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THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS  
OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS:  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA, EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

BY  
BLAIR WILLIAM MATTISON

A THESIS  
SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES AND  
RESEARCH  
IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF  
DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY  
EDMONTON, ALBERTA  
FALL, 1991



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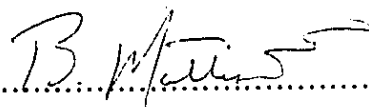
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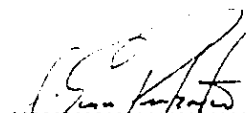
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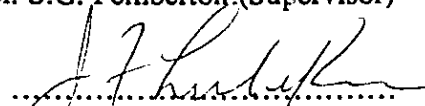
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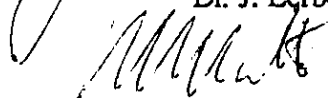
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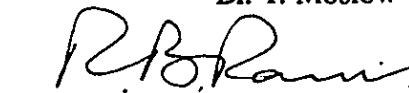
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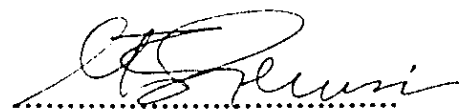
  
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## ABSTRACT

Stratigraphic analysis of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta indicates the presence of seven regional unconformities which divide the interval into seven stratigraphic sequences. These units approximately equate with the seven lithostratigraphic units (Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, G.P., Rex, and Lloydminster) traditionally recognized in the Lloydminster heavy oil area of east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan.

Regional unconformities within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval are indicated by the preservation of subaerial erosion surfaces at the top of regional shoreface to offshore coarsening-upwards successions, as well as by the presence of deeply incised valley-fill or "channel" systems. Seven distinct channel incision events define the *regional* unconformity surfaces, but uncertainties in defining the lower boundaries of these channel systems due to stacking of channels blur the exact delineation of sequence limits. Fluvial sedimentation dominates the basal sections of valley-fill successions, although indications of estuarine deposition are found toward the tops of most channels.

Relative transgressions and regressions within the Upper and Middle Mannville were superimposed upon a dominantly regressional regime which culminated in the withdrawal of the Boreal Sea from Western Canada. Micropaleontologic studies indicate complete withdrawal of this sea, and the creation of an extensive hiatus at the end of Mannville time prior to the inundation of the Joli Fou Sea.

Both micropaleontologic and ichnologic studies indicate increasingly brackish-water depositional conditions prevailed towards the end of Upper Mannville time as a result of an increase in the importance of fluvial systems and a consequent decrease in marine salinities. Other ichnologic studies of offshore-shoreface successions in the Middle Mannville extend the paleoenvironmental range of the trace fossil *Macaronichnus segregatis*, previously thought to be restricted to upper shoreface environments.

Paleoecologic studies of fossil gastropods collected from channelized sediments confirm the fresh-water nature of some of these paleochannel systems, while biostratigraphic analysis indicates extensions in both the biostratigraphic and paleogeographic ranges of these fossils.

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## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### VOLUME I

CHAPTER	PAGE
I. INTRODUCTION: A STRATIGRAPHIC REVIEW OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	1
References	18
II. A STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL MODEL FOR THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	23
References	75
III. INCISED CHANNEL SYSTEMS OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	81
References	108
IV. AN ICHNOLOGIC AND PALEOECOLOGIC COMPARISON OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	112
References	130
V. NEW OBSERVATIONS ON THE PALEOENVIRONMENTAL SIGNIFICANCE OF THE TRACE FOSSIL <i>MACARONICHNUS SEGREGATIS</i> : AN EXAMPLE FROM THE MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUP OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	133
References	143
VI. ARENACEOUS FORAMINIFERA FROM THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE AND LOWER COLORADO SUB-GROUPS IN THE COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA: STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS	145
References	162
VII. GASTROPOD PALEONTOLOGY OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA	166
References	180
VIII. GENERAL DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS	183
References	186



## VOLUME I (CONT'D)

CHAPTER	PAGE
APPENDICES	
APPENDIX 1: STRATIGRAPHIC DATA	187
APPENDIX 2: CROSS-SECTIONS	259

## VOLUME II

CHAPTER	PAGE
APPENDIX 3: DRILL CORE LOGS	275

## VOLUME III

CHAPTER	PAGE
APPENDIX 4: MAPS	in map box

## LIST OF TABLES

TABLE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
TABLE I.	Mannville-Colorado stratigraphic tops	187
TABLE II.	Mannville channel data	217
TABLE III.	Mannville net sand data	238

## LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
FIGURE 1.	Stratigraphic chart showing the development of Mannville Group nomenclature in the Lloydminster and southern Cold Lake areas.	11
FIGURE 2.	Map of Alberta's main oil sands deposits.	12
FIGURE 3.	Dual stratigraphic nomenclatural scheme as traditionally applied in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area.	13
FIGURE 4.	Typical mechanical well log signature of the Mannville Group in the Lloydminster area.	14
FIGURE 5.	Hypothetical paleogeographic reconstruction of shoreline trends during Upper Mannville (Upper Grand Rapids equivalent) deposition.	15
FIGURE 6.	Southwest to northeast cross-section of the Grand Rapids Formation through the Wabasca deposit.	16
FIGURE 7.	Paleogeographic map of the Western Interior Seaway during the time of deposition of the Joli Fou Formation.	17
FIGURE 8.	Study area map; Cold Lake Oil Sands area.	50
FIGURE 9.	Regional cross-section of the Lower Cretaceous succession in eastern Alberta.	51
FIGURE 10.	Important tectonic features of eastern Alberta.	52
FIGURE 11.	Illustration of Type I sequence boundary.	53
FIGURE 12.	Illustration of destruction of evidence of subaerial exposure during transgressive ravinement.	54
FIGURE 13.	Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Cummings-Lloydminster unconformity surface.	55
FIGURE 14.	Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Lloydminster-Rex unconformity surface.	56

FIGURE 15. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Rex-General Petroleums unconformity surface.	57
FIGURE 16. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the General Petroleums-Sparky unconformity surface.	58
FIGURE 17. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Sparky-Waseca unconformity surface.	59
FIGURE 18. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Waseca-McLaren unconformity surface.	60
FIGURE 19. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the McLaren-Colony unconformity surface.	61
FIGURE 20. Detailed local cross-section illustrating channel incision associated with the Colony-Joli Fou unconformity surface.	62
FIGURE 21. Relationship between traditional stratigraphic terminology and a sequence stratigraphic subdivision of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	63
FIGURE 22. Drill core log of Middle Mannville reference section (Husky Tucker Lake 13-21-64-4W4).	64
FIGURE 23. Drill core log of Upper Mannville reference section (Husky Tucker Lake 10-19-64-4W4).	65
FIGURE 24. Thicker than average net sand trends within the LLOYDMINSTER unit.	66
FIGURE 25. Thicker than average net sand trends within the Rex unit and their relationship to the trends of "Lloydminster channels".	67
FIGURE 26. Thicker than average net sand trends within the General Petroleums unit and their relationship to the trends of "Rex channels".	68
FIGURE 27. Thicker than average net sand trends within the Sparky unit and their relationship to the trends of "General Petroleums channels".	69
FIGURE 28. Thicker than average net sand trends within the Waseca unit and their relationship to the trends of "Sparky channels".	70
FIGURE 29. Thicker than average net sand trends within the McLaren unit and their relationship to the trends of "Waseca channels".	71
FIGURE 30. Thicker than average net sand trends within the Colony unit and their relationship to the trends of "McLaren channels".	72
FIGURE 31. Trends of "Colony channels".	73
FIGURE 32. Model of transgressive-regressive cycles, channel incision and unconformity creation within individual units of the Upper and Middle Mannville subgroups.	74

FIGURE 33. Illustration of typical facies associations in fining-upwards channel-fill successions within incised channel deposits.	96
FIGURE 34. Highly simplified model of channel incision and aggradational infill in response to relative base level changes.	97
FIGURE 35. Illustration of some of the problems in mapping subsurface channels.	98
FIGURE 36. Example of complex response of a previously incised stream to a single period of base level drop and consequent rejuvenation.	99
FIGURE 37. Illustration of common trace fossil suites within various stratigraphic intervals of the shoreface-offshore coarsening-upwards successions of the Upper and Middle Mannville.	121
FIGURE 38. Descriptive log of the Esso Marie Lake 07-22-65-2W4 well, illustrating the occurrence of <i>Macaronichnus</i> in a lower shoreface to shelfal stratigraphic position within the overall coarsening-upwards succession of the Lloydminster unit.	139
FIGURE 39. Composite ichnofossil assemblage illustrating those ichnogenera which occur with <i>Macaronichnus</i> in lower shoreface to shelf sediments within the Sparky, Rex, and Lloydminster units.	140
FIGURE 40. Two recent stratigraphic charts illustrating alternate interpretations of the position of the Mannville-Colorado boundary.	155
FIGURE 41. Location of wells from which micropaleontologic samples were obtained in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area.	156
FIGURE 42. List of microfauna collected from the Joli Fou Formation.	157
FIGURE 43. Regional correlation of Albian strata in east-central, northeastern, northwestern Alberta, and northeastern British Columbia.	158
FIGURE 44. List of microfauna collected from the basal shales of the Lloydminster and Rex units.	159
FIGURE 45. Line drawing of gastropods from the Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	177
FIGURE 46. Descriptive logs of two drill core with identifiable gastropods.	178
FIGURE 47. Regional stratigraphic cross-section A-A'.	260
FIGURE 48. Regional stratigraphic cross-section B-B'.	261
FIGURE 49. Regional stratigraphic cross-section C-C'.	262
FIGURE 50. Regional stratigraphic cross-section D-D'.	263
FIGURE 51. Regional stratigraphic cross-section E-E'.	264

FIGURE 52. Regional stratigraphic cross-section F-F'.	265
FIGURE 53. Regional stratigraphic cross-section G-G'.	266
FIGURE 54. Regional stratigraphic cross-section H-H'.	267
FIGURE 55. Regional stratigraphic cross-section I-I'.	268
FIGURE 56. Regional stratigraphic cross-section J-J'.	269
FIGURE 57. Regional stratigraphic cross-section K-K'.	270
FIGURE 58. Regional stratigraphic cross-section L-L'.	271
FIGURE 59. Regional stratigraphic cross-section M-M'.	272
FIGURE 60. Regional stratigraphic cross-section N-N'.	273
FIGURE 61. Regional stratigraphic cross-section O-O'.	274
FIGURE 62. Structure contour map: top of the Devonian.	in map pocket
FIGURE 63. Structure contour map: top of Dina unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 64. Structure contour map: top of Wabiskaw unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 65. Structure contour map: top of Cummings unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 66. Structure contour map: top of Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 67. Structure contour map: top of Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 68. Structure contour map: top of General Petroleum unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 69. Structure contour map: top of Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 70. Structure contour map: top of Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 71. Structure contour map: top of McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 72. Structure contour map: top of Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 73. Isopach map: thickness of Lower Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 74. Isopach map: thickness of Middle Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 75. Isopach map: thickness of Upper Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 76. Isopach map: thickness of Dina unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 77. Isopach map: thickness of Wabiskaw unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 78. Isopach map: thickness of Cummings unit.	in map pocket

FIGURE 79. Isopach map: thickness of Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 80. Isopach map: thickness of Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 81. Isopach map: thickness of General Petroleum unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 82. Isopach map: thickness of Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 83. Isopach map: thickness of Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 84. Isopach map: thickness of McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 85. Isopach map: thickness of Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 86. Net sand map: regional deposits; Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 87. Net sand map: regional deposits; Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 88. Net sand map: regional deposits; General Petroleum unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 89. Net sand map: regional deposits; Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 90. Net sand map: regional deposits; Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 91. Net sand map: regional deposits; McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 92. Net sand map: regional deposits; Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 93. Net sand map: regional deposits; Middle Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 94. Net sand map: regional deposits; Upper Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 95. Channel trend map: Lloydminster incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 96. Channel trend map: Rex incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 97. Channel trend map: General Petroleum incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 98. Channel trend map: Sparky incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 99. Channel trend map: Waseca incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 100. Channel trend map: McLaren incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 101. Channel trend map: Colony incised channel systems.	in map pocket

## LIST OF PHOTOGRAPHIC PLATES

PLATE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
PLATE 1.	Examples of channel deposits erosively cut into offshore shales, Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	101
PLATE 2.	Sedimentologic features of incised channel deposits, Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	103
PLATE 3.	More sedimentologic features of incised channel deposits, Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	105
PLATE 4.	Typical ichnofossils of estuarine channel fill successions, Upper-Middle Mannville interval.	107
PLATE 5.	Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening upwards successions, Lloydminster and Rex units.	123
PLATE 6.	Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening upwards successions, G.P. and Sparky units.	125
PLATE 7.	Example of vertical penetration burrows at G.P.-Sparky unconformity/flooding surface.	127
PLATE 8.	Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening upwards successions, Waseca, McLaren, and Colony units.	129
PLATE 9.	Various examples of cored wells illustrating lower shoreface or shelfal occurrences of <i>Macaronichnus</i> .	142
PLATE 10.	Colony-Joli Fou contact.	161

## CHAPTER I

**INTRODUCTION: A STRATIGRAPHIC REVIEW OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS OF EASTERN ALBERTA**

The Lower Cretaceous Mannville Group of eastern and central Alberta represents the single most hydrocarbon-rich stratigraphic unit in the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin owing to its abundance of oil, gas, and especially oil sand resources. Despite a long history of exploration, thorough understanding of the Mannville has traditionally been hampered by the sedimentologic complexity of the siliciclastic deposits within it and by the relative lack of good index fossils needed for reliable biostratigraphic and chronostratigraphic correlation. Because of this complexity, an equally complex stratigraphic nomenclature has evolved over the years (Fig. 1). In a large number of cases lack of data has prompted the creation of a duality of stratigraphic nomenclature based simply on geographic location rather than on real stratigraphic differences (Caldwell, 1984; Cant, 1990).

Mannville stratigraphy within the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta (Fig. 2) represents a paradigm example of one such dual nomenclatural scheme. In the northern half of the Cold Lake deposit the Mannville is traditionally represented as having a rather simple three-fold division, consisting of (from oldest to youngest) the McMurray Formation, the Clearwater Formation, and the Grand Rapids Formation (Fig. 3). In the southern half a much more complex stratigraphic scheme (consisting of nine stratigraphic units-- Dina, Cummings, Lloydminster, Rex, General Petroleum, Sparky, Waseca, McLaren, and Colony formations) has been developed for the Mannville. In both cases these stratigraphic schemes have been created for type areas outside of the Cold Lake deposit, but have been extended over the years to include the Cold Lake Oil Sands area within their geographic range (e.g. Williams, 1963; Minken, 1974; Orr et al., 1977; Mathison, 1988). In the case of the Grand Rapids Formation, the type area is found in outcrop along the Athabasca River within the Wabasca Oil Sands area of northeastern Alberta (McConnell, 1893; Kramers, 1974; 1982; Keeler, 1978; 1980) while in the case of the nine-fold division of the Mannville, the type area is the Lloydminster heavy oil trend of extreme east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan (Nauss, 1945; 1947;



Fuglem, 1970; Orr et al., 1977; Vigrass, 1977) (Fig. 4).

This thesis will focus specifically on the Upper and Middle intervals of the Mannville Group (*sensu* O'Connell, 1985; O'Connell and Benns, 1986) in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area. The primary aim is directed towards a better understanding of the stratigraphic and paleoenvironmental history of the Upper-Middle Mannville succession.

Relatively little has been published concerning Mannville stratigraphy in the Cold Lake deposit itself, although a large number of studies have addressed this subject in areas to the south (Lloydminster heavy oil area) and to the north (Wabasca Oil Sands Area). In order to understand the dualism of Upper and Middle Mannville stratigraphic nomenclature in this area, it is necessary to review each of the stratigraphic schemes employed in Cold Lake within their respective type areas. This introduction seeks only to summarize the most important aspects of previous studies related to the Upper-Middle Mannville succession in the Lloydminster Heavy Oil area and in the Wabasca Oil Sand area. For a more detailed review see Mattison (1987).

## PREVIOUS STUDIES: GRAND RAPIDS FORMATION-WABASCA OIL SANDS AREA

### Biostratigraphy and Chronostratigraphy

Like most of the Lower Cretaceous series in Alberta, the stratigraphic correlation of the Grand Rapids Formation with its equivalents has been the subject of debate ever since the first geological description of the formation by McConnell (1893). In comparison to much of the Lower Cretaceous succession, however, dating of the Grand Rapids Formation is rather more precise due to the occurrence of biostratigraphically important index fossils both within the formation itself and in bounding strata.

The Grand Rapids Formation lies transitionally between the Clearwater Formation, typified by the *Marginulinopsis collinsi* - *Verneuilinoides cummingensis* foraminiferal Subzone of Caldwell et al. (1978) (dated as Lower Albian), and the Joli Fou Formation, typified by the *Haplophragmoides gigas* foraminiferal fauna of Stelck et al. (1956) (dated as earliest Late Albian). The ammonite *Frebaldiceras remotum* found in outcrop sections of the Grand Rapids along the Athabasca River (Stelck and Kramers, 1980) confirms an

earliest Late Albian age for the unit. An extensive regional unconformity is thought to mark the contact between the Joli Fou and the uppermost Mannville (i.e. top of the Grand Rapids), although controversy has traditionally existed as to the exact placement of this break (see Chapter VI). This stratigraphic break represents a fairly extensive time span in eastern Alberta as all Middle Albian strata are thought to be absent from this area (Stelck et al., 1956; Jeletzky, 1971; Stelck and Kramers, 1980; Koke and Stelck, 1985).

### **Depositional History of the Grand Rapids Formation**

The Grand Rapids Formation was first described by McConnell (1893) from outcrops along the Athabasca River (within the area now considered as the Wabasca Oil Sands deposit). McLearn (1917) was the first to propose a genetic interpretation for the Grand Rapids based on his study of these outcrops, concluding that the lower part of the formation was of marine origin due to the occurrence of large concretions which carried marine bivalves. He further concluded that the uppermost beds of the Grand Rapids along the Athabasca were of "subaerial origin" owing to the presence of rooted coals.

Modern studies of the Grand Rapids include those of Mellon (1967), Kramers (1974, 1982), Keeler (1978, 1980), Stelck and Kramers (1980), and Kramers and Prost (1986). Kramers (1974, 1982) divided the Grand Rapids in outcrop and in the subsurface into 3 major sand intervals which he dubbed the "A", "B", and "C" sands. Kramers and Prost (1986) maintained this three-fold division of the Grand Rapids and interpreted the formation as a progradational sequence built up through the regression of the Boreal (Clearwater) Sea. Each major sand unit (A, B, and C) was thought by Kramers and Prost (1986) to represent a single genetic clastic wedge developed in a high energy wave-dominated shoreline system in which longshore drift and wave action may have been the most important processes responsible for deposition.

In the Wabasca deposit the three Grand Rapids sand sequences are separated by relatively thin shaly units. The uppermost shales between the A and B sands carry a brackish to fresh microflora at the base with marine microflora and microfauna above. These transitional shales are underlain by shales which contain no foraminifera but do contain tintinnids and thecamoebians. This faunal change has been interpreted as

representing a shift from marine to continental conditions in the interval above the B sand (Kramers, 1974). The shaly beds between the B and C sands also carry a marine microflora and microfauna.

Kramers and Prost (1986) envisaged that the shoreline during Grand Rapids time ran in a northeast-southwest direction in the Wabasca area and was dominated by shore-attached beaches as well as barrier islands, offshore sandbars, and local deltas at points where northerly-flowing rivers met the sea (Fig. 5).

Keeler (1978; 1980) proposed a similar depositional model (i.e. barrier island model) for the Grand Rapids Formation in the Wabasca Oil Sands area (TWP 80-83, RNG 22-25W4). Keeler's stratigraphic division of the formation was much more complex, however, recognizing nine distinct sedimentary units. These units were grouped into four sedimentary sequences consisting of one or more sedimentary units (Fig. 6). These four sequences were referred to as sequences K, L, M, and N (in order of decreasing age) and were thought to be separated from each other by sedimentary breaks (either erosional or simply changes in environmental conditions and depositional style). In terms of Kramer's stratigraphic picture of the Grand Rapids, sequence K incorporates the C and B sands, while the A sand is roughly correlative to sequences M and N. Sequence K incorporates sedimentary units I (equivalent to Kramer's C sand), II, and III (Kramer's B sand); Sequence L consists of sedimentary unit IV; Sequence M incorporates units V, VI, VII, and VIII; while sequence N consists entirely of unit IX.

Keeler (1978, 1980) also envisaged a much more complex depositional history for the Grand Rapids Formation in the Wabasca area than had any authors before him. As an example, in Kramers and Prost's (1986) stratigraphic scheme for the Grand Rapids, the three progradational sands which they described were all thought to have advanced in a northerly to northwesterly direction in response to the northeasterly regression of the Clearwater Sea. In contrast, the basal sequence of Keeler's genetic subdivision, sequence K, was interpreted as westward prograding nearshore marine deposits formed during the westward retreat of the Boreal (or Clearwater) Sea. Sequence L, which erosively overlies sequence K, was thought by Keeler to represent essentially continental to transitional (marine to non-marine) depositional conditions. Sequence L consists of an

extremely variable assortment of lithologies, containing many facies changes and minor disconformities. Much of the sequence consists of apparently channelized (fluvial?) deposits. The upper contact is often sharp but more often is gradational into the basal marine shales (unit V) of sequence M, indicating that the uppermost sediments of sequence L may record the initial phase of a marine transgression recorded in sequence M.

Sequence M is made up of sedimentary units V, VI, VII, and VIII in Keeler's scheme. Sedimentary unit V was interpreted by him as a marine shale, units VI and VII as nearshore deposits, and unit VIII as a transitional to continental deposit. A southeast to northwest transect through the Wabasca Oil Sands area based on this interpretation (Fig. 6) indicates that the marine transgression recorded in Sequence M probably proceeded from the southeast toward the northwest and may represent the northward transgression of the Gulfian Sea into northeastern Alberta. Keeler compared the sequence of units represented in sequence M to classical models of regressive barrier sedimentation such as those outlined by Bernard, et al. (1962) and Davies et al. (1971) for the barrier island systems of the Texas Gulf Coast.

