diseases, illnesses or injuries:
	Is the child presently on any kind of medication?
	Is the child presently on any kind of medication?  yesno If yes, list type and dosage
:	/esno If yes, list type and dosage
	resno If yes, list type and dosage
	las the child had any trouble with balance or co- ordination? yesno If yes,
	das the child had any trouble with balance or co- ordination? yes

<b>47</b> .	List any allergies the child may have.
	Medications
•	
	Foods
	Other (hayfever, insects, animals etc.)
	-
III. SCI	HOOLING:
48.	Has the child ever attended preschool? yesno
	If yes, list:
	Schoo1
	Address
	Dates of Attendance:
	Hours per day
49.	Has the child received home tutoring of any type?
	yesno If yes, list:
	Name of tutor
	How long child received tutoring:
	(years, months, weeks)
	How often child received tutoring:
	non of ton on it received total ing.

Were	parents	involved in	home	tutoring	program?
yes_	no	If yes,	desci	ribe how:	
				<del></del>	

## APPENDIX B

# OBSERVER TRAINING GUIDE

#### Appendix B

#### OBSERVER TRAINING GUIDE

#### HOME VISITS

Ten observation visits will be made to each home over a period of three months. Other visits will be made before, during and after this time to collect other information important to this study.

Observers are to prearrange these visits with the mothers, scheduling times which are (a) convenient and (b) sample different times of day in the homes. After arriving the observer should spend a brief period, approximately 10-15 minutes, speaking with the mother, inquiring about the child's health and noting the general setting. In particular, short notes should be made on the following:

- (a) mother and child's apparent health
- (b) location of observation;Kitchen, living room, etc.
- (c) who else was present
- (d) background sound; T, radio, etc.
- (e) starting time

Any changes (other than time) that occur during the first observation period (20 minutes) should be noted during the intervals between and at the end of the observation periods, (see Sample 1). After the final observation period a brief note should be made as to the observer's opinion about the

interactions that occurred during the entire session with emphasis on (i) quantity, (ii) quality (i.e. positive versus negative), (iii) appropriateness (i.e. if child and/or mother were "cuing in" to one another's communication attempts.

#### **OBSERVATION PERIODS** -

Naturally occurring activities of mother and child are to be recorded as per the categories and qualifiers described in this Appendix. Each recording session will be twenty minutes long with three sessions being recorded per home visit. Pre, post and between observation notes are to be recorded as indicated earlier.

Behaviors of mother and child which occur simultaneously are to be written on the same horizontal line in the recording book; sequential behaviors are to be written on alternate lines. Every 20 seconds, at the sound of a timer in an inconspicuous earphone, the observer will make a horizontal mark on the notebook line. Any single behavior is to be written only once in a ten second period unless it is interrupted by another behavior and then resumed. A continuous behavior is to be indicated by a vertical line for as many time periods as it continues. Sample two represents a sample page of such recording.

## MOTHER BEHAVIORS

Name	Code	Descriptions
Expressive Positive	Ex +	M smiles, laughs, hugs, kisses, cuddles, praises, encourages C.
Expressive Negative	Ex -	restrains, shouts, reprimands, punishes, indicates disapproval.
Demonstration	Dem.	shows, guides, prompts, visually demonstrates
Stimulation	Stim.	gives toys, materials
Questions	Q	asks questions to C.
Informing	Inf.	labels, informs, tells about
Expansion	XP	clarifies, develops ideas, adds descriptions
Attn. Seeking	AS	calls, gestures, pulls C, seeks C's attention
Directing	Dir.	gives directions, tells what to do

## CHILD BEHAVIORS

Name	Code	Descriptions
Expressive Positive	Ex +	C smiles, laughs, hugs, Kisses cuddles, holds M.
Expressive Negative	Ex -	<pre>pushes away, resists, turns head (body), cries, screams</pre>
Imitation	Im.	mimics verbal or non-verbal cues of mother
Plays with Materials	P1.	manipulates, holds, uses toys and/or objects
Responds	RSP	physical, verbal or non-verbal response and/or compliance with mother's directions
Questions	, <b>Q</b>	asks, shows supplement or need for clarification
Informs	Inf.	labels, informs, tells about
Attn. S <del>ee</del> King	AS	calls, gestures, pulls, seeks M's attention

## OTHER CATEGORIES OF COMMUNICATION

N/C

no communication is occurring between child and others which can fit into any of the above categories

Ot/Sib/Fa

these categories will indicate communication with others, siblings or father

#### MODES OF COMMUNICATION

Communication mode is to be indicated for each time interval. In situations where most communication is in one mode this can be indicated in the initial description of the environment and any use of other modes can be noted as they occur.

#### MODES:

Oral (0): Speech and/or any type of vocalization

Manual (M): formal sign language and/or

fingerspelling

Total Communication (TC): combination of M and D modes simultaneously

Gesture (G): natural gestures which are relatively easily understood in the context of a particular situation (for example, waving

"bye-bye").

#### MOTHER BEHAVIORS

#### Expressive Positive:

Mother smiles or laughs at or with child; mother hugs, kisses, caresses, fondles, ruffles hair or cuddles child, praises child and/or encourages child to continue.

#### Expressive Negative:

Mother restrains baby's activity physically and deliberately; mother physically or verbally punishes child; mother takes away objects from child, shows disapproval including frowns and other non-verbal gestures such as shaking finger.

#### Demonstration:

Mother physically guides or prompts infant at a task, shows a child how a task should be performed. Repeated (more than once@in ten second interval) demonstrations of signs and/or lip movements are included.

#### Stimulates with Materials:

Mother introduces child to activities with toys, books, or any type of materials that can be physically manipulated. T.V. is not included but should be indicated when describing setting.

#### Question:

Mother asks child a question. Intent of response is

not to be interpreted here and all questions are to be coded.

## Informing: •

All mother's communication which refers to the environment directed toward child. Labelling, giving information about objects, toys, people, the child.

## Expansion:

Mother clarifies, builds upon or develops ideas <u>generated to and/or by the child</u>. At least one other description, other than label, must be added by mom to consider being coded in this category.

Eg: Child: (points to TV) "Doggie!"

Mother: "Yes, doggie" (Coded informing)

"Doggie is brown" (Expansion,

i.e. one more description

other than label)

## Attention Seeking:

Mother tries to attract child's attention by calling, vocalizing, gesturing, pulling. Other physical gestures such as turning on and off lights (common with deaf families) or stamping floor are included).

## Directing:

Mother gives child directions as to tasks he is to

Eg: "Put your clothes away"

"Bring me your slippers"

Negative directions are to be coded as expressive negative:

Eg: "Don't put your toys on the table"

#### INFANT BEHAVIORS

## Expressive Positive:

Child smiles or laughs at or with mother; child hugs, kisses, holds or cuddles mother.

## Expressive Negative:

Child pushes away from mother, resists mother, ignores mother by turning head or self, cries, screams, yells, shrieks. All other indicators of disapproval such as hitting, kicking, pouting are included.

#### Imitation:

Child's immediate response to mother's verbal or non-verbal behaviors. This includes imitation of lip movements, verbalizations, mimics and/or signs.

## Plays with materials:

Child manipulates or examines any object and/or toy. Includes helping mother with chores such as baking or cleaning house.

#### Response:

Child physically, verbally or non-verbally responds to directions from mother (followed within 10

seconds). This category includes responses to requests or directions and not imitations of behaviors.

eg: Mom "Put book on shelf" (direction)

- (1) Child (puts book on shelf) response
- (2) Child (throws book on floor) response. expressive negative
- (3) Child doesn't move so mother puts book away and then returns to child who puts it away (imitation) for child and preceded by demonstration by mother).

This category also includes responses, including non-verbal compliance to "expressive negative" acts of mother.

eg: "Stop putting the sugar in that bowl" (MOTHER)

(CHILD) Stops her actions.

#### Questions:

Child asks mother a question; shows mother object for clarification (shows definite look of puzzlement).

eg: Child points to object with

puzzled look (questions)

Mother says "that's a pig" (informing)

Mother says "the pig is fat" (expanding)

## Informing:

All child's communication which refers to environment directed towards mother. Labelling, giving information about objects, toys, people. This category doe's not include imitation.

## Attention Seeking:

Child tries to attract mother's attention by \alpha calling, vocalizing, gesturing, pulling. Expressive negatives are not included in this category.

#### SAMPLE 1

#### HOME VISIT SCHEDULE SAMPLE

9:00 a.m.

-arrive at home

-chat with mother and child

-write brief description of mother, child and setting (eg. mom is cleaning upand washing dishes, child on floor playing with crayons and paper; both appear in good health, mom indicates that child has been well all week.

Location - Kitchen; no others present. Television is on in living room.

Observation starting time 9:14

#### 20 minute observation

-Brief description of setting and happenings (eg. mom finished dishes and moved to living room with child to watch cartoons on TV. Mom was using TV extensively to teach new signs to child.

#### 20 minute observation

-Child watching TV and mom cleaning living room. Less interaction now although child is using some signs to indicate objects on TV.

#### 20 minute observation

-Child and mom moved back and forth from living room to kitchen to get snack for child. More interaction during this session. Mom appears to pick up most of childs cues for needs and/or conversation. Very little negative interaction during these sessions and the majority of time seemed to involve some type of interaction between the two. Observation ended at 10:35

#### SAMPLE 2

#### OCCASION

Mother and child are in the kitchen. Mother smiles at the child, giving him a toy and explaining in sign and verbal language what it is. Child takes and plays with toy while Mother repeats what it is for a short period. Mother asks what the toy is and child tells her in sign and smiles. Mother labels toy (twice and child imitates). Mother labels toy and adds an adjective (blue) or expands. Child responds by imitating Mother in total communication. Mother tells child to put toy away and the child follows her directions by doing it (responds). Child asks what the other toy on the shelf is (questions) and Mother (informs) him that it is a truck.

MOTHER	CHILD
Ex +. Stim., Inf. (TC)	
(	P1.
Inf. (TC)	
Inf. (TC)	
Q (TC)	
	Inf. (M), Ex+
Inf. (TC)	
<b>*</b>	Im. (TC)
Inf. (TC)	
	Im. (TC)
Inf., XP (TC)	
	Im. (TC)
Dir. (TC)	
	RSP
	Q (G)
Inf. (TC)	

## APPENDIX C

ATTITUDES TOWARDS DEAF PERSONS QUESTIONNAIRE

FORM A AND FORM B

#### Appendix C

# ATTITUDES TOWARDS DEAF PERSONS QUESTIONNAIRE ATDP SCALE - FORM A

#### ATDP SCALE

Read each statement and put an "X" in the appropriate column on the answer sheet. Do not make any marks on the sheets. Please answer every question.

- 1. Deaf people are often unfriendly.
- Deaf people should not have to compete for jobs with hearing people.
- Deaf people are more emotional than other people.
- Most deaf persons are more self-conscious than other people.
- We should expect just as much from deaf as from hearing persons.
- Deaf workers cannot be as successful as other workers.
- Deaf people usually do not make much of a contribution to society.
- Most hearing people would not want to marry anyone who is deaf.
- 9. Deaf people show as much enthusiasm as other people.

PAGE 2	ATDP SCALE FORM A
₹ 10.	Deaf persons are usually more sensitive than other
	people.
11.	Profoundly deaf persons are usually untidy.
12.	Most deaf people feel that they are as good as other
	people.
13.	The driving test given to a deaf person should be
	more severe than that given to the hearing person.
14.	Deaf people are usually sociable.
15.	Deaf persons usually are not as conscientious as
	hearing people.
16.	Profoundly deaf persons probably worry more about
	their health than those who have minor hearing loss.
17.	Most deaf persons are not dissatisfied with
	themselves.
18.	There are more misfits among deaf persons than among
	hearing persons.
19.	Most deaf persons do not get discouraged easily.
20.	Most deaf persons resent hearing people.
21.	Deaf children should compete with hearing children.
22.	Most deaf persons can take care of themselves.
23.	It would be best if deaf persons would live and work
	with hearing persons.
24.	Most deaf people are just as ambitious as hearing
	persons.
25.	Deaf people are just as self-confident as other
	neon le

PAGE 3	ATDP SCALE	FORM A
26.	Most deaf persons want more affection	and praise 🦚
	than other people.	•
27.	Deaf persons are often less intelligen ones.	t thamPhearing
28.	Most deaf people are different from he	aring people.
29.	Deaf persons don't want any more sympa people.	thy than other
30.	The way deaf people act is irritating.	

#### ATDP - FORM B

#### ATDP SCALE

Read each statement and put an"X" in the appropriate column on the answer sheet. Dot not make any marks on the question sheets. Please answer every question.

- 1. Deaf persons are usually friendly.
- People who are deaf should not have to pay income taxes.
- 3. Deaf people are no more emotional than other people.
- 4. Deaf persons can have a normal social life.
- Most deaf persons have a chip on their shoulder.
- $_{c}$  6. Deaf workers can be as successful as other workers.
  - 7. Very few deaf persons are ashamed of their disability.
  - 8. Most people feel uncomfortable when they associate with deaf people.
  - Deaf people show less enthusiasm than hearing people.
  - 10. Deaf people do not become upset any more easily than hearing people.
  - Deaf people are often less aggressive than hearing people.
  - 12. Most deaf persons get married and have children.

PAGE	2	ATDP SCALE	FORM B
13.		Most deaf persons do not worry any more	than anyone
		else.	
14.		Employers should not bee allowed to fire	deaf
		employees.	
15.		Deaf people are not as happy as hearing	ones.
16.		Profoundly deaf people are harder to get	along with
		than are those with minor hearing loss.	1
17.		Most deaf people expect special treatmen	t.
18.		Deaf persons should not expect to lead n	ormal lives.
19.		Most deaf people tend to get discouraged	easily.
20.		The worst thing that could happen to a p	erson would
		be for him to be deaf.	
21.		Deaf children should not have to compete	with
		hearing children.	
22.		Most deaf people do not feel sorry for t	hemselves.
23.		Most deaf people prefer to work with oth	er deaf
		people.	
24.		Most deaf persons are not as ambitious a	s other
•		people.	
25.	•	Deaf persons are not as self-confident a	s hearing
		persons.	
26.		Most deaf persons don't want more affect	ion and
		praise than other people.	
27.		It would be best if a deaf person would	marry
		another deaf person.	
28.		Most deaf people do not need special att	ention.

PAGE 3

#### ATDP SCALE

FORM B

- 29. Deaf persons want sympathy more than other people.
- 30. Most deaf persons have different personalities than hearing persons.

## APPENDIX D

THE BROWN PARENT ATTITUDE SCALE
YOUR CHILD THIRTY YEARS FROM NOW

#### Appendix D

## THE BROWN PARENT ATTITUDE SCALE

## YOUR CHILD THIRTY YEARS FROM NOW

What will your child be doing thirty years from now? Knowing your child, you may be able to make some good guesses. Place an (X) in the column which indicates the degree of chance you feel there is that the statement will be a true description of your child thirty years from now.

		Very Good Chance	Fairly Good Chance	Some Chance	A Little Chance	No Chance At All
1.	Will be a colleg graduate	)e				
2.	Will have speech that is easily understood by most people.	)				
3.	Will read at about fifth or sixth grade level or below					
4.	Will use sign language as his preferred means of communication	·				
5.	Will have more deaf friends that hearing friends	n			,	
6.	Will be active in PTA, Rotary, Kiwanis or other similar organizations		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
7.	Will know neighbours well			······································		

8.	Will be thought of as having normal hearing by people who meet him
9.	Will have graduated from a regular high school
10.	Will drive a car
11.	Will depend on speech reading more than on his hearing
12.	Will be married to a person with normal hearing
13.	Will be employed in a semi-skilled or skilled job rather than a profession
14.	Will be close to his brothers and sisters
15.	Will have difficulty in using English correctly
16.	Will be in good health
17.	Will use both oral and manual communication
18.	Will keep in touch with me
19.	Will belong to organizations of deaf and hard of hearing

# APPENDIX E

PARENTAL CONSENT FORM

#### Appendix E

## PARENTAL CONSENT FORM

March 23, 1981.

Dear Parents:

Attached you will find two forms. One is a consent form so that I may collect the necessary audiological, medical and educational data from your child's files either at the preschool he/she may attend and/or the respective hospital that he/she goes to for examinations. This information is necessary so as to determine amount of hearing loss (if any), type of aids used etc., as well as information on the child's development from birth.

The second form will enable you, as parents, to give me much of the necessary data. I would appreciate it if you could fill this out as accurately as possible. I realize that it appears long but much of it can be done with a yes or no answer so should not take too much of your time.

I sincerely appreciate your co-operation and especially your patience in this matter. Please return the forms to your observer at your earliest convenience.

Sincerely,

Douglas E. Anderson.

March 19, 1981.

Child's Name:

Birthdate:

I hereby give Douglas E. Anderson permission to obtain and use audiological, medical and educational data on my child for the purposes of his research study. I understand that this data data will be used solely for research purposes and that family names will be kept confidential.

Parent or Guardian

APPENDIX F

RESULTS

#### Appendix F

#### Results

Results of the study will be presented in several sections: (A) description of the sample; (B) general results from the Leiter International Performance Scale; (C) analysis of the Attitude Towards Disabled Persons (modified for deaf) questionnaire information; (D) analysis of the Brown Parent Attitude Scale results; (E) analysis of the H.O.M.E. Scale results and (F) analysis of the Parent Child Observation results. A final summary of the inter-relationships among the various measures will also be given.

## A. Description of the Sample

Nine mother-child dyads participated in the study, constituting five separate groups. A demographic description of each child, in each group, is provided to enhance the reader's understanding of the groups as they are presented in the various tables and discussions further in this chapter. Each dyad is described in terms of the hearing status of the mother first (i.e.) hearing or deaf (H or D) and the hearing status of the child second. One further subscript is used to differentiate the 'oral' dyad which is described as H/Do (hearing mother, deaf child - oral approach).

## Group One (D-D)

Group One consisted of two dyads of deaf mothers and deaf children. Both children had profound hearing losses and were diagnosed and fitted with hearing aids before one year of age. Total communication was the advocated mode of communication in both homes. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

#### Group Two (H-D)

Group Two consisted of two dyads of hearing mothers with deaf children who advocated a total communication approach in the home. Both children had profound hearing losses and were fitted with hearing aids at twelve and fifteen months of age respectively. Both children had pre-natal and/or birth irregularities possibly related to the etiology of deafness. One child was exposed to mother's glue sniffing during pregnancy while another child was born three-and-one half months premature and suffered a lack of oxygen at birth. This latter child was also legally blind at birth, although corrective glasses have enabled her to see well enough to sign, read signs, and manoeuver around the house without much difficulty. Mother three of this group, although advocating a total communication approach in the home, used this approach for only about half of her communications. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dvads.

Group Three (H-Do)

Group Three consisted of one dyad with a hearing mother and a deaf child who used oral communication in the home. This child had a moderate hearing loss and was not diagnosed and fitted with hearing aids until two-and-one-half years of age. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on this dyad.

#### Group Four (D-H)

Group four consisted of two dyads of deaf mothers and hearing children. Total communication was the advocated mode of communication in both homes and both children could express themselves fluently, verbally and through sign. One of these children, of family six, was the only child with no preschool and/or structured intervention experience. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

Group Five (H-H)

Group Five consisted of two dyads of hearing mothers with hearing children, using verbal English as their communication mode in the home. Tables 2 and 3 present all other descriptive data on these dyads.

#### B. The Leiter International Performance Scale

The mental age levels as well as corresponding IQ scores for each child are presented in Table 2. There was no reason to believe these scores to be inaccurate, except possibly in the case of child 4 who has some rather serious visual problems, and considering the visual acuity needed for this test, the results may be somewhat deflated. All

other children reacted normally in the testing situation producing a range of scores from 56 to 140, with an overall mean score of 109.2. Table 2 presents each child's scores as well as a cross reference with other descriptive data.

