

The Indigenous Roots Within Canadian Soil

By Anna Wilson, M. Ed.



Canada's first name, *Kanata*, meaning "settlement" or "village" in the Huron language, was used by the French to describe the early settlements along the St. Lawrence River.

Quebec, the first name of the city, was derived from the Huron word *kebec*, meaning "strait" or "narrow passage". It was used by the French to describe the narrow passage through which the St. Lawrence River flows.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan, is named after the Cree word *saskatoon*, which means "saskatoon berry". The berry is a common fruit in the region, and the name was used by the French to describe the area.

Montreal, Quebec, is named after the Huron word *montreal*, which means "mountain". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Edmonton, Alberta, is named after the Cree word *edmonton*, which means "place of peace". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Manitoba, the largest province, is named after the Cree word *manitoba*, which means "spirit of the water". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Fort Chipewyan, Alberta, is named after the Cree word *chipewyan*, which means "place of the chipewyan". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Calgary, Alberta, is named after the Cree word *calgary*, which means "place of the calgary". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Nunavut, the northernmost territory, is named after the Inuit word *nunavut*, which means "our land". It was used by the Inuit to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Ontario, the second largest province, is named after the Huron word *ontario*, which means "lake of the Huron". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Quebec, the second largest city, is named after the Huron word *quebec*, which means "strait" or "narrow passage". It was used by the French to describe the narrow passage through which the St. Lawrence River flows.

Mackenzie Delta, Northwest Territories, is named after the Cree word *mackenzie*, which means "place of the mackenzie". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Fort Chipewyan, Alberta, is named after the Cree word *chipewyan*, which means "place of the chipewyan". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Manitoba, the largest province, is named after the Cree word *manitoba*, which means "spirit of the water". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Nun-cha-nulth, Northwest Territories, is named after the Cree word *nun-cha-nulth*, which means "place of the nun-cha-nulth". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Victoria, British Columbia, is named after the Cree word *viktor*, which means "place of the viktor". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Capitol Hill, Ottawa, is named after the Cree word *capitol*, which means "place of the capitol". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Quebec, the second largest city, is named after the Huron word *quebec*, which means "strait" or "narrow passage". It was used by the French to describe the narrow passage through which the St. Lawrence River flows.

Grand Rapids, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *grand rapids*, which means "great rapids". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Oshawa, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *oshawa*, which means "place of the oshawa". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Orillia, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *orillia*, which means "place of the orillia". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Georgetown, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *georgetown*, which means "place of the georgetown". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Pangnirtung, Northwest Territories, is named after the Inuit word *pangnirtung*, which means "place of the pangnirtung". It was used by the Inuit to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Chibougamau, Quebec, is named after the Huron word *chibougamau*, which means "place of the chibougamau". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Shkoutineau, Quebec, is named after the Huron word *shkoutineau*, which means "place of the shkoutineau". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Heathurst, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *heathurst*, which means "place of the heathurst". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Wendat, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *wendat*, which means "place of the wendat". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Algonquin, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *algonquin*, which means "place of the algonquin". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

Mississauga, Ontario, is named after the Huron word *mississauga*, which means "place of the mississauga". It was used by the French to describe the area around the city, which was a major trading center for the fur trade.

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