The picture of Grand Rapids sedimentation painted by most authors (e.g. Mellon 1967; Kramers, 1974, 1982; Kramers and Prost, 1986) is quite different from Keeler's (1978, 1980) view that the upper part of the Grand Rapids in the Wabasca area is related in some way to a pre-Coloradoan advance and retreat of the Gulfian Sea into eastern Alberta. Other authors attribute the regressional cycles observed in the upper Grand Rapids to waxing and waning during an overall regression of the Boreal Sea, while Keeler insisted that the facies pattern observable in the upper Grand Rapids was due to a preliminary and rather tentative advance (and subsequent withdrawal) of the Gulfian Sea from the south.

In most paleogeographic schemes, the waters of the Gulfian Sea did not invade Alberta until after the complete deposition of the Grand Rapids Formation. The Joli Fou shales represent the first deposits which record the linking of the Boreal and Gulfian seas to form the Western Interior Seaway (Fig. 7). The accompanying fauna (*Haplophragmoides gigas* and other foraminifera, and the bivalve *Inoceramus*

*comancheanus*) are proof of both a marine incursion from the Gulfian sea as well as an early Late Albian age (Stelck et al., 1956; Williams and Stelck, 1975). No such diagnostic index fossils have as yet been recovered from the upper beds of the Grand Rapids (Stelck, pers. comm., 1988). Because there is no direct faunal evidence of a southern connection to Gulfian waters at the time that the sediments of the upper Grand Rapids were deposited Keeler's (1978, 1980) hypothesis of Gulfian advance and retreat into the Wabasca area during upper Grand Rapids time must remain rather contentious.

#### PREVIOUS STUDIES: UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUP-LLOYDMINSTER HEAVY OIL AREA

The Mannville Group was originally described by Nauss (1945) from drill cores taken in the Vermilion area of east-central Alberta and was at that time given formation status. Badgley (1952) revised this stratigraphic decision on the basis of the wide lateral continuity of the unit, promoting it to the group level. By far the greatest number of geologic studies of the Mannville Group have focused on the Lloydminster heavy oil area of east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan. Because in place bitumen resources are much easier to produce in this area (Mannville strata bearing heavy oil rather than tar sand), a tremendous amount of economic interest has been generated in the area by the oil industry, and has thus spurred academic interest. Although estimates of oil resources in the Lloydminster area vary, [recent estimates ranging from 20 billion bbls in place (McCrossan et al., 1981) to 60 billion bbls in place (Christopher and Knudson, 1980)], percentages of recoverable oil are much higher in the heavy oil area than in coeval tar sand deposits, and make the Mannville deposits in the Lloydminster area much more economically attractive.

#### *Upper and Middle Mannville Depositional History: Lloydminster Area*

The Mannville Group terminology as adopted in the Lloydminster area of Alberta and Saskatchewan has grown out of the terminology of Nauss (1945) and local driller's terminology. First reference to the local informal stratigraphy was provided by Edmunds (1948). Since then a number of stratigraphic schemes for the Mannville succession in this area have been proposed (see Fig. 1), although the one most frequently used by the

petroleum industry at present recognizes nine stratigraphic units, comprising the Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, General Petroleums (or G.P.), Rex, Lloydminster, Cummings, and Dina formations. These units are typically marked by coarsening-upwards sequences on mechanical well logs and are generally correlatable throughout the Lloydminster area. A large number of informal stratigraphic schemes have arisen out of the basic nine-fold division of the Mannville in the Lloydminster area, owing to local studies which have sought to fine-tune the stratigraphic division in order to meet local needs. Therefore terms such as Upper Rex and Lower Rex (O'Connell, 1985) or Sparky "A", Sparky "B", Sparky "C", and Sparky "D" (Smith et al., 1984) are common in some studies, although it is generally agreed that only the nine major divisions are correlatable throughout the Lloydminster area. On the other hand, some authors (Caldwell, 1984; Putnam, 1979; Wightman et al., 1987) have argued that the nine-fold stratigraphic scheme is excessively complex. The terms Upper and Middle Mannville themselves mean different things to different people, at times making a complex stratigraphic terminology even more confusing, especially in terms of correlation of units on a regional basis. For example, some authors have argued that the Middle Mannville should include the Sparky, G.P., Rex, Lloydminster, and Cummings units, while others have argued that the Cummings should be placed within the Lower Mannville (O'Connell and Bennis, 1986). Others have argued that the Lloydminster is correlatable to the upper part of the Clearwater Formation (McLean and Putnam, 1983), while still others have argued that the Lloydminster is correlatable with the basal Grand Rapids (O'Connell and Bennis, 1986; see also Chapter II).

Much of the debate over the Upper and Middle Mannville has traditionally centred more on questions of paleoenvironmental interpretation than of stratigraphic nomenclature. For many years geologists argued the relative importance of continental versus marine deposition within the Upper and Middle Mannville, but a general consensus has been reached in recent years that both fluvial and paralic/marine deposits are represented within the succession. These two types of have been respectively dubbed as the "channel facies" and the "regional facies" (Smith, 1984; Smith et al., 1984; Van Hulten and Smith, 1984). Contrasting opinions have also arisen over such matters as

fluvial depositional style (e.g. contrast the interpretations of Putnam, 1979; 1980; 1982a; 1982b; 1983 with those of Wightman et al., 1981, and Wightman et al., 1987), and types of nearshore deposition (e.g. Wightman et al., 1987 vs. Burnett and Adams, 1977 vs. Mathison, 1988).

Some authors, (e.g. Van Hulten, 1984) have argued that sea level changes were largely responsible for the alternate deposition of separate depositional sequences represented by each of the Mannville divisions. Other authors, although recognizing the role sea level adjustments have played in the development of the Mannville Group, have argued that these adjustments do not directly correlate to the deposition of individual formations. This subject will be dealt with extensively in Chapters II and III.

#### COLD LAKE AREA

Very little published information exists concerning the stratigraphy of Upper and Middle Mannville sediments in the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit and what little does exist has been of a very general regional nature. Studies specific to Cold Lake have concentrated on the northern half of the deposit and have therefore applied the Grand Rapids/ Clearwater/ McMurray terminology developed for the Athabasca and Wabasca Oil Sands areas (Clack, 1967; Minken, 1974; Kramers, 1975; Kendall, 1977; Towson, 1977).

Although oil is found throughout the Mannville Group in the Cold Lake deposit, the bulk of in place hydrocarbon resources are found in the Grand Rapids Formation. Of the approximately 270 billion bbls of oil in place in the Cold Lake deposit, over 70% is thought to be within Grand Rapids reservoirs (Energy Resources Conservation Board, 1973). Despite this, Kramers (1975), Kendall (1977), and Towson (1977) all reported that reservoir sands have relatively poor continuity in the Grand Rapids Formation in comparison to the underlying Clearwater Formation sands. Therefore the Clearwater is at present the major exploration and development target in the northern part of the Cold Lake deposit. While Clearwater reservoirs in this area consist of rather massive sands, shale beds are common within the Grand Rapids in the Cold Lake area and serve to separate sandy reservoirs (especially within the Upper Grand Rapids), thus decreasing their

attractiveness for development.

As in the Lloydminster area to the south, Upper and Middle Mannville sediments in the Cold Lake area have been interpreted as having both channelized and regional aspects. Kendall (1977) interpreted the shale beds of the Upper Grand Rapids as marine in nature and argued that they reflected initial phases of transgression prior to the inundation of the Joli Fou sea. The Grand Rapids reservoir sands on the other hand, were interpreted by Kendall as being the result of nearshore deltaic deposition within channels, as well as on beaches and point bars. Clack (1967) interpreted both the Upper and Lower Grand Rapids Formation (A and B units respectively in the terminology of Vigrass, 1968 and Clack, 1967, and equivalent to the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups as employed in this thesis) as being of deltaic origin. More recently this interpretation has been reiterated by Wightman et al. (1987), for the stratigraphic interval equivalent to the Upper Grand Rapids.

## OBJECTIVES

Six topics will be addressed in this thesis, all of which focus in some way on unresolved or controversial problems of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups. Prime in the analysis of this interval is a reconsideration of its complex stratigraphy. The lack of a consistent stratigraphic nomenclature within the Cold Lake area points out the need for reexamining and rethinking previously held conceptions about the Upper-Middle Mannville interval; for not only developing a consistent stratigraphic scheme, but for examining whether lithostratigraphic schemes are appropriate within such lithologically similar strata. In addition to stratigraphic questions, the paleoenvironmental and paleogeographic significance of Upper-Middle Mannville "regional" units (shoreface/offshore), form the basis of Chapter II.

Chapter III will examine the highly controversial topic of paleochannel systems within the Upper-Middle Mannville succession. This has been perhaps the most debated of all topics related to this interval, because of differing paleoenvironmental and paleogeographic interpretations. This chapter not only provides a new paleoenvironmental interpretation for Upper-Middle Mannville channels but also points out the importance of



regional stratigraphic context in facies modelling and paleogeographic reconstruction of channelized units.

Chapter IV focuses on the ichnology of the regional units of the Upper-Middle Mannville stratigraphic interval, comparing differences in ichnologic signature between the various shoreface/offshore successions that make up these units. The purpose of the chapter is to demonstrate how these ichnologic differences are reflective of changes in paleoenvironmental conditions from one regional unit to the next over time.

Chapter V examines the occurrence of one specific ichnofossil, *Macaronichnus segregatis*, within the shoreface/offshore deposits of the Middle Mannville sub-group. This ichnospecies has often been cited as a foreshore to upper shoreface indicator in the past; its occurrence in offshore to lower shoreface sediments within the Middle Mannville demonstrates that the paleoenvironmental significance of the trace fossil should be rethought.

The micropaleontology of the Upper-Middle Mannville is examined in Chapter VI, from both a paleoecologic as well as a stratigraphic point of view. Micropaleontologic studies of basal shales of the Middle Mannville show paleosalinity trends similar to those revealed by ichnologic studies, while microfossil studies of strata bounding the Mannville/Colorado contact reveal important conclusions regarding the exact position of this boundary.

Finally, Chapter VII examines the macropaleontology of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval, specifically the taxonomy and paleoecology of gastropods from this succession. Gastropods from this interval have not been described before this study, and this contribution extends the biostratigraphic and paleogeographic range of a number of Lower Cretaceous non-marine Gastropoda previously only known from the Lower Mannville and from the Kootenai Formation of Montana (Stanton, 1903; Russell, 1932; Yen, 1949; 1951; Mattison, 1987), as well as demonstrating the paleoenvironmental and stratigraphic significance of the fauna.

NAUSS (1945)	WICKENDEN (1948)	EDMUNDS (1948)	KENT (1959)	BROWN (1965)	VIGRASS (1977)	ORR ET AL. (1977)	PUTNAM (1982a, '82b)	O'CONNELL (1985)	THIS STUDY
O'Sullivan Mbr.	UPPER DIVISION	Colony sand	Colony Fm.	Upper McLaren unit	Colony Mbr.	Colony Fm.	UPPER MANNVILLE	Colony unit	Colony allomember
		McLaren sand		Lower McLaren unit	McLaren Mbr.	McLaren Fm.		McLaren unit	McLaren allomember
		Waseca sand		Waseca unit	Waseca Mbr.	Waseca Fm.		Waseca unit	Waseca allomember
Borradaile Mbr.	MIDDLE DIVISION	Sparky sand	Sparky Mbr.	Sparky unit	Sparky Mbr.	Sparky Fm.	MIDDLE MANNVILLE	Sparky unit	Sparky allomember
		Rex sand		G.P. unit	G.P. Mbr.	G.P. Fm.		G.P. unit	G.P. allomember
		Lloydmin. sand		Rex unit	Rex Mbr.	Rex Fm.		Rex unit	Rex allomember
Tovell Mbr.	LOWER DIVISION	Cummings sand	Cummings Mbr.	Lloydmin. unit	Lloydmin. Mbr.	Lloydmin. Fm.	LOWER MANNVILLE	Lloydmin. unit	Lloydmin. allomember
Islay Mbr.		Cummings unit		Cummings Mbr.	Cummings Fm.	Cummings unit		Cummings unit	
Cummings Mbr.		Dina sand		Dina Mbr.	Dina Fm.	Dina Mbr.		Dina Fm.	Dina unit
JURASSIC?									

FIGURE 1.-- Stratigraphic chart showing the development of Mannville Group nomenclature in the Lloydminster and southern Cold Lake areas. Note that terminology used in the present study extends to the northern Cold Lake area as well.

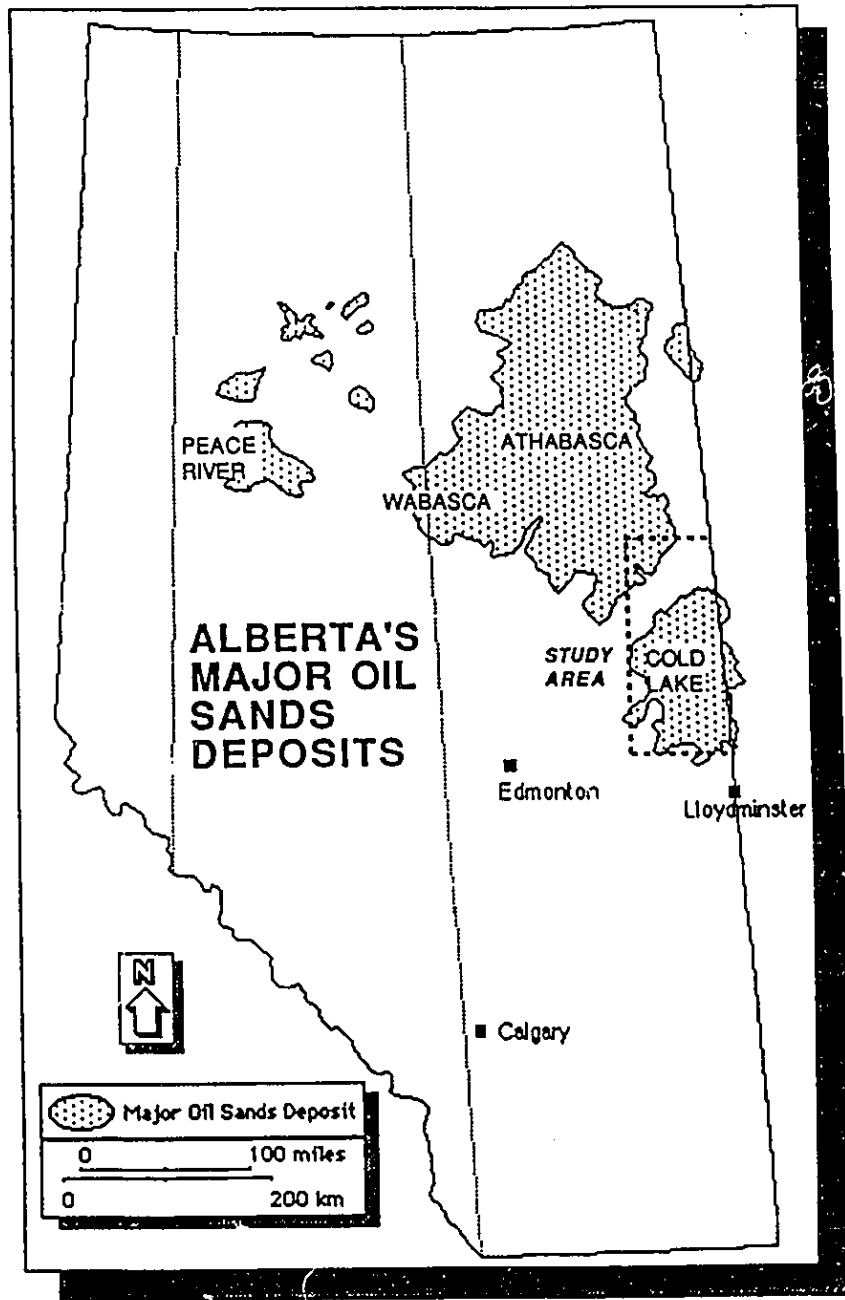


FIGURE 2.-- Map of Alberta's main oil sands deposits.

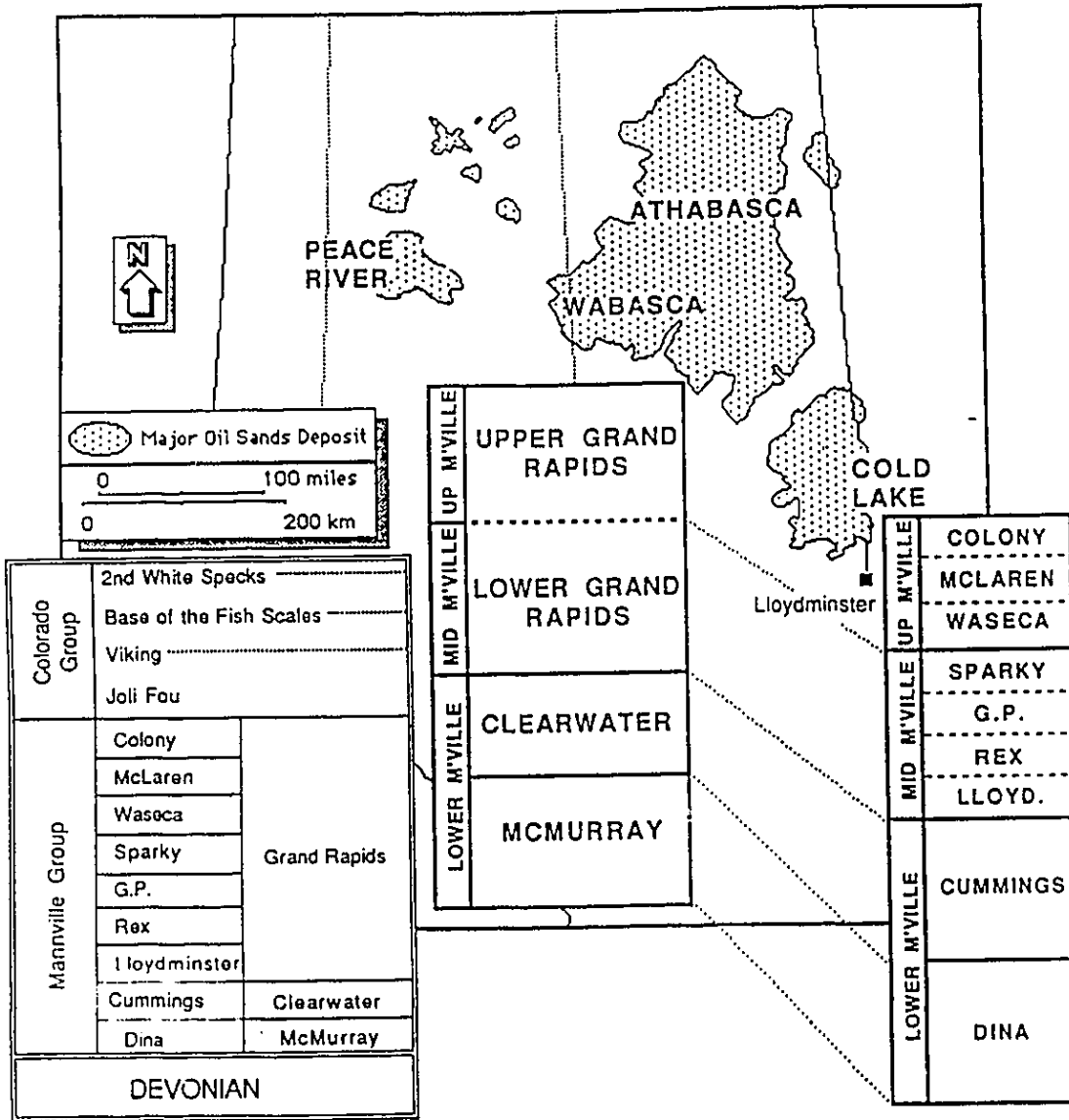


FIGURE 3.-- Dual stratigraphic nomenclature scheme as traditionally applied in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area.

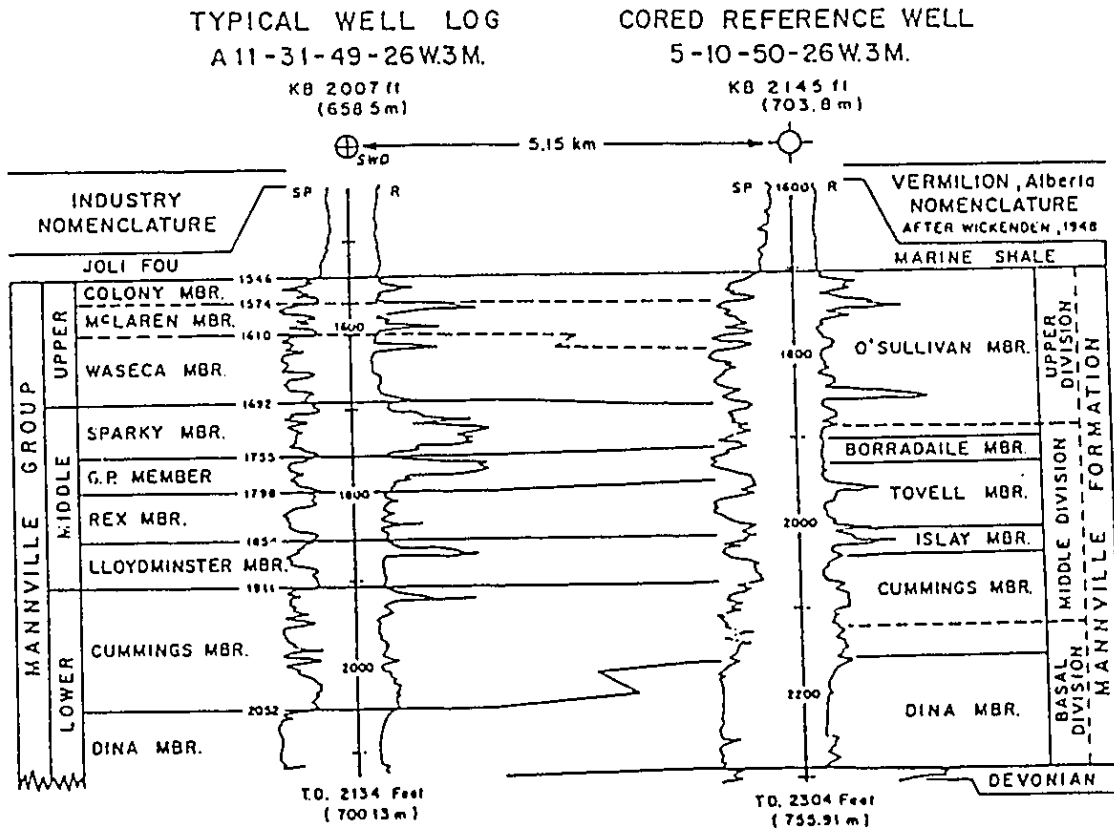


FIGURE 4.-- Correlation diagram comparing presently accepted Mannville nomenclature in the Lloydminster and Cold Lake areas with the stratigraphic nomenclatural schemes of Nauss (1945) and Wickenden (1948) (after Vigrass, 1977).