# C. Attitudes Towards Disabled Persons (Modified for Deaf) Questionnaire (ATDP)

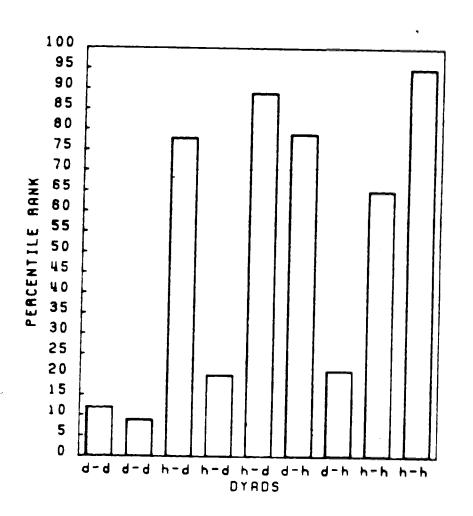
The attitude scores and corresponding percentile ranks for both testing times are presented as mean percentiles. across times in Table 9. From these, it can be seen that the mothers in the study have vastly different attitudes towards deaf people, ranging from a mean percentile rank of 9 to a mean percentile of 95. Figure 1 graphically presents these results for each family in the study. ATDP scores may be interpreted as reflecting either the subjects perceiving the deaf as basically the same as, or different from the hearing; a high score indicates the perception of the deaf as being similar to the hearing, while a low score indicates the perception of dissimilarity between the deaf and the hearing. The perception of differences in characteristics of, and treatment of the deaf might be interpreted as rejection of the deafy or prejudice. At the same time, this scale may indicate the degree of positive and negative stereotyping in the hearing person's attitudes towards deaf people. Beyond these points, Yuker et.al (1970) points out that the respondent who is deaf and who perceives deaf people as different from hearing people, may be projecting

TABLE 9

MATERNAL ATTITUDES, EXPECTATIONS AND ACCEPTANCE REGARDING THE DEAF

					FAMILY					
	(0-0)	(0-0)	а (н-р)	(0-н))	(н-bo)	(P-0)	7 (H-0)	(H-H)	• <del>H</del>	ētx ò
Attitudes . Towards Deaf People (X X-11e)	21	on .	377.5	20	60 80	67	3.1		is on	
Brown Parent Attitude Scale (X)	74	· <b>Q</b>	92	<b>6</b> 2			<b>9</b>	<b>19</b>	8	. <b>2</b>
Parental Acceptance Of Deafiness (X)	<b>9</b>	0	<b>6</b> <b>6</b>	22	ç					, 7

FIGURE 1
ATTITUDES TOWARDS DEAF PERSONS SCALE



•

his attitude toward himself. In this sense the ATDP may represent a measure of the deaf person's self-concept.

\*

Considering these points, it is important to note the hearing status of both mother and child when reviewing the ATDP scores. Five mothers, four hearing and one deaf, scored between the 65th and 95th percentile, indicating a relatively high degree of acceptance of the deaf as being the same as hearing people. Three of these mothers had hearing children, while two mothers had deaf children. The other four mother's mean ATDP scores ranged from the 9th to the 21st percentile, indicating a relatively low degree of acceptance of the deaf as being the same as hearing people. Three of these mothers were deaf and one was hearing, while three of the children were also deaf and one was hearing. Inessence, 80 percent of the hearing mothers scored significantly positive attitudes towards deaf persons, while 75 percent of the deaf mothers scored significantly negative attitudes toward deaf persons. The former group would indicate that they see deaf people as being basically the same as hearing people, while the latter would indicate the perception of significant differences between deaf and hearing persons, and a high probability of low self-concept among these mothers.

In a similar study with school aged children and their mothers, Corson (1973), using an opinion scale like the ATDP, also found that deaf parents expressed a significantly negative opinion about deafness compared to their hearing

counterparts. Specifically, the deaf parents in Corson's study were more negative in areas described as:

## (a) generalized rejection:

...implies a generalized negative orientation towards the deaf, a derogatory image of their ability and appearance, disturbance in empathic relations and reluctance to interact. Segregation of the deaf from those who can hear is advocated. (pp. 56).

and

## (b) inferred emotional consequences:

...a view of the deaf person's character and emotional state as unpleasantly warped by his condition. Perceived maladjustment, irritability, self-consciousness and hypersensivitity as well as perceived willfull misunderstanding on the part of deaf persons, are other aspects of the factor. (pp. 56).

Although these conditions are not specifically implied within the ATDP scales, Yuker et al (1970), in discussing the implications of the ATDP scores, do emphasize the importance of low scores by persons affected by the disability. Yuker and his colleagues discuss these low scores in terms of poor self-concept, providing a more generalized agreement with Corson's (1973) later work.

### D. Brown Parent Attitude Scale

The mean scores of parental expectation as determined by the Brown Parent Attitude Scale among all families are presented in Table 9.

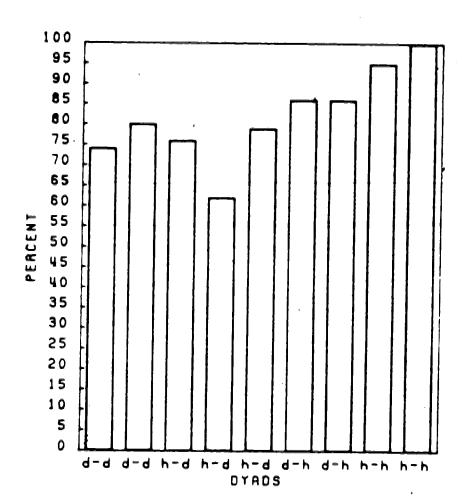
Expectations of hearing parents with hearing children constitute the highest scores, while deaf parents with hearing children have the next highest expectations. All parents with deaf children scored below the mean, while hearing parents with deaf children had the lowest mean score of expectation. The range of scores was from 62 to 100 percent, with a mean of 82 percent. Figure 2 graphically presents these results for each family in the study.

In order to compare the results of this scale with Corson's (1973) work, a further analysis of the scale was made so as to reflect a parental acceptance factor as discussed in earlier chapters. Table 9 presents the result of parental replies to selected questions clarifying what Corson (1973) describes as the components of the parental acceptance of deafness within the Brown Scale.

answer, deaf parents of deaf children showed markedly different replies than hearing parents of deaf children. The one hearing parent of a deaf child using the oral communication method showed a lower score than either of the other groups. Mean converted scores ranged from 40 to 96 percent with an overall mean score of 71 percent. Figure 3 graphically presents these results for each family in the study.

As a group, deaf parents were more receptive than hearing parents to the idea that their children will use sign language as their preferred means of communication,

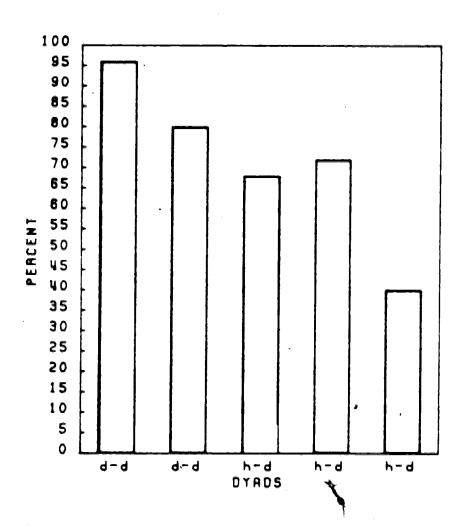
FIGURE 2
.
BROWN PARENT ATTITUDE SCALE



′ -

FIGURE 3

. ACCEPTANCE OF DEAFNESS IN FAMILIES WITH DEAF CHILDREN



will have more deaf friends than hearing friends, will be married to a person with non-normal hearing, will have difficulty in using English correctly and will use both oral and manual communication. The deaf parents scores were 80 to 96 percent respectively, with a mean of 88 percent. The hearing parents of deaf children using a total communication approach were moderately receptive to these questions, scoring many answers in the 'mid point' category, with total acceptance scores of 68 and 72 percent respectively and an overall mean of 70 percent. The hearing parent of a deaf child using oral communication was not receptive to these questions, with an overall acceptance score of 40 percent, indicating values closer to those of hearing parents with hearing children.

The overall results of the Brown Parent Attitude Scale support two overriding trends found in Corson's (1973) work:

- a. Parents with hearing children, and parents with deaf children who use 'oral' communication methods tend to have higher expectations for their children than deaf and hearing parents using a total communication approach with their deaf children.
- b. Deaf parents of deaf children have significantly more positive acceptance towards deafness than do hearing parents of deaf children.

Further to this, the 'oral' mother in this study also showed a marked negative acceptance when compared to either of the two other groups measured on acceptance.

## E. Home Observation for Measurement of the Environment (H.O.M.E.) Scale

Due to the age range of the children involved, both versions of the H.O.M.E. scale were necessary. Raw scores, percentile bands and total scores expressed in percentages are presented for each family in Tables 10 and 11. All families were rated in the mid to upper percentile bands in the majority of categories. Two families scored in the bottom tenth percentile in one subscale each, while three other families scored in the lower 25th percentile band, also in one subscale each. Total percentage scores ranged from 71 percent to 91 percent, all in the upper 25th percentile band, with an overall mean percentage score of 81 percent.

## F. Parent Child Observation Results Interaction Time

Mothers and children in this study spent an average of 98 percent of the La time together during observation sessions. Although the children often left the room for brief periods, any separation of more than 2 minutes resulted in the observer stopping the observation and resuming when the child returned. Cases where observations

TABLE 10
HOME OBSERVATION AND MEASUREMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT
(BIRTH TO THREE YEARS)

	(0-0) Rew Score	(0-0) X-110	H-D)	H-0)	(H-D)	(H-D) X-11e Band	6 (D-H)	6 (D-H) X-+10	Rev Score	(H-H)
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Avoidance of Restrin	w	D O	ψ	# 00 00	6	100	٠	Upper 25	٢	Upper 25
Organizin	е	Lover 10	ø	Upper 25	٠	Upper 25	•	Upper 25	ø	Upper 25
IV Appropr. Play	,	<u> </u>	•	Upper 25	õ	upper 01	•	₽ <b>2</b>	( •	Upper 25
v Maternal Invivat	•	<b>1</b> 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	~	Lower 25	. •	nedgy 10	•	<b>E</b> 0	•	E C
VI Opport's. For Var in Stim.	<b>7</b>	# 00 00	•	Upper 25	uo ·	upper 10	•	Upper 25	a	D O
Total	32	Upper 25	38	Upper 25	Q	2 E	35	Upper 25	38	Upper 25
Total X	7.1		7.8		80	İ	78		87	

HOME DESERVATION AND MEASUREMENT OF THE ENVIRONMENT (THREE TO SIX YEARS)

Core					FAMILY				
No.		2	2	s	s	7	1		0
Score   Band   Score   Band   Score   Band   Score		(0-0)	(0-0)	(H-Do)	(H-D0)	(H-0)	(H-Q)	(H-H)	(H-H)
Score         Band         Score         Band         Score         Band         Score           Stim.         8         Mid.         8         Mid.         7         Mid.         7           Toys.         50         80         50         80         7         Mid.         7           Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.         7           IV         11         Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.         7           IV         11         Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.         7           IV         10         50         Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.           VI         VI         Upper         5         Mid.         6         Upper         5         Upper         6         Upper         6         Upper         6         Upper         6         Mid.         7         Mid.         7         Mid.         6         Upper         6		) 2	X-11•	<b>20</b>	×- = -×	E .	X-11•	Rev	X-11e
Stian   B   Nid   B   Nid   B   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S   S		Score	Band	Score	<b>B</b>	Score	Bend	Score	
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11	Through Tove	•		•	5	>	9		Ş
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7 Hid. 7 Hid. 7 Hid. 7  Nid. 7 Hid. 7  Nid. 80  1 Upper 8 Hid. 9  1 Upper 9  2 Hid. 9  2 Hid. 9  4 Hid. 4 Upper 5  8 Hid. 4  4 Hid. 4  80  80  80  80  80  80  80  80  80  8							4		
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7 Mid. 7 Mid. 7 Mid. 7  10 Upper 5 Mid. 5 Mid. 6  1 Upper 6 Mid. 6  1 Lover 3  2 Upper 7 Mid. 6  3 Upper 7 Mid. 7  4 Mid. 4 Mid. 3 Mid. 4  50 50  50 60  6 Upper 6 50  6 Wid. 90  7 Upper 7  8 Mid. 4 Mid. 3 Mid. 4  80 50  80 50  80 7  80 80  80 7  80 80  8	Stimulation				2		2		8
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7 Upper 5 Mid. 5 Mid. 6  4 Upper 4 Upper 5 Upper 5  3 Upper 2 Mid. 1 Lover 3  4 Mid. 4 Lover 5 Mid. 7  5 Mid. 4 Lover 5 Mid. 7  6 Wid. 4 Lover 5 Mid. 7  6 Upper 5 5 Mid. 7  6 Upper 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	Environment		ŝ		2		2		S
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	Total	46	Upper 25	1.	Upper 25	42	Upper 25	ŝ	edd)
	, i e e C L	à							

continued were when the child was being cared for by another person, including siblings, which constituted 2 percent of the time overall, with a range of 0 - 8 percent across the families.

Considering the high proportion of time mother and child spent together, it is interesting that the overall mean interaction time was 53 percent (range 18% - 77%). Interaction time does not include play time by the child unless some other form of communication was simultaneously taking place. Table 12 presents the relative proportions of total interaction time for each individual family. Group times were not considered meaningful due to the large differences in interaction times between families within the same group, particularly Groups 2, 4, and 5.

The opposite of interaction time was no communication which was defined as a complete 20 second interval in which there were no communicative acts, other than play, either one way or reciprocal, taking place. The mean overall time for no communication was 47 percent (range 23% - 88%). These relative proportions are also shown in Table 12.

#### Interaction Events

Mother's communication events across families ranged, from 38.8 per session to 284.5 per session with an overall mean of 115.5 per observation session. In all cases except one, mothers constituted the higher percentage of communication between themselves and their children. The range was from 52 percent to 76.4 percent. The one exception

TABLE 12 INTERACTION TIME

Tot. Intrn					FAI	FAMILY		٦			
52.8 51.7 18.3 76.7 59.5 73.3 46.5 36.5 64.3   61.61 56.7 64.4 76.4 52.0 54.7 55.6 62.2 47.7   '38.9 43.4 32.6 23.7 46.0 45.3 44.4 37.8 52.3   160.2 125.2 38.8 23.5 170.5 213.5 149.1 68 6 112.5 1   99.8 95.8 18.8 88.1 157.3 177.1 119.2 42.3 123.4 1   47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 54.4 64.4    61. 57 45.3 110 76 119 88 41 140    291.4 36.2 44.2 33.0 28.3 27.7 30.5 23.6 21.3    1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 2		(0-0)	(0-0)	(£-0)	(H-D)	9 (H-Do)	(H-0)	(H-0)	(H-H)	(H-H)	l×
61.61 56.7 64.4 76.4 52.0 54.7 55.6 62.2 477 '38.9 43.4 32.6 23.7 48.0 45.3 44.4 37.8 52.3  160.2 125.2 38.8 234.5 170.5 213.5 148.1 68.6 112.5 1  47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 54.4 64.4  47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 54.4 64.4  47.2 48.3 33.0 28.3 27.7 30.6 23.6 21.3  1 1 1 0 2 1/2 5 0 0 0	Tot. Int'n Time (X)	52.8	7.18	<b>1</b>	76.7	\$0 85	73.3	8.8	· 65	2.3	53.1
196.9 43.4 32.6 23.7 46.0 45.3 44.4 37.8 52.3 160.2 125.2 38.8 234.5 170.5 213.5 148.1 66.6 112.5 1 177.1 119.2 42.3 123.4 1 147.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 84.4 64.4 10.0 12.5 1 18.5 118	•Intra- dyad	61.61	56.7	7.73	76.4	52.0	5. 7.	99 90	62,2	47.7	9
160.2 125.2 38.8 234.5 170.5 213.6 149.1 68.6 112.6 1  89.8 95.8 18.8 88.1 157.3 177.1 119.2 42.3 123.4 1  47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 54.4 64.4  81 57 45 118 76 119 88 41 140  29.4 36.2 44.2 33.0 26.3 27.7 30.8 33.6 21.3  1 1 1 1 0 2 26.3 27.7 30.8 33.6 21.3  58 10 12 12 12 18 38 47 33 18 28	Int'n (M/C %)	*36.9	43.4	32.6	23.7	0	48.3	7 77	37.8	52.3	40
89.8 95.8 18.8 84.1 157.3 177.1 119.2 42.3 123.4 1 47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 54.4 64.4 (***)  81 57 45 116 76 119 86 41 140  29!4 36.2 44.2 33.0 26.3 27.7 30.6 23.6 21.3  1 1 1 0 0 2 1/2 5 0 0 0	•* Int'n Events (M)	160.2	125.2	38.8	234.5	170.5	213.5	1.041	9 89	12.5	147.1
47.2 48.3 81.7 23.3 40.6 26.7 84.4 64.4 (**)  81 57 45 118 76 119 88 41 140  2914 38.2 44.2 33.0 28.3 27.7 30.6 23.6 21.3  1 1 1 0 2 1/2 5 0 0	** Int'n Events (C)	<b>8</b> 9	98.8		<b>1</b>	157.3	. 177.1	119.2	42 3	123.4	102
29'4 39.2 44.2 33.0 26.3 27.7 30.6 21.3 1 1 1 0 0 2 1/2 5 0 0 0	Communic'n	47.2	E. <b>4</b>	1.1	23.3	<b>9</b> .0	26.7	4.40	3	•	97
29'4 36.2 44.2 33.0 28.3 27.7 30.6 33.6 21.3 1 1 1 0 0 2 1/2 5 0 0  58 10 12 12 98 47 33 18 28 28	•X Length Int'n Bouts (sec.)	, <b>6</b>	50	ů.	= ,	, •	<u>.</u>	=	7	<u>.</u>	0.0
1 1 1 0 2 1/2 5 0 0 0 1 1/2 5 0 0 0 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	*X Length Play (atn.)	2914	30.2	<b>.</b>	33.0	26.3	7.72	30.	33.6	21.3	31.6
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\*These rows 2-7 are expressed in units per observation session.

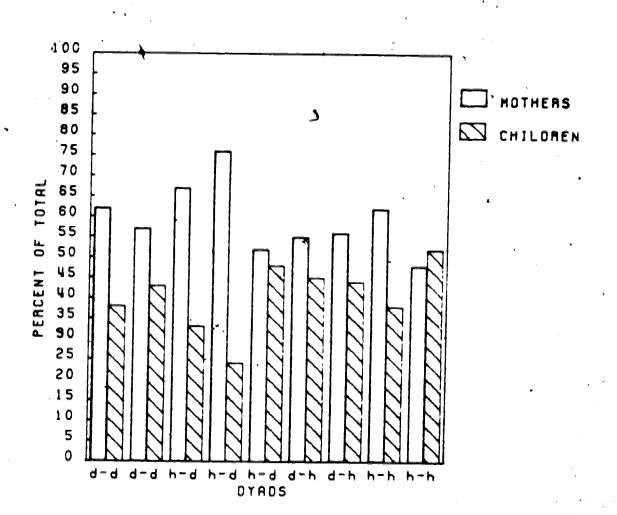
contributed 47.7 percent to the overall communication between herself and her child. Figure 4 graphically presents the Mitra/dyad interaction percentages for each family in the study.

Children's communication events across families ranged from 18.8 per session to 177.1 per session with an overall mean of 102.4 per observation. Children's percentage contributions to the interaction between them and their mothers ranged from 23.7 percent to 52.3 percent. Table 12 presents the relative proportions of total communication events across families. As with interaction time, the stability within groups, especially groups 2, 4 and 5 is certainly questionable, making mean group proportions somewhat meaningless.

Within the groups with deaf children, the children with hearing mothers advocating total communication, had the least number of communication events per session while the 'oral' child had the highest number of events per session. Also within these groups, the 'oral' mother had the second highest number of events per session. The hearing mothers with deaf children ranged, considerably, from lowest to highest events per session and also showed the highest discrepancy in percentage contribution to the interaction process between themselves and their children. Deaf mothers with deaf children both scored above the mean number of interaction events per session while their children scored just slightly below the mean.

FIGURE 4

## INTRA-DYAD INTERACTION



Within the two groups with hearing children, the dyads with deaf mothers, overall, had more communication events per session than dyads with hearing mothers.

Overall, deaf parents, regardless of the hearing status of their children, averaged 27 more communication events per observation session than hearing parents. In contrast, hearing children, regardless of the hearing status of their parents, averaged 23 more communication events per session than the deaf children of this study. Table 12 presents the relative proportions of interaction events per session and displays the wide range of scores affecting the various, groups discussed.

#### Bout Length

Interaction bouts are defined as periods of time that mother and/or child are involved in some form of communicative act with the other and are not interrupted by a period of more than twenty seconds of no communication. The mean length of bouts across families ranged from 41 to 140 seconds with an overall mean of 85 seconds. As with the other descriptive measures of interaction time, the mean bout length showed little consistency within groups. Group four, deaf mothers with hearing children, was the only group with both scores consistent relative to the mean. All other groups with pairs had one score above and one below the mean. Table 12 presents the mean bout length, in seconds, for each family.

While no other consistencies within groups were found, the mean bout length did correlate significantly (p<.01, r=.82) with the amount of time each dyad had in communication. Families who interacted more also interacted for longer periods without stopping.

#### Media

Television was a frequent accompaniment to child and maternal activities in seven of the nine homes. The two other families did not use the television ever during observation visits but did use the radio for a mean length of time of twelve minutes per session. The families using television ranged from 10 minutes to 58 minutes per session, with an overall mean across the seven families of 36 minutes per observation session. Table 12 presents the mean length of time media was used for each family per observation session.

Interestingly, the group not using television at all was the hearing mothers with deaf children, while the hearing mothers with hearing children used it sparingly ( $\overline{x}$ =23 min.). One hearing mother used the television extensively ( $\overline{x}$ =58 min.), but overall, hearing mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, used the television for a mean time of 21 minutes. The deaf mothers, however, regardless of the hearing status of their children, used the television for a mean time of 37 minutes per observation session, 62 percent of the time as compared to 35 percent of the time by hearing mothers.

