



Services and Infrastructure

John Broome
CODATA-International

Typical Data Services and Services



- Acquisition
- Cataloguing and discovery
- Visualization
- Life-cycle management (stewardship)
- Access and integration.
- Extraction

Models for Services and Infrastructure



- Internal - single organization, single unit
- Internal - single organization, central
- Internal – multiple organizations
- Collaborative – national
- Collaborative – international
- Collaborative – discipline
- Collaborative – targeted multidisciplinary

Models for Services and Infrastructure

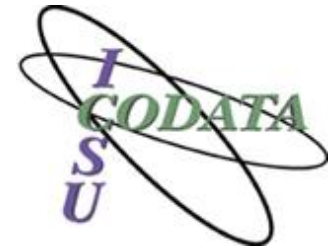


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CODATA Task Groups



1. Advancing Informatics for Microbiology
2. **Anthropometric Data and Engineering** 
3. Data at Risk 
4. Data Citation Standards and Practices 
5. **Earth and Space Science Data Interoperability** 
6. Exchangeable Materials Data Representation to Support Scientific Research and Education
7. Fundamental Physical Constants 
8. Global Information Commons for Science Initiative
9. **Linked Open Data for Global Disaster Risk Research**
10. **Octopus: Mining Space and Terrestrial Data for Improved Weather, Climate and Agriculture Predictions**
11. Global Roads Data Development
12. Preservation of and Access to Scientific and Technical Data in/for/with Developing Countries (PASTD)



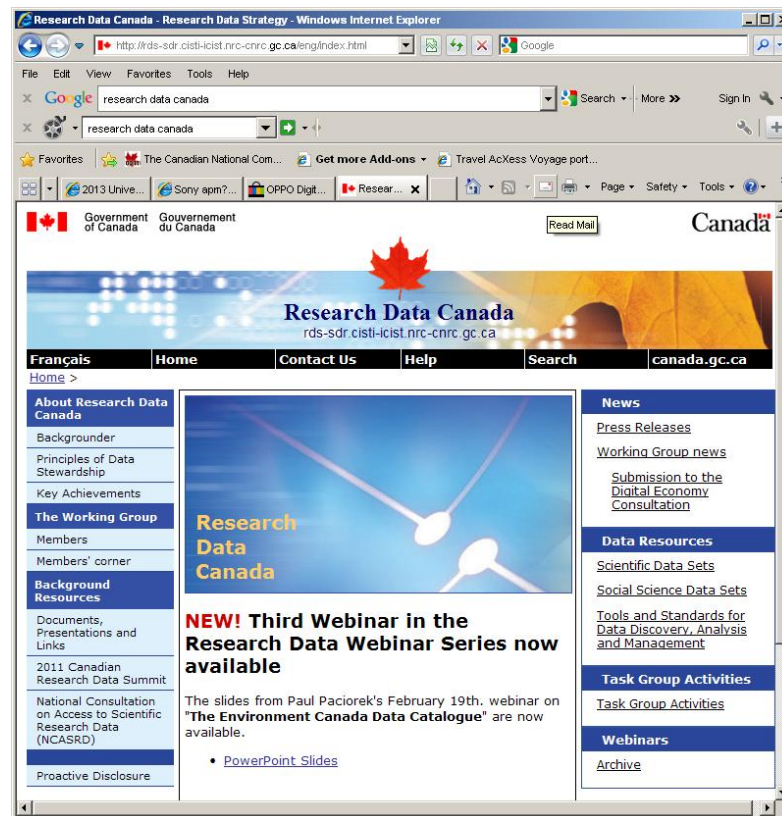
World Data System (WDS)

- CODATA works closely with WDS.
- WDS created at the ICSU 29th General Assembly based on the 50-year legacy of the ICSU World Data Centres (WDCs).
- Objectives:
 - Transition from existing stand-alone data centres/services to a common, globally interoperable, distributed data system.
 - Foster disciplinary and multidisciplinary applications for the benefit of the international scientific community.
 - Develop a broader disciplinary and geographic base and become a world-wide 'community of excellence' for data stewardship and delivery.
- WDS has 49 Member organizations in Oct. 2012.