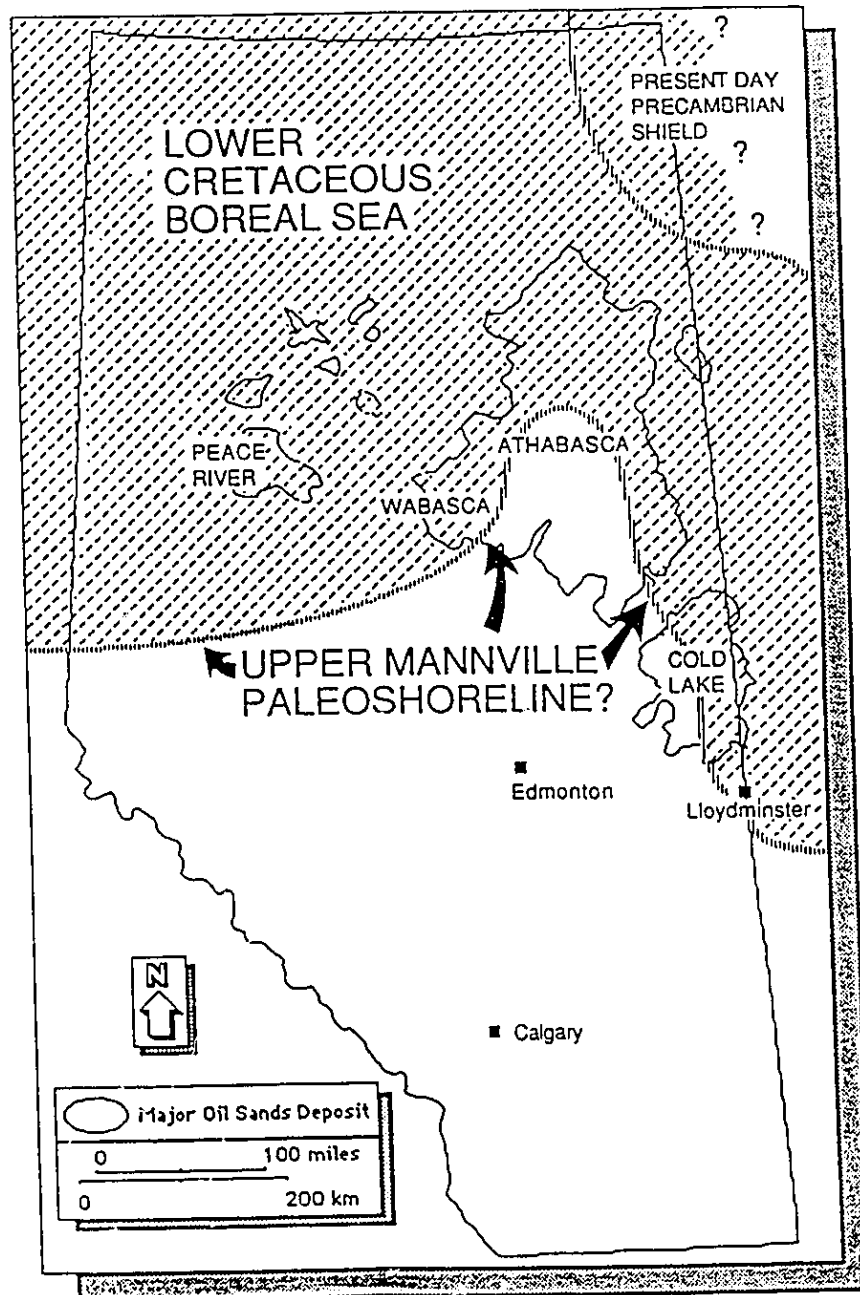


FIGURE 5.-- Hypothetical paleogeographic reconstruction of shoreline trends during Upper Mannville (Upper Grand Rapids equivalent) deposition (modified from Mossop, 1984).





FIGURE 7.-- Paleogeographic map of the Western Interior Seaway during the time of deposition of the Joli Fou Formation (after Williams and Stelck, 1975).



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## CHAPTER II

**A STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL MODEL FOR THE  
UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA**

## INTRODUCTION

The Lower Cretaceous (Late Neocomian-Early Albian) Mannville Group of eastern Alberta and western Saskatchewan is one of the most hydrocarbon-rich stratigraphic units in the world, constituting the main reservoir for the extensive oil sands and heavy oil deposits of the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin. The Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit in east-central Alberta is the second largest of these major oil sands areas, with reserve estimates of over 270 billion barrels of oil in place (Outtrim and Evans, 1977). However, despite a long history of exploration, published stratigraphic studies of the Mannville Group in the Cold Lake area are relatively rare. In addition, geologic studies of the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit have been hampered by the lack of a consistent stratigraphic nomenclature for the Mannville as well as by differing opinions regarding the paleoenvironmental significance of the deposits within it (Chapter I). Using an extensive database, this study seeks to propose a revised stratigraphic and depositional environmental model for the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups (*sensu* O'Connell 1985; O'Connell and Benns, 1986), and attempts to understand the extreme depositional cyclicity which seems to characterize the interval in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area.

## STUDY AREA AND DATA BASE

The area of investigation is shown in Figure 8. Exactly 1100 logged wells were chosen for this study, based on a maximum of one well per section. In addition, 304 of these wells contained good quality cores through the Upper and Middle Mannville interval, which were examined in order to facilitate stratigraphic and paleoenvironmental interpretations (Appendix 3).

## TECTONIC SETTING

The Mannville Group in east-central Alberta sits unconformably above Upper Devonian carbonates along a surface generally referred to as the pre-Cretaceous

unconformity (Fig. 9). The unconformity surface has a highly variable topographic expression, with local relief varying up to 150 m in some areas (Orr, et al., 1977). This extreme relief is thought to be due mostly to differential erosion of underlying Devonian carbonates along the unconformity surface. However, much of the topographic expression of this surface has also been shown to result from solutioning of Mid-Devonian salts (Prairie and Muskeg formations--Edmunds, 1980; Wilson, 1984). Salt solution occurred both prior to and synchronous with deposition of the Mannville Group (continuing to the present day), and is largely responsible for structural trapping of oil within the major oil sands deposits (Orr et al., 1977; Vigrass, 1977; Edmunds, 1980). The southeastern edge of the Cold Lake Oil Sands area lies within a low on the unconformity surface known as the Lloydminster sub-basin (Smith et al., 1984; Van Hulten, 1984) which was confined on the west and south by a northwest-southeast trending Paleozoic ridge (the Wainright ridge) and on the east by the Precambrian Shield (Fig. 10). Regional isopach maps of the Mannville in east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan indicate that the sub-basin was deeper in the north than in the south and thus the paleotopography of the subbasin was one of a ramp rising from north to south along the sub-basinal axis.

#### TRADITIONAL STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE

Mannville Group stratigraphic nomenclature is notorious for its lack of consistency from one area of Western Canada to the next, and nowhere is this more true than in east-central Alberta (Cant, 1990). Because exploration of the Mannville in eastern Alberta began not in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area itself but in outcrop areas to the northwest (Wabasca and Athabasca oil sands areas- McConnell, 1893) and through subsurface exploration in the south (Lloydminster heavy oil area- Nauss, 1945; 1947; Edmunds, 1948; Fuglem, 1970), two different lithostratigraphic nomenclatural schemes for the group have been extended into the Cold Lake area by various workers (e.g. Minken, 1974; Kendall, 1977; Orr et al., 1977; Putnam and Oliver, 1980). This has made a rather complex stratigraphic puzzle even more confusing, with a division of the Mannville into three lithostratigraphic divisions in the northern half of the Cold Lake deposit (Grand

Rapids, Clearwater, and McMurray formations) and nine in the southern half (Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, General Petroleum, Rex, and Lloydminster, Cummings, and Dina formations) (Chapter I). Other informal stratigraphic nomenclatures have been applied to the Mannville in the Cold Lake area, including the terms Upper and Lower Grand Rapids (Kendall, 1977), and the alphabetic scheme of Mannville A, B, C, and D divisions (Clack, 1967; Vigrass, 1968; Smith et al., 1984). However, it has been convincingly argued in other studies (Putnam, 1979; Caldwell, 1984; Wightman et al., 1987) that most of the Mannville displays such lithologic homogeneity (consisting essentially of fine-grained sands and shales) that there is little justification for extensive lithostratigraphic division. In light of this it is suggested that only three informal lithostratigraphic divisions be recognized within the Mannville, these being at the sub-group level (i.e. Upper, Middle, and Lower Mannville sub-groups). Although these terms have been used by different authors to refer to various stratigraphic intervals in the past, (see Putnam and Oliver, 1980; Wightman et al., 1987; Cant, 1990) the scheme used in this paper most resembles that suggested by O'Connell (1985), and O'Connell and Bennis (1986) (Chapter I; Figs. 1 and 2).

#### THE STRATIGRAPHIC NOMENCLATURE DILEMMA

Detailed stratigraphic correlation (Appendix 2: Figs. 47-61) reveals that the nine major units recognized in the Lloydminster Heavy Oil area (Edmunds, 1948; Fuglem, 1970) and in the southern half of the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit (Orr et al., 1977; Gross, 1980; Mathison, 1988) are in fact traceable throughout the full extent of the Cold Lake Oil Sands area. Therefore it is suggested that there is no reason to continue the stratigraphic nomenclature dichotomy that has existed for many years in the Cold Lake area. The so-called Lloydminster stratigraphic nomenclature (Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, General Petroleum, Rex, Lloydminster, Cummings, and Dina units) works well throughout the Cold Lake deposit in that it recognizes the inherent stratigraphic diversity within the Mannville Group as a whole and more specifically as this applies to the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups. It must be remembered, however, that these units are recognized on the basis of their stratigraphic position rather than on the basis of their lithic



distinctiveness.

Many authors (see Caldwell, 1984 for an example) have commented on the difficulties in correlating the nine units of the Mannville recognized in the Lloydminster area on both a local and on a regional scale. These problems are due to the fact that the regional components of each of these units bear such lithic similarity to one another that correlation problems are inevitable. It is proposed that because these units lack the criteria of lithic uniqueness necessary for recognition as *lithostratigraphic* units (set forth in Article 22 of the North American Stratigraphic Code; NACSN, 1983), any lithostratigraphic implication to these names (i.e. member or formation status) should be abandoned. In other words the seven units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval should be regarded simply as "units" (following the terminology of Brown, 1965, and of O'Connell, 1985, among others), rather than assuming formal lithostratigraphic status.

#### ALTERNATE STRATIGRAPHIC SCHEMES

On what basis, then, can these units be consistently correlated, and how can the boundaries between them be consistently recognized? I propose that each of the seven units of the Upper and Middle Mannville is bounded by regional unconformities which are subtle but which are ultimately recognizable on a regional basis. Recognition of these unconformities qualifies each of the seven Upper and Middle Mannville regional units as distinct stratigraphic *sequences* (following the definition of Van Wagoner, et al., 1988).

Much of the rest of this discussion will focus on this sequence stratigraphic redefinition of Upper-Middle Mannville stratigraphy, specifically on how the bounding unconformities within it have been recognized, and on the problems associated with strictly applying the concept.

#### **A note on sequence stratigraphic terminology**

Unconformity-bounded stratigraphic units have in the past been referred to as sequences (Wheeler, 1958, 1959a, 1959b; 1964) and they continue to be referred to in this way by an extensive school of stratigraphic researchers (Mitchum et al., 1977; Van Wagoner et al., 1988). The International Commission on Stratigraphic Classification

(1987) has pointed out a number of problems with using this terminology, however, since the term sequence has also had different meanings in both past and present stratigraphic literature (e.g. “Sloss sequences”--Sloss, 1963; 1988; Ricketts, 1990). The ICSC (1987) followed the terminology of Chang (1975; 1981) in choosing the term *synthem* to refer to unconformity-bounded stratigraphic units. The North American Commission on Stratigraphic Nomenclature has preferred to use the term *allostratigraphic unit* (North American Stratigraphic Code, Article 58; NACSN, 1983) to refer to units bounded by discontinuities, but recent inconsistencies in the literature as to the exact definition of these “bounding discontinuities” points to difficulties in applying the concept (see Walker, 1990, p. 780-781)]. Synthems and allostratigraphic units also differ from the depositional *sequences* of Mitchum et al. (1977) and Van Wagoner et al. (1988) in that they are only recognized as far as their bounding discontinuities are identifiable, while depositional sequences are defined as being bounded as well by their correlative conformities (Baum and Vail, 1988).

#### **A note on the use of the term *unconformity***

The term unconformity as employed in the present study conforms to the definition of Van Wagoner et al. (1988; p. 39); i.e. “a surface separating younger from older strata, along which there is evidence of subaerial erosional truncation (and in some areas, correlative submarine erosion) or subaerial exposure, with a significant hiatus indicated”. Furthermore, all of the unconformities discussed herein conform with the definition of Type 1 sequence boundaries (Fig. 11) also defined by Van Wagoner et al. (1988; p. 41) in being “characterized by subaerial exposure and concurrent subaerial erosion associated with stream rejuvenation, a basinward shift of facies, a downward shift in coastal onlap, and onlap of overlying strata”. These Type 1 sequence boundaries are differentiated from Type 2 sequence boundaries, which are not marked by basinward facies shifts nor by channel incision (Van Wagoner et al., 1988; Posamentier et al., 1988; Posamentier and Vail, 1988).

## SEQUENCE STRATIGRAPHY OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE

On a regional basis, the Upper and Middle Mannville interval generally consists of a number of stacked coarsening-upwards successions (CUS's) interpreted as progradational shoreface to offshore clastic wedges. In sequence stratigraphic parlance these CUS's are referred to as parasequences and are defined by their bounding marine flooding surfaces. Parasequences are reflective of small-scale relative sea level variations and may be a result of either autocyclic or allocyclic processes. Because of this they can be highly localized, or they may be regionally continuous. In the case of coastlines which have a significant deltaic component, in which lobe switching may be a major part of depositional style, multiple local parasequences may develop in deltaic areas and may be traceable into a single regional parasequence in areas not marked by deltaic deposition. The above scenario seems to have been active during Upper-Middle Mannville time, and, as a result, extreme difficulties in correlation of parasequences are encountered. Correlation of parasequences is best handled on a local study basis under these conditions (see Mathison, 1988 for an example from the Upper Mannville).

Regional studies such as the present one are better equipped to recognize the bounding unconformities which define stratigraphic sequences. Sequences are also more logical subdivisions for regional stratigraphic schemes because of the problems of regional correlation of parasequences and because sequences are by definition time-bounded while parasequences are not.

In some cases the recognition of the unconformities which define the sequences of the Upper and Middle Mannville interval is fairly obvious, but in other cases these unconformities are more subtle. Unconformity recognition is based on two sets of observations:

- Disconformities between Upper and Middle Mannville units are easily recognizable in cases where the tops of these units show evidence of subaerial exposure (e.g. root zones) and erosion and where these units are overlain by marine shales. In some cases, however, subaerial exposure surfaces are missing and erosion is thought to have also occurred during subsequent transgressive scouring. In these cases, the bounding horizons represent both unconformities and

ravinement surfaces (Fig. 12). In many cases ravinement has destroyed much of the evidence of subaerial exposure and disconformable surfaces are much more difficult to recognize (Nummedal and Swift, 1987).

- All of the seven stratigraphic units of the Upper and Middle Mannville have a network of deep incised channels associated with them that cut down from their uppermost surfaces (Chapter III). The recognition of these incised channels is key to the recognition of sequences within the Upper and Middle Mannville, since it is these incised channels that generally define the unconformities, especially in cases where ravinement of paralic deposits has destroyed evidence of subaerial exposure. It is proposed that channel incision occurred due to a significant drop in sea level near the end of each individual progradational cycle. The detailed local cross-sections in Figs. 13-20 illustrate examples of deep channel incision associated with each of the Upper and Middle Mannville unconformities while the cross-sections in Appendix 2 (Figs. 47-51) illustrate the extent and variability of channel incision on a regional basis.

### **Problems in applying the sequence concept**

#### *Relationship between stratigraphic units and sequences*

It is important that a clear distinction be drawn between the seven traditionally recognized stratigraphic units of the Upper and Middle Mannville and the seven regional sequences that comprise this interval. The stratigraphic units have been defined on the basis of regional strata (either single coarsening-upward successions or sets of CUS's) that are traceable throughout much of east-central Alberta. The definition of these stratigraphic units (whether they were recognized in the past as members or as formations) has not included a consideration of the incised channels. Where incised channel-fill successions have been previously recognized within the Upper and Middle Mannville, they have been referred to as being associated with the uppermost of the units into which they cut (Fig. 21A). Hence terms such as "McLaren channels" and "Waseca channels" have arisen (see Mathison, 1988; and Kramers et al., 1990). In contrast, the technical definition of a stratigraphic sequence encompasses all the strata between two

subaerially formed unconformities (and their associated marine conformities). Incised channel fills therefore generally represent the basal components of stratigraphic sequences (Fig. 21B).

Figure 21 details the relationship between traditional stratigraphic terminology for the Upper and Middle Mannville and a parallel sequence stratigraphic scheme. Within the areas in which regional strata dominate, these sequences are for the most part equivalent to the regional stratigraphic units. Therefore, for example, regional Sequence 1 is roughly equivalent to the regional Colony unit and regional Sequence 2 is roughly equivalent to the regional McLaren unit. In areas in which incised channels dominate, however, the relationship breaks down. For example, Sequence 1 includes within it incised channel-fill deposits (referred to as Sequence 1 incised channel-fill deposits) that cut down from the top of Sequence 2; in traditional stratigraphic schemes these channel-fill deposits would be referred to as McLaren channels.

Although there is a definite need for a sequence stratigraphic reevaluation of the Upper and Middle Mannville, traditional terminology for both regional deposits and for channel deposits is herein retained, in order to avoid unnecessary confusion and to maintain a sense of continuity with previous uses of stratigraphic terminology. This may create some nomenclatural confusion unto itself, since a sequence stratigraphic subdivision of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval means that (for example) "Waseca channels" are bounded within the same sequence as regional McLaren strata. Because this is also to some degree a genetic association, Waseca channels are herein dubbed as "McLaren sequence associated Waseca channels".

No matter what names are given to these units, it must be remembered that in recognizing the seven stratigraphic units which comprise the Upper and Middle Mannville Group in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area it is technically more correct to regard these units as stratigraphic sequences, since the cyclic and repetitive nature of recurring lithofacies within the succession dictates that lithostratigraphic principles cannot be strictly applied. Therefore, the traditional stratigraphic names as employed herein refer to regional, mappable units, which are defined on the basis of their bounding unconformities in non-channelized successions. As will be demonstrated, channelized successions are more

difficult to fit into any stratigraphic scheme, be that scheme lithostratigraphic, or sequence stratigraphic, but are, nonetheless, referred to informally by the conventions outlined above.

*Uncertainty of unconformity delineation within incised channel systems*

While regional correlation of the uppermost surfaces of incised channel fill successions with the tops of regional coarsening-upward successions defines the tops of those successions as unconformities rather than as parasequence boundaries, defining unconformities in channelized successions may be much more difficult.

For instance, in areas in which *exceptionally* thick channel successions are preserved, there is always the possibility that multiple incision events, associated with the creation of a number of unconformities, may have occurred. Sorting out whether multiple incision and fill events have occurred (rather than a single cut and fill event) is rarely possible, however, due to the effects of amalgamation of channelized deposits (channel stacking). Therefore, resolution of the limits to sequences in areas in which incised channels are important becomes exceedingly problematic (see Chapter III).

*Incised channels associated with the Mannville-Colorado boundary*

In the above discussion I have shown that the Upper-Middle Mannville interval within the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit can be divided into seven regional stratigraphic sequences. However, an eighth sequence is possible, composed of the incised channel-fill deposits found at the top of the Upper Mannville. As pointed out in Chapter VI, the boundary between the Mannville and the Colorado has been shown to represent an extensive regional unconformity, that may represent a time gap equivalent to the entirety of Middle Albian time. However, the relationship between the incised channel-fill deposits at the top of the Mannville and the overlying shales of the Joli Fou Formation of the Colorado Group has never been established. It is possible that the unconformity that separates these channel-fill deposits from the regional deposits of the Colony unit may have been followed by another unconformity event after channel fill was completed. In that case the uppermost surface of the channel-fill would represent another unconformity

surface and the channel-fill itself would represent a separate sequence (tentatively referred to as Sequence 0). On the other hand, channel infill may not have been initiated until the initial stage of the Joli Fou transgression. In this case the channel fill deposits are not separated from the black shales of the Joli Fou by an unconformity and may be better regarded as basal Colorado deposits (Fig. 21B). As well, the time gap between deposition of the regional Colony deposits and the incised channel fill deposits would be very extensive. In the absence of biostratigraphic evidence, it may be impossible to determine which of these hypotheses is correct.

*Are channelized valley-fill successions sequences unto themselves?*

Uncertainty as to whether the so-called Colony channels may be considered as the uppermost sequence of the Mannville Group, or may be considered as basal deposits of the Joli Fou transgression, begs the question of whether other incised valley-fill successions might constitute stratigraphic sequences unto themselves. For instance, rooted coals are almost always present at the top of every one of the eight valley-fill successions within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval and these are almost always directly overlain by transgressive marine strata. Does the presence of these rooted coals indicate that there was enough evidence of subaerial exposure at these surfaces to constitute the "significant hiatus" (prior to full-scale transgression) required for recognition of these surfaces as unconformities? In light of these seemingly irresolvable questions it is best to address sequence stratigraphic relationships within valley-fill successions separately from the sequence stratigraphy of their regional counterparts, other than in using the upper surfaces of valley-fill successions as guides to demarcating regional unconformity surfaces in regional strata.