## Interaction Behaviours - Percentages and Proportions

Table 13 presents the frequencies and percentages of each mother behavior, while Table 14 presents the same data for each child in the study. Table 14 does not include play as one of the child's behaviors, since it was not considered interactive with mother, by itself. However, it is included in Table 12 and is displayed as a function of time mather than event, because of its relative continuity compared to other, more interactive events. Frequencies are included in Tables 13 and 14, to more accurately display interactive events of mother and child relative to the group as a whole.

Overall, mothers and children interacted for a mean time of 31.9 minutes per one hour observation session. In that time, mothers averaged one hundred and fifteen interactive events, while children had an overall mean event score of 102.4. Across all families mothers accounted for a mean of 59.4 percent of the reciprocal interaction between themselves and their children, and children accounted for a mean of 40.6 percent.

Total events across all observation sessions ranged from 388 to 2135 for mothers and 488 to 1771 for children.

Total time spent interacting, not including solitary play, ranged from 110 minutes to 460 minutes. Other time was non-interactive between mother and child and included solitary play time for the child.

#### (i) Mother's Behaviors

7

					FAMILY			-		١
	(0-0)	(0-0)	(H-D)	(H-D)	(9a-H)	9 (H-Q)	, (H-Q)	(H-H)	6 (H-H)	
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SCORE /X	:					Í	•	, i	•	RAW SCORE/X
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Exp	99	57	42	=	Ç	* ~		•	•	
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4	<b>6</b> 0 →	3.03	4 12	8 -	50	4.77	69 -	57	<b>2</b> 2	2.32
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	3.80	9.40	12.88	1.51	52	6 83	8	2 5	0	4 33
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	9.93	10.1	15. 72	11.24	26 74	24 30	29.22	33,76	33,42	2 - 59
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	52.49	4.0	91.16	,49 66	46.39	49 83	42.02	43.82	4.05	- C
Attn.	201	149	=	62	96	9	3	ŗ	` •	•
Seek	12.54	<b>8</b>	2.83	2. 17	2 10	£ ~	, <del>,</del>	<b>38</b>	, <u>-</u>	
Expand	27	<b>.</b>	0	, ,	•				c	-
	1 68	33	•	24	<b>₹</b>					3 7
Total	1603	1363								
Families Raw Score	6.1	36.65	67.36	76.35	25 0	,		<del>i</del>		
Tot X	12.28	69 120 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 130 13	2 97	21.01	13.07	16 37	† On			

TABLE 14
CHILD ACTIVITIES AS PERCENTAGES OF COMMUNICATION EVENTS OVER TIME

			•		LIMEL					
	(0-0)	(0-0)	Э (H-D)	(H-D)	, (H-Do)	е (И-О)	, (D-H)	(H-H)	6 (H-H)	
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Exp Med	97 7	15	23.40	75	59 3,75	8. 20. 8.	25	13	30.07	4 4 6 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4 4
Intete	6.41	31	3.72	34 3.86	0 4 4 8 8	102 5.76	23 20	7.1	P. 4	4 0
Mespond	97	60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 60 6	12.77	569 64.59	20 <b>6</b> 13. 10	. S. C.	6.13	101	136	151.4
Question	12.32	4 69	•	= =	2.60	204	20 3 20 C	3.07	337	89. 1 7. 25
Inform	57.1	639 66.70	23.40	116	1040	1127	75.22	252 59.57	655 53.06	577.8 52.8
Attn. Sook	45	9 29 3	36 60	1.36	2 60 11	73		37.	4.62	1 10 1 10 1 10
Total Within Families	38	958 43,35	188 32 64	881 23_65	1573	1771	1044	423 37.80	1234	
Total Across Families	1.0	. <u>o</u> .	2.1	7.0	17.3	<b>5</b> 8.	<u>.</u>	4	13.6	

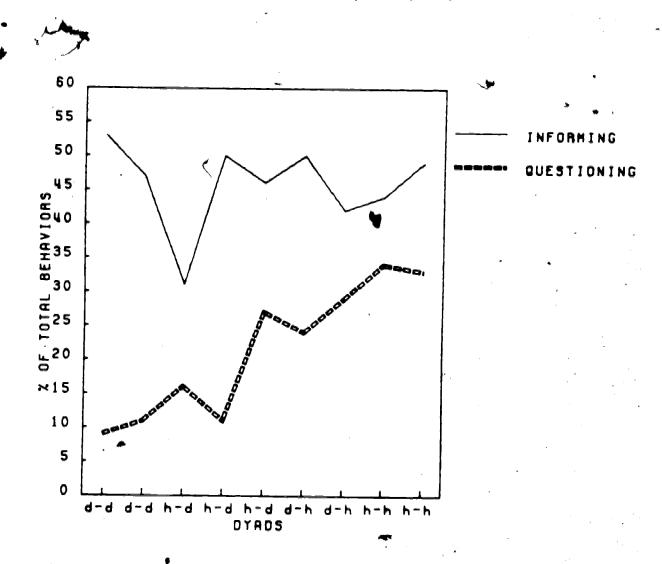
combined behaviors across families indicate that mothers, as a group, spent 45.7 percent (range 31.2% - 52.5%) of their interacting time labelling and giving general information to the child about the environment, objects, toys and himself. All families except one were relatively consistent in this area scoring within five percentage points of the mean. Family three scored over 16 percentage points lower, than the mean for this behaviour.

The next highest occurring behaviour across all mothers was questioning, with an overall mean percentage of 21.6 percent (range 8.9% - 33.8%). While, as a group, all mothers used questioning frequently, relative to their other interactions, mothers of deaf children, with the exception of the 'oral' mother, tended to have lower overall frequencies of questioning behaviour compared to mothers with hearing children. Figure 5 graphically presents mother's informing and questioning behaviors for each family in the study.

The third highest interactive behavior across all mothers was directing, constituting an overall mean percentage of 12.4 percent (range 4.4% - 26.4%) of the mothers' behaviors. All mothers used directing relatively frequently as well, with the mothers of deaf children tending to use it more often compared to the entire group. The remaining overall mother's behaviors were divided, in decending order, into positive expressive, attention seeking, stimulation, negative expressive, demonstration and

FIGURE 5

## MOTHER'S INFORMING AND QUESTIONING



expansion .

Tables 13 and 14 presents the frequencies and percentages of behaviors within and across all mothers. If all mothers interacted the same amount with their children, they should contribute 11.1 percent (100/9) of the total communicative events across all mothers. However, as indicated in Table 13, total percentages across mothers ranged from 2.9 percent to 21.8 percent. Hearing mothers with hearing children had fewer overall interactions with their children than deaf mothers had with their children. Hearing mothers with deaf children had a relatively high number of interactions with their children with the exception of family three, where mother's behaviors accounted for only 2.9 percent of the overall total. Hearing mothers' behaviors tended to be much more clustered, with five behaviors accounting for less than one percent of the total in one family and four behaviors accounting for less than one percent in the other family.

All hearing mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, tended to have low frequencies of behavior in the categories of demonstration, stimulation, and expansion. Deaf mothers scored relatively high in demonstration and stimulation and also, as a group, showed much higher frequencies of attention seeking. Figures 6 and 7 graphically present the clusters of mother's behaviors that tended to vary across families and which are discussed above.

FIGURE 6

## MOTHER'S DEMONSTRATION AND EXPANSION

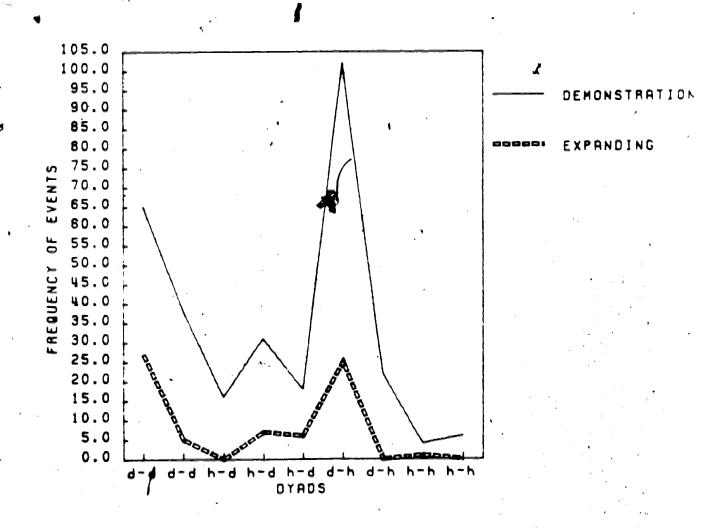
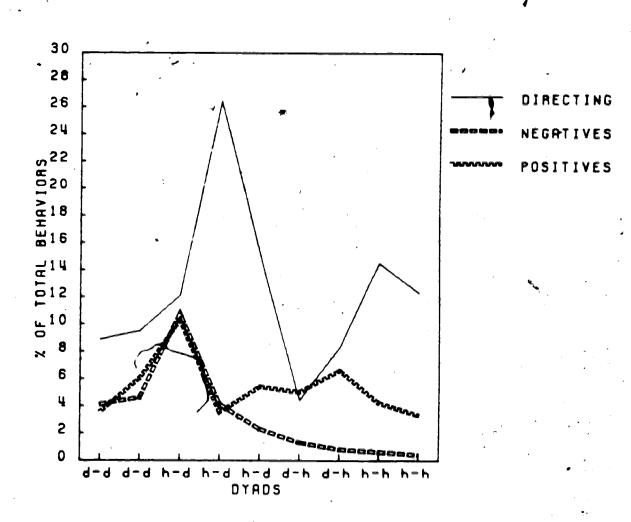


FIGURE 7

## MOTHER'S DIRECTING, NEGATIVES AND POSITIVES



### (ii) Children's Behaviors

children's play time ranged from 35.6 percent to 73.6, percent of total observation time, with an overall mean of 52.4 percent. Play tended to be more continuous than the other, more communicative, behaviors and hence is described in terms of time rather than events. Interaction between mother and child often occurred simultaneously with play, as did periods of no communication and play. Tab'le 12 presents each child's mean play time across all observations.

In terms of communication events, children, as a group, spent 52.8 percent (range 13.4% - 66.7%) of their interaction time informing and generally conveying information about their environment and themselves. Two major deviations from the mean were the deaf children with hearing parents using total communication. These children used the inform mode least of all the children and their total number of inform events combined, was far less than any other child observed.

Other communication tended to be more scattered across families in terms of relative occurrence. Responding to directions was the second highest occurring behavior across all children, with a mean percentage of occurrence of 14.9 percent. However, the range of number of events was quite large, ranging from 24 to 569 and accounting for 12.7 percent to 64.6 percent of the total child's communicative behaviors, respectively. Responding to directions accounted

for a higher percentage of events for children with hearing mothers than those with deaf mothers. This is a relative proportion and does not reflect contingencies which are discussed in a later section.

The remaining overall children's behaviors were divided, in descending order, into questioning, attention seeking, positive expressive, imitating and negative expressive. Table 14 presents the frequencies and percentages of behaviors within and across all children. If children interacted the same amount with their mothers, they should contribute 11.1 percent (100/9) of the total communicative events across all children. However, as indicated in Table 14, total percentages across children ranged from 2.1 percent to 19.5 percent. Two deaf children and one hearing child, all with hearing mothers, had the fewest overall interactions of the group. Hearing children, overall, had a relatively high number of interactions with their mothers, as did the one 'oral' deaf child.

In summary, across all families, children accounted for 40.1 percent of the interaction between them and their mothers. They spent an average of 52.4 percent of their total time playing, part of which was sometimes spent simultaneously interacting with mother. Children tended to have fewer consistent behaviors within groups, and across groups, than was found for mothers. This may be a function of intervening factors such as age, sex and developmental level, points which are discussed in Chapter 5. Deaf

total reciprocal interaction with their mothers (see Figure 4). Children of hearing mothers, regardless of their own hearing status, tended to cluster their behaviors more, with two and three behaviors accounting for close to 90 percent of their total interactions. Figures 8 and 9 graphically present the clusters of child behaviors that tended to vary across families and which are discussed above.

#### Correlations

Each dyad was observed for thirty twenty-minute observation sessions and frequency counts of each mother and child behavior, for each of these sessions, were tabulated. Pearson Product Moment Correlations were then calculated across mother and child behaviors for each dyad and within mother and child behaviors for each member of the dyad. Tables 24 to 62 in Appendix G, indicate intercorrelations and cross correlations between mother and child for each single family in the study and for each respective group as described earlier. All correlations above .30 are indicated. Group correlations were calculated by converting the respective family correlations to Fisher z scores, finding the mean, and converting back to correlations. Only correlations that were above .30 for both families in a group were tabulated. The results are described below in terms of each individual behavior as an intercorrelation with other behaviours of that person, and as a cross correlation with the other member of the dyad. While all

FIGURE 8

CHILDREN'S INFORMING AND QUESTIONING

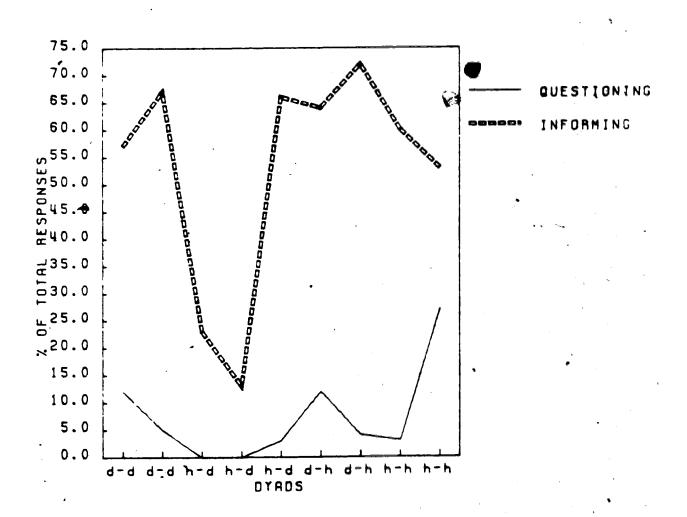
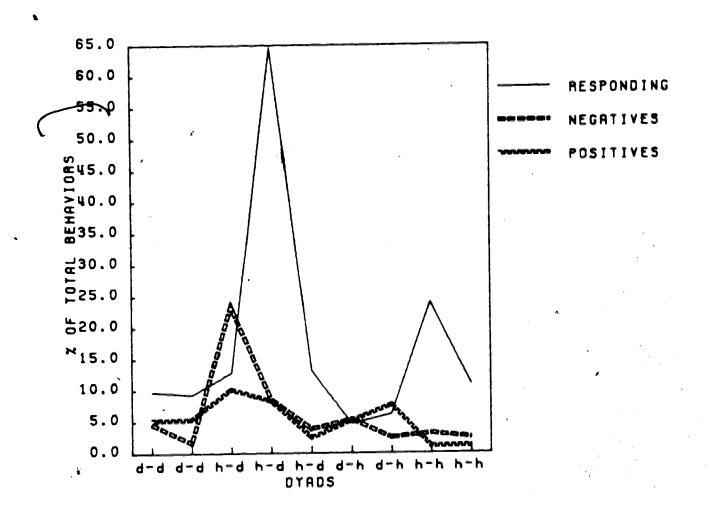


FIGURE 9

CHILDREN'S RESPONDING, NEGATIVES AND POSITIVES



correlations above .30 are presented in Appendix G, Tables 15, 16, and 17 present all correlations above .50 for each family in the study in order to indicate the strongest relationships between the various behaviors.

#### (i) Positive Behaviors

Mother's positive behaviors of smiling, kissing, cuddling, praise and general encouragement were correlated above .50 with child positive behaviors in five of the nine families while three of these correlations were above the .70 level (Table 15). These relationships were expected and are consistent with the earlier work of Clarke-Stewart (1973). Other cross correlations above the .50 level occurred in less than half of the dyads in the sample and are outlined in Table 15.

Intercorrelations between mother's behaviors and between children's behaviors showed little consistency across families and are outlined in Tables 16 and 17.

### (ii) Negative Behaviors

Mother's negative expressive behaviors of restraining, physical or verbal punishment and disapproval showed inconsistent cross correlations with the children's behaviors across families. The most marked consistency was that only one correlation with mother's negative behaviors was over .50. While some mothers had correlations between their negative behaviors and their directing and questioning behaviors, neither of these relationships occurred in more than three of the families and only one was above .50 (Table

TABLE 15
CROSS-CORRELATIONS WITHIN DYADS

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ů	Fam - #17	1 (0-0)	2 (D-D) H	3 (H-D) M	4 H-0-H)	5 (H-Do) M	# # (H-0)	7 (D-H)	(I-I)	M (H-H)	į	

TABLE 17

INTERCORRELATIONS WITHIN DYADS(CHILD)

02 24 10	.50 <u>\$</u> 1 <u>\$</u> .70	O Inf		In. Pl. Pl. AS	Im RSP Inf Inf	Neg. AS	In Inf Pl. AS	RSP PI
		In. Inf.	,					

16).

Children's negative behaviors also showed little consistency across families in terms of both their cross correlations with mother's behaviors (Table 15) and their relationship to the other children's behaviors (Table 17). (iii) Demonstration/Imitation Behavior

with child's imitating behaviors in six of the nine families. Four of these correlations were above the .70 level (Table 15). The three correlations below .30 occurred in families with deaf children, two with hearing mothers and one with a deaf mother. The highest correlations occurred in families with hearing mothers and hearing children. Other behaviors correlating above .30 with mother's demonstrating occurred much less frequently across families and are presented in Appendix G. In terms of intercorrelations mother's demonstrating behaviors were not consistently correlated with any other mother's behaviors (Table 16).

As noted in the definition of behaviors and supported in the correlations, the reciprocal child's behavior to mother's demonstrating was child imitating. However, along with the cross correlations previously mentioned, the child's imitating behavior correlated above .30 with mother informing behavior in six of the nine families. Three of these correlations were above .50 and two above .70 (Table 15). Four occurred in families with deaf mothers, and five with deaf children. Other mother behaviors correlating above

.30 with child imitating were weak and scattered across families (see Appendix G). Children's imitating behaviors correlated with their informing and responding behaviors although only three of these correlations were above .50 (Table 17).

### (iv) Directing/Responding Behaviors

Mother's directing behaviors correlated above .70 in all of the families with the child's responding behaviors (Table 15). This was the most consistently occurring, and highest, correlation coefficient across and within families. Mother's directing behaviors correlated with her informing and attention seeking behaviors across most families although most of these correlations were not over a .50 level (Table 16).

Child's responding was the reciprocal to mother's directing as outlined in the behavioral definitions (Appendix B), and as supported by the correlation data in Appendix G. However, along with the cross correlations previously mentioned between child responding and mother directing behaviors, child responding was also correlated above .30 with mother's positive behaviors in seven of the nine families, three of which correlated above .50 (Table 15). Child responding also correlated above .30 with mother's informing in five of the nine families, three correlations being over .50 (Table 15).

In terms of intercorrelations, the child's responding behaviors correlated above .30 with his imitating behavior

in five of the nine children. None of these correlations was above .50. Intercorrelations between the child's responding and his other behaviors tended to be below .50 across most children, with the exception of an older hearing child who had three intercorrelating behaviors over .50 and two over .70 (Table 17).

### (v) Questioning Behaviors

Mother's questioning behaviors correlated above .30/with child's informing behaviors in seven of the nine families (Appendix G). Five of these correlations were over .50 and two over .70 (Table 15). The weakest correlations between mother questions and child informs occurred within four families with hearing mothers, three of which had deaf children. Mother's questioning and child's imitating behaviors also correlated above .30 in five of the nine families, although only one of these correlations was above the .50 level.

Mother's questioning was intercorrelated, above .30, with her own informing behaviors, in six of the nine families, four of which correlated above .50 and two above .70 (Table 16). The three mothers with no intercorrelations above .30 between their questioning and informing behaviors were the three hearing mothers with deaf children in the study. Other intercorrelations with mother's questioning behaviors were generally weak (<.50) and less consistent across families.

Children's questioning correlated above .50 with mother's informing in four of the nine families (Appendix G). Other correlations between these two behaviors in the five remaining families were below .30. Of the five families with low correlations between these behaviors, four were hearing mothers (three with deaf children and one with a hearing child) and one was a deaf mother with a deaf child. Cross correlations between child's questioning and mothers questioning are discussed in the previous paragraphs. Other cross correlations were scattered across families and are presented in Appendix G.

Children's questioning behaviors intercorrelated above .30 with their own informing behaviors in five of the nine children, with two of these correlations above .50 and one above .70 (Table 17). Other intercorrelations with the child questioning behavior were scattered across families and in most cases were below a .50 level (Appendix G).