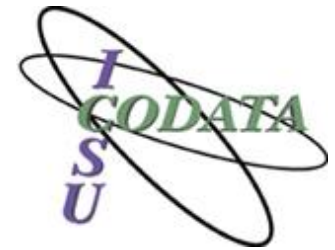
Research Data Canada



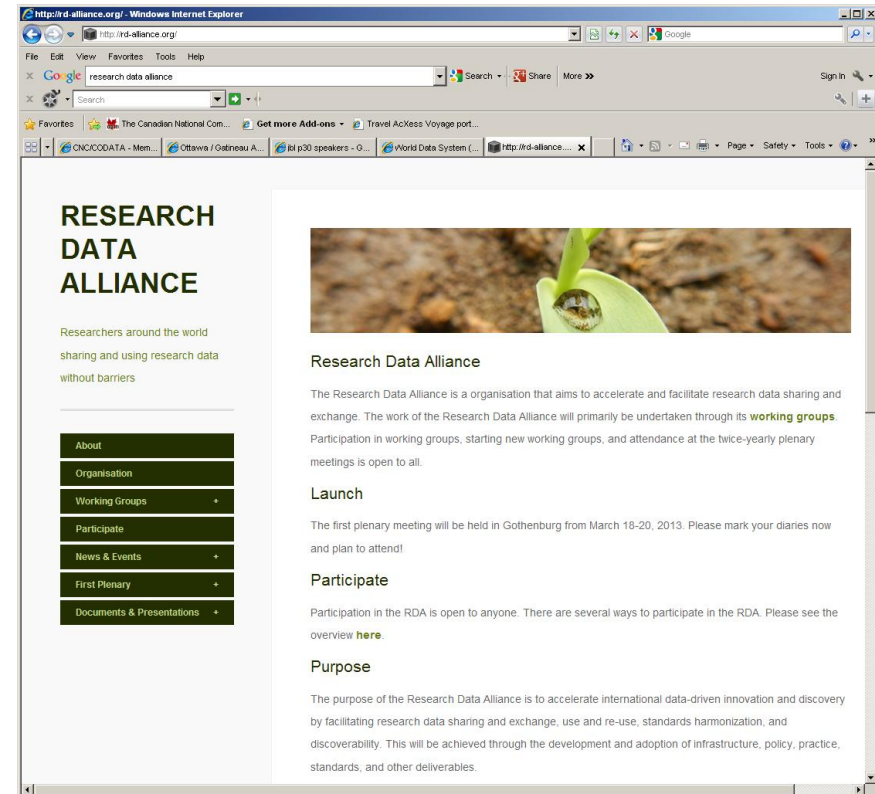
- Evolution from Research Data Strategy Working Group (RDSWG) roots.
- Canadian Research Data Summit (2012) outcome.
- Looking for increased federal government support.



Research Data Alliance (RDA)



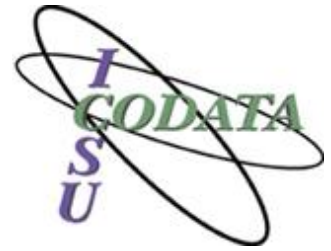
- The **“Research Data Alliance”** is an emerging international organization whose goal is to accelerate data-driven innovation through the sharing and exchange of research data.
- The official launch of RDA will take place in March in Sweden.
- CODATA is collaborating with RDA in preparation of a Working Group proposal on: ***“Legal Interoperability of Data”***.
- CODATA will be represented at the launch.



<http://rd-alliance.org/>



OneGeology



- “Making Geological Maps of the world Accessible”
- Initiative of international geological surveys
- 120 countries since 2007
- Provides access through a distributed network of data sources
- Content is the responsibility of the source.
- Utilizes OGC and other standards.
- Promotes a discipline standard (GeoSciML)
- Becoming a registered non-profit.

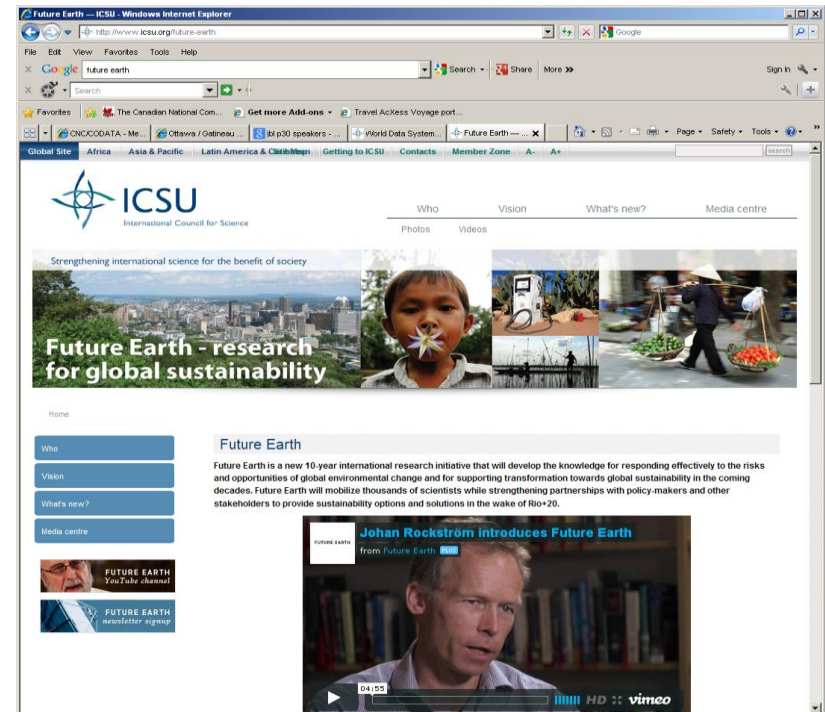


<http://onegeology.org/>

Future Earth - DM



- Future Earth is a ICSU 10-year international research initiative for responding to the risks and opportunities of global environmental change and for supporting transformation towards global sustainability.
- CODATA & WDS co-chaired a “Data Management Break-out Session” at the “*Future Earth: Global Earth Change Community*” Workshop (Paris, Nov. 2012)
- CODATA and WDS have submitted a nomination for a member of the *Future Earth Scientific Committee*.



<http://www.icsu.org/future-earth>

Data System and Repository Trends



1. **Moving beyond the locked data repository – data you cannot access and use has no value.**
2. **Accessible data helps shrink the digital divide.**
3. **Data publication linked to paper publication – data citation required.**
4. **Data services supporting integration of external data.**
5. **Cloud-based collaboration is growing – organizations whose data are locked behind their firewall are at a disadvantage.**
6. **Virtualized open data supports work as an “activity”, rather than a “place”.**
7. **“ “Big data” driving IT changes as well as “Data-driven science” to complementing existing theory and experiment-driven science**