*The "Lloydminster problem"*

The detailed local cross-sections found in Figures 13-20 illustrate the evidence for deep channel incision associated with each of the eight unconformity surfaces within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval. In the case of the Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, G.P., and Rex channel systems there is convincing drill core evidence to support the

contention that these channel systems are in fact *incised* channels which developed as a response to base level drop and which were later infilled during base level rise. This rule of good core control is broken in the case of channel systems which cut down from the top of the Lloydminster unit, since little economic interest has been shown in the Lloydminster and it has only rarely been cored. Therefore, only one cored example of a Lloydminster channel could be found in juxtaposition with regional shoreface-offshore successions (Fig. 13), and only the uppermost section of the channelized succession at that. Gamma ray logs indicate a number of other incised channels cutting down from the top of the regional Lloydminster into the regional Cummings unit, but drill core evidence for an unconformity at the top of the Lloydminster is not as extensive as for the other unconformity surfaces within the succession.

#### **Other evidence of depositional cyclicity within the Mannville Group**

Depositional cyclicity is not confined to the Upper and Middle Mannville but occurs throughout the entire Mannville Group. Recent work by Taylor (1990) has shown that recognition of incised channels is important in defining depositional sequences and bounding unconformities within the Clearwater Formation (Cummings unit equivalent) of the Lower Mannville in the Cold Lake area as well. Extreme depositional cyclicity, with associated unconformity creation, might then be thought of as the main defining characteristic of the Mannville Group within the Cold Lake Oil Sands area.

At least three of the unconformities recognized within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval have previously been suggested (either directly or indirectly) by research conducted in west-central Saskatchewan and east-central Alberta. In many cases the definition of these unconformities has been based on the recognition of incised channels. Brown (1965), Vigrass (1977), and Smith, et al. (1984) all proposed that channelized erosional downcutting from the top of the Sparky unit was associated with a widespread unconformity, and Gross (1980) and Mathison (1988) recognized that the upper surfaces of the McLaren and Waseca units in east-central Alberta were also unconformities based on the occurrence of incised channels. Gross (1980), in fact, recognized that incised channel systems were associated with all of the units of the Mannville in eastern Alberta.



Nevertheless, the full extent of the disconformities found in the Upper and Middle Mannville has never been fully explored prior to this study, nor has the role that relative base level change has played in shaping the depositional history of this interval.

#### UPPER-MIDDLE MANNVILLE REFERENCE SECTIONS (REGIONAL STRATA)

Each of the regional units of the Upper and Middle Mannville changes facies character from place to place within the study area, partly due to the existence of local parasequences within them, and partly as a result of deep channel incision and subsequent infill.

Two cored wells were selected as reference sections in order to redefine the stratigraphy of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval in terms of sequence stratigraphic criteria; one for the Middle Mannville (Husky Tucker Lake 13-21-64-4W4), and another closely adjacent well for the Upper Mannville (Husky Tucker Lake 10-19-64-4W4). These wells were selected based on completeness of section, on level of broad representation of depositional facies within the regional units of the interval, and on the basis of non-display of evidence of incised channel deposits.

#### **Middle Mannville (Husky Tucker Lake 13-21-64-4W4; Fig. 22)**

##### *Lloydminster unit*

In this well the basal Lloydminster is made up of black to dark grey shales, which directly overlie fine-grained oscillation-rippled sands of the Cummings unit along a sharp (erosional) contact. The blackest of the basal shales appear to be unbioturbated, while some of the grey shales are highly burrowed, displaying a form of cryptobioturbation in which no distinct ichnofossils are preserved. Interbedded sands and shales in this interval display a diverse ichnocoenose, however, including *Chondrites*, *Zoophycos*, *Teichichnus*, and *Planolites*. The interval is interpreted as representing a shallow inner shelf environment in which alternating dysaerobic and aerobic conditions prevailed. The basal shales of the Lloydminster are overlain by interbedded bioturbated shales and very fine-grained unbioturbated sands displaying a highly diverse ichnocoenose made up of *Zoophycos*, *Asterosoma*, *Teichichnus*, *Chondrites*, *Planolites*, and *Ophiomorpha*, and

interpreted as lower shoreface deposits. These interbedded sands and shales grade upward into low angle fine-grained sands containing a less diverse ichnocoenose consisting of *Teichichnus* and *Ophiomorpha*. These sands in turn grade up into cross-bedded, unbioturbated medium-grained sands interpreted as upper shoreface deposits. The upper surface of this sand displays a sharp contact with the overlying Rex unit.

#### *Rex unit*

Two coarsening-upwards successions are found within the Rex in this well. The CUS begins with a thin, moderately bioturbated, dark grey shale containing *Chondrites*, which is directly overlain by a fairly thick section of interbedded dark grey shales and massive to low angle medium-grained sands containing abundant carbonaceous detritus. Degree of bioturbation is highly variable within this interval, ranging from unbioturbated to highly bioturbated in a thin interbedded zone near the top of the interval which contains *Asterosoma*, *Planolites*, *Zoophycos*, and *Cylindrichnus*. This interbedded zone is thought to represent lower shoreface deposits which grade upward into low angle medium-grained sands thought to represent upper shoreface deposits.

A sharp contact separates the lower CUS of the Rex from the much thicker upper CUS. This upper succession begins with a 1 m interval of interbedded sands and moderately bioturbated shales containing abundant *Asterosoma* as well as *Ophiomorpha*, *Teichichnus*, and *Planolites*, and grades up into a thick section of hummocky cross-stratified sands in turn grading from very fine- to fine-grained. This thick sand section contains scattered horizontal *Ophiomorpha*, and is interpreted as representing lower shoreface conditions. It is overlain by medium-grained trough cross-stratified sands interpreted as middle shoreface deposits, and further overlain by hummocky cross-stratified medium-grained sands thought to represent upper shoreface deposits. A sharp contact at the top of this uppermost sand separates it from a 70 cm thick unbioturbated grey shale which may represent lagoonal or coastal plain deposits.

#### *General Petroleums unit*

Another sharp contact at the top of the Rex marks its interface with the General

Petroleum unit. In this well the G.P. does not appear to coarsen upwards but does contain some shale clasts near its base. The remainder of the G.P. contains very fine-grained, unbioturbated sand. Since a thin coal appears at the top of the G.P., the unit is interpreted as a lower to upper shoreface succession. The coal at the top of the G.P. separates it from the Sparky unit.

### *Sparky unit*

In many cases, the Sparky consists of a number of coarsening-upwards successions (e.g. see Smith et al., 1984; Smith, 1984; Haidl, 1986; Mathison, 1988). In this case, however, only one CUS is found within the unit. The base of the Sparky consists of moderately- to highly-bioturbated, light to medium grey shales with some minor admixed sands. The interval is dominated by *Chondrites* and *Planolites* accompanied by *Palaeophycus*, *Teichichnus*, *Terebellina* and *Zoophycos*. The remaining shoreface succession of the Sparky CUS shows evidence of being influenced by alternating storm and non-storm deposition. Lower shoreface deposits consist of oscillation-rippled and cross-bedded fine-grained sands interbedded with shales containing *Skolithos* and *Planolites*. Some of the cross-bedded sands contain shale clasts. Upper shoreface deposits in the Sparky are hummocky cross-stratified for the most part but contain interbedded, moderately bioturbated shales with *Planolites* and *Chondrites*. Trace fossil assemblages within the thin shales may indicate opportunistic behaviour of infauna following a storm event (indicated by the hummocky cross-stratified sands) (see also Chapter IV). The top of the Sparky displays a sharp contact with dark grey shales of the basal Waseca.

### **Upper Mannville (Husky Tucker Lake 10-19-64-4W4; Fig. 23)**

#### *Waseca unit*

In this well the Waseca overlies Sparky hummocky cross-stratified sands correlative with those of the Husky Tucker Lake 13-21-64-4W4 well (used as a reference section for the Middle Mannville), along a sharp contact. The basal Waseca consists of highly bioturbated silts (with *Chondrites*, and small forms of *Teichichnus* and *Zoophycos*),

which grade into interbedded oscillation-rippled sands, silts, and bioturbated shales containing *Planolites*, *Cylindrichnus*, small *Teichichnus*, and *Chondrites*. This interbedded section further grades into another section of rhythmically interbedded silts and fine-grained sands, some of which are glauconitic, some of which display synaeresis cracks, and all of which display oscillation-ripples. Degree of bioturbation is low and bioturbated intervals are restricted to specific horizons. The section is interpreted as representing embayed shoreface to basinal conditions. As in the case of the Sparky Formation below, this embayment section shows evidence of alternating storm and non-storm depositional conditions in its sedimentary structures as well as in its constituent ichnofauna (which consists of *Cylindrichnus*, *Gyrolithes*, *Planolites*, and *Palaeophycus*). The interbedded silts and sands are in sharp contact with overlying hummocky cross-stratified to oscillation-rippled fine-grained sands (containing carbonaceous detritus and wood above), which are interpreted as shoreface sands. A thin carbonate-cemented zone is found in the middle of this shoreface succession.

The basal CUS of the Waseca is overlain by a second CUS that again is composed of highly bioturbated silts and admixed glauconitic sands at its base. Only moderate bioturbation levels are found throughout this basal section, although ichnologic diversity is strong. The dominant ichnocoenose is composed of small size representatives, including *Planolites*, *Chondrites*, *Cylindrichnus*, *Arenicolites*, *Zoophycos*, and *Terebellina*. The basal bioturbated silts and sands grade upward into interbedded oscillation-rippled silts and sands containing rare traces of bioturbation, synaeresis cracks, and rarely, siderite, separated by thin beds of moderately to highly bioturbated silts. As in the case of underlying units which display similar facies associations, this lithofacies is interpreted as being a product of alternating storm and non-storm conditions within an embayment. Again, the evidence for this lies in the interpretation of an opportunistic ichnocoenose in some of the interbedded sediments. In this case these ichnofossils include *Chondrites*, *Teichichnus*, *Cylindrichnus*, *Skolithos*, *Planolites*, *Palaeophycus*, and *Gyrolithes*. Interbedded sands and shales grade upward into alternating beds of bioturbated shales and either interbedded oscillation-rippled silts and very fine-grained sands or else non-interbedded very fine-grained sands. Sharp contacts

separate the bioturbated shales from the coarser-grained beds giving further evidence of alternating non-storm and storm deposition.

This interbedded section in turn grades upward into hummocky cross-stratified very fine-grained sands further overlain by oscillation-rippled very fine-grained sands, interpreted as representing shoreface conditions. As in the case of the shoreface sands of the basal CUS of the Waseca, a thin carbonate cemented zone is found in the middle of the section. A sharp contact separates these sands from the overlying McLaren unit.

#### *McLaren unit*

The McLaren unit consists of a single CUS which at its base consists of alternating black to dark grey shales that display no bioturbation and which are interpreted as representing dysaerobic depositional conditions. These are overlain by highly to moderately bioturbated silts with some thin sand stringers and one 0.5 m thick hummocky cross-stratified fine-grained sand. These deposits display some indication of an opportunistic ichnocoenose (*Chondrites*, *Planolites*, *Cylindrichnus*, *Gyrolithes*), and are interpreted as representing embayment conditions. The section is sharply overlain by a fairly thick (3.5 m) section of hummocky cross-stratified very fine-grained sands which is thought to represent a shoreface environment. A sharp contact separates this sand from the second CUS above it.

#### *Colony unit*

The Colony unit is usually the thinnest of all of the units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval. In this case it consists of a thin basal bioturbated shale with synaeresis cracks, which grades upward into interbedded bioturbated shales and oscillation-rippled very fine-grained sands. The trace fossil assemblage within this succession again indicates opportunistic behaviour, with *Chondrites*, *Planolites*, *Skolithos*, *Cylindrichnus*, *Palaeophycus*, and *Gyrolithes* (Chapter IV). As in similar facies of the McLaren, Waseca, and Sparky units, this section is interpreted as representing embayment conditions. The upper CUS shows evidence of truncation of its upper surface, however, as a very thin fine-grained sand containing a pebble horizon directly overlies the upper CUS along a

very sharp contact. This thin sand is interpreted as a transgressive lag deposited during the initial onset of the Joli Fou transgression. The contact between the upper CUS of the Colony and this transgressive sand is interpreted as a ravinement surface. The transgressive lag is directly overlain by the distinctive black shales of the Joli Fou Formation, although the contact between the Colony and the Joli Fou is obscured by a carbonate-cemented zone (see also Chapter VI).

## MAPPING OF REGIONAL UNITS

### Structure and Isopach Maps (Figs.62-85)

Much of the structure of the units of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups is a reflection of the structural attitude of the Devonian unconformity surface (Fig. 62). Within the study area, the main structural elements of this surface include the Lindbergh High (centred around T55-R6W4), and the salt solution low (see Fig. 10) which runs along most of the eastern edge of the study area, a series of smaller structural highs which run in a northeast-southwest line from T68-R4W4 to T63-R8W4, and some isolated structural lows which run parallel to the western edge of the salt solution low.

The structure of the Devonian unconformity surface is especially important in its effect on the units of the Lower Mannville (Figs. 63-65), but its effect diminishes upward through the seven units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval (Figs. 66-72). Structural and isopach maps of the various units of the Mannville (Figs. 63-85) partially reflect the structural drape of successive units over top of one another, but anomalous thicks and thins in isopach maps and anomalous values in structure maps in the units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval are thought to demonstrate the effect of the unconformable nature of these units due to differential erosion and subaerial exposure of their uppermost surfaces (Figs. 79-85). All of the units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval demonstrate some erosional relief, but this is most apparent in isopach maps of the Sparky, McLaren, and Colony units. This may indicate that differential erosion through subaerial exposure may have been particularly well developed following the deposition of each of these units (see Brown, 1965; and Vigrass, 1977 for a discussion of the significance of the Sparky unconformity, as well as Chapters III and VI, for discussions

of the McLaren and Colony unconformities).

### **Net Sand Trends (Figs. 86-94)**

Net sand maps were created for each of the regional units of the Upper and Middle Mannville in order to try and determine the trends of regional shorelines within each of these units (Figs. 86-94). Summary diagrams of greater than average net sand trends within the units of the Upper and Middle Mannville are shown in Figs. 24-31. In some cases mapping of net sand trends was very successful and shoreline trends were easily discernible (such as for the General Petroleum and Rex units; Figs. 25 and 26). However, in other cases where a great deal of channel incision has taken place within an individual unit (such as in the case of the McLaren unit; Fig. 29), or where an unit has been heavily incised from channels originating in units above it, the net sand database for these regional units is greatly diminished. The same holds true for units whose unconformity surfaces have been subjected to differential erosion over long periods of subaerial exposure. In these cases it is more difficult to discern shoreline trends simply due to a lack of data for the regional offshore-shoreface coarsening-upward successions within the sequence stratigraphic units.

One of the recurring ideas in previous paleoenvironmental studies of the Mannville in east-central Alberta (especially in studies of the Upper Mannville), is that much of the succession represents deltaic deposition (e.g. McLearn, 1944; Orr et al., 1977; Wenckers et al., 1979; Van Hulten, 1984). This idea is ultimately based on the intimate association between offshore, shoreface, and channelized deposits within the interval. Virtually without exception, however, these studies have based their conclusions on facies criteria and have not sought to test their hypotheses through regional mapping. One recent interpretation of deltaic deposition in the Upper Mannville (Wightman et al., 1987) has faced criticism in the past (Mathison, 1988, p. 337; Putnam, 1988) partly because of the fact that regional shoreline deposits and deltas may display almost identical facies characteristics (see Miall, 1987). Evidence for deltaic depocentres lies not in facies associations but in the geometry of sand bodies and their relationship to other paleogeomorphologic elements.

One way in which the test of deltaic versus regional paralic deposition can be applied is to map net sand trends within each of the seven regional units in combination with mapping the trends of incised channel deposits associated with each of these units (Miall, 1987). If anomalously thick net sand values are found to occur which also appear to be associated with incised channel trends, then it is possible that these thick sands may represent localized deltas. In a number of cases such mapping reveals that some of the anomalously thick regional offshore-shoreface sands are associated with the termini of paleochannel systems, in which case the weight of evidence favours a deltaic interpretation for these local depocentres. In other examples, localized sand depocentres do not appear to be associated with paleochannel systems. In these cases it is much more difficult to explain the local sand thicks.

Much of the following discussion will focus on the interpretation of net sand maps of each of the units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval, and on whether local deltas and even regional shorelines can be determined from these maps with any degree of certainty.

### **Middle Mannville**

#### *Lloydminster unit (Fig. 24; Fig. 86)*

A dominant net sand trend is difficult to ascertain within the Lloydminster unit partly due to incisement of General Petroleum and Rex paleochannels into the regional Lloydminster. Two local (deltaic?) depocentres are discernible, however, one centred in the area of T59-R1-4W4, and the other in the area of T66-R6. The lack of sand development between the two depocentres may indicate the presence of an embayment in the area between Townships 61 and 65 and Ranges 1 and 7W4.

#### *Rex unit (Fig. 25; Fig. 87)*

The net sand map of the Rex unit reveals a strong northeast to southwest paleoshoreline trend in the northern two-thirds of the study area, with a more dominant north-south trend in the southern third. Overlay of Lloydminster channel trends indicates that eastward-draining paleochannels extend well beyond the trend of thicker than average



net sand accumulation, possibly indicating that these channels incised beyond the limit of shoreline progradation and incised into offshore deposits. No obvious deltaic depocentres are discernible.

*General Petroleums unit (Fig. 26; Fig. 88)*

Net sand mapping indicates a dominant northwest-southeast trend within the General Petroleums unit in the extreme northern one-third of the study area. The middle one-third of the study area is dominated by a northeast-southwest trend similar to that of the Rex unit. Overlay of the trends of Rex paleochannel systems demonstrates that, as in the case of the Rex unit, eastern draining paleochannels have incised beyond the major net sand shoreline trend. There may be some relationship between the major eastward trending channel system in T64 and 65 and possible deltaic depocentres centred in the area of T66-R5W4 and T67-R2W4. Paleochannel systems in the southern half of the study area do not appear to be associated with any deltaic depocentres.

*Sparky unit (Fig. 27; Fig. 89)*

Major net sand trends in the regional Sparky are predominantly centred in the northern half of the study area. The distribution of these thicker net sands is somewhat patchy, however, and it is difficult to determine any paleoshoreline trends. As in the case of the Lloydminster unit this may be partly due to deep incision of younger channels into and through the regional Sparky (in this case McLaren channels in the area north of T72 and Waseca channels in the area between T67 and T71).

G.P. paleochannels associated with the Sparky sequence demonstrate a northeasterly trend in the northern half of the study area and may be associated with thick net sand zones centred in T68-R1W4, T65-R3W4, and T63-R3W4. One thick net sand area dominates the southern half of the study area, centred around T54-R5W4. Eastward trending G.P. paleochannels may have been associated with the creation of this depocentre.

## Upper Mannville

### *Waseca unit (Fig. 28; Fig. 90)*

The net sand map of the regional Waseca shows a number of local trends which may indicate that a fairly complicated shoreline system prevailed during the progradation of the Waseca unit. It must be stressed, nevertheless, that the Waseca surface is heavily dissected by McLaren paleochannels and regional net sand trends may not be entirely reflective of shoreline trends due to a lack of regional Waseca data.

Nevertheless, the southern part of the study area (T53-T60) does show a rough northwest-southeast trend dominated by a local sand depocentre in the area of T56-R1W4. Paleoflow directions of sequence associated Sparky paleochannels in this area indicate a dominant eastward trend. These channels may have fed the thick sand trend which stretches between T54-R1W4 and T58-R1W4. Another Sparky paleochannel to the north may have been responsible for the development of the regional Waseca net sand thick centred in T60-R1W4.

The central part of the study area (T61-T66) is dominated by isolated net sand thicks which are surrounded by large areas in which very little sand is found within the regional Waseca succession. Two net sand thicks are found in this area, one centred in the area of T63-R4W4 and the other in the area of T65-R7W4. The former of these sand thicks may be associated with an northeastward-trending Sparky feeder channel.

The northern part of the study area (T67-T73) shows one major thick sand trend in the northeast. Northeastward trending Sparky channels show an orientation towards this sand thick but lack of data points in this area precludes the demonstration of a direct relationship between the two.

### *McLaren unit (Fig. 29; Fig. 91)*

The McLaren net sand map is dominated by a northeastward trending depocentre in the most northern third of the study area. A dense network of sequence associated northward trending Waseca paleochannels dominates the area between T69-T72, R4-R6W4 and may represent a major deltaic system associated with the McLaren paleoshoreline.

Net sand thicks are relatively absent from the southern half of the study area in comparison to the unit dominating sand thick to the north. Sequence associated Waseca channels trend towards the east in the southern half of the Cold Lake area. These channels may have fed a shoreline trend to the east of the study area. If so, the northeastward trending McLaren paleoshoreline which dominates the northern part of the study area may have yielded to a dominant north-south trend to the south.

*Colony unit (Fig. 30; Fig. 92)*

The regional Colony is typically the thinnest of the seven regional units of the Upper-Middle Mannville succession. The Colony-Joli Fou unconformity surface also displays more post-depositional erosional relief than virtually any of the other bounding unconformities within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval. Differential erosion of relatively large sections of the regional Colony may partially explain why the net sand map displays so many small, isolated sand thicks, and why no general trends are discernible.

Colony sequence associated McLaren channels are the most pervasive channels systems within the Upper-Middle Mannville succession. These channels do appear to show some relationship to the regional Colony net sand trends (note for instance the dense network of McLaren paleochannels which appears to have fed the net sand trend centred in T68-R2W4) but the relatively rarity of Colony sand thicks (due to differential erosion?) obscures any immediately perceivable regional paleoshoreline trends.