# (vi) Informing Behaviors

Informing was the highest occurring event in both anothers and children. Mother's informing correlated above .30 with children informing in seven of the nine families. Six of these correlations were above .50 and four were above .70 (Table 15). Both correlations between mother's informing and child's informing, that were below .30, were with hearing mothers, one with a deaf child and one with a hearing child. As discussed earlier, mother's informing also correlated above .50 with children's questioning in five of

the nine families. Six of the nine families showed correlations, above .30, between mother's informing and child's imitating, four of these correlations being above .50 and two above .70 (Table 15). The three families showing no correlations above .30 between mother's informing and child's imitating were all hearing mothers, one with a deaf child. Four of the five hearing mothers in the study showed correlations above .30 between informing and child's responding to directions. Three of these correlations were above .50 (Table 15). Other correlations were scattered across families and are presented in the individual family correlation tables.

Six of the nine mothers showed correlations above .30 between their informing behaviors and their directing behaviors. Three of these correlations were above .50 (Table 16). Five mothers also showed correlations above .30 between their questioning and their informing behaviors, with three of these correlations being above .50 and two above .70 (Table 16). Four mothers had intercorrelations above .30 between their positive and informing behaviors, although only one of these correlations was above .50 (Table 16).

As discussed in the previous paragraphs, children's informing correlated above .30 with mother's informing in seven of the nine families, and with mother's questioning in seven of the nine families as well. Children's informing also correlated above .30 with mother's directing behaviours in five of the nine families. All families with deaf mothers

showed correlations above .50 between children's informing and both mother's questioning and informing behaviors (Table 15). Hearing families with deaf children showed much lower cross correlations between these behaviors.

Five children showed intercorrelations, above .30, between their informing and imitating behaviors, three of which were above .50 (Table 17). Five of the nine children also had intercorrelations above .30 between their informing and questioning behaviors (Appendix G).

### (vii) Attention Seeking

Mother's attention seeking behaviors did not correlate above .30 with any of the child's behaviors in five of the nine families. In the remaining four families, mother's attention seeking correlated above .30 with child's imitating in three cases (Appendix G). Mother's attention seeking behavior did not correlate above .50 with any of her other behaviors, except stimulation in one family. However, attention seeking by mothers did correlate over .30 the directing in five of the mothers observed (Appendix G).

Children's attention seeking did not correlate above .30 with any of the mother's behaviors in five of the nine families. In three of the remaining children, their attention seeking correlated above .30 with mother's negative behaviour, once with a negative value and twice with a positive value. Other correlations between child's attention seeking and mother's behaviors over a .50 value were inconsistent across families (Table 15).

Child's attention seeking and informing were intercorrelated above .30 in four of the children observed, one of these correlations being over .70 (Table 17). Other intercorrelations were scattered across families and were generally below a .50 level.

### (viii) Expansion

Mother's expansion behaviors only correlated above .30 with any of the children's behaviors in four of the nine families. In three cases, all with deaf mothers, expansion correlated above .50 with the child's imitating behaviour. Child's questioning and mother's expansion also correlated above .50 in three of the families observed (Table 15). Of the five families showing no correlations above .30 between children's behaviors and mother's expansion, four were hearing mothers, two of whom had a deaf child.

Intercorrelations between mother's expanding behaviors and her other behaviors were inconsistent across families and generally below .50 (Appendix G).

### (ix) Stimulation Behaviors

Mother's stimulation behaviors correlated above .30 with child's informing behaviors in all four families with hearing children. However, none of these correlations was above .50. Other cross correlations between mother's stimulation and children's behaviors were relatively low and scattered across families (Appendix G).

Intercorrelations between mother's other behaviors and stimulation were also low and scattered across families.

Individual and group correlations are presented in Appendix G indicating a rather weak relationship between mother's stimulation and her other behaviors.

Children's play was defined as the reciprocal of mother's stimulation but never correlated over a .50 level in any of the families. In fact children's play and mother's stimulation only correlated above .30 in two of the nine families. Since play was a more continuous behavior than the rest, it has been previously discussed in terms of time spent in that activity rather than in frequency of events and their correlations. Tables 15, 16, and 17 present the highest (>.50) cross and intercorrelations within dyads while all correlations above ..30 are presented in Appendix G.

### (x) Group Correlations

Families were combined into five groups as described at the beginning of this Appendix. Group correlations were considered only if both families in a group correlated above .30 on a particular behavior or combination of behaviors. Due to the small sample size of this study, these correlations were then converted to Fisher z scores, meaned and converted back to a group correlation. The advantage of this transformation is that the sampling distribution for Fisher's z is for all practical purposes independent of the population value of the correlation coefficient and is approximately normal, in essence correcting for skewness in these results. Group correlations are presented in Appendix

G.

All five groups of mother-child dyads had correlations above .70 betwen mother's directing and children's responding. Mother's demonstration and child's imitation correlated above .50 in groups four and five, both groups with hearing children. Other groups showed no correlation above .30 between these behaviors. Groups one and four, all with deaf mothers, showed relatively high correlations between mother questions and child informing. Both groups two and five with hearing mothers showed no correlations above .30 between mother questioning and child informing, while Group three, a single family 'group' had a correlation of .43 between these behaviors.

The reciprocal behaviors, child questioning and mother informing only correlated above .30 in Group four, a group with deaf mothers and hearing children. However, informing by mother correlated above .70 with informing by child in both Groups one and four, with deaf mothers, as well as Group three with a hearing mother and deaf child. Groups two and five, with hearing mothers, had no correlations above .30 between these behaviors.

Groups one, three and four also had correlations above .50 between mother positive and child positive behaviors. Deaf mothers in Groups one and four had correlations between these behaviors of .64 and .92 respectively while the hearing mother with a deaf child in group 3 had a correlation of .50. Groups two and five, with hearing

mothers, no correlations above .30 between these behaviors.

Mother's informing and child's imitating correlated above .50 within Groups one, four and three as well. Again, no correlation above .30 was noted between these behaviors in Groups two and five. All other correlations between mother and child behaviors, over .50, were confined within groups and are presented in Appendix G.

Overall, Group four, deaf mothers with hearing children, had nine behaviors between mother and child that correlated above .50. Group one, deaf mothers with deaf children, and Group five, hearing mothers with hearing children, both had six behaviors between mother and child that correlated above .50. Group three, a hearing mother with an oral deaf child, had seven behaviors between mother and child that correlated above .50. However, this was the only single family group and as such was not affected by any type of averaging. Group two, hearing mothers with deaf children using total communication, had only one behavior between mother and child, that correlated above a .50 level.

Intercorrelations between mother behaviors were not consistant across groups with the majority being below a .50 level. Groups one, four and five had correlations above .30 between mother's questioning and informing behaviors.

Mothers with no correlations above .30 between these behaviors were the hearing mothers of deaf children. Two groups of hearing mothers, Group two and Group five, also

had correlations above .50 between mother's directing and informing behaviors. The same two groups of mothers had correlations above .30 between their directing and their positive behaviors. Other intercorrelations between mother's behaviors were mixed within groups and are presented in Appendix G.

Intercorrelations among children's behaviors within groups were relatively low and inconsistant. This may reflect an inconsistency of children within the groups as well as other factors such as age, sex and mother's behaviors which are discussed in the next chapter. Intercorrelations between childrens behaviors in groups are presented in Appendix G.

### Lag Sequential Analysis

A lag sequential analysis of contingency was done on all of the observation data collected. A computer program, designed to identify contingency relationships in a sequence of observed behaviors (Sackett, Halm, Crowley, and Henkins, 1979), was modified to accept data from the present study.

Each mother's behaviors were coded as a criterion with each child's behavior being measured, as it followed the criterion behavior at event lag one. This was run for every family, producing nine event lag tables per family using mother's behaviors as the criterion. The same process was followed using children's behaviors as the criterion, and mother's behaviors, measured as they followed the criterion, at event lag one. Tables 63 to 80 in Appendix H present all

event lags for all families as described above. As with all research of this type, the amount of data is staggering. In order to interpret the lag data output the author relied on four major sources of insight into meaningful relationships to be reviewed: (1) present literature in the field; (2) correlation relationships between behaviors; (3) visual scanning of the lag data and (4) the observer's (who worked with the families) insights into behavior contingencies or the lack thereof, within the families. Appendix H presents all lag one event analysis results for each family which are discussed below. Tables 18 and 19 present maternal and child behaviors and the percentages of these behaviors which were followed, at event lag one, by behaviors of the other member of the dyad. Figures 10, 11, 12, and 13 graphically present behaviors responded to by each member of the dyad, as well as the response rates of each member of the dyad, for all families in the study.

### (i) Questioning Behaviors

Questioning accounted for an overall mean of 21.6 percent of mother's behaviors with a range of 8.4 - 33.7 percent across families. Children's questions accounted for 7.3 percent of their total behaviors overall with a range across families of 0 - 27.3 percent.

Children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lagione) mother's questions at an overall rate of 66.7 percent of the time, with an across family range of 13 - 86 percent'. Two deaf children of hearing mothers responded

MATERNAL BEHAVIORS FOLLOWED BY CHILD BEHAVIORS AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL (X) TABLE 18

					FAMILY					
MOTHER BEHAVIORS	(0-0)	2 (0-0)	з (н-р)	(H-D)	5 (H-Do)	(H-Q)	, (D-H)	(H-H)	6 (H-H)	X RESP ACROSS FAMILIES
Exp Pos	89	57	23	•	•	50	8	=	32	40 3
Exp. Meg	<b>36</b>	Ç	9	•	<b>Q</b>	<b>6</b> 6	3	. 0	Ç	30 7
Demonstr	11	99	6	\$	<u>\$</u>	12	8	78	8	75.6
Direct	2	<b>©</b>	67	<b>9</b> ′	44	93	<b>6</b>	<u>\$</u>		1.2
Stimulate	23	<u>6</u>	26	33	. 61	•	11	1	Ξ	24.7
Quest ion	Q.	<b>6</b>	£	22	7.	<b>2</b>	<b>15</b>	41	3	£. 99
Inform	+	41	Ē	۵	<b>1</b> 0	\$2	ga Ga	Ē	*	30.4
Attn. Seek	\$	<b>.</b>	27	•	<b>ē</b> .	63	52	8	3 <u>8</u>	30.4
Expand	63	<b>Q</b>	8	*	33	Ŷ	8	8	8	21.1
x Resp. Within Fams.	57.0	53.3	22 3	30.8	0.88	56.2	54.0	20.4	6. 94	

TABLE 19
CHILD BEHAVIORS FOLLOWED BY MATERNAL BEHAVIORS AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL (X)

					FAMILY					
CHILD BEHAVIORS	(Q-Q)	2 (0-0)	3 (H-D)	4 (H-D)	(н-bo)	9 (H-Q	7 (D-H)	₩ (H-H)	0 (H-H)	W RESP ACROSS FAMILIES
Exp. Pos.	73	6.1	14	**	57	90	63	7.6	3	67 6
Exp Neg.	<b>Q</b>	8	52	<b>1</b> 0	99	9	9	9	57	<b>3</b>
Intete	7.2	5	<b>38</b>	<b>S</b>	11	9.0	22	<b>6</b> 7	<b>e</b>	0.3
Respond	85 85	Ş	2		8	8	99	9	6	- -
P. P.	<b>8</b>	28	<b>2</b>	69	<b>4</b> 2	. 0	90	<b>9</b>	<b>.</b>	36.3
Question	6	6	., O	8	2	60	#P 66	62	6	78.0
Inform	3	ř.	\$	5	67	5	<b>©</b>	S	Ĉ.	10 4
Attn. Seek	<b>6</b>	3	<b>8</b>	<b>2</b> 7	(\$	**	<b>.</b>	*	ee C	
XI BE WITH IN	73.9	© 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15 15	40.6	0 11	62 4	0.99	67.3	9.0	4.4	
								•		

BEHAVIORS RESPONDED TO BY MOTHERS AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL

FIGURE 10

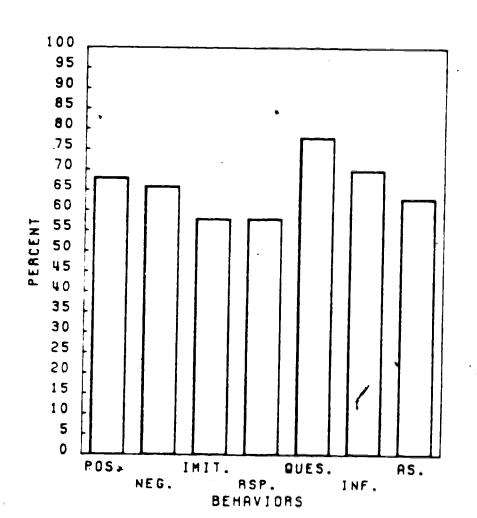


FIGURE 11

# MOTHER'S RESPONSE RATES AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL

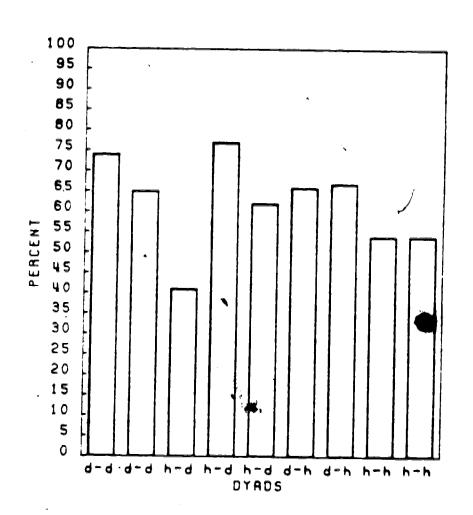


FIGURE 12

BEHAVIORS RESPONDED TO BY CHILDREN AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL

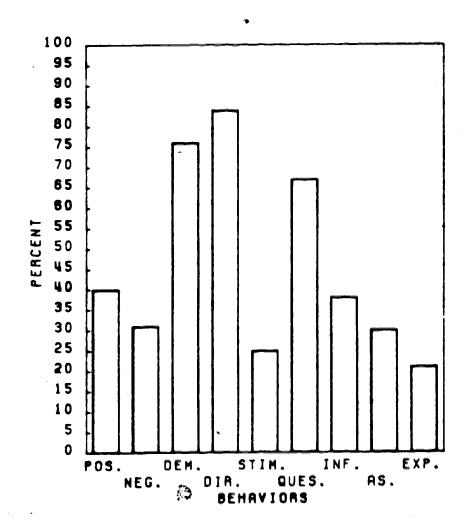
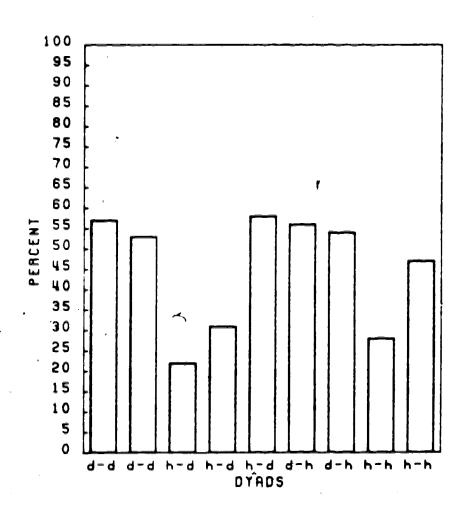


FIGURE 13

#### CHILDREN'S RESPONSE RATES AT LAG ONE EVENT LEVEL



to their mother's questions less than twenty-five percent of the time. Children of deaf mothers responded more to their mother's questions than any other children, all having response rates over eighty percent.

When children did respond to their mother's questions their highest responding behavior, at event lag one, was informing. This occurred an overall mean of 87.4 percent of the total responses (range 62.5% - 96.9%). Eight of the nine children used informing in over eighty percent of their responses to mother's questions. The other child, who was deaf with a hearing mother, responded very little to mother's questions and when he did used relatively more negative and attention seeking behaviors than the other children.

Other children's behaviors directly following mother's questions were low in frequency and scattered across the families. Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19, and also in the individual family tables in Appendix H.

As a group, mothers responded more to their children's questions than the children did to mother's questions.

Overall, mother's communication behaviors directly followed children's questions a mean of 78 percent of the time (range 62% to 100%). Two children, both deaf with hearing parents, were anomolous in terms of the frequency of their questioning behavior. One child asked no questions and hence his mother's response rate was not considered in calculating

the overall mean response rate, while the second child asked only one question and her mother responded, at lag one event, by informing, providing a response rate of 100 percent. The lack of use of questioning by these children is discussed in Chapter Four.

The most frequently occurring mother behavior directly after children's questioning was informing. This occurred an overall mean of 84.1 percent of mother's responses (range 75% - 100%). Many mothers also questioned directly after the children questioned. This occurred an overall mean of 10.2 percent of the responses (range 0% - 25%). Other mother behaviors directly following children's questions were scattered across families and relatively low in frequency.

Overall, deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, responded communicatively to their children's questions over ninety percent of the time. While informing accounted for most mother behaviors after children's questioning, deaf mothers were the only ones to use demonstration and expanding behaviors after their children's questions. Comparision within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19, and also in individual family tables in Appendix H.

### (ii) Direction and Response Behaviors

Behavioral definitions of these categories indicate that responses can only follow directions. However, they may be followed by further directions. Responses are defined as child behaviors only, while directions are defined as

strictly maternal behaviors.

Correlations indicate that all families showed relatively high relationships between mother directing and child responding. Overall, directing accounted for 12.4 percent of mother's behaviors (range 4.4% - 26.4%) while responding to mother's directions accounted for 17.2 percent of the overall child's behaviors (hange 4.6% - 64.6%).

Lag sequential analysis of these behaviors indicate that overall, children's communication behaviors follow mother's directions (at lag one event) an overall mean of 84.2 percent of the time (range 49% - 100%). Two deaf children of hearing mothers had the lowest proportions of communicative behaviors directly after mother gave directions, while hearing children of hearing mothers had the highest proportion of responses to this behavior.

Children's responding behaviors accounted for an overall mean of 87.3 percent of their total communicative behaviors following mother's directions with an across family range of 66 - 96.2 percent. Children of deaf mothers used more informing behaviors than other children, after their mothers gave directions. Other children's behaviors following mother's directions were scattered across families and were relatively low in frequency.

Mother behaviors directly following children's response behaviors were much more varied and also less frequent.

Mother's communicative behaviors directly followed (at event lag one) children's responding behaviors an overall rate of

58.1 percent of the time with an across family range of 40 - 88 percent. Deaf mothers with hearing children and hearing mothers with deaf children all responded, above the overall mean level, directly after their children's response behaviors.

When mothers did communicate directly after their children's response behaviors, the most frequently occurring behavior overall was informing. This occurred an overall mean of 42.6 percent of the total mother's responses (range 6.7% - 58.8%). Two hearing mothers of deaf children used informing less than any other mothers directly after their children's response behaviors. Mother's directing was the second highest occurring behavior overall, after the child responded. This occurred a mean of 18.3 percent of the total mother responses (range 2.4% - 33.3%). All mothers with deaf children used directing, following children's response behavior, more than the overall mean rate, while mothers of hearing children responded with further directions, less than the overall mean rate. Deaf mothers with hearing children and hearing mothers with deaf children used positive behaviors more frequently than the other mothers directly after their children's response behaviors. Other mother behaviors directly following children's responses were scattered across families and relatively low in frequency. Comparisons within and across families and ehaviours are presented in Tables 18 and 19, and the ndividual family tables in Appendix H.

### (iii) Demonstration and Imitation Behaviors

Demonstration behaviors are defined as strictly maternal, while imitation is strictly a child's behavior.

Mothers in the study used demonstration a mean of 2.4 percent of their total behaviors (range 0.5% to 4.8%), while children used imitation a mean of 4.6 percent of their total behaviors (range 0.4% - 9.5%).

Mother's demonstration behaviors were followed (lag one event) by children's imitations a mean of 52 percent of the time over all families (range 31% - 83%). Children's informing followed mother's demonstrating a mean of 22 percent overall, with a range of 0 - 56 percent across families. Other children's behaviors followed mother's demonstration less than ten percent of the time and are outlined in Appendix H. Children responded to mother's demonstrations a mean of 75.6 percent of the time at event lag one; the remainder of the time there was either no communication between mother and child and/or mother's demonstrations were followed by further mother behaviors.

Imitations and informing behaviors by the children accounted for 95 percent of their total responses to mother's demonstration behaviors at event lag one. Deaf mothers demonstrated more than hearing mothers, while the hearing mothers of hearing children were the lowest users of this behavior. While children, overall, responded a mean of 75.6 percent of the time to mother's demonstrations, two children responded more than 10 percentage points below this

level. One child, who was deaf with a hearing mother, responded only 31 percent of the time to mother's demonstrations, while the other was a hearing child with a deaf mother who responded to 59 percent of her mother's demonstrations.

Overall, mothers responded to their child's imitations a mean of 58 percent of the time. Forty-two percent of the time there was no communication following the child's imitation behavior and/or it was followed by further child behaviors. The range of response to children's imitation behaviors was from 22 - 80 percent of the time. The children who responded least to their mothers in the previous section, were the children who were responded to least by their mothers after imitating. This was a hearing child of a deaf mother and a deaf child of a hearing mother. The only other mother who responded to her child below the mean level was also a deaf mother with a hearing child.

Overall, of the responses made to children's imitating, forty-five percent of them (range 0% - 75%) were by informing. The extremities of this range were caused by hearing mothers of hearing children, who, due to the low use of imitation by their children, tended to skew the responding pattern somewhat as can be seen in Table 14. Other responses to children's imitating were varied across families and are presented in Tables 18 and 19 as well as the individual family tables in Appendix H.

(iv) Informing Behaviors

Informing accounted for the major portion of both mother and child behaviors. Mothers used informing a mean of 47.7 percent of their total behaviors (range 31% ~ 52%) while children used informing a mean of 57.5 percent of their total behaviors (range 13.4% - 71.3%).

Children responded to mother's informing, at event lag one, a mean of thirty eight percent of the time (range 13% - 59%). At event lag one, the lowest responding children were two deaf children of hearing mothers and one hearing child of a hearing mother. These children all responded to their mothers less than fifteen percent of the time.

When children did respond to their mother's informing, their highest responding behavior, at event lag one, was also informing which occurred a mean of 59 percent, of the total responses (range 33% - 79%). Two deaf children of hearing mothers were the lowest users of informing behavior after their mother's informing behavior. Both of these children had relatively high rates of negative behavior after mother's informing and had relatively high rates of positive and attention seeking behaviors respectively.

Other children's behaviors which occurred relatively frequently after mother informing, were questioning  $(\overline{x}=11\%)$  and imitating  $(\overline{x}=8\%)$ . Children who often used questioning were spread across groups, while children who imitated most frequently, directly after mother informed, were two deaf children of hearing mothers. However, as a group, children of deaf mothers, regardless of their own hearing status,

used imitation as their third most frequently occurring behavior after mother's informing.

Mother's behaviours directly followed children's informing a mean of 70 percent of the time (range 45% - 94%), at event lag one. The lowest responding mothers were all hearing mothers, two with hearing children and one with a deaf child. These mothers did not have any communicative behavior, following their child's informing, over forty percent of the time.

when mothers did respond directly after their child informed, the highest communicative response, across all families was also to inform, which occurred a mean of 49.6 percent of the total responses (range 37% - 63%). The same mothers who responded least to their children, also used informing less than the other mothers, relative to their total responses.

Across all families, questioning was the second most frequently occurring event, directly after child's informing, occurring a mean of 24.3 percent of the total responses (range 12% - 42%). Hearing mothers with hearing children questioned more, relative to their total responses, than the other mothers. These mothers also used directing behaviors more after their children informed.

Other mother behaviors occurring after the children informed were scattered across families. Tables 63 to 80 in Appendix H present the event lags for each individual family, using each mother and child behavior as criterion.

Tables 18 and 19 present more concise event lag data for comparisons across families and behaviors.

# (v) Expansion Behaviors

Expansion was, by definition, a maternal behavior only, and accounted for an overall mean of less than one percent (0.5) of total mother's behaviors (range 0% - 1.2%). Only two mothers, both deaf, used expanding behaviors more than one percent of their respective total behaviors. Three mothers never used expansion at all and one mother used it once, but no child behaviour followed at event lag one.

In the five remaining families, children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lag one) mother's expansion a mean of 38 percent of the time (range 14% - 63%). The most frequently occurring child's behavior directly after mother's expansion was informing, which occurred a mean of 78.6 percent of the total responses (range 40% - 100%). Due to the small number of expansions and the small number of responses to this mother behaviour, the other behaviors following expansion at event lag one were varied within families. Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19 and also in individual family tables in Appendix H.

# (vi) Attention Seeking Behaviors

Attention seeking accounted for an overall mean of 4.7 percent of mother's behaviors (range 0.3% - 12.5%).

Children's attention seeking behaviors accounted for an overall mean of 5.2 percent of their total behaviors (range

1.4% - 26.6%).

Children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lag one) mother's attention seeking behaviors an overall rate of 30.4 percent of the time (range 0 - 53 percent). All children with hearing mothers, regardless of their own hearing status, responded less than thirty percent of the time directly after their mother's attention seeking. Children with deaf mothers all responded, directly after mother's attention seeking, more than forty-five percent of the time.

When children did respond to their mother's attention seeking (event lag one), their most frequently occurring behavior overall was informing, which occurred a mean of 53 percent of the time (range 0% -100%). Children also used responding behaviors directly after mother's attention seeking behavior an overall mean of 19.7 percent of their total responses (range 0% - 40%). Hearing children with hearing mothers did not use this behavior directly after mother's attention seeking. Since, by definition, children's responding could only follow mother's directions, attention seeking and directing were used simultaneously by the mothers during these occasions. As a group, mothers with deaf children used attention seeking and directing simultaneously, more than mothers with hearing children, and deaf children had more responding behaviors directly after their mother's attention seeking. Other child behaviors directly following mother's attention seeking, were

scattered across families and were relatively low in frequency.

Overall, deaf mothers with deaf children used attention seeking more frequently than the other mothers. Children of deaf parents, regardless of their hearing status, responded more frequently (at event lag one) to their mother's attention seeking. Hearing mothers, as a group, used attention seeking less than deaf mothers and their children responded less, at event lag one, to their attention seeking.

As a group and within families, mothers responded more to their children's attention seeking (at event lag one) than the children did to their attention seeking. Overall, mother's behaviors directly followed children's attention seeking behaviors a mean of 62.6 percent of the time (range 33% - 87%). As a group, deaf mothers responded more to their children's attention seeking than hearing mothers. All hearing mothers responded (at event lag one) less than the overall mean response rate, directly after their children used attention seeking behaviors. One exception to this was a hearing mother with a deaf child who responded above the mean response rate to her child's attention seeking.

When mothers did respond directly after their child's attention seeking the most frequently occurring behavior across all mothers was informing. This occurred an overall mean of 46 percent of the time (range 22% - 69%). Informing was the most frequently occurring behavior, after the child

was attention seeking, for all deaf mothers and one hearing mother of a deaf child.

Questioning was the second most frequently used behavior overall by mothers, directly after their children were attention seeking. This occurred an overall mean of 29.4 percent of mother's percent (range 4% - 53%). Mothers who used questioning most frequently directly after their children were attention seeking, were mothers of hearing children, regardless of their own hearing status, as well as one mother of an oral deaf child. Other mother behaviors occurring after the child was attention seeking were scattered across families. Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19 and also in individual family tables in Appendix H.

Overall, mothers communicated more directly after their child's attention seeking than the children did after mother's attention seeking. As a group, deaf mothers responded more to their children's attention seeking, and when they did respond they used informing more than other mothers, as the next behavior after child's attention seeking. Mothers of hearing children, regardless of their own hearing status, used questioning more than mothers of deaf children, directly after their child's attention seeking. Hearing mothers used more directing than deaf mothers directly after their children's attention seeking. (vii) Positive Behaviors

Positive expression accounted for a mean of 4.8 percent of mother's behaviors across all families (range 3.5% -10.3%), while children's positive behaviors accounted for a mean of 4.7 percent of their total behaviors (range 0% -10.1%).

Children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lag one) mother's positive behaviors an overall rate of 40.3 percent of the time (range 8% - 68%). Four children, two deaf and two hearing, all of hearing mothers, responded less than thirty-five percent of the time directly after their mothers showed positive expression.

When children did respond to their mother's positive expression, their highest responding behavior, at event lag one, was positive expression, which occurred an overall mean of forty-nine percent of the time (range 5% - 84%). Two hearing children with hearing mothers and one deaf child with a hearing mother responded to mother's positives with their own positives (event lag one) less than thirty percent of the time. These children also had low response rates (at lag one event) overall.

Children also used informing behaviors, directly after mother's positive expression, a mean of 28 percent of their total responses to this maternal behavior (range 8% - 80%). A deaf child with a hearing mother and a hearing child with a deaf mother were the lowest relative users of this behavior directly after mother's positive expression. An 'oral' deaf child with a hearing mother was the highest

percentage user of informing directly after mother was positive.

Other children's behaviors directly following mother's positive expression were scattered across families and were relatively low in frequency. One exception to this was a hearing child with a hearing mother, who used questioning as her highest responding behavior directly after mother's positive expression.

Overall, children of hearing mothers, regardless of their own hearing status, responded less to their mother's positive expression than the other children in the study. In responding to mother's positives, children with deaf mothers, regardless of their own hearing status, used more positive behaviors than any other children. Children of hearing mothers, as a group, used more informing behaviors directly after mother's positive behaviors.

As a group, mothers generally responded more to their children's positive expression than the children did to their mother's positive expression. Overall, mother's behaviors directly followed children's positive behavior a mean of 67.6 percent of the time (range 57% - 75%).

The most frequently occurring mother behavior directly after the child's positive expression was not consistent across families, as was the children's behaviors. Five of the six hearing mothers used informing most frequently directly after their child's positive expression. The other hearing mother, along with all four deaf mothers, used

positive expression most frequently, directly after their child's positive behaviors.

Over all families, mothers used positive expression a mean of 37.2 percent of their total responses to the child's positive behaviors (range 0% - 61%), and used informing a mean of 33.8 percent of the time after the child was positive (range 14% - 67%). Other mother behaviors occurring after the child was positive were scattered across families. Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19 and also in individual family tables in Appendix H.

Overall, deaf mothers were more positive than hearing mothers when their children were positive. Hearing mothers informed more than deaf mothers directly after their children were positive. Mother's behaviors more frequently followed their children's positive expression than did children's behaviors follow their mother's positive expression.

### (viii) Negative Behaviors

Negative expression accounted for a mean of 3.2 percent of mother's behaviors across families (range 0.4% - 10.8%). Children's negative behaviors accounted for a mean of 6.1 percent of their total behaviors (range 2.4% - 23.4%).

Children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lag one) mother's negative behaviors an overall rate of 30.7 percent of the time (range 0% - 64%). Two deaf children of hearing mothers, as well as a hearing child of a

hearing mother, responded least to their mother's negative behaviors at event lag one.

when children did respond to their mother's negative expression, their highest overall responding behavior, at event lag one was informing, which occurred an overall mean of 33.7 percent of the time (range 0% - 70%). Two deaf children with hearing mothers as well as a hearing child with a hearing mother, never used any informing behaviors directly after mother was negative. These are the same children, mentioned above, who had low response rates overall.

Children also used negative behavior, directly after mother's negative behavior, a mean of 26.4 percent of their total responses to this maternal behavior (range 0% - 63%). Hearing children with hearing mothers did not use negative behavior directly after their mother's negative behavior. The highest frequencies of negative behavior after mother's negative expression were with deaf children, one with a deaf mother and one with a hearing mother.

Other children's behaviors directly following mother's negative expression were scattered across families and were relatively low in frequency. One exception to this was responding behavior of the three deaf children of hearing mothers. By definition of responding, this would indicate that mother's negatives and directing occurred simultaneously in these instances. These children responded to their mother's negative directions 13 percent, 19 percent

and 67 percent respectively.

Overall, mothers of deaf children were more negative than mothers of hearing children. Deaf children with hearing mothers using total communication, as well as one hearing child of a hearing mother, responded least to their mother's negative expression.

Mothers, as a group and within families, responded more to their children's negative expression than the children did to their negative expression. Overall, mother's behaviors directly followed children's negative behaviors a mean of 66.3 percent of the time (range 46% - 100%). Three of the four mothers with hearing children, as well as two hearing mothers with deaf children responded less to their children's negatives, than the mean overall rate. Three of the four deaf mothers responded to their child's negatives over 80 percent of the time.

The most frequently occurring mother behavior directly after the child's negative expression was informing, which occurred an overall mean of 48 percent of the total responses (range 37% - 67%). Mothers also used questioning relatively frequently after their children were negative. This occurred an overall mean of 17.4 percent of the total responses (range 0% - 39%). The five hearing mothers in the study had the highest frequencies of directing behavior, at lag one event, after their children showed negative expression. Other mother behaviors occurring directly after the child was negative were scattered across families.

Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19 and also in individual family tables in Appendix H.

As a group, deaf mothers responded more to their children's negative behavior than hearing mothers. Mothers of deaf children were the only mothers who responded, at lag one event, to their children's negatives, with positive behavior. Hearing mothers used direction, as a response to children's negatives, more than deaf mothers.

### (ix) Stimulation Behaviors

Stimulation, by definition, was strictly a maternal behavior and as a category, was used to determine the extent to which mother introduced the child to toys, materials and objects with which to play. However, unlike most other, more communicative behaviors, play was often continuous over large segments of time and hence more difficult to analyze in terms of contingencies, since this behavior often occurred simultaneously with other behaviors and also followed, at lag one, all mother behaviors to some extent. The resultant implications regarding contingencies are discussed further in this section.

Stimulation accounted for an overall mean of 4.3 percent of total mother's behaviors (range 0.5% - 12.9%). Four hearing mothers, two with deaf children and two with hearing children, used stimulation less than any of the other mothers in the study.

Children's communicative behaviors directly followed (event lag one) mother's stimulation behaviors an overall rate of 24.7 percent of the time (range 7% - 67%).

Children's play behaviors, on the other hand, directly followed mother's stimulation an overall mean of 72 percent of the time (range 22% - 93%). The three deaf children with hearing mothers responded to their mother's stimulation, more than the other children, by communicating and, less than any other children, by playing. Although play followed all mother behaviors to some degree, it followed stimulation an overall mean of more than twenty three percent of the time higher than any other behavior. Also, considering that stimulation followed play an overall mean of less than one percent of the time, the direction of contingency between stimulation and play is assumed to be from mother to child.

When children communicated directly after mother's stimulation, their highest responding behavior, at event lag one, was informing, which occurred an overall mean of 62.1 percent of the total communicative responses (range 0% - 100%). Deaf children of hearing mothers responded less than any other children by informing. Hearing children of hearing mothers used informing most of all when they responded communicatively, however, the frequency of their total responses to mother's stimulation was quite low.

Other children's communicative behaviors directly following mother's stimulation were scattered across families and were relatively low in frequency. One exception

response to direction behavior in 79 percent of her total responses to stimulation. This indicates that mother's use of direction and stimulation, (eg.) "go play with this doll", were often used simultaneously. Comparisons within and across families and behaviors are presented in Tables 18 and 19 and also in individual (tab)es in Appendix H.

Overall, hearing children responded less communicatively to their mother's stimulation. Hearing children and deaf children with deaf mothers responded to their mother's stimulation by playing more than eighty percent of the time. The three deaf children with hearing parents responded to mother's stimulation by playing less than any of the other children.

#### Maternal Responsiveness

Operational measures of a mother's responsiveness were based on an analysis of contingencies between observed child and maternal behaviors. A number of specific child behaviors which might be expected to elicit maternal responses were selected and modified from the work of Clarke-Stewart (1973). These behaviors and the operational definitions of their relationship to mother's responsiveness are outlined in Chapter III. Each recorded occurrence of each of these child behaviors was considered, and its consequents, at lag one event interval, were examined. Maternal behaviors which were defined responsive and which occurred at a lag one event interval, beyond the criterion child behavior, were

scored 1 and those that did not fit the definition of responsiveness were scored zero. Two measures of maternal responsiveness were calculated based upon the proportion of child behaviors to which the mother responded; an overall responsiveness score (the total proportion of responsive maternal behaviors) and the specific responsiveness scores of each child criterion behavior.

Overall, mothers were appropriately responsive to their children a mean of 60.5 percent of the time (range 41.7% - 76.9%). The remaining times, mothers either responded inappropriately to the child's behavior, or not at all, at a lag one event level. As a group, mothers were least responsive to children's positive behaviors, with an overall mean responsive score of 25.1 percent (range 0% - 44.2%). Three hearing mothers, two with deaf children, were less responsive to children's positives than other mothers, all having responsiveness scores of less than ten percent to children's positive expression. Three deaf mothers, one with a hearing child, and one hearing mother with a deaf child, were responsive to their children's positive behaviors more than fifteen percentage points above the overall mean level.

Mothers were responsive to children's negative behavior an overall mean of 62.6 percent of the time (range 44.7% - 100%). Three hearing mothers, two with deaf children, and one deaf mother with a hearing child, responded more than ten percentage points below the overall mean level, to their children's negative behavior. Two mothers responded well

above the overall mean level (more than twenty percentage points) to their children's negative behavior. Both of these mothers were deaf, one with a deaf child and one with a hearing child.

Overall, mother's responsiveness to their children's questions was the highest ranking responsive behavior. (Since one child never used any questioning behaviors throughout the study, his mother was unable to show any degree of responsiveness to this behavior and therefore was not considered in the calculation of the overall mean for this behavior). Mothers responded appropriately to their children's questions an overall mean of 86.3 percent of the time (range 61.5% - 100%). Two hearing mothers with hearing children responded more than ten percentage points below the overall mean level, while all other mothers responded above this level.

Mothers appropriately responded to their children's informing behaviors an overall mean of 68.4 percent of the time (range 40.5% - 86.4%). Three hearing mothers, two with hearing children and one with a deaf child, responded appropriately to their children's informing more than ten percentage points below the overall mean response level of the group. Deaf mothers, and one hearing mother of a deaf child, responded appropriately to their children's informing behaviors over seventy percent of the time.

Overall, mothers responded appropriately to their children's attention seeking a mean of 63.6 percent of the

time (range 33.3% - 86.9%). Three hearing mothers, one with an 'oral' deaf child, responded more than fifteen percentage points below the overall mean level, to their children's attention seeking. Two deaf mothers responded appropriately to their children's attention seeking more than fifteen percentage points above the overall mean level.

In summary, hearing mothers had fewer appropriate responses to their children's behaviors than deaf mothers. Within the group of hearing mothers, those with hearing children responded appropriately less often, to their children's behaviors overall, than those with deaf children. Deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of of their children, had the highest total responsiveness scores in the study. Table 20 presents the responsiveness scores for each mother in the study, while Figure 14 graphically presents these results along with maternal effectiveness.

### Maternal Effectiveness

Operational measures of a mother's effectiveness were based on an analysis of contingencies between observed infant and maternal behaviors. For a set of specific maternal behaviors, certain child responses were selected from the work of Clarke-Stewart (1973) that would indicate that the mother's behavior had been effective or appropriate. For example, if the mother directed the child to do something, her behavior was considered effective only if the child carried out the order without any negative behavior. If the child responded but was negative also, the

ABLE 20

MATERNAL RESPONSIVENESS (X)

	(O-O)	2 (0-0)	а (н-р)	(H-D)	5 (H-Do)	(H-Q)	7 (0-H)	● (H·H)	æ <u>∓</u>	ACTOSS FEBRITIES
Child	44.23	23.52	42.10	9.72	•	8 8	78.76	8 0	21 42	25. 10
Child Megative	95 69	100.00	47.72	8	62.71	3	8	46, 15	99.	62 60
Child Questions	95 12	. 93 33	<b>8</b> -0	8 8	92.36	93.62	92.10	61.53	69 73	, <b>8</b>
Child Informs	60 10 10	73.0	40 47	<b>3</b>	38	10.11	78.70	94.76	<b>9</b>	68.40
Child Attn. Seeks	1	10 m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m m	68.75	75 00	46 34	72 60	99	4. 0.	33 33	3
Resp'ness (X)	75.83	5 8 6 9 6 9	48.76	63 83	53.87	99	76.93	41.67	46 02	

MATERNAL EFFECTIVENESS (%)

					FAMILY					
	(0-0)	(0-0)	Э (н-р)	(H-D)	5 (н-Do)	(H-Q)	(D-H)	• <del>1</del>	(H-H)	ACTORS
Posttive	41.07	42.66	12.50	8	2 17	35.51	<b>8</b> 5 <b>0</b> 5	64.6	<b>9</b>	21.80
Demons tr	30.76	42.10	31.28	16.51	80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 80 8	49 01	36.36	8 82	13.33	92.8
Direct	65.73	2	44.68	73.53	77 82	77 88	59 25	8	97 82	74 20
Stimulate	<b>3</b>	96.41	72.00	<b>93.48</b>	22 . 22	<b>69</b> 3 ±8	5	99	:	74 00
Quest lon	74.12	81.58	<b>6</b>	10.23	63 31	82 27	99 79	5 10	66 75	98 30
Inform	44.28	41 59	7.43	8	53 35	47.36	53.40	10.49	42.49	34 10
Attention Seek	40 29	47.63	27.27	8	10.44	53 O	52. 12	8	28.00	90
Effect. Within Families	54 03	59 13	8,0	32 60	42.05	62.60	99.08	45.67	58.52	40 J

maternal behavior was deemed inappropriate and scored zero. A more comprehensive description of each of the mother's behaviors considered and their relationships to maternal effectiveness is presented in Chapter III. Each recorded occurrence of each of these mother behaviors was considered, and its consequents, at lag one event interval, examined. Maternal behaviors which were defined effective were scored one and those that did not fit the definition of effectiveness were scored zero. Two measures of maternal effectiveness were calculated based on the proportion of appropriate child responses to mother's behaviors; an overall effectiveness score (the total proportion of appropriate child responses) and the specific effectiveness scores for each mother criterion behavior.