*Colony channels (Fig. 31; Fig. 101)*

The picture of Upper and Middle Mannville deposition is completed by the maps of Colony channels shown in Figures 31 and 101. As in the case of all of the other channel systems found within the interval, the fill within these channels post-dates the deposition of the regional strata bearing the same name. As discussed previously, it is unclear whether these Colony channel fill deposits belong to the Mannville Group or represent basal deposits of the Joli Fou Formation. The thickness of these channels, as well as their lateral confinement, indicate that they are indeed *incised* channels, however, it is possible

that the extensive erosive event which formed the Mannville-Colorado unconformity, may post-date the incision of the Colony channels. If this is the case, the Joli Fou transgression may have removed any associated shoreline deposits (see Chapter VI).

## DISCUSSION

### **Controls on Upper and Middle Mannville depositional cyclicity**

In recent years much emphasis has been placed on the role of relative sea level changes in shaping cyclic shoreface/offshore successions, especially in terms of the mechanics of such changes. Most of the debate has centred over the respective influences of tectonic versus eustatic forces in bringing about relative sea level changes and consequent depositional cycles (Kendall and Lerche, 1988). The most poorly understood of these cycles are those of short term duration which have been dubbed 3rd (1-10 million years) and 4th order cycles (<1 million years) (e.g. Kauffman, 1977; Vail et al., 1977; Bally, 1980; 1982). Since the entire Mannville in east-central Alberta has been estimated to have been deposited over a period as short as 2 million years (Caldwell, 1984), the individual units must qualify as short duration (most likely 4th order) cycles.

Although eustasy has been invoked by some authors (Vail et al., 1977; Vail and Todd, 1981) as the main cause of short term variations in sea level, glacial cyclicity is the only non-tectonic mechanism that can produce rapid large-scale variations in sea level over a short time period (Pitman and Golovchenko, 1983). While this may explain part of the Cenozoic record, it does little to explain the rapid changes discernible from parts of the Cretaceous (Haq et al., 1988), when no permanent ice cap is thought to have existed (Frakes, 1979). Boyd et al. (1988) have pointed out that in the absence of evidence for glacial-eustatic changes, the weight of evidence must favour a tectonically driven mechanism to explain short-term rapid relative sea level changes (see also Cross and Pilger, 1978; Watts, 1982; Miall, 1986; Hallam, 1988).

A diverse assortment of tectonic mechanisms may be responsible for short-term relative sea level changes however. These mechanisms range from changes in rates of thermally- or load-induced basinal subsidence, to changes in volume at plate boundary spreading ridges, to orogenic activity, to changes in tectonically-controlled sediment

supply (Pitman, 1978; Pitman and Golovchenko, 1983; Kendall and Lerche, 1988). So-called regional or global sea level adjustments may even vary from basin to basin according to basin architecture (e.g. foreland basins versus passive margins) (Jordan and Flemings, 1989).

Cloetingh et al. (1985) and Cloetingh (1986; 1988) have recently proposed a mechanism to explain the creation of 3rd order depositional cycles that involves a combination of varying horizontal intraplate stress fields and load-induced subsidence rates. These mechanisms are thought to not only affect relative sea level along passive margins, but may also be responsible for consequent base level changes in intracratonic and foreland basins. With specific reference to foreland basins, the foreland bulge may be highly influenced by variations in either compressional or tensional intraplate stress fields which in turn may result in either an increase or decrease in the height of foreland bulge areas and consequent relative base level adjustments in foreland seas (Cloetingh, 1988). However, changes in relative sea level brought about by variations in intraplate stress fields must be on a time scale of a few million years or longer in order to meet the requirements of Cloetingh's model. Thus, while changes in intraplate stress fields may be responsible for some of the variation in relative sea level inferred from the cyclic depositional record of the Mannville, they can not be totally responsible for the extreme short-term variations observed within it (see also Embry, 1988; Embry and Podruski, 1988).

Ultimately, it may be impossible to sort out the relative effects of eustasy versus tectonics or even to sort out the effects of various tectonic mechanisms versus one another when searching for the driving mechanisms responsible for observed short duration transgressive-regressive cycles. Certainly the effects of longer-duration changes in relative sea level (either tectonically or eustatically driven) must be considered as significant contributing factors to the creation of short term cycles, but may also mask the effects of other factors (e.g. changes in sediment supply, local changes in subsidence or uplift) responsible for short-term cyclicity. Kendall and Lerche (1988) have stated that no clear picture of the specific effects of changes in one of the prime factors of eustasy, tectonics, and sedimentation rate can be assessed without a specific knowledge of the

effects of the other two factors (see also Collier et al., 1990; Lawrence et al., 1990).

Despite the general uncertainties involved in attributing relative sea level changes to specific factors, the extreme cyclicity observed in offshore/shoreface depositional packages within the Upper and Middle Mannville Group in the Cold Lake study area is undeniable. The pace of transgressive-regressive events within these cyclic units is so rapid as to be outside of the range of biostratigraphic or chronostratigraphic resolution. The inferred depth of incision of some of the Upper-Middle Mannville paleochannel networks, however (Chapter III), indicates that relative vertical adjustments in sea level may have been quite dramatic during this time period. As eustatic adjustments of sea level operate only on much longer time scales (in the absence of glacial events), and since there is no evidence that fluctuations in sediment supply could by themselves induce the dramatic changes in relative sea level that are envisaged, some tectonic mechanism(s) must be the main driving force behind the observed cyclicity in the Upper-Middle Mannville interval.

Upper and Middle Mannville time constitutes a period of long-term regression following the major flooding event that created the Clearwater Sea. One significant cause for periodic transgressional episodes imposed on this overall regressional pattern may have been subsidence local to areas of east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan induced through periodic solution of underlying Devonian salts (Edmunds, 1980; Christopher, 1980; Wilmot and Oliver, 1983; Smith et al., 1984).

Salt solution has been shown to have been active throughout Mannville time (Christopher, 1980) although most solutioning occurred prior to or subsequent to Mannville deposition. Salt solution most likely occurred during discrete episodes separated by longer periods of non-solutioning (Wilmot and Oliver, 1983). It is suggested that minor discrete episodes of dissolution along the leading salt edge during Upper and Middle Mannville time may have been enough to trigger episodic basinal subsidence and consequent relative sea level rise which would have eventually yielded to the effects of long term regression of the Clearwater Sea. Such a pattern may have been repeated several times during Mannville time. The resulting short-term cyclic depositional pattern may have been superimposed on a tectonic regime in which other tectonic factors

(e.g. changes in the intraplate stress field) governed longer term-cyclicality. Figure 32 summarizes the proposed model of relative transgression and regression, channel incision, and unconformity creation observed within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval in the Cold Lake study area.

Finally, it should be noted that the model of relative sea level change proposed in this study is in contrast to previous interpretations of Upper and Middle Mannville transgressive-regressive events. Clack (1967) and Minken (1974) characterized the entire Upper Mannville in the Cold Lake area as transgressive, while Van Hulst (1984) felt that each of the G.P. through Colony units represented alternating individual transgressive-regressive events (i.e. G.P. transgressive, Sparky regressive, Waseca transgressive, McLaren regressive, and Colony transgressive). The mapping of incised channels within each of these units, however, ultimately shows that relative sea level drop and the creation of concomitant unconformities divides each of the seven Upper-Middle Mannville sequence stratigraphic units into a transgressive-regressive couplet.

## CONCLUSIONS

The recognition of relative lithologic homogeneity within the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups in the Cold Lake area of east-central Alberta dictates that traditional lithostratigraphic nomenclatural schemes for the seven units recognized within this interval should be reevaluated. Furthermore, regional mapping indicates that each of these seven units is bounded by unconformities, which are recognized on the basis of evidence of subaerial exposure and on the delineation of incised channel deposits associated with each of them. Therefore, a sequence stratigraphic division of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval is the most appropriate stratigraphic scheme to apply to this succession.

In depositional environmental terms, the Upper and Middle Mannville interval is generally divisible into stacked, offshore-shoreface, coarsening-upwards successions (referred to as regional units), and incised channel deposits. Each of the regional units is marked by at least one coarsening-upwards succession representing the deposition of transgressive offshore shales followed by regressive advance of paralic deposits and ultimately followed by unconformity creation. Incision of channels associated with each

ultimately followed by unconformity creation. Incision of channels associated with each of the units began sometime after the initiation of each regressive phase of deposition. Facies associations within coarsening-upwards successions differ little from area to area or from unit to unit, but mapping of net sand trends and of incised channels aids in differentiating normal shoreline successions from possible deltas.

Paleoecologic indicators (ichnofossils, foraminifera, palynomorphs) within regional units indicate that normal marine conditions prevailed in offshore areas during the initial stages of Middle Mannville time, while more brackish conditions prevailed during Upper Mannville time. This is thought to have been due to an increase in fluvial drainage to offshore areas, as well as possible shallowing of the Clearwater Sea as successive regressions caused northward marine withdrawal from eastern Alberta and western Saskatchewan.

Extreme depositional cyclicity and unconformity creation during Upper-Middle Mannville time were probably the result of several interrelated factors. Tectonic effects are favoured over eustatic changes in sea level to account for this cyclicity, but a number of tectonic effects may have worked in combination with one another. Possible factors include changes in the intraplate stress field, changes in subsidence rates or rates of solutioning of underlying Mid-Devonian salts, and changes in sedimentation rates due to tectonic adjustments or even to climatic changes.



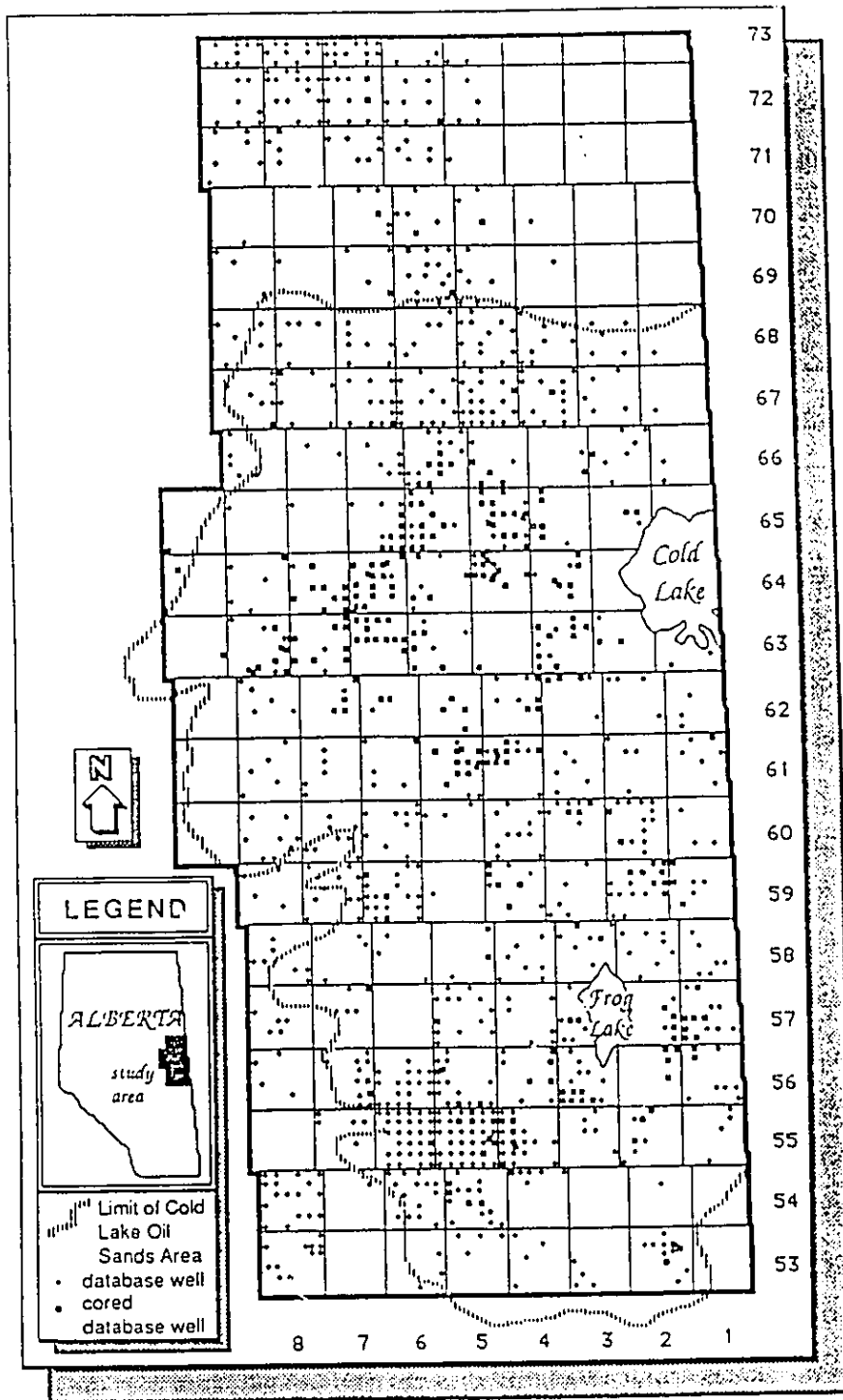


FIGURE 8.-- Study area map; Cold Lake and Primrose Lake Oil Sand areas.

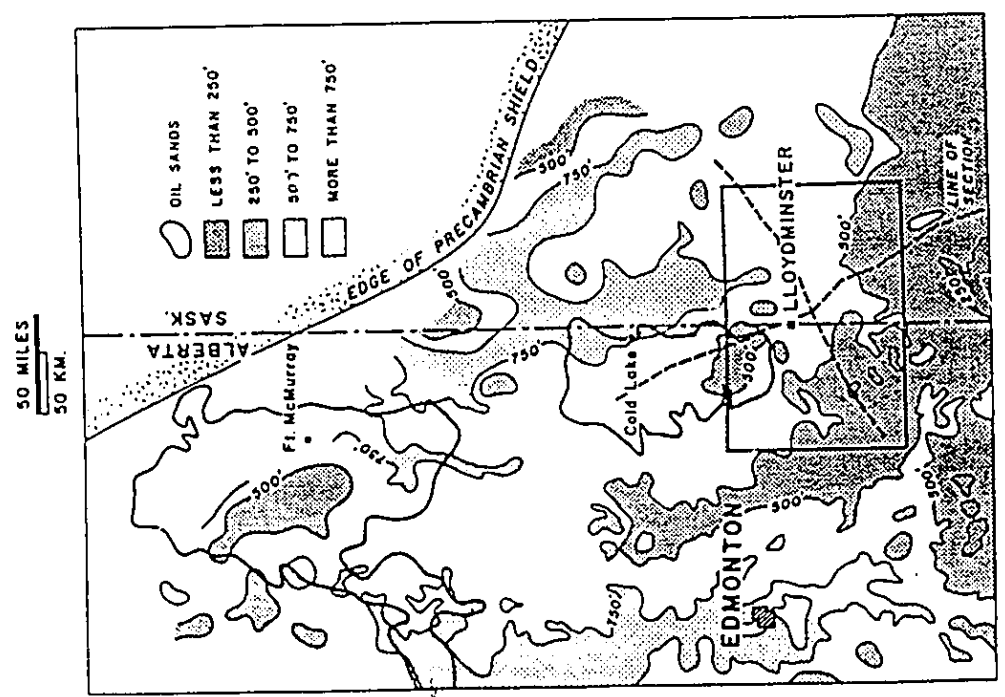
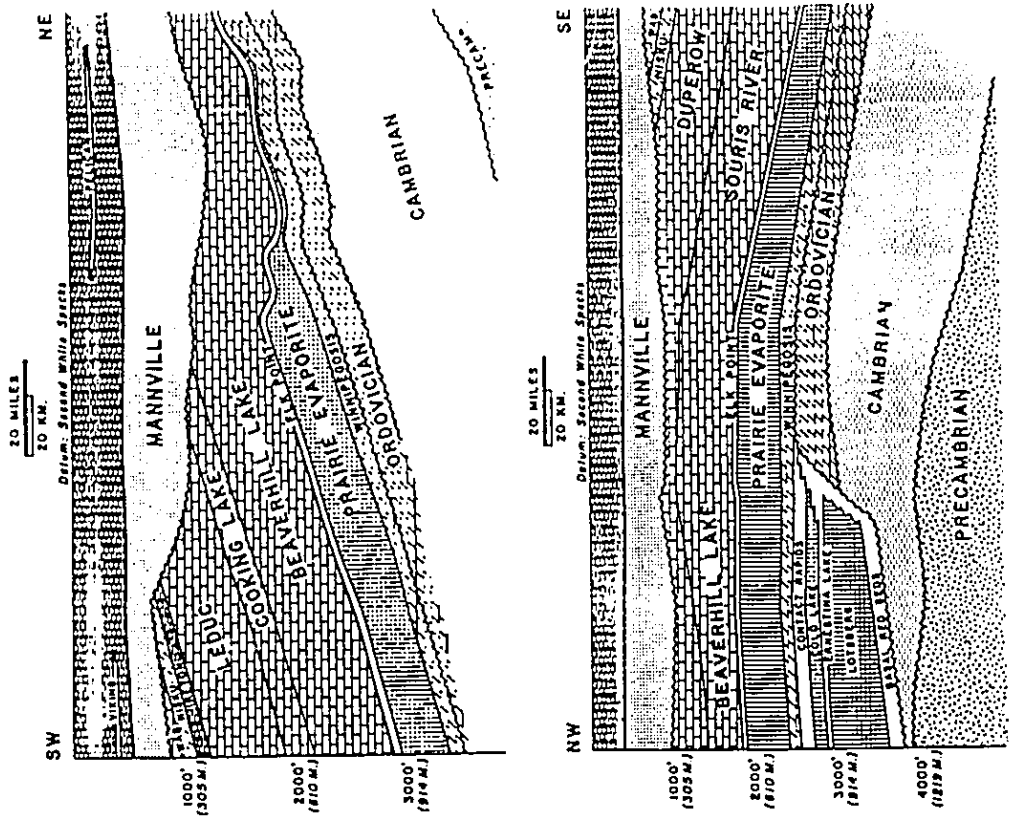


FIGURE 9.-- Regional cross-section of the Lower Cretaceous succession in eastern Alberta (after Orr et al., 1977).

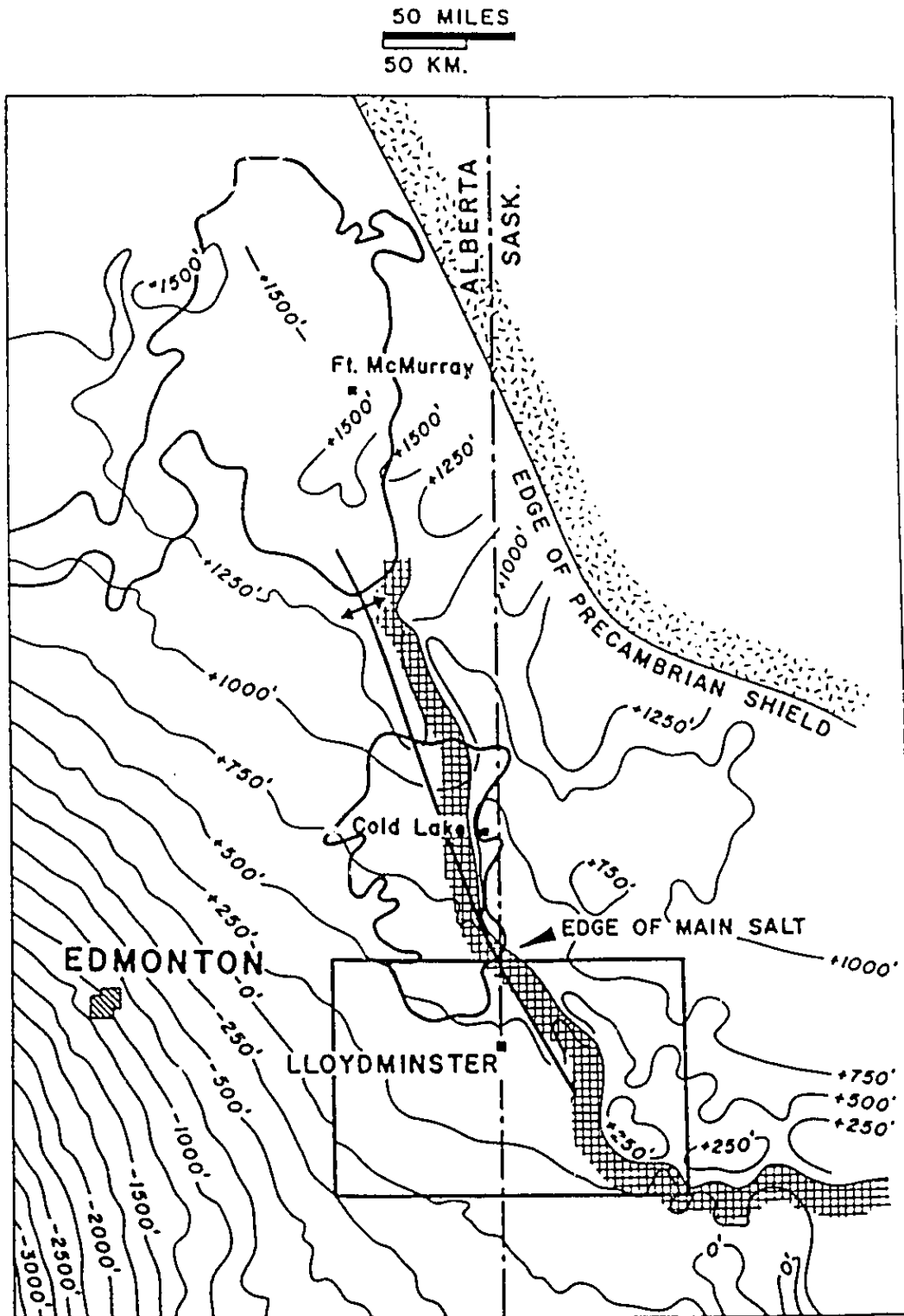


FIGURE 10.-- Important tectonic features of eastern Alberta (after Orr et al., 1977).

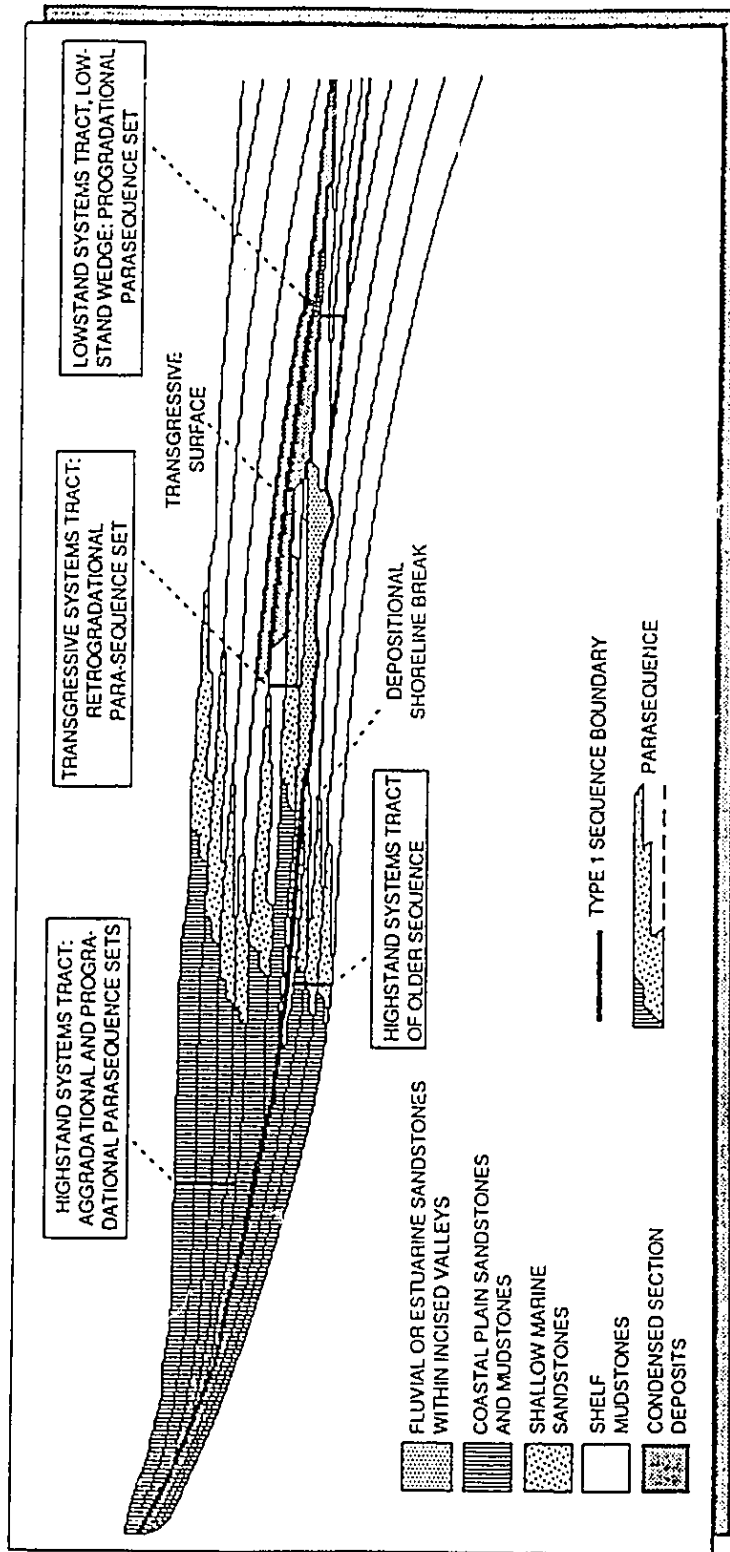


FIGURE 11.-- Illustration of Type 1 sequence boundary (after Van Wagoner, et al., 1988)

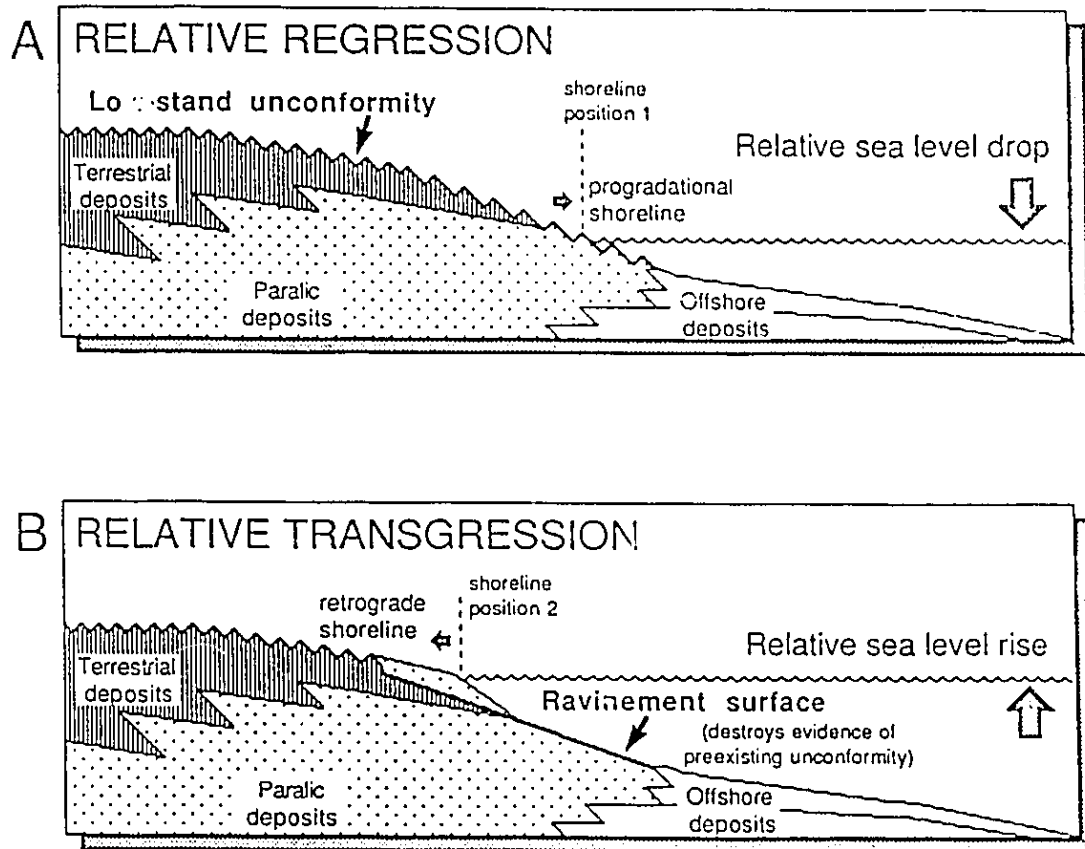


FIGURE 12.-- Illustration of destruction of evidence of subaerial exposure during transgressive ravinement.

A. Low-stand unconformity is created through subaerial exposure and erosion during relative sea level drop.

B. During relative transgression former shoreline and shoreface deposits are reworked thereby destroying evidence of pre-existing unconformity surface.

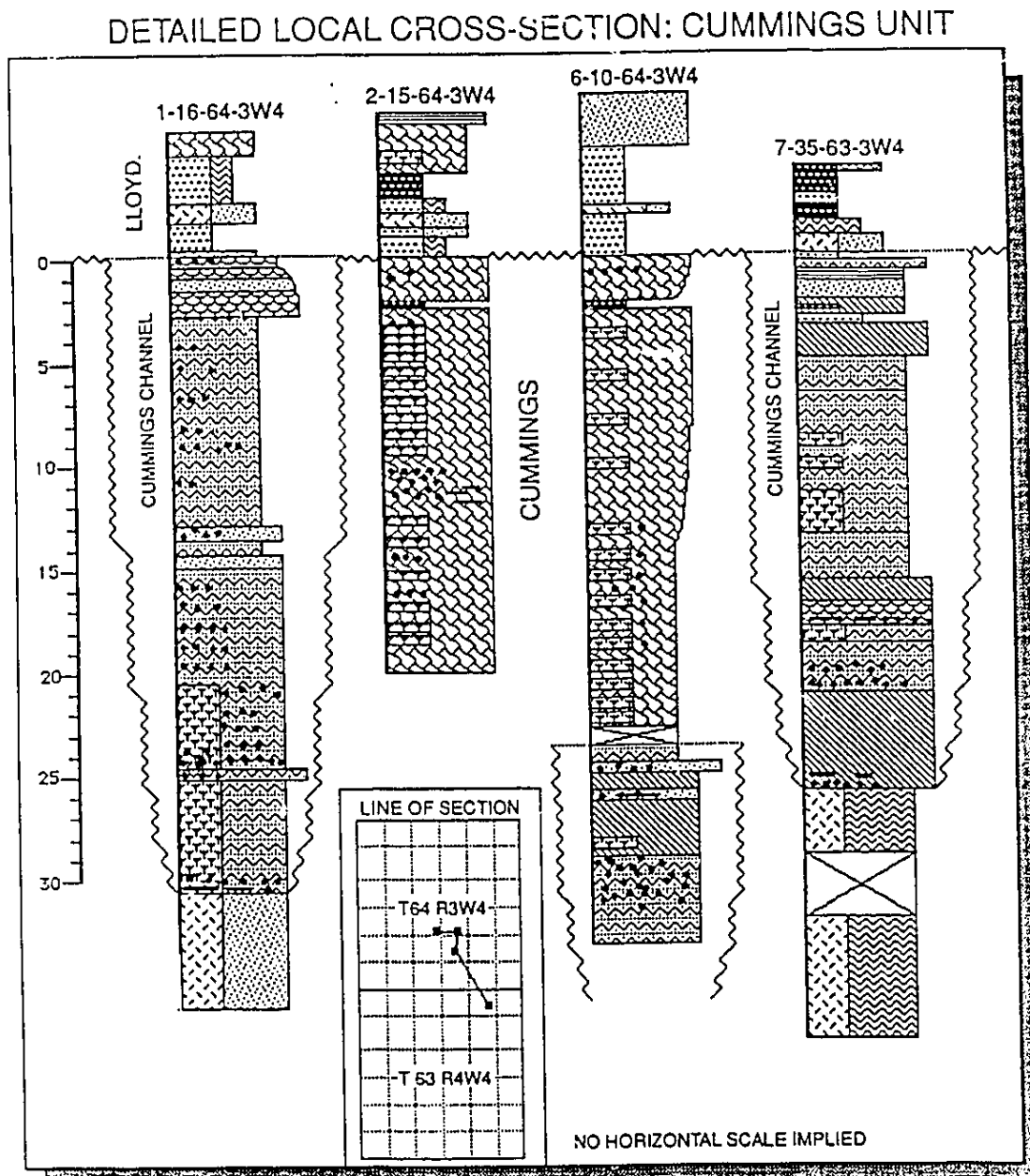


FIGURE 13.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Cummings channels" into older strata.

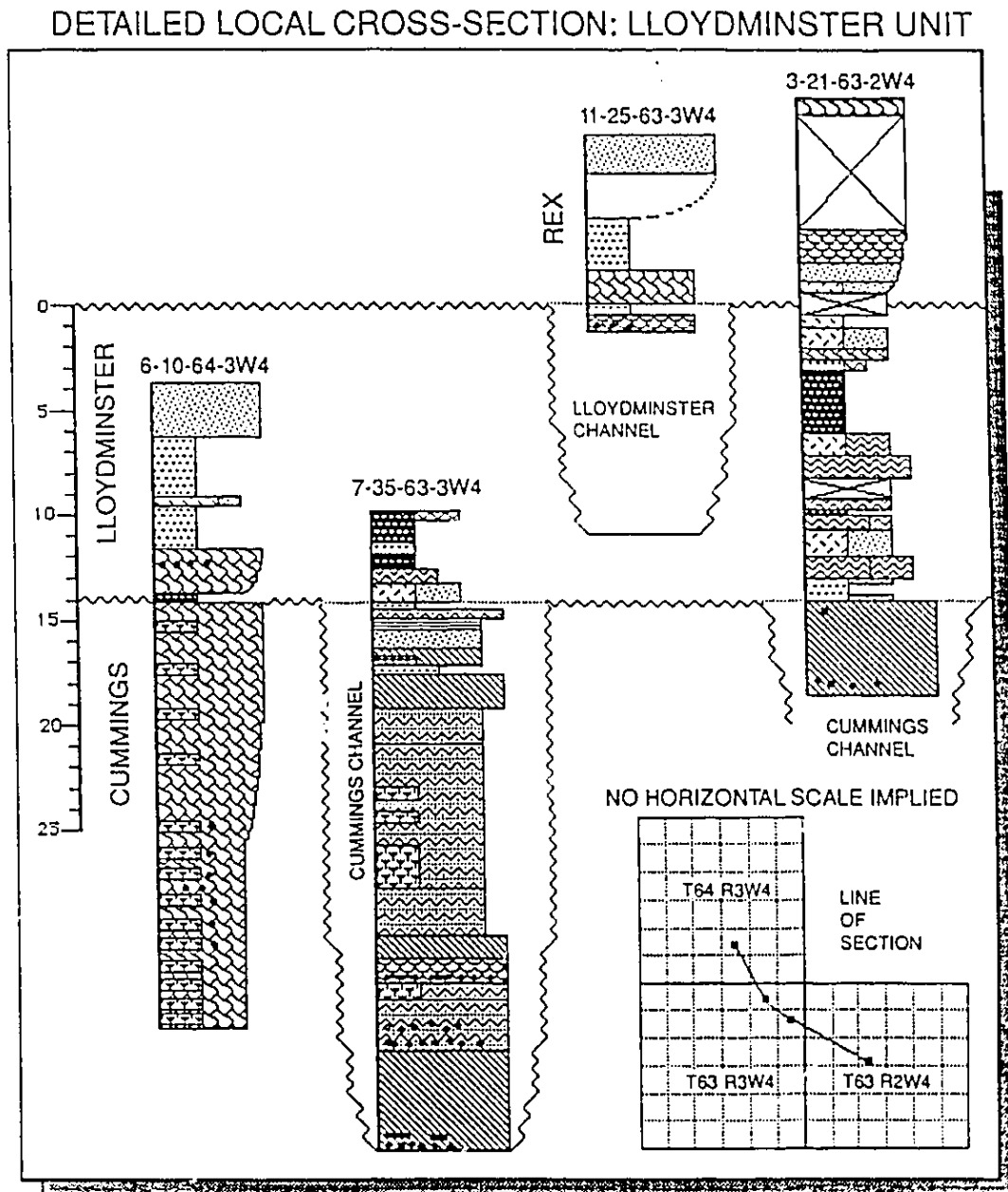


FIGURE 14.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Lloydminster channels" into older strata.

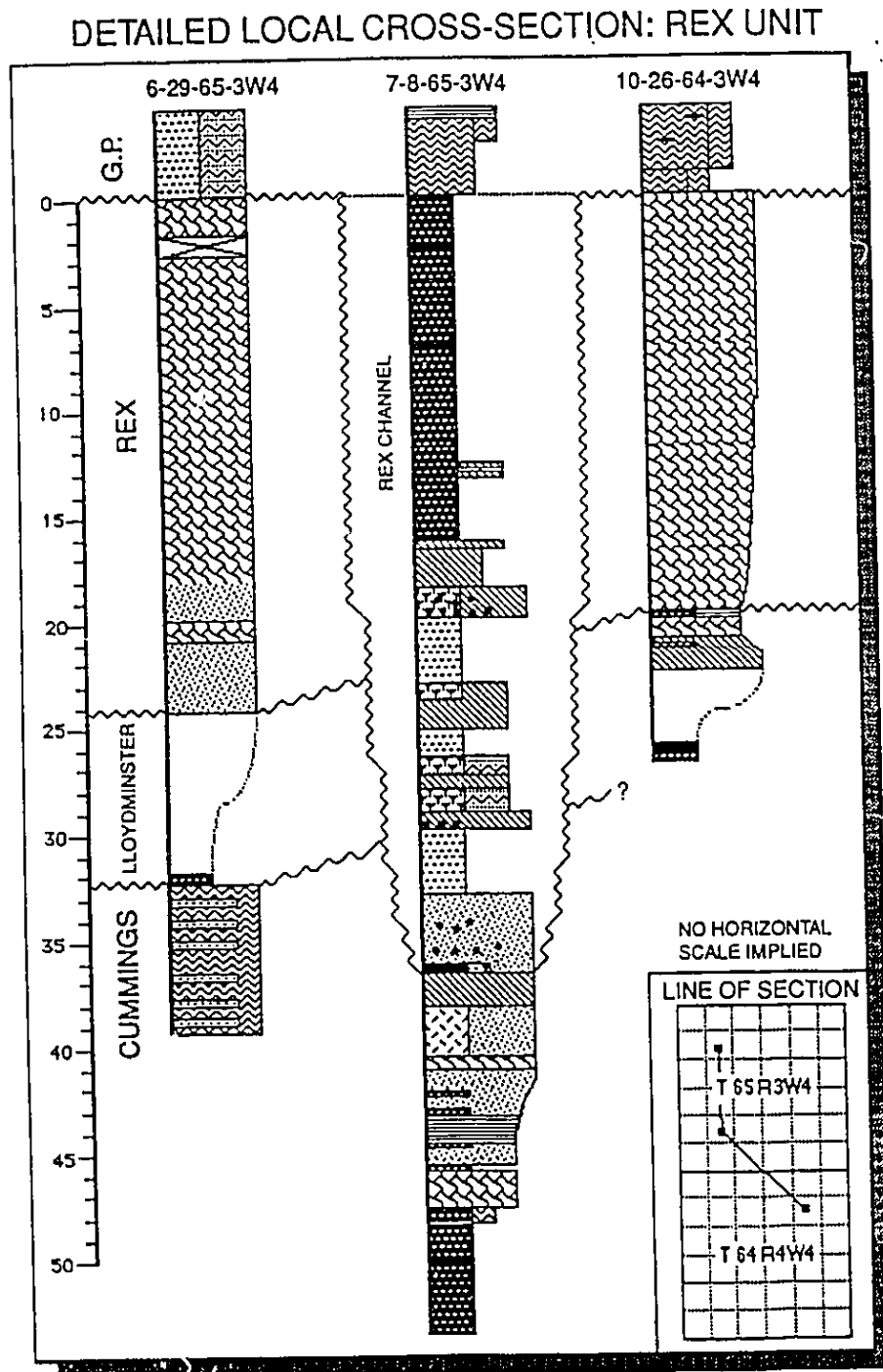


FIGURE 15.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Rex channels" into older strata.



### DETAILED LOCAL CROSS-SECTION: G.P. UNIT

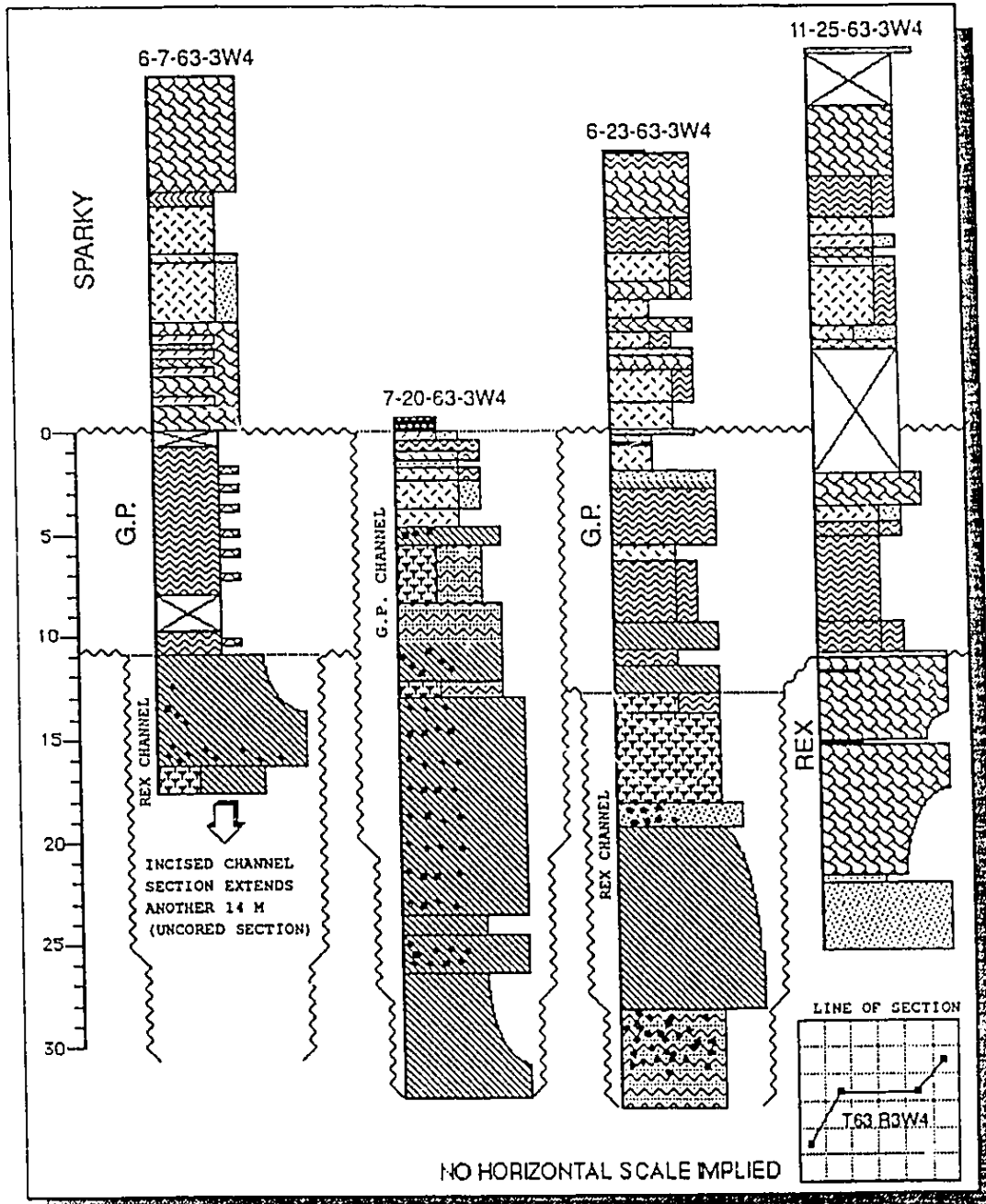


FIGURE 16.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "General Petroleums channels" into older strata.