Overall, mothers were effective in eliciting appropriate responses from their children a mean of 49.3 percent of the time (range 29.0% - 62.6%). The remaining times children either responded inappropriately to mother's behavior or not at all, at a lag one event level.

As a group, mothers were least effective in eliciting children's positive behaviors, with an overall mean effectiveness score of 21.9 percent (range 2.2% - 50.6%). All five hearing mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, had effectiveness scores well below the overall mean level for eliciting positive behaviors. The combined hearing mother's mean effectiveness score for eliciting positive behavior in their children was 5.5

percent compared to a combined deaf mother's mean of 51.5 percent.

Mother's demonstrating behaviors were effective an overall mean of 52 percent of the time (range 30.8% - 83.3%). All deaf mothers, as well as a hearing mother with a deaf child, scored below the overall mean effectiveness level for this behavior. The remaining hearing mothers scored above the overall mean effectiveness level for demonstrating behaviors, while hearing mothers with hearing children had the highest effectiveness scores for this behavior.

Overall, mother's directing behaviors were most effective in eliciting appropriate children's responses. Children responded appropriately to mother's directing an overall mean of 74.2 percent of the time (range 44.7% - 99%). Two mothers, both hearing with hearing children, had effectiveness scores, with this behavior, more than twenty percentage points above the overall mean level. Only one mother, a hearing mother with a deaf child, had an effectiveness score more than ten percentage points below the mean level for this behavior.

Mother's stimulation behaviors were also very effective in eliciting appropriate child responses, with an overall mean of 74 percent (range 22.2% - 93.2%). Unfortunately, these particular figures may be inflated, because children's responses are considered at a lag one event level, and because play was quite often a continuous, overtime

behavior, contingency between mother's stimulation and children playing was unable to be determined. However, with this in mind, the three hearing mothers with deaf children had the lowest effectiveness rates in eliciting appropriate children's behaviors to their own stimulating behaviors. All other mothers had effectiveness scores above the overall mean level for this behavior.

Mother's questioning behaviors were effective in eliciting appropriate children's responses an overall mean of 58.3 percent of the time (range 8.2% - 84.7%). Hearing mothers with deaf children were least effective in eliciting appropriate children's responses to this behavior, all three having effectiveness scores more than thirty percentage points below the overall mean level for this behavior. Deaf mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, had the highest effectiveness scores for quesitoning behaviors.

Overall, mother's informing behaviors were effective in eliciting appropriate children's responses 34.1 percent of the time (range 6.2% - 53.5%). Three hearing mothers, two with deaf children, were least effective in eliciting appropriate children's responses to their own informing behaviors, all scoring more than twenty percentage points below the overall mean level. Three deaf mothers, as well as one hearing mother with a deaf child had effectiveness scores, to informing behavior, more than ten percentage points above the overall mean level.

Mother's attention seeking behaviors also had relatively low effectiveness in eliciting appropriate responses from their children. The mean overall effectiveness score for mother's attention seeking behavior was 30.3 percent (range 0% - 53.1%). All hearing mothers, regardless of the hearing status of their children, scored below the mean effectiveness level for this behavior, while all deaf mothers scored above this mean effectiveness level.

In summary, hearing mothers with deaf children were less effective in eliciting appropriate responses from their children than any other mothers. Deaf mothers, along with one hearing mother of a hearing child, had the highest overall effectiveness scores. In general, mothers were more responsive to their children's behaviors than they were effective in eliciting their children's appropriate behaviors. Tables 20 and 21 present the effectiveness and responsiveness scores for each family as well as combined scores across families for each behavior, considered. Figure 14 graphically presents these results for each family in the study.

### Changes Over Time

Overall, mothers decreased their total interactive behaviors over the ten weeks of the study. Figure 15 graphically presents each dyad's total behaviors, as well as combined family behaviors, for each individual observation session; the reciprocal interactive effect that each member of the dyad has on one another is displayed in the degree to

FIGURE 14

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MATERNAL RESPONSIVENESS AND EFFECT THE NESS

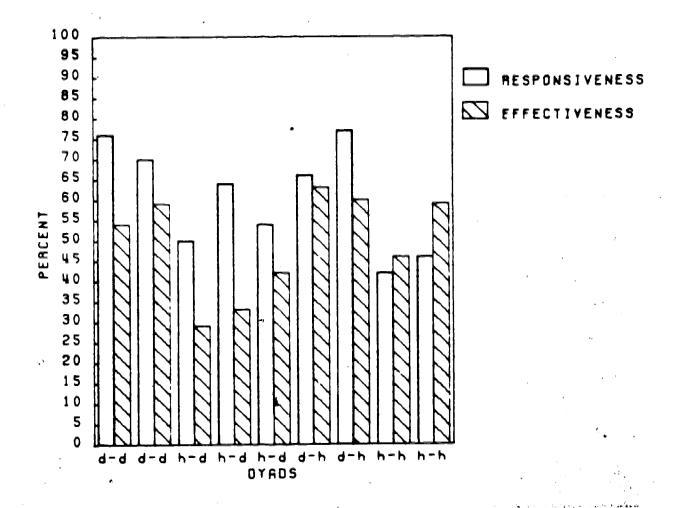
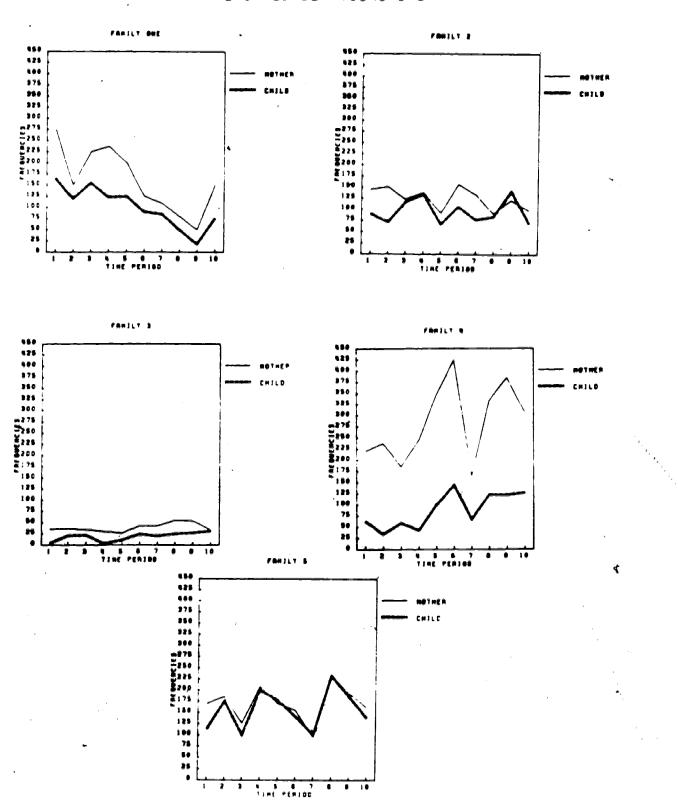


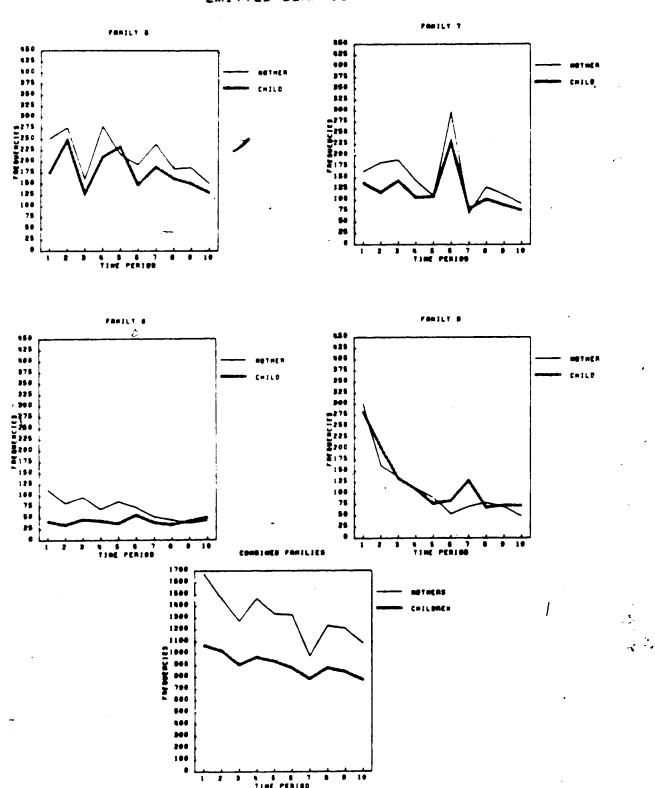
FIGURE 15

### EMITTED BEHAVIORS OVER TIME



## FIGURE 15 (continued)

# EMITTED BEHAVIORS OVER TIME



which these lines parallel one another within families.

Table 22 presents the overall frequencies for each mother behavior over time. While most behaviors consistently decreased over time, negative and attention seeking behaviors show more consistency across observations, as did directing. Although the data collection period was shorter, these observations are consistent with Clarke-Stewart's (1973) findings that mothers became more negative and directive over time. This appears to be more a function of mothers 'getting used to' the observers and feeling free to be more negative with their children when they pleased, rather than promoting the more socially acceptable positive mother behaviors.

Children, as well, decreased their total interactive behaviors over the ten weeks of the study. Figure 15 presents total children's behaviors over time and although this type of data does not allow for causal interpretation, the effects of mother and child on one another's behaviors seems apparent. Table 23 presents the overall frequencies for each child behavior over time. While most behaviors consistently decreased over time, positive, negative and attention seeking behaviors show relative increases. As well, children showed less fluctuation in their behaviors over time than mothers did, with the exception of one behavior, questioning, which markedly decreased over time.

Children's behaviors are probably less affected by observers since, at this age, children are not generally

TABLE 22 CHANGES IN MATERNAL BEHAVIORS DVER IIME

1   2   3   4   5   6   7   8   9   10   $\times$   9   10   $\times$   9   10   $\times$   9   10   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9   9	89	€					į		•				
74         49         62         38         61         51         67           46         25         46         42         33         36         28           22         19         23         49         31         27         13           116         168         240         130         179         182         142           36         47         46         35         29         35         36           309         250         226         192         231         199         236           715         687         619         435         628         501         56           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6		-	~	6	-	NO.	9	7	-	•	ō	t×	
46         25         46         42         33         36         28           22         19         23         49         31         27         13           116         168         240         130         179         182         142           36         47         46         35         29         35         36           309         250         226         192         231         199         236           715         687         619         435         623         628         501           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	Pos	, 98	69	£3	-	<b>6</b>	62	38	5	9.1	67	62.0	
22         19         23         49         31         27         13           116         168         240         130         179         182         142           36         47         46         35         29         35         36           309         250         226         192         231         198         236           715         687         619         435         623         628         501           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	2	36	Q	38	46	25	46	42	33	<b>9</b> 6	28	37.0	
116         168         240         130         179         182         142           36         47         46         35         29         35         36           309         250         226         192         231         199         236           715         687         619         435         623         628         501           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	Defin.	Ţ	46	÷	22	<del>.</del>	23	<b>4</b>	5	27	13	30.2	
36         47         46         35         29         35         36           309         250         226         192         231         199         236           715         687         619         435         623         628         501           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	011.	2 19	£	7.	116	168	240	130	971	182	142	171.1	
309         250         226         192         231         199         236           715         687         619         435         623         626         501           86         80         60         52         46         52         58           10         10         4         4         2         0         4           157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	St im.	5	96	<b>\$</b>	36	47	9	90 00	29	20.	36	46.7	
643         618         715         687         619         435         623         628         501           65         61         86         80         60         52         46         52         58           11         5         10         10         4         4         2         0         4           162.9         141.4         157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	Ques	412	295	277	308	250	226	192	231	96	236	262 7	
65         61         86         80         60         52         46         52         58           11         5         10         10         4         4         2         0         4           162.8         141.4         157.1         148.3         147.3         108.6         137.2         134.4         120.6	Inf	747	643	618	715	687	9.0	435	623	628	5	621 6	
162.9 141.4 157.1 148.3 147.3 108.6 137.2 134.4 120.6	A.S.	52	<b>6.</b>	19	96	0	9	93	46	52	20	61.2	
157.1 148.3 147.3 108.6 137.2 134.4 120.6	Exp.	21	÷	NO.	ō	õ	4	•	~	0	•	71.0	<b>,</b>
	l×	186.1	162.9	141.4	157.1	148.3	147.3	108.6	137.2	134.4	120 6	151.5	

Note: All behaviors are presented as total frequencies of events.

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CHANGES IN CHILD BEHAVIORS OVER TIME TABLE 23

8						<u> </u>	•	. "			
	-	2	6	-	¥n	•	-	•	•	9	₽×
	37	Pos. 37 54 25	25	37	27	54	31	35	38	59	9.14
è	Ę	21	33	17	99	53	62	23	9	-	104
ن <u>د</u>		96	29	33	64	27	25	57	97	59	<b>8</b> . <b>1</b>
ğ	187	13.1	116	117	38	195	o.	133	135	ē	136.6
-	306	286	265	311	276	338	282	316	237	251	286 8
	132	152	8	51.5	62	. 37	8	63	38	36	80.2
č	584	553	561	612	512	463	469	503	.483	9	520.0
Ś	36	37	33	30	99	75	. 25	20	57	25	46.5
•	171 0	¥ 171 9 163 8 146 3	146.3	1 39	151.4	152.3	133.5	149.5	136.4	128.3	149.2

Note: All behaviors are presented as total frequencies of events except play, which is presented as total time spent at this activity.

influenced to do 'the right thing'. Also, observers spent many hours in the homes before the first recorded observation visit and children appear to have become used to these strangers, more than the mothers had.

APPENDIX G

CORRELATIONS

TABLE 24

FAMILY ONE (0-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	₩ <b>2</b>	lai-	Res pond	Play	Ques- tion	In- form	Attn Seet
Expressive Positive	820	330		330				-
Expressive Negative	,							-, 330
Demons tr.	·		•			ŧ		
Direct		<b>98</b> 6		730			95	
St (mu) ate					*.			9
Quest fon			069		· ·	9.	710	
Inform			00			. 7 <b>80</b>	<b>8</b>	
Attn. Seek	•		360		920		280	
Expand		i	00			200	420	

FABLE 2

FAMILY ONE (D-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

				MOTHER'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS				
MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	Fxp,	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expend
Expressive Positive									
Expressive Megative								,	
Demonstr.		a						-	
Direct	•						. 425		
Stimulate		ŝ	•						
Quest ton							744	445	676
Inform	ı			,		•	· *	.653	Ē
Attn. Seek			r						
Expand			,					*	
					٠				

TABLE 26

FAMILY ONE (D-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

BEHAVIORS	Exp.	Ryp.	186- 1810	Res - pond	Pley	Oues- tion	In- form	Attr Seek
Expressive Positive					,	•		
Expressive Negative		0		*		,		
Initate			•			Ē	705	
Respond		,						
A .	,			•	, 78		-	. 3 <b>6</b> 3
Question	i <sub>k</sub>						25	
Inform			:	v				
Attm. Seek								

TABLE 27

FAMILY TWO (D-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

MDTHER'S BENAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	18 i - 18	Res pond	Play	tion	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive	364		442		665 -			
Expressive Negative				60				
Demons tr.			427	<b>.</b>	318	423		1-
Direct				9	<u> </u>		,	
Stimulete								
Ouest 10n		<b>4</b> ,	477		- 436		.63	
Inform	•		395		- 537		795	
Attn. Seek			920	354	•	*	,	
Expand						·		

TABLE 28

FAMILY TWO (D-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

				MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	EHAV10RS				
MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp. Pos	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Attn. Seek	Expand
Expressive Positive		,			•	369	38.	,	
Expressive Negative				.507					
Demons tr.								373	
Direct		**	·.				,	300	.330
Stimulate			3	ž				375	
Question	ė		•, ,	•			.74		
Inform				* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *				.354	
Attn. Seek				***	•				-
Expand			4						

ABLE 29

AMILY TWO (0-0)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEMAVIORS

							•	
CHILD'S - BEMAVIORS	Exp. Pos.	πχυ. <b>Zeo</b>	Imi- tete	Res- pond	9 •	Ques- tion	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive								
Expressive Negative		ı	•					
Initate		i			491	,		
Respond	·					• •		
>= -							ž	
Odestion		•	•				•	
Inform		*			-			.342
Attn. Seek		ę				•	•	ı

TABLE 30

FAMILY THREE (H-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEMAVIORS	Exp. Pos.	Exp.	Int- tate	Res pond	yel 4	tion	In- form	Attn . Seek
Expressive Positive	567	,		200			313	
Expressive Negative						•		<b>0</b>
Demonstr.		ž.	Ť					
Direct			369	. 776	325			007
Stimulate	96.	•						
Ouest ion	c	.403	330	۶	-,573	 	800	
Inform		. <b>302</b>	. 456		329	* o <sub>k</sub>		
Attn. Seek		<b>8</b>		323	U	k a.	, b <sup>°</sup>	*
Expand		•						
	•					ı		

FAMILY THREE (H-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

### ###   Sept. Exp. Demon-   Stimu- Oues-   Attn   Seek Expand				•	MOTHER'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS		•		
positive  354  410  362  Direct Direct Cimulate Cuestion Inform tn. Seek Expand	MOTHER'S	Exp Post	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	ł	Attn Seek	Expand
### A 10 362    Jenonstr	Expressive Positive				358					
336	Expressive Negative				354		- 410	362		
Ouestion  Inform  Expand	Demonstr					396				
Guestion Inform tn Seek	Direct							977	350	
Inform tn Seek	Stimelate									′.
Inform to Seek	Ques t Ion									· · · · · ·
:		,								
	tin. Seek		:			. 7				
	Expand		:							

FAMILY THREE (H-D)

		In- Attn form Seek	308				. 622				
		Ques- tion								,	
INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS		y el q		412	. 36.	434				v.	
BETWEEN CHILL	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Res- pond			404	i		•	- -		
ORRELATIONS !	CHILD	In i-					ı	. *	÷	•	
INTERC		Exp.			v.			•	•	•	
		Exp. Pos.				٠					•
		CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Expressive Positive	Expressive Negative	Imitate	Respond	y a l	Quest ion	Inform	Attn. Seek	

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TABLE 33

FAMILY FOUR (H-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

	Exp	Ęxo	-	. 2		-	Ė	Attn
BEHAVIORS	Pos.	Neg	te t	puod	Play	tion	form	Se k
Expressive Positive				353	•			
Expressive	ġ							
Megative	- 6 <del>7</del>							
Demonstr.			277.	s.				
Direct	45.			676	380		.435	
Stimulete					- 453	¥		
Quest fon		094						
Inform	570			728	<b>6</b>	•	4.	
Attn Seek		· .			328			
Expand	4	986	•					
•								

TABLE 34

FAMILY FOUR (H-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

Fxp. Exp. Deson-Stimu-Oues-					MOTHER'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS				
317	MOTHER'S BEMAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Oues- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
	Expressive				314	323		-		
	Expressive Megative			•						~
	Demonstr.								310	
	Direct Stimulate	¥r	•					740	970	
	Quest fan								•	
	Inform		*					**		
	ttn. Seek									.343
	Expand									

TABLE 35

FAMILY FOUR (H-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

311	BENAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	Int-	Res- pond	Pley	Ques- t lón	In- form	Attn Seek
	Expressive Positive				424	370		•	- 323
378	Expressive Negative		*ررب	,		*			
			,•	/		311		.413	
	Respond				,			378	
	P I P					•			- 381
	Question				<b>.</b> 	:		348	
	Inform		*						- 340

TABLE 36

FAMILY FIVE (H-Do)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

	<b>.</b>		CHILD	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS			grand and a second	
MDTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	Imi- tate	Res pond	Yeld	Ques- tion	Inf	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive	87			55.1			<b>45</b>	37.1
Expressive Magative		•						
Demonstr.		.610						
Direct			325	653	442		808	89C
Stimulate		•				. 27		4.
Question			•	324			427	
Inform	434		787	016	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		700	
Attn Seek			. 462			٠.		
Expand						.625		

TABLE 37

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FAMILY FIVE (H-Do)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

					MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS				
MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	fixp.	Demon- strate	017ect	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Atta Seek	Expand
Expressive Positive			1	<b>58</b> 3					
Expressive Negative	ę			315		.301	,		
Demonstr.					8			·	360
Direct									
Stimulate	i								.798
Quest Ion		* . *			•	٠.		Ţ	
Inform	¢			·					
Attn. Seek		# #	6. -						<b>.</b>
Bread.						*			

TABLE 30

FAMILY FIVE (H-Do)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	181- tete	Res- pond	Play	Ques- tion	· In-	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive		100				144		
Expressive Megative		•	•					
Tall the				. 212	363		<b>08</b> 5	
Respond					404			
Play			• ,				382	
Question		٠,				,		
Inform				,		,		
Attn. Seek								

TABLE 39

FAMILY SIX' (D-H)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS							
	Exp.	 Let-	Res	Piey	oues- tion	- Tora	Attn
Expressive	786		578		<b>%</b>		
Expressive Negative	a	•		,		•	•
Desons tr.		8	929		:	4	
Direct		•			٠	*	
Stimulate						. 323	
Question					2	. 101	
Inform		727	F C 86	323	675	C99	·
Attn. Seek						•	. •
Expand	<u> </u>	.578	63	,	8	<b>Š</b>	1 1:

END END Demon- Stimu- Ques- Attn Pos Sechavioes  END END Demon- Stimu- Ques- Attn Sechavioes  Sechavioes  327 304  328 382	ESP ESP Demon- Stimu- Ques- 11/Orm Attn Pos Neg Esp Demon- Stimu- Ques- 11/Orm Ssek  927 304  382  382  388	•	•			FAMILY S	FAMILY SIX (D-H)		•	1	
Exp. Exp. Demon- Stimu- Ques- Attn Pos strate Direct late tion Inform Seek  3527 304  388  388  388  388	Exp. Exp. Demon-Stimu-Gues-Tion Inform Seek  S27 304  398  398  398  398  398  398		,		INTERCORRE	LATIONS BETH	EEN MOTHER'S	BEHAVIORS			
Exp. Exp. Demon- Stimu- Ques- Attn Square Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek Se	Exp. Exp. Demon- Stimu- Ques- Hon Inform Seek  398 335 382  398 381					MOTHER'S	BEHAVIORS				
396 395 397 391	396 378 378 378		dx;	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
335	396 446 342 342	Expressive Positive			4	527		306			4
395	395 382 382	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •				`	<b>9</b>		-		
39.	391	<b>.</b>							944		
330	301	7 <b>0</b> 0						338		382	. 503
328	328	12te				,		376		i	· ·
		Quest ton							39.1		
•	3	<b>l</b> ó.	s			•				.328	.637
		<b>₹</b>			à			×.			
		- bead									40

TABLE 41

FAMILY SIX (D-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

	•							
CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	fixp.	Exp.	Int- tate	Res - pond	ye19	Ques - tien	In- form	S tr
Expressive Positive				322		386		
Expressive Negative								570
laitate.				137		*		
Respond		•				.347		÷ue.
, <b>ya</b> (4						. 365	- 442	
Quest fon						T.	996	
Inform								
Attn. Seek	,			÷				

FAMILY SEVEN (D-H)

ARLE 43

FAMILY SEVEN (D-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

#0THER'S EXP. EXP. Demon- 1 of the tion of tio					MOTHER 'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS				
410 453 320 336 459 500 444 443 335 327 628 600 369	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
470 453 320 336 459 500 444 443 325	Expressive Positive			. 393						
336 459 500 444 443 335 600 369	Expressive Mostive				,	470		.453	320	
935 628	Demons tr.		,		,	966	459	<b>0</b>		796
937 628	Direct		ì			ij		. 644	335	
8	Stimulate			•	٠		.327	.628		
	Quest ton		.*		*			009	96	
	Inform	á	/	/				,•		.440
Expand	Atts. Seek									,
	Expand		it.						•	

TABLE 44

FAMILY SEVEN (D-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

CMILD'S Exp. BEMAVIORS Pos. Expressive Positive Negative	Exp.	181-	104				
Expressive Positive Expressive Negative			Duod.	Play	Ques- tion	In- form	Atta Seek
Expressive Negative		300					
			. 332		e	•	
I mitoto	( **	,	, <b>35</b> 0	. 22		963	
Respond		•					
Piey	*	<b></b>			•		. 97
Quest ion.						<b>*</b>	403
Inform	•	* / · ·	•				.637
Attn. Seek							

FAMILY EIGHT (H-H)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos	R X D	Ini- tete	Res pond	P l e y	Ques- tion	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive			009	338				-
Expressive Negative		·					٠	
Demonstr			<b>906</b>	• .			•	
Direct	*	•	.325	<b>\$</b>	512	•		
Stimulate		÷	370		•		, <del>3</del> 07	
Oves t lon			436			. ,		٠
Inform		•	•		4	•		. · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Attn. Sook		•	·	3			<b>,</b>	
Expand		,						

TABLE 46 .

FAMILY EIGHT (H-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS .

		•		MOTHER'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS		:		
MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS.	Exp Pos	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	000s-	Inform	Atto Seek	Expand
Expressive Positive			550	350	17.4	25.00	392	425	
Expressive Negative				*	د				. •
Demonstr.				38.	370		4	<b>&gt;</b>	776
Direct		=			÷	. ,	980	÷	#
Stimulate				•			•	£10	
Question			•				. * .	,	•
Inform	•				:		•		•
Attn. Seek					•			,	
Expand		,					/ -		

CHILD'S EXP EXP Ini- VRes- Play tare pond Play txpressive Negative			
	* Ques-	In- form	Attn
		1	,
		•	•
Play Ouestion Inform			
Inform	708	•	
•	•		<b>6</b>
Attn. Seek.	•		<u>'</u>

FAMILY EIGHT (H-H)

TABLE 48

FAMILY NINE (H-H)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	Exp.	ini-	Res pond	Play	Ques- tion	In-	Attn Seek
	1							
Positive	567		į	452			. 312	
Expressive Negative		<b>69</b>						455
Demons tr.	· .		ග ම ස	\$36	260		360	
Direct	•	,	458	£66	7	510	.802	
Stimulate			632	303		308	459	•
Question ,			300	827	109	017.	169	
Inform	•		,	740 /	265	317.	673	
Attn. Seek					•	, <u>.</u>	•	•
Expand	•		,	,				,

TABLE 49

FAMILY NINE (H-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

Exp. Exp. Demon- Stimu- Ques- Attn Scient 1 ate 1 ion Inform Seek 450  450  535 349 403 345  302 831 731  811								•	;	٠
150 535 349 403 345 302 831 731	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques-	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
535 349 403 345 302 831 731 304 831 731	Apressive Positive				450					
535 349 403 345 302 831 731 304 831 731	pressive Negative							1	• •	,
33.	Jemogs tr.				535	- E. ❤ 64.	403	6. 84.		•
	Direct				4	303		.731		
	Stimulate				. 1	٠	334			
	Question				1 6			=	,	•
					·	•	t : ,	_		·
Expand	Attn. Seek		,	,	•		٠	•		
	Expand				,	٠				

CHILD'S EXP EXP Tail Res Tons  Expressive Repartive Respond Respond Play Play  Attn. Seek			INTER	INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	ETWEEN CHILD	S BEHAVIORS		•	
CHILD'S EXP. EXP. Int. Res. 10 17- EXPressive Post ive Play  Respond After Seek					S BEHAVIORS				
Expressive Positive  Expressive Magative Magative  Respond  Respond  Play  Play  Attn. Seek	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	£xp Neg	1	Res-	Play -	Ques- t Ion	In- form	Att.
Respond Play  Play  Attn. Seek	Expressive 7 Positive				311			)	
Phay Duestion Inform	Expressive Negative		· •			. ك			2
Play Question Inform	Imitate			·		416		996	
Phay  Question  Inform  Attn. Seek						. 814	219	. 189	
				•	ر		Á	f 2.7	
	<b>Quest</b> fon	÷	•	-					
·	Inform				,	•		•	
	Attn. Sook	•		—- == <u>u</u>					
	) 	*		, <del></del>	•	•			
		,		*				•	

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ABLE 51

GROUP ONE (D-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp. Pos	Exp.	Int- tote	Res- pond	Play	00es 11on	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive	079						£	
Expressive Negative					•	 *		
Demonstrate	Mass of		•					
Direct			•	8		•	ē	
Stimulate		<b>₹</b> = •	•	,	•	•		
Question	e e	*	8		r	•	0	•
Inform	· .*		670	÷		•	780	5
Attn. Seek	·	* .	360	•	•			
Expand	,		•				•	

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GROUP ONE (D-D)

R S BEHAVIORS	
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MOTHER	
BETWEEN	
ATTONS (	
INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S B	
IN	

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEMAVIORS	Exp. Pos.	E Meg	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	t ion	Ques- tion Inform	A ttn Seek	Zeo.
Expressive Positive				\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \					
Expressive Negative				•				,	, ,
Demonstr.			<b>*</b> 1-						
Stimulate	ı						÷		
Quest fon				• •,		1	780	A	
Inform			•					.520	
Attn. Seek		*****							
Expand	以	P.		ī	•	•		•	·

			CHILD	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS				
CHILD'S BEMAVIORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	lai- tate	Res- pond	Play	Ques tion	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Postories Expressive		*						
Demonstr Stimulate	•		NO, INTERCORRE	NO. INTERCORRELATIONS ABOVE 30	9	,	r	
Ovestion Inform	•							
Attn. Seek		₹ 2						L.
Expand			•		7			
		•	٠					

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

GROUP OWE (D-D)

TABLE 54 c

GROUP TWO (H-D)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

			CH11D	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS			. 1	
MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp.	0 0 X	Ini- tate	Res-	Play	f fon	In- form	Atta Seek
Expressive Positive				460	,			
Expressive Negative					*			•
Demonstr		,	•	•		i		
Direct	-		•	00	•	•		
Stimulate					, ,			
Question		9	<b>,</b>			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		`
Inform				•			<i>,</i>	
Attn. Soek					•	•	,	
Expand	,	4				1	1	

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GROUP TWO (H-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

Expressive Note: Exp. Demon. Stimu. Oues. Inform Seek Expand Positive Note: Stimu. Oues. Seek Expand Seek Expand Positive Note: Stimu. Seek Expand Seek Seek Seek Expand Seek Seek Seek Expand Seek Seek Seek Seek Expand Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek Seek See		1			MOTHER'S	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS				
	MDTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp. Pos.	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- lete	Oues- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
Expressive Monator Direct Stimulate Ouestion Inform Attn. Seek	Expressive Positive				340		·			
Deponstr.  Direct Stimulate Ouestion Inform Attn. Seek	Expressive Magazive			,	<b>~</b>				•	•
Stimulate Stimulate Question Inform Expend	<b>Depons</b> tr									
Ouesition Inform  Expend	Direct				•			<b>0</b>	<b>08</b>	J
Inform This Seek Expend	Stimulate			ı		4	•			-
Inform Attn. Seek Expend	Question	•		•	•		•	: • ,		1
Attn. Seek Expend	Inform		•	er <del>ala</del> er			,			
Expand	Attn. Seek						Ż		<b>'</b>	,
	Expand	٠								

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GROUP 1WO (H-D)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos.	Exp Reg	Int-	Res - pond	P I & y	Oues tion	In- form	Attn
Expressive Positive		7				-	٤	
Expressive								
Imitate					ě			
Respond						•		•
Yeld		•						÷ .
Quest Ion		•		•				• }
Inform	•	•		*		***		
Attn. Seek					<del></del> '			;

TABLE 57

GROUP FOUR (D-H)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

		:		2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		•	•	
MOTHER'S BEHAVJORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	12 t- 12 t-	Res- pond	P I B Y	Ques t fon	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive	69.						-	
Explessive Megative								
Demonstr	/		90	<i>J</i>				r
Direct	•	•		09		•		
Stimulate			~.'				390	•
Quest fon		· .		•			. • ,	7.
Inform			069. s		<i>,</i>	0.	720	
Attn. Seek			,	•	•			•
Expand		-	. 082	. OEs				•

TABLE 58

GROUP FOUR (D-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

Exp. Exp. Demon-Stimu-Stimu-Stimu-Ado	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS ,		
	imu- Ques- ate tion Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
	0		
	470		
		<b>096</b> :	*
	990	-	ı
Inform Seek	006		
No⊕K			9

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GROUP FOUR (D-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	Ini- tete	Res	Play	Ques	form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive		-						
Expressive Nagetive					.•		2	
In toto	,	·		066		,		,
Respond			٠.			•		
Play			: <u>.</u>	ī		· .		
Question				•	, .•	e a	90	
Inform	7	•	ate to		ė.			1
Attn. Seek			•	E				

TABLE 60

AROUP FIVE (H-H)

CROSS CORRELATIONS BETWEEN MATERNAL AND CHILD BEHAVIORS

Exp. Exp. (site pond play than than than than than than than than				CHILD	CHILD'S BEHAVIORS			•	
099 049 019 019 019	MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp. Pos.	Exp.	Int- tote	Res pond	P I ey	Ques tion	In- form	Attn Seek
066 004. 016 014.	xpressive Positive								
069 066 004	XWTessive Negative	,		•					
510 510 670 500	Demonstr.	,		068	•	<b>1</b>			1
010	Birect			8	068	069	•	•	
•10 •70	Stimulate			01.8	<b>S</b>	<b>-</b>		380	, av
670	Question	•		<b>4</b> 10	<b>)</b>		,	·	
Expand	Inform	•		•	670	200			•
Expand	ttn." Sook		•	*	,	,			
	Expand				·		•	,	•
							z z		

TABLE 61

GROUP FIVE (H-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS

MOTHER'S BEHAVIORS	Exp Pos	Exp.	Demon- strate	Direct	Stimu- late	Ques- tion	Inform	Attn Seek	Expand
Expressive Positive				84					
Express ive	·			•				•	•
Demonstr.					370	390		·	
Direct							670		
Stimulete			•				,		
Quest fon	•						8		
Inform					•				
Attn. Sook									
Expand									

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GROUP FIVE (H-H)

INTERCORRELATIONS BETWEEN CHILD'S BEHAVIORS

CHILD'S	Exp Pos	Exp.	Int-	Res- pond	Yeld	Over t1on	In- form	Attn Seek
Expressive Positive								
Expressive Magative		·			4			
Initate					-			
Respond	•				.710		·	
P) ey					•			
Question		- :			٠.	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		2
Inform	.**					•	• • •	
Attn Seek								

APPENDIX H

LAG DATA

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY ONE (D-D) / MOTHER

95 PCT CONF. INTVL

STAN-DEV

Exp.D

0.580

101

NCR11

FREG

CODE

LAG

0.019 to 0	0 017 to 0	0 023 40 0	0 034 40 0			000 0 017 to 0.000	6		2 4 40 0	9 0	0.423 to 0	0.085 to -0	0 265 to 0	0 043	0.04	0-042 000	115 0 092 to -0.014	0 069 to 0	0 415 to 0	0.081 to -0.	0.258 to 0.	0 041 to -0.	0.048 to -0	0.052 to -0		0 069 to 0	0 415 to 0	0 081 to 0	0 258 to 0.	300	0.035	052 0 032 to -0.005
0.002	38	38	38	38	88	838	24	510	018	0.022	061 -2	025 -0	0-000	0.15 -0	510	10	1- 7100	021	057	023	046	<u>.</u>	0 15	0	0 017 17	021	0- 290	023 0	046	014 0	0.0	0000
0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0		0.08		036	167	013 0	0	107	8	000 0 028	161	018 0	.0	000	0	0	000 MD00	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	308 0.019	0	0	ó	0	0	00,	014 0 013
= =	1411 3411	1411 3411	1411 3411	1411 3411	1411 3411	=	_	_		56 54 0	_	_			50	35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 35 3	65 59 0	50	90	20	60 i	50	•	7	65 48 0	97	87	65 48 0	£	50 40 60		143 119 0.
52 46	79	76	1033	123	57.1	4 R	23	9	0	0	<b>.</b>	- (	<b>*</b>	0	-	ō	0	- (	23	~ •	<b>~</b> (	>	<b>+</b>	-	8	_	=	<del>-</del> ;	52	-	-	~
- 7	0	•	•	•	0	•	-	-	en :	<b>→</b> :	r (	• ·	~ ·	•		~				•	- •	•	-		-	<b>T</b> (	r (			-	-	

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041 056 036 037 067	044 042 043 043 043 043	032 032 032 034 032 033	024 024 034 049 049	032 038 034 054 062 029	061 057 057 051 051 056
000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000	0000000
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019 028 303 036 167 013		013 013 002 303 036 013	000000000000000000000000000000000000000	0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.0	013
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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY ONE (D-D) / CHILD

95 PCT CONF. INTVL.

7

STAN-DEV

Exp.D

0,590

101

NCR11

FREQ

LAG CODE

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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY TWO (D-D) / MOTHER

95 PCT CONF. INTVL.

STAN-DEV

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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY TWO (D-D) / CHILD

85 PCT CONF. INTVL

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STAN-DEV

EXP'D

0.580

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CRIT. SEC.

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45 38 0 044 0 012 0 016 2 015 0 044 to -0.044 10 023 0 023 0 024 10 023 10 023 0 024 10 023 10 023 0 024 10 023 10	45         38         0.044         0.012         0.018         0.028         0.044         0.025         0.038         0.042         0.031         0.028         0.044         0.025         0.038         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.042         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.031         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032	<del>-</del>	• 6	۰ د	n 4	<b>5</b> 6		0.018	0.020				0.02
45         38         0.044         0.028         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.021         0.023         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.024         0.024         0.023         0.024	45         38         0 044         0 028         0 023         0 026         0 034	-	•	• -	D #	D 0		0 012	0 016				-0.020
45 38 0 044 0.025 0 023 0 815 0.071 to -0.045 38 0 044 0.043 0 058 10 268 0 0707 to -0.045 38 0 074 0 044 0 043 0 058 10 268 0 028 to -0.045 38 0 070 0 007 0 058 10 0 103 to -0.050 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0	45         38         0.044         0.025         0.023         0.815         0.071         to -0           45         38         0.774         0.043         0.030         0.042         0.013         to -0           45         38         0.774         0.047         0.043         0.056         10.266         0.103         to -0           45         38         0.000         0.047         0.043         0.023         0.056         0.013         to -0         0.023         0.006         0.014         0.012         0.006         0.014         0.013         0.013         0.013         0.013         0.013         0.023         0.006         0.021         0.023         0.006         0.021         0.023         0.006         0.021         0.023         0.006         0.024         0.013         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.023         0.024         0.024         0.024         0.024	-	· 40	· ~	0 <b>4</b>	D 6		0 038	0 058				-0.018
45 38 0 778 0 184 0 036 10 268 0 298 to 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	45 38 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 0	-	<b>.</b>	r tr	5 4	D 6		0.025	0 023				-0.021
45 38 0 000 0 047 0 058 10 268 0 298 to 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	45 38 0 000 0 0047 0 0058 10 268 0 298 to 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	-	•	* #6	? *	9 6		000	0 030				-0.016
45 38 0 000 0 002 0 006 -0 266 0 013 to -0 639 568 0 013 to -0 639 568 0 011 0 012 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 000 0 018 to -0 268 0 011 0 012 0 0 000 0 000 0 0 018 to -0 218 0 002 to -0 218 to -0 218 0 002 to -0 218 to -0	45         38         0 000         0 002         0 006         -0 266         0 108 to -0           639         568         0 017         0 018         0 006         2 614         0 013 to -0           639         568         0 017         0 018         0 002         0 006         2 614         0 013 to -0           639         568         0 017         0 018         0 002         -0 218         0 020 to -0           639         568         0 011         0 012         0 004         -0 218         0 020 to -0           639         568         0 018         0 025         0 004         -0 218         0 020 to -0           639         568         0 034         0 006         0 454         0 020 to -0         0 020 to -0           639         568         0 034         0 043         0 006         0 454         0 038 to -0           639         568         0 050         0 043         0 006         0 454         0 038 to -0           639         568         0 011         0 022         0 004         0 141         0 034         0 02           639         89         0 011         0 022         0 014         0 02         0 034         0	-	•		. <b>.</b>	o c	•	90.0	0 0 0				0.071
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639         568         0 039         0 023         0 006         2 614         0 035 to 0           639         568         0 017         0 018         0 005         0 118         0 026         0 118         0 026         0 020         0 020         0 0           639         568         0 011         0 012         0 004         0 002         0 020         to 0         0 0	639         568         0 039         0 023         0 006         2 614         0 038 to 0 0 10           639         568         0 017         0 018         0 005         0 118         0 028 to 0 0 10           639         568         0 011         0 012         0 004         0 0218         0 020 to 0 0 10           639         568         0 018         0 038         0 006         0 020         0 020 to 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0			•	;	9	3	200	<b>90</b> 0				0.010
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89 0 011 0 023 0 0016 -0.762 0 0055 to -0.051 0 0011 0 023 0 0.016 -0.762 0 0555 to -0.051 0 0011 0 0114 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	89 0 011 0 023 0 016 -0.762 0 005 to -0.88 0 0 022 0 018 0 014 0 031 0 045 to -0.88 0 0 022 0 018 0 014 0 0 031 0 045 to -0.08 0 0 011 0 014 0 0 031 0 045 to -0.08 0 0 011 0 045 to -0.08 0 0 011 0 0 011 0 011 0 0 011 0 0 011 0 0 0 011 0 0 0 011 0	-	• 0	75	50 C						0.0	9	9
89 0 011 0 023 0 016 -0.762 0 055 to -0.88 0 0.022 0 014 0 0.014 0 0.011 0 0.045 to -0.057 0 0.045 to -0.057 0 0.045 to -0.057 0 0.011 0 0.045 to -0.057 0 0.011 0 0.025 to -0.025 0 0.011 0 0.025 0 0.011 0 0.025 to -0.025 0 0.012 0 0.017 0 502 0 0.034 to -0.025 0 0.017 0 502 0 0.034 to -0.025 0 0.017 0 502 0 0.034 to -0.025 0 0.017 0 0.025 0 0.025 0 0.017 0 0.025 0	89 0 011 0 023 0 014 0 035 to -0 762 0 055 to -0 89 0 022 0 018 0 014 0 331 0 0.045 to -0 89 0 022 0 018 0 014 0 331 0 0.045 to -0 89 0 011 0 012 0 011 -0 057 0 034 to -0 89 0 034 0 025 0 017 0 050 0 057 10 -0 058 to -0 89 0 0 022 0 041 5 905 0 058 to -0 89 0 0 042 0 042 0 042 0 042 0 042 0 042 0 042 0 004 0 002 0 007 0 000 to 0 0 000 0 0 000 0 0 000 0 0 000 0 0 000 0		•	=	20 20 20	268				-	000	9	800
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045 0.038 0.020 0.367 0.037 to -0.034 0.022 0.036 0.017 to -0.022 0.043 0.022 -0.086 to -0.042 0.041 5.905 0.095 to 0.045 0.041 5.905 0.090 to 0.045 0.002 -0.075 0.090 to 0.000 0.002 0.005 0.000 to 0.000 0.002 0.005 0.000 to 0.000 0.002 0.000 to 0.000 to 0.000 to 0.000	045 0.038 0.020 0.357 0.034 10 -0.034 0.025 0.037 10 -0.034 0.025 0.043 0.017 0.502 0.058 to -0.022 0.041 5.805 0.265 to 0.045 0.041 5.805 0.265 to 0.045 0.042 0.075 0.080 to 0.000 0.002 0.007 0.0373 0.010 0 -0.00	- •	. co	-	<b>6</b>	60		0 012	2 2				0.0.0
034 0.025 0.017 0.507 0.007 0.002 0.022 0.043 0.022 -0.961 0.041 0	034 0.025 0.017 0.507 0.017 0.002 0.022 0.058 to -0.022 -0.056 0.041 0.0		₹ (	•	6	5		0.03	000				- 60
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TABLE 67