### DETAILED LOCAL CROSS-SECTION: SPARKY UNIT

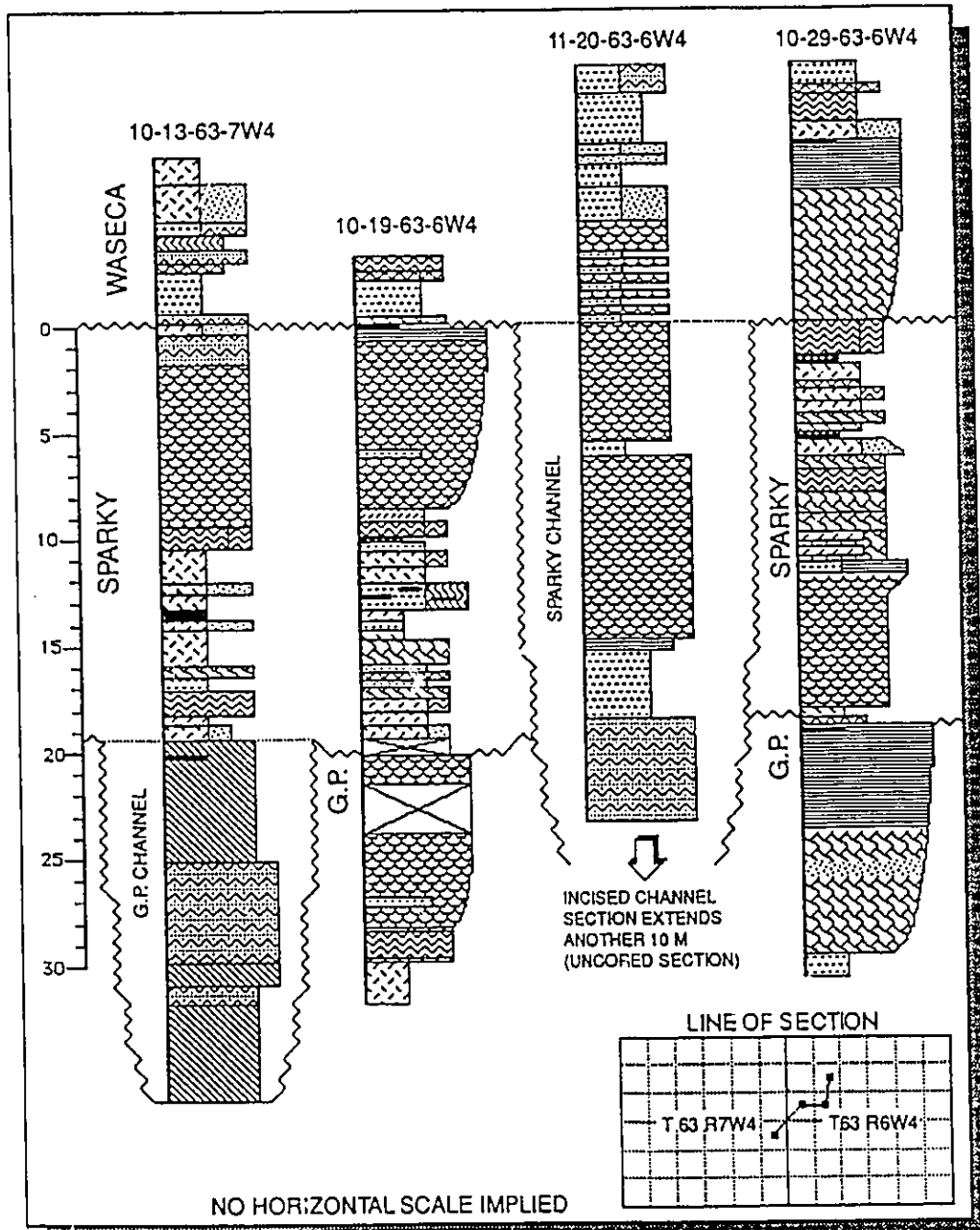


FIGURE 17.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Sparky channels" into older strata.

DETAILED LOCAL CROSS-SECTION: WASECA UNIT

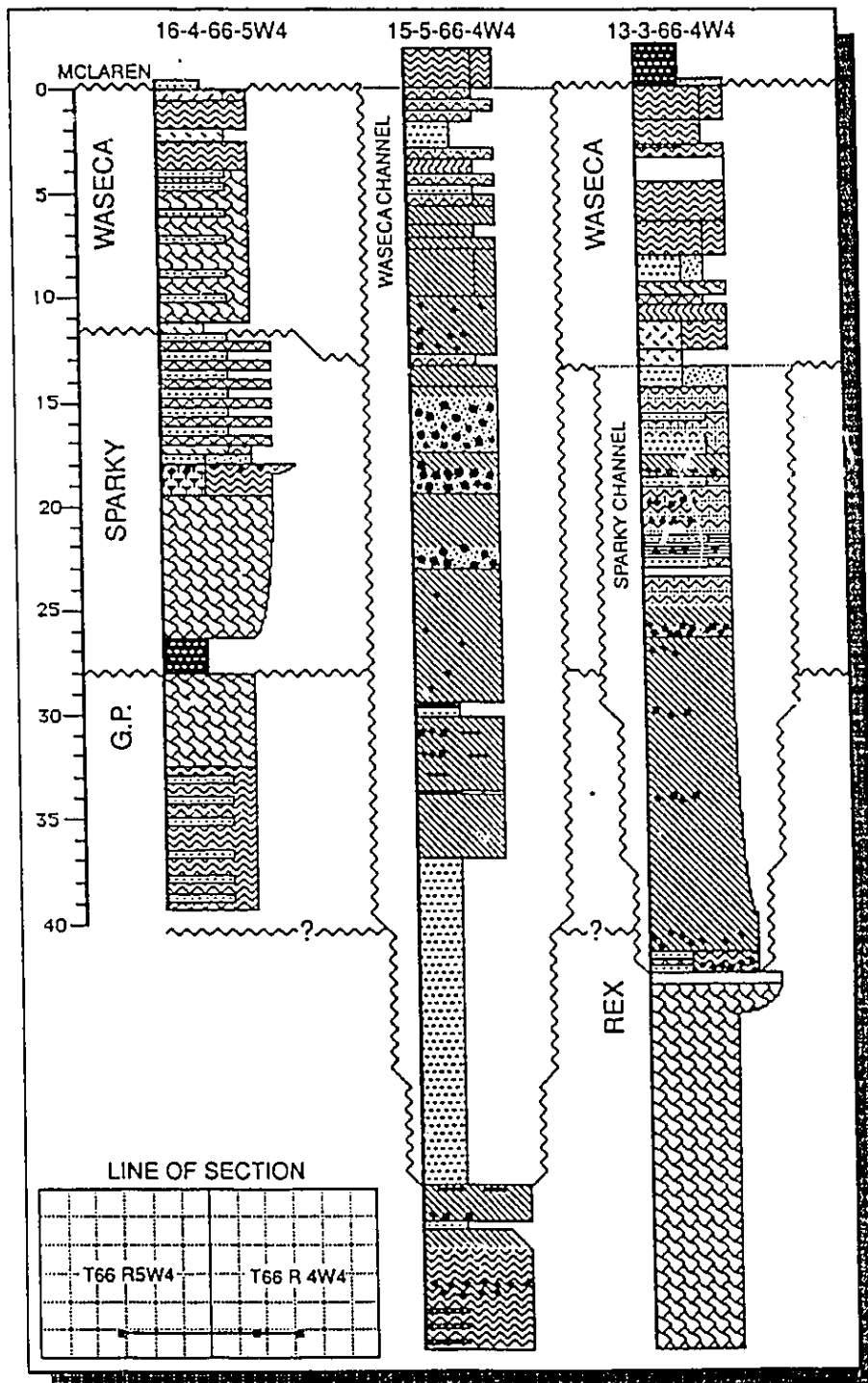


FIGURE 18.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Waseca channels" into older strata.

### DETAILED LOCAL CROSS-SECTION: MCLAREN UNIT

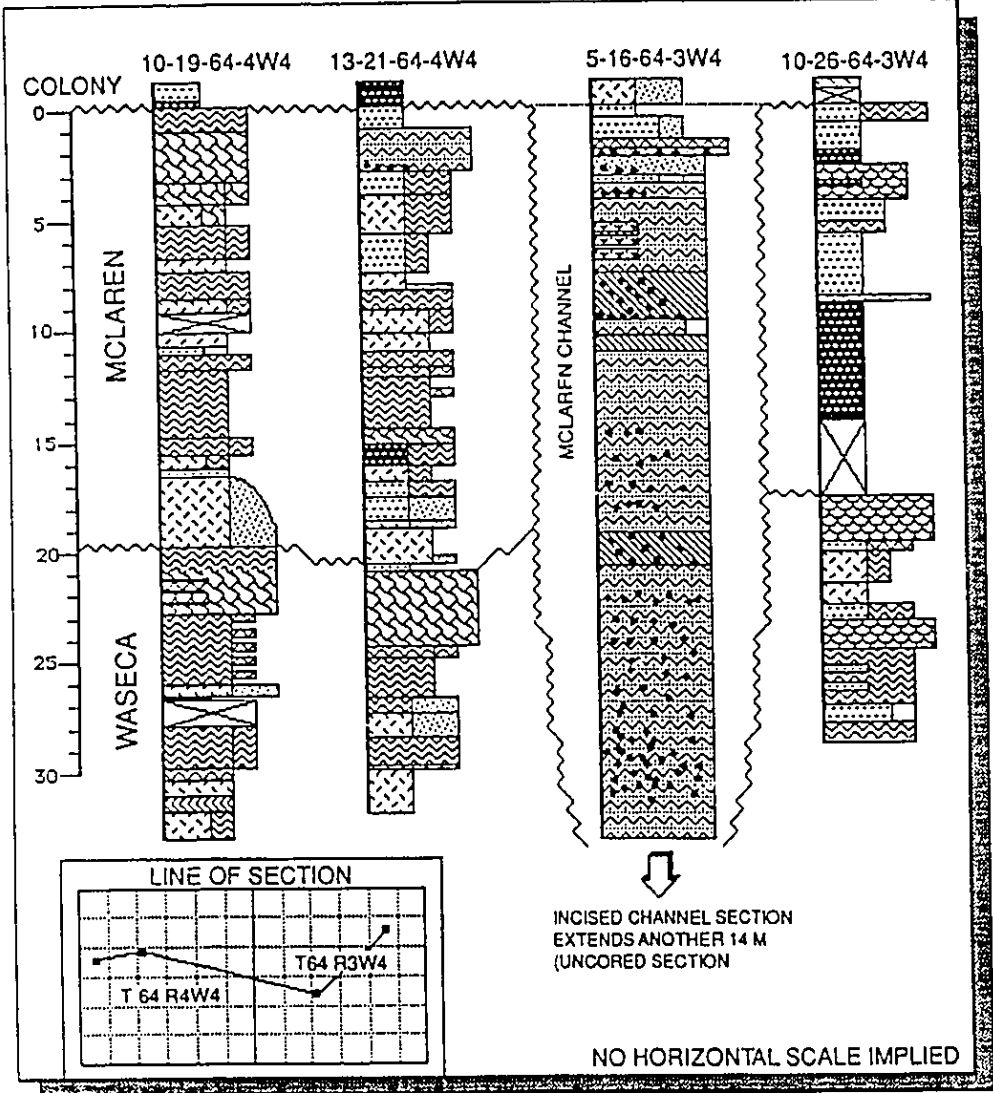


FIGURE 19.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "McLaren channels" into older strata.

### DETAILED LOCAL CROSS-SECTION: COLONY UNIT

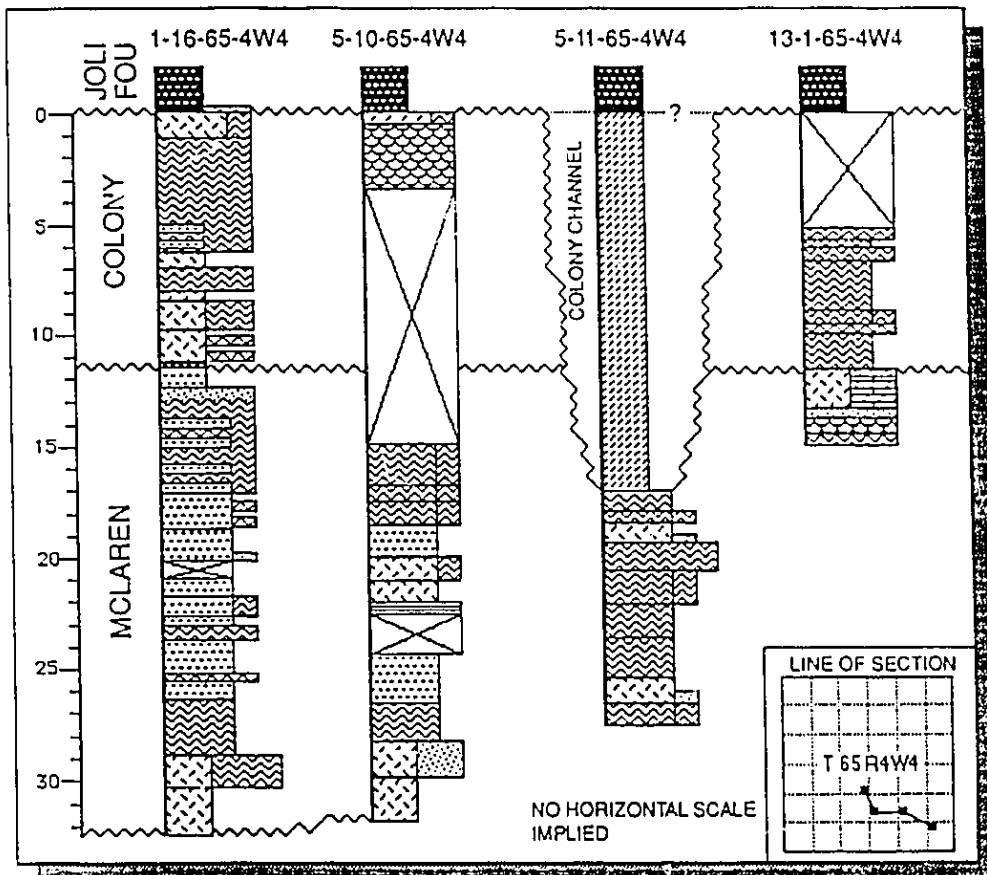


FIGURE 20.-- Detailed local cross-section illustrating the incisement of "Colony channels" into older strata.

**MANNVILLE GROUP LITHOSTRATIGRAPHIC  
VS. SEQUENCE STRATIGRAPHIC  
NOMENCLATURE: EAST-CENTRAL  
ALBERTA**

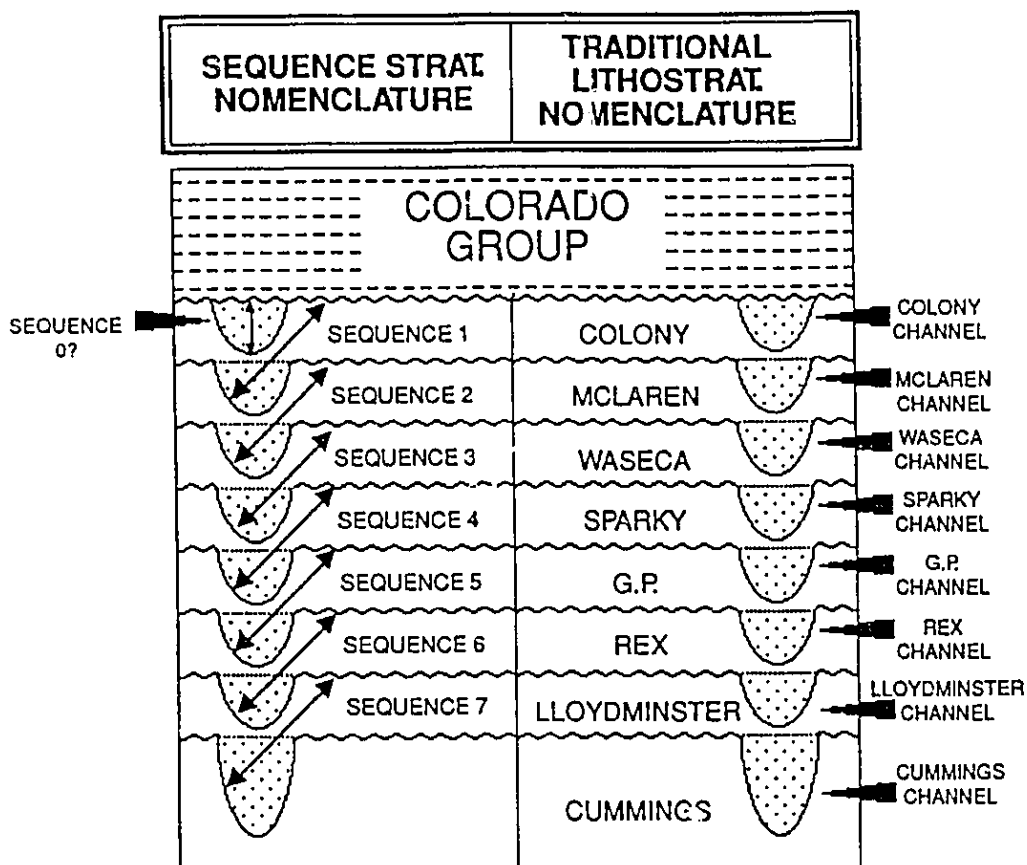


FIGURE 21.-- Relationship between the traditional lithostratigraphic and proposed sequence stratigraphic schemes for the Upper and Middle Mannville in east-central Alberta.

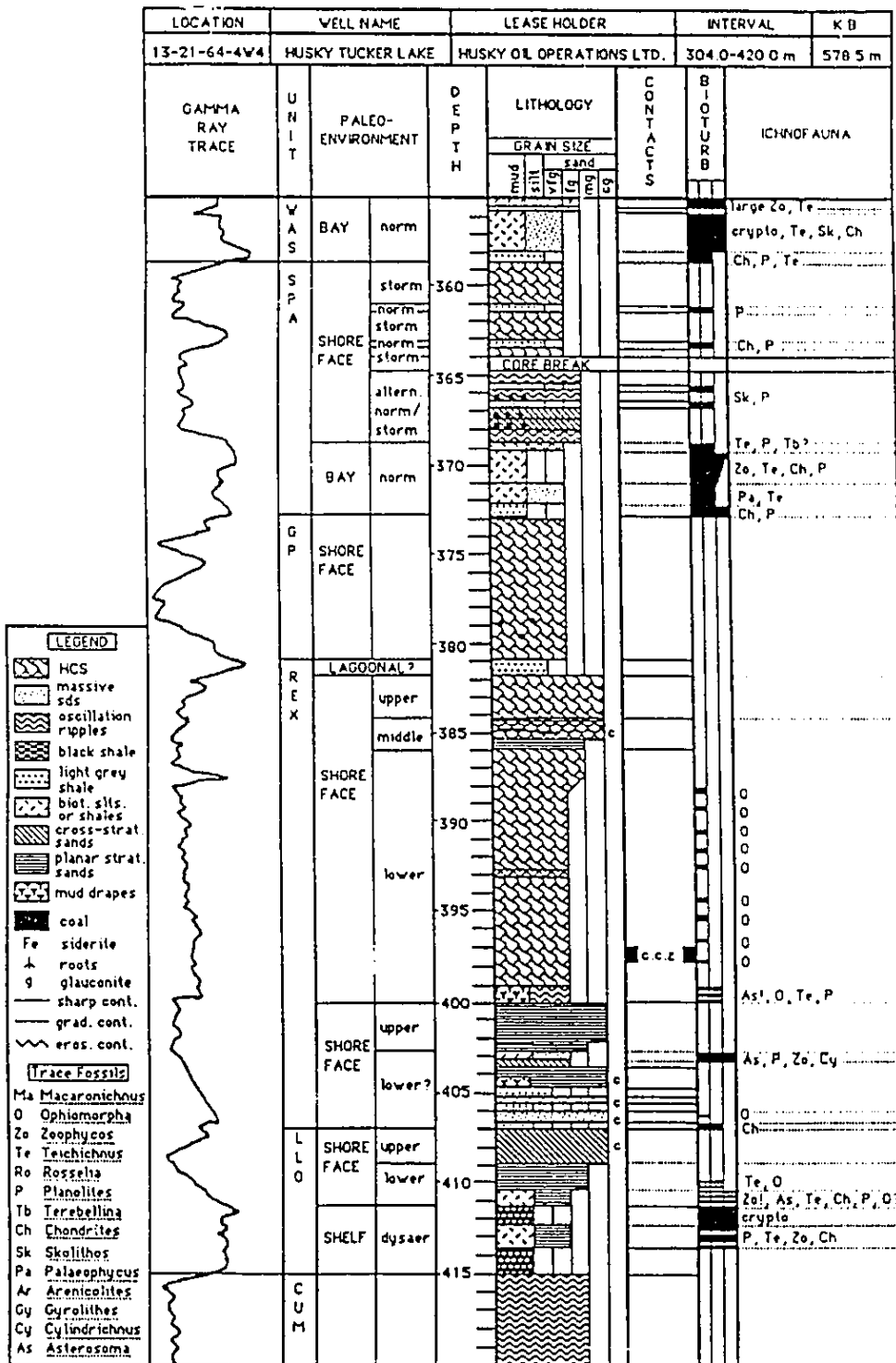


FIGURE 22.-- Drill core log of Middle Mannville reference section (Husky Tucker Lake 13-21-64-4W4)

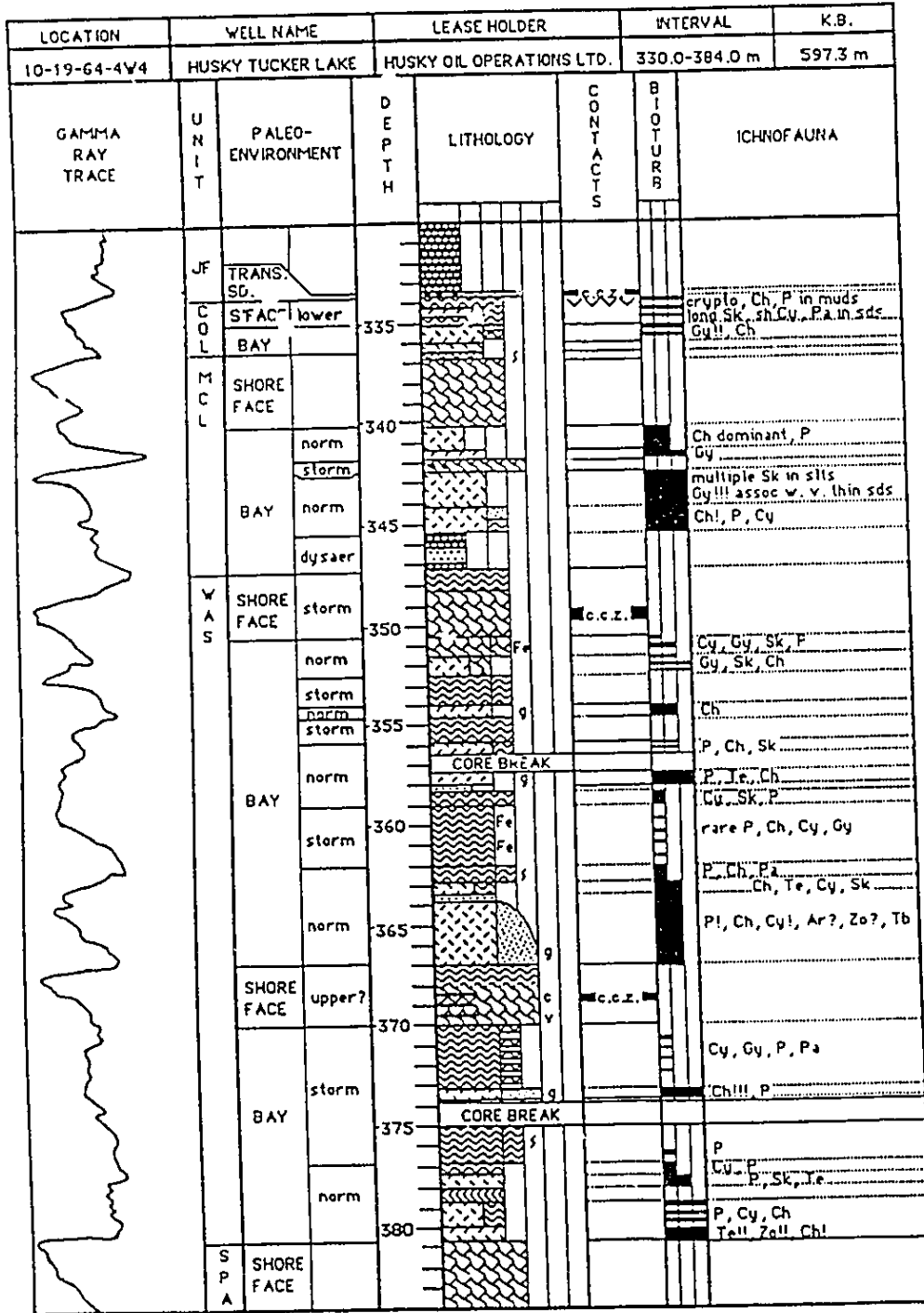
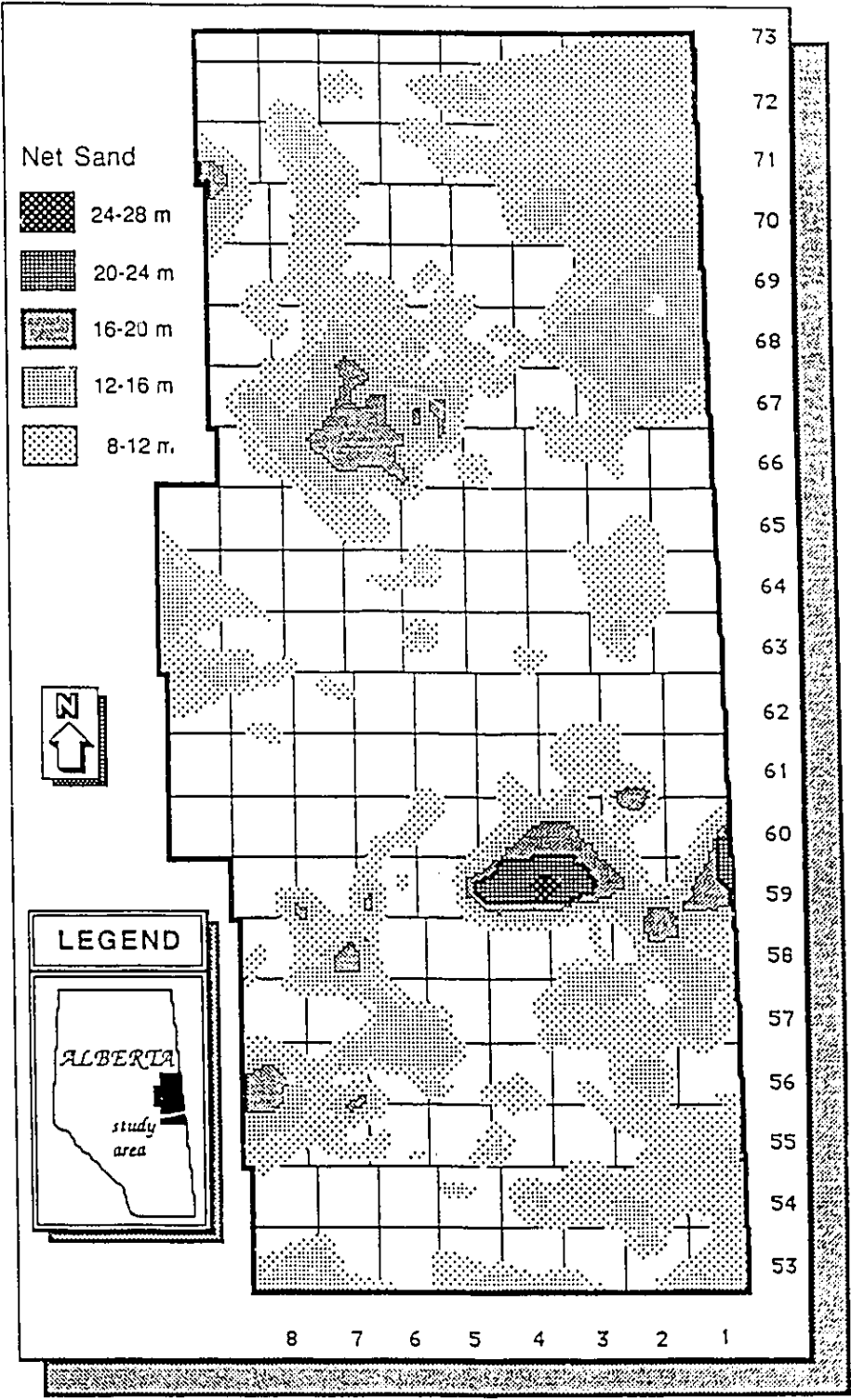


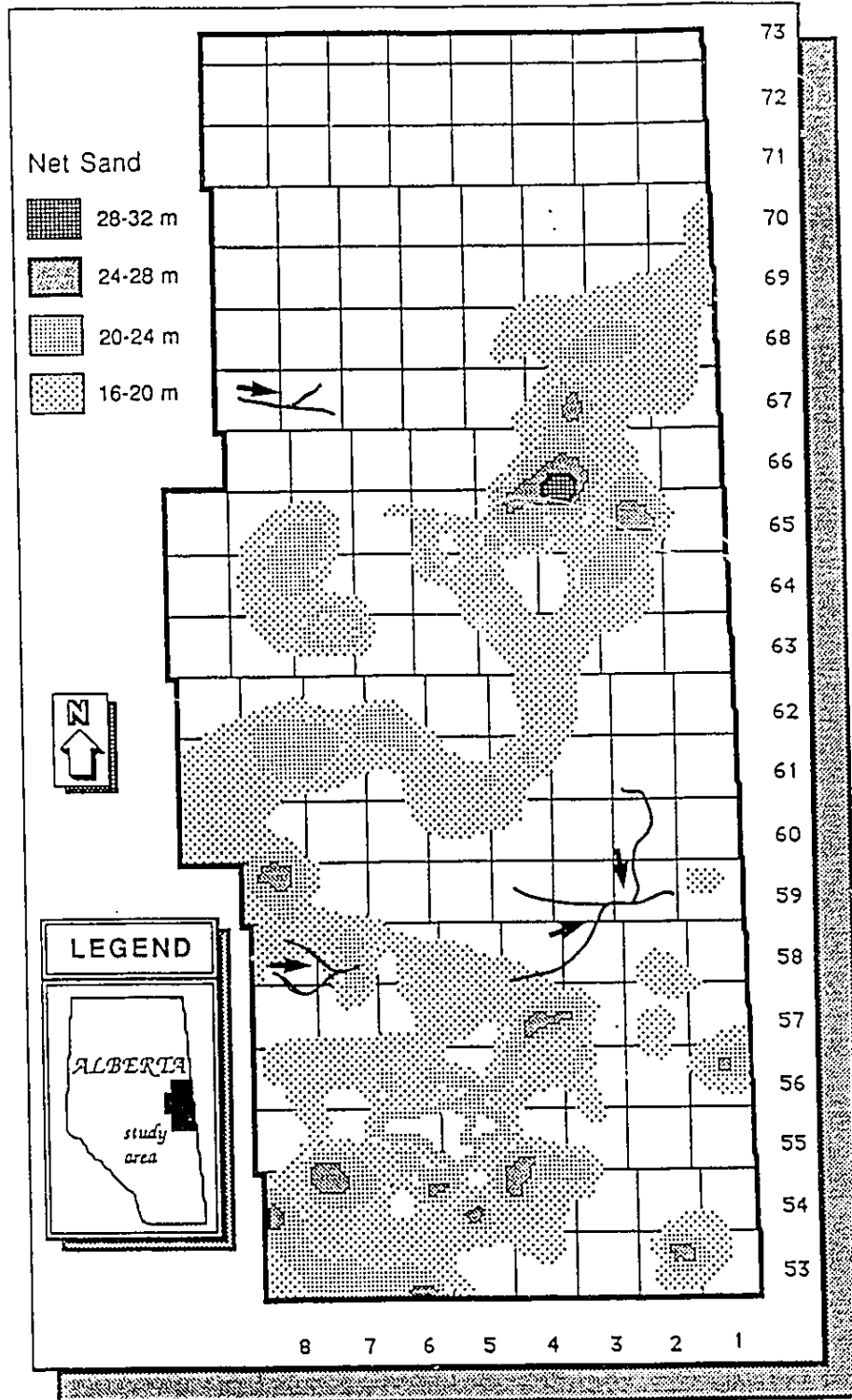
FIGURE 23.-- Drill core log of Upper Mannville reference section (Husky Tucker Lake 10-19-64-4W4)





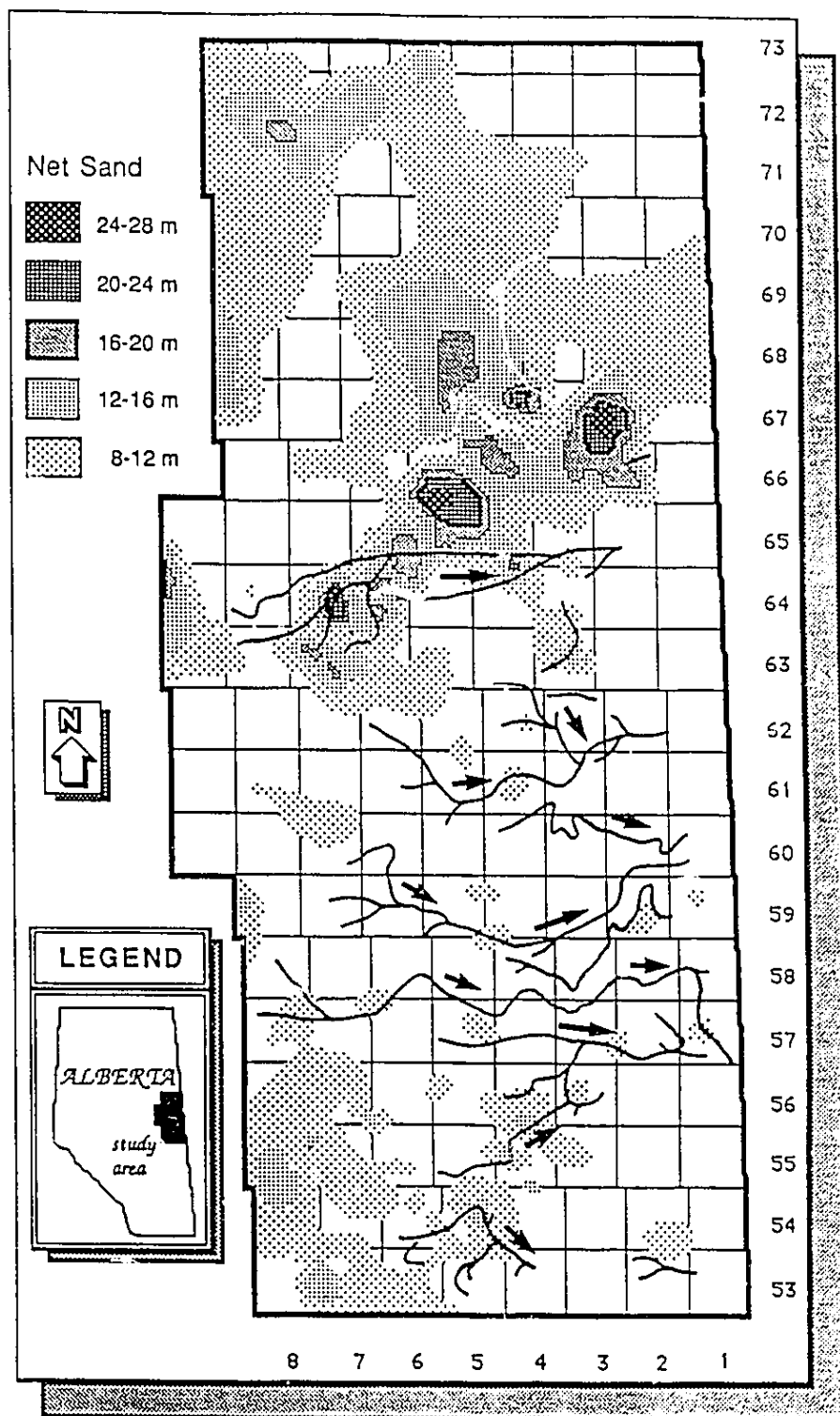
### REGIONAL LLOYDMINSTER

FIGURE 24.-- Map of thicker than average net sand trends within the regional Lloydminster unit. See text for further explanation.



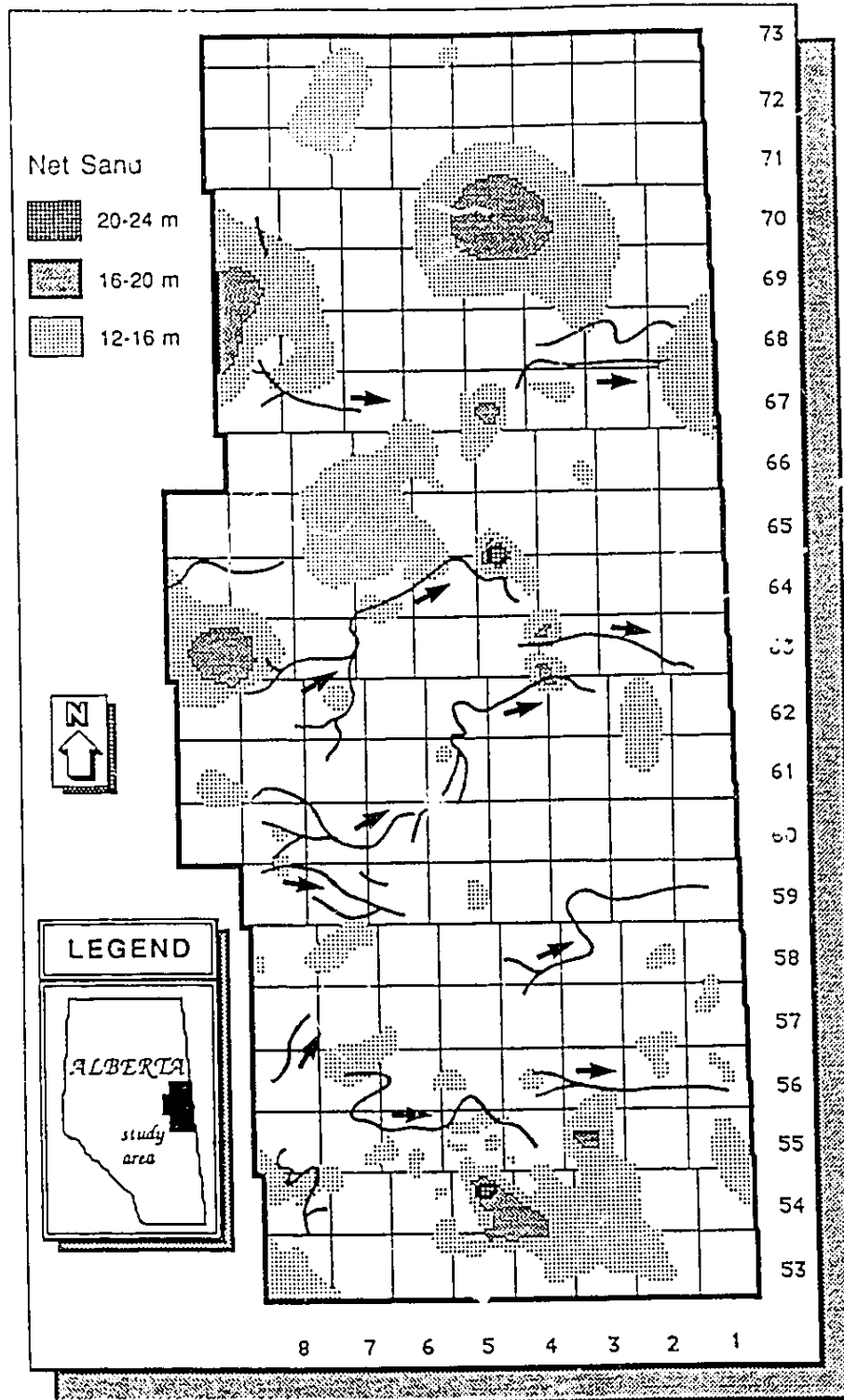
REGIONAL REX PLUS "LLOYDMINSTER CHANNELS"

FIGURE 25.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the Rex unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional lloydminster unit into the Lloydminster and units below it. See text for further explanation.



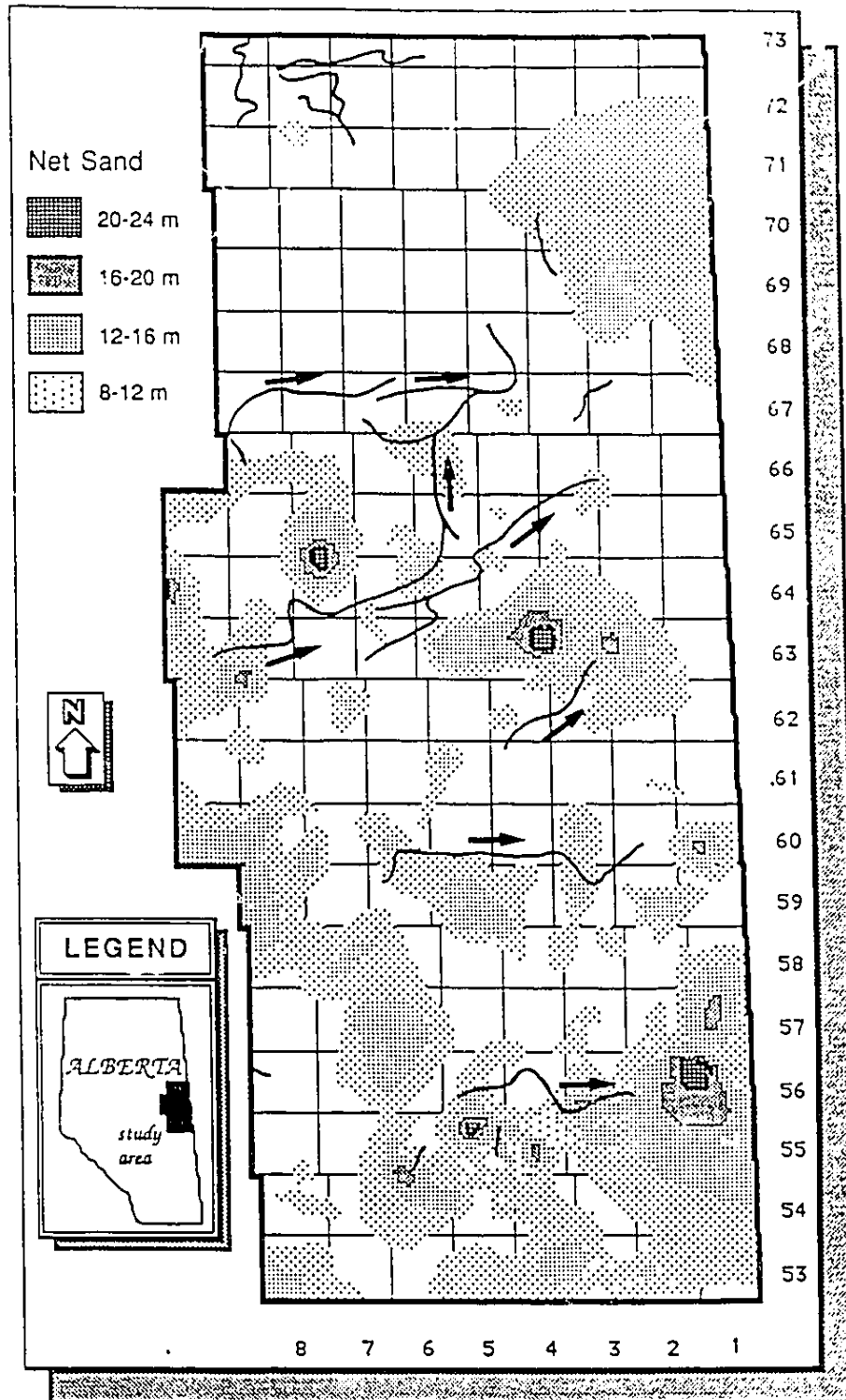
### REGIONAL G.P. PLUS "REX CHANNELS"

FIGURE 26.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the General Petroleum unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional Rex unit into the Rex and units below it. See text for further explanation.