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY THREE (H-D) / MOTHER

LAG	C00E	FREG	NCRIT	101	0.580	Ex.p · 0	STAN- DEV	7	95 PCT (	CONF INTVL
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0	7	<u>4</u> 3	2080	2080	0.021	0.021	0 00		027	C
0	<b>6</b> 0	64	2080	2080	0 024	0 024	0.003			0.017
-	-	ın	9	9	0 125	600	6		0000	
-	7	-	0	ē	0.025		0 023		99	
-	C	0	· •	<u>e</u>	0000		600		200	
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NO CRITERION

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY THREE (H-D) / CHILD

CRIT. SEL.	LAG	CODE	FREQ	NCRIT	101	0.880	EXP'D	STAN	2	95 PCT CONF. INTVL.	·
						-					
	٥	-	9	2000	2080	0 0 0	6100			025 to	
	0	64	43	2000	2080	0 030				026 to 0	
	0	e	9	2080	2080	<b>90</b> 000		0 003		011 to 0	
	°O	•	47	2080	2080	0.023				029 to 0.	
	0	IO.	20	2080	2080	0 024				031 to 0.	
	0	9	9	2000	2080	0.029				037 to 0	
	0	7	121	2080	2080	0 058				008 to 0.	
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ı								•			
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•	-	8	0	6	16		0.020			083 to -0.	
	<del>-</del>	n	0	<b>6</b>	16		800.0	0.020		047 to -0.	
5	<del>-</del>	₹	0	<u>6</u>	16		0.023			089 to -0.	
	-	'n	4	<b>6</b> 1	16		0.024			093 to -0	
	-	g	0	6	<del>1</del> 6		0.029	0 039		0 105 to -0.047	
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TABLE 69

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG DNE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY FOUR (H-D) / MOTHER

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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY FOUR (H-D) / CHILD

96 PCT CONF. INTVL

STAN-DEV

EXP'D

0.580

101

NCR11

FREO

3000

LAG

CRIT. SEL.

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TABLE 71

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG DNE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY FIVE (H-Do) / MOTHER

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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION
FAMILY FIVE (H-Do) / CHILD

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TABLE 73

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY SIX (D-H) / MOTHER

CRIT. SEL.

SEL.	LAG	3000	FREQ	NCRIT	101	0.580	EXP.D	STAN-	_	PE DOT COME TAXABLE	
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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY SIX (D-H) / CHILD

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100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100   100	*				:					
2         4621         4621         600         0.006         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.003 </td <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>101</td> <td>4621</td> <td>4621</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	0	-	101	4621	4621					
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3         0         90         81         0 000         0 000         0 015         -1 428         0 052 to -0           4         1         90         81         0 011         0 021         0 018         -0 632         0 056 to -0           7         13         90         81         0 011         0 012         0 018         -0 632         0 056 to -0           8         1         90         81         0 011         0 001         0 014         0 032         0 056 to -0         0 056 to -0           90         81         0 011         0 001         0 011         0 004         0 041         0 042         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         0 050         <	-	7	0	8	90			5 6		054 to -0.
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34         79         0.011         0.022         0.015         -0.755         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.055         0.052         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.056         1.05		~ (	•	86	9	0.043	900.0			
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5         3         94         79         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.032         0.033         0.043         2.431         0.043         0.043         2.431         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.043         0.044         0.043         0.043         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044         0.044	- •	₹ 1	0	<b>*</b>	79	000	0 021			0. 0. 700
6         18         94         79         0.191         0.192         0.013         2.431         0.176         to -0           1         3         17         94         79         0.181         0.230         0.043         1.138         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.015         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.020         0.031         0.014         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.022         0.022         0.022         0.022         0.022         0.022         0.022		en	n	40	9	0 032	000		- 0	0- 01 85
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204     188     0 010     0 023       204     188     0 010     0 022       204     188     0 010     0 022       204     188     0 010     0 022       204     188     0 010     0 022       204     188     0 028     0 112       204     188     0 028     0 112       204     188     0 028     0 112       204     188     0 020     0 021       204     188     0 020     0 021       204     188     0 020     0 023       1127     1091     0 024     0 023       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 024     0 023       1127     1091     0 024     0 023       1127     1091     0 024     0 023       1127     1091     0 024     0 023       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 014     0 023       1127     1091     0 014     0 023       1127     1091     0 014     0 022       123     13     0 024     0 023       123     13     0 034     0 023       123	e	830 204	247			017	c
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204     188     0 010     0 021       204     188     0 010     0 021       204     188     0 032     0 032       204     188     0 038     0 112       204     188     0 030     0 031       204     188     0 020     0 011       204     188     0 020     0 011       204     188     0 020     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 022       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 012       1127     1091     0 024     0 021       1127     1091     0 024     0 021       1127     1091     0 040     0 021       1127     1091     0 040     0 023       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002 <t< td=""><th>3 2</th><td><b>5</b>07</td><td>188</td><td></td><td></td><td>7</td><td>ç</td></t<>	3 2	<b>5</b> 07	188			7	ç
204     188     0 010     0 021       204     188     0 028     0 032       204     188     0 029     0 112       204     188     0 020     0 011       204     188     0 020     0 011       204     188     0 020     0 002       1127     1091     0 025     0 023       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 012       1127     1091     0 025     0 012       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 024     0 032       1127     1091     0 040     0 032       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     0 010     0 002     0 002       1129     0 010     0 002     0 002		204	188			042	C
204     188     0 028     0 012       204     188     0 098     0 112       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 002     0 005       1127     1091     0 025     0 023       1127     1091     0 027     0 022       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 012       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     0 011     0 002     0 002       1127     0 012     0 022     0 011       123     13     0 024     0 022	4	204	188		-1 082	040	0
204     188     0 098     0 112       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 002     0 005       1127     1091     0 025     0 002       1127     1091     0 027     0 002       1127     1091     0 025     0 002       1127     1091     0 024     0 003       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 004     0 005       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 010     0 002       1127     1091     0 014     0 002       123     73     0 041     0 022       123     0 024     0 022       123     <	<b>.</b>	204	188			920	0
204     188     0 789     0 230       204     188     0 000     0 011       204     188     0 020     0 001       1127     1091     0 025     0 023       1127     1091     0 027     0 021       1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 024     0 021       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 014     0 023       1127     1091     0 014     0 023       1127     1091     0 014     0 022       123     13     0 021     0       13     73     0 384     0 230       13     73     0 000     0 011       13     73     0 000     0 011       13     73     0 000     0 011       13     73     0 000     0 011       13     73     0 000     0 011       13     73     0 001     0 011       13     0 000 </td <th>1 6</th> <td>204</td> <td>188</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>156</td> <td>0</td>	1 6	204	188			156	0
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204     188     0.020     0.005     0       1127     1091     0.025     0.023     0       1127     1091     0.027     0.022     0       1127     1091     0.024     0.022     0       1127     1091     0.024     0.021     0       1127     1091     0.022     0     0       1127     1091     0.024     0.112     0       1127     1091     0.006     0     0       1127     1091     0.014     0.023     0       1127     1091     0.014     0.023     0       1127     1091     0.014     0.023     0       13     73     0.041     0.023     0       13     73     0.041     0.022     0       13     73     0.027     0.032     0       13     73     0.041     0.022     0       13     73     0.027     0.011     0       13     73     0.000     0.011     0       13     73     0.000     0.011     0       13     73     0.000     0.011     0       13     73     0.000     0.011     0	0	204	188			025	Ģ
1127     1091     0 025     0 023       1127     1091     0 024     0 026       1127     1091     0 027     0 021       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 023     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 014     0 005       13     73     0 014     0 002       13     73     0 021     0 02       13     73     0 021     0 02       13     73     0 384     0 230       13     73     0 000     0 011	<b>▼</b>	204	188		2 764	0.015	to -0.005
1127     1091     0 004     0 005       1127     1091     0 027     0 021       1127     1091     0 024     0 021       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 005       1127     1091     0 014     0 005       123     13     0 014     0 002       123     13     0 041     0 002       123     13     0 021     0       123     13     0 021     0       123     13     0 021     0       123     13     0 024     0 022       123     13     0 021     0       123     13     0 024     0 112       123     13     0 000     0 011       123     13     0 000     0 011       123     0 000     0 011     0       123     13     0 000     0 011       124     0 011     0     0       125     0 011     0     0       126     0     0     0     0       127     0     0     0	1 1 28	1127	1091		771 0	233	•
1127     1091     0 027     0 022       1127     1091     0 024     0 021       1127     1091     0 222     0 112       1127     1091     0 440     0 230       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 001       1127     1091     0 014     0 005       73     73     0 014     0 002       73     73     0 014     0 022       73     73     0 041     0 022       73     73     0 021     0       73     73     0 021     0       73     73     0 021     0       73     73     0 021     0       73     73     0 021     0       73     73     0 384     0 230       73     73     0 000     0 011	7	1127	1091			-	Ċ
1127     1091     0 025     0 021       1127     1091     0 022     0 112       1127     1091     0 440     0 230       1127     1091     0 040     0 030       1127     1091     0 006     0 011       1127     1091     0 010     0 001       13     73     73     0 014     0 002       73     73     0 014     0 002       73     73     0 041     0 022       73     73     0 247     0 112       73     73     0 384     0 230       73     73     0 384     0 230       73     73     73     0 000       73     73     0 000     0 011	3 30	1127	1091		1 039	031	0
1127     1091     0 054     0 032       1127     1091     0 222     0 112     0       1127     1091     0 008     0 011     0       1127     1091     0 010     0 005     0       13     73     0 014     0 005     0       73     73     0 014     0 006     0       73     73     0 041     0 002     0       73     73     0 041     0 022     0       73     73     0 041     0 022     0       73     73     0 247     0 112     0       73     73     0 384     0 230     0       73     73     0 000     0 011     0	28	1127	1091		1 014	028	c
1127     1091     0.222     0.112       1127     1091     0.440     0.230       1127     1091     0.008     0.011       1127     1091     0.010     0.005       73     73     0.014     0.023       73     73     0.014     0.006       73     73     0.014     0.002       73     73     0.041     0.022       73     73     0.027     0.022       73     73     0.027     0.032       73     73     0.027     0.032       73     73     0.047     0.112       73     73     0.000     0.011       73     73     73     0.000       73     73     0.000	20 00	1127	1091		4.324	042	0
1127     1091     0 440     0.230       1127     1091     0 006     0.011       1127     1091     0 010     0.023       73     73     0 014     0 006       73     73     0 014     0 006       73     73     0 041     0 002       73     73     0 041     0 022       73     73     0 247     0 112       73     73     0 384     0 230       73     73     0 000     0 011	5 250	1127	1091		11 644	131	0
1091     0 008     0 011     0       1091     0 010     0 005     0       73     0 014     0 006     0       73     0 014     0 006     0       73     0 041     0 022     0       73     0 021     0     0       73     0 247     0 112     0       73     0 384     0 230     0       73     0 000     0 012     0	967	1127	1091			255	0
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73 0 044 0 005	- 6	73	73			56	9

(<u>~</u>43

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL DCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY SEVEN (D-H) Y MOTHER

19   3402   3402   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0 023   0	19   19   19   19   19   19   19   19	SEL. LAG	3000 g	FREQ	NCRIT	101	0.880	Exp. D	STAN- DEV	2	95 PCT (	CONF INTVI	
1         79         3402         3402         0023         0 003         0 000         0 001         0 004           2         255         3402         3402         0 007         0 007         0 001         0 000         0 010         10         0 004           9         3402         3402         0 007         0 007         0 000         0 010         10         0 004           0         3402         3402         0 001         0 009         0 000         0 001         0 004           0         3402         3402         0 012         0 012         0 002         0 000         0 010         0 004           0         3402         3402         0 012         0 012         0 002         0 000         0 012         0 004           0         3402         3402         0 012         0 012         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002         0 001         0 002 <th>0         1         73         3402         3402         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.001         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010</th> <th></th>	0         1         73         3402         3402         0.003         0.003         0.003         0.001         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.000         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010												
2         23         3402         3402         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.007 <td>2         25         3402         3402         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.002         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001<td>0</td><td>-</td><td>79</td><td>3402</td><td>3402</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>9</td><td>,</td><td></td></td>	2         25         3402         3402         0.007         0.007         0.007         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.002         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001         0.001 <td>0</td> <td>-</td> <td>79</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>9</td> <td>,</td> <td></td>	0	-	79	3402	3402					9	,	
4         54         3402         3402         0 007         0 007         0 001         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004         0 004 <td>3         23         3402         3402         0 007         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009<td>0 (</td><td>~</td><td>25</td><td>3402</td><td>3402</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0.0</td><td>0 0</td><td></td></td>	3         23         3402         3402         0 007         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009         0 009 <td>0 (</td> <td>~</td> <td>25</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0.0</td> <td>0 0</td> <td></td>	0 (	~	25	3402	3402					0.0	0 0	
4         64         3402         3402         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019         0 019 <td>64         3402         3402         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.022         0.000         0.237         10         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.022         0.000         0.237         10         0.021         0.022         0.000         0.021         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002</td> <td>0 (</td> <td>ю ·</td> <td>23</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>5 6</td> <td><b>S</b></td> <td></td>	64         3402         3402         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.022         0.000         0.237         10         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.021         0.022         0.000         0.237         10         0.021         0.022         0.000         0.021         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.000         0.021         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002         0.002	0 (	ю ·	23	3402	3402					5 6	<b>S</b>	
5         959         3402         3402         0 287         0 287         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 011         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000         0 000 </td <td>5         9859         3402         3402         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 022         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000&lt;</td> <td>0</td> <td>₩</td> <td>79</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><b>5</b> (</td> <td></td>	5         9859         3402         3402         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 282         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 015         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 022         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 012         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 013         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000         0 014         0 000<	0	₩	79	3402	3402						<b>5</b> (	
6         38         3402         3401         5011         5021         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5022         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023         5023	6         38         3402         3402         0011         0011         0012         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002         002 </td <td>0</td> <td>en</td> <td>959</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td><u>.</u></td> <td></td>	0	en	959	3402	3402						<u>.</u>	
7         754         3402         3402         0 222         0 202         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005         0 005 </td <td>7         754         3402         3402         0 222         0 222         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002<!--</td--><td>0</td><td>9</td><td>38</td><td>3402</td><td>3402</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>0 (</td><td></td></td>	7         754         3402         3402         0 222         0 222         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002         0 002 </td <td>0</td> <td>9</td> <td>38</td> <td>3402</td> <td>3402</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>0 (</td> <td></td>	0	9	38	3402	3402						0 (	
61         3402         0.018         0.018         0.018         0.018         0.022         0.000         0.224         0.013           1         43         85         84         0.022         0.007         0.009         0.417         0.025         0.013           1         85         84         0.002         0.007         0.009         0.417         0.026         0.011           1         85         84         0.012         0.007         0.009         0.418         0.010         0.010           1         85         84         0.012         0.007         0.018         0.018         0.019         0.019         0.019         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010         0.010	1	0 (	_	154	3402	3402					5 6	o (	
43         85         84         0.506         0.023         0.016         29         547         0.025         10.009         0.477         0.025         10.011         10.009         0.477         0.025         10.011         10.011         10.011         10.011         0.011         0.029         0.477         0.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         0.029         0.477         0.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.011         10.012         0.014         -1.246         0.014         -1.246         0.014         -0.011         0.011         0.011         0.014         -1.246         0.046         10.010         0.011         0.012         0.014         -0.011         0.011         0.012         0.014         -0.011         0.011         0.011         0.012         0.01	1	0	•	19	3402	3402					022	0	
2         1         85         84         0.012         0.007         0.009         0.471         0.003         0.004         0.009         0.471         0.003         0.009         0.011         0.009         0.011         0.009         0.014         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.011         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012         0.012	2         1         85         84         0.012         0.02         0.02         0.03         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04         0.04 <td></td> <td>-</td> <td>43</td> <td>85</td> <td>•</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>1</td> <td>,</td> <td></td>		-	43	85	•					1	,	
1	3         0         88         84         0.000         0.007         0.008         0.015         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.026         0.027         0.028         0.041         0.041         0.041         0.043         0.022         0.048         -1         4.0         0.044         0.022         0.048         -1         4.0         0.044         0.022         0.048         -1         4.0         0.044         0.022         0.048         -1         4.0         0.046         0.0         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046         0.046	-	~	-	85	8					025	o P	
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18	5         18         85         84         0.012         0.018         0.018         0.018         0.048         -0.478         0.048         -0.478         0.048         -0.478         0.048         -0.478         0.048         -0.048         -0.048         -0.048         -0.048         -0.048         -0.048         -0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0.048         0	-		) <del>-</del>	9 4	, . D					024	0	7
6         2         8         9         84         0.212         0.282         0.048         -1 437         0.378 to -0.01           7         4         85         84         0.024         0.011         0.045         -3 875         0.034 to -0.01           1         4         85         84         0.047         0.222         0.048         -1 246         0.034 to -0.01           2         11         11         0.000         0.023         0.045         -1 246         0.046 to -0.01           3         0         11         11         0.000         0.023         0.045         -0.511         0.142 to -0.01           1         11         0.000         0.007         0.025         -0.214         0.035         to -0.03         0.045         -0.012         0.041         0.025         -0.041         0.025         0.035         to -0.03         0.025         0.035         to -0.03         0.041         0.041         0.041         0.041         0.042         0.042         0.042         0.042	6         2         85         84         0.212         0.282         0.048         -1.437         0.378 to 0.041           7         4         85         84         0.024         0.011         1.084         0.031 to 0.045           1         4         85         84         0.024         0.012         0.045         -1.246         0.034 to 0.045           2         11         11         0.000         0.023         0.045         -0.511         0.142 to 0.046           1         11         0.000         0.023         0.045         -0.514         0.046 to 0.046           1         11         0.182         0.025         -0.274         0.058 to 0.046           1         11         0.100         0.023         0.045         -0.274         0.058 to 0.041           1         11         11         0.000         0.019         0.021         0.035         0.038 to 0.034           1         11         11         0.000         0.019         0.014         0.041         0.042         0.038 to 0.044           1         11         11         0.000         0.023         0.018         0.041         0.041         0.041         0.041 <tr< td=""><td>-</td><td></td><td>-</td><td>0 0</td><td><b>7</b> (</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>9</td><td>0</td><td>8</td></tr<>	-		-	0 0	<b>7</b> (					9	0	8
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NO CRITERION

TABLE 76

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY SEVEN (0-H) / CHILD

95 PCT COMF INTVL

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STAN-DEV

EXP'0

Q. S80

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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS

LAG ONE FROM ALL OCCURRENCES OF THE CRITERION FAMILY EIGHT (H-H) / MOTHER

95 PCT CONF. INTVL

STAN-DEV

EXP'0

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TABLE 78

EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS
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EVENT SEQUENTIAL ANALYSIS TABLE 79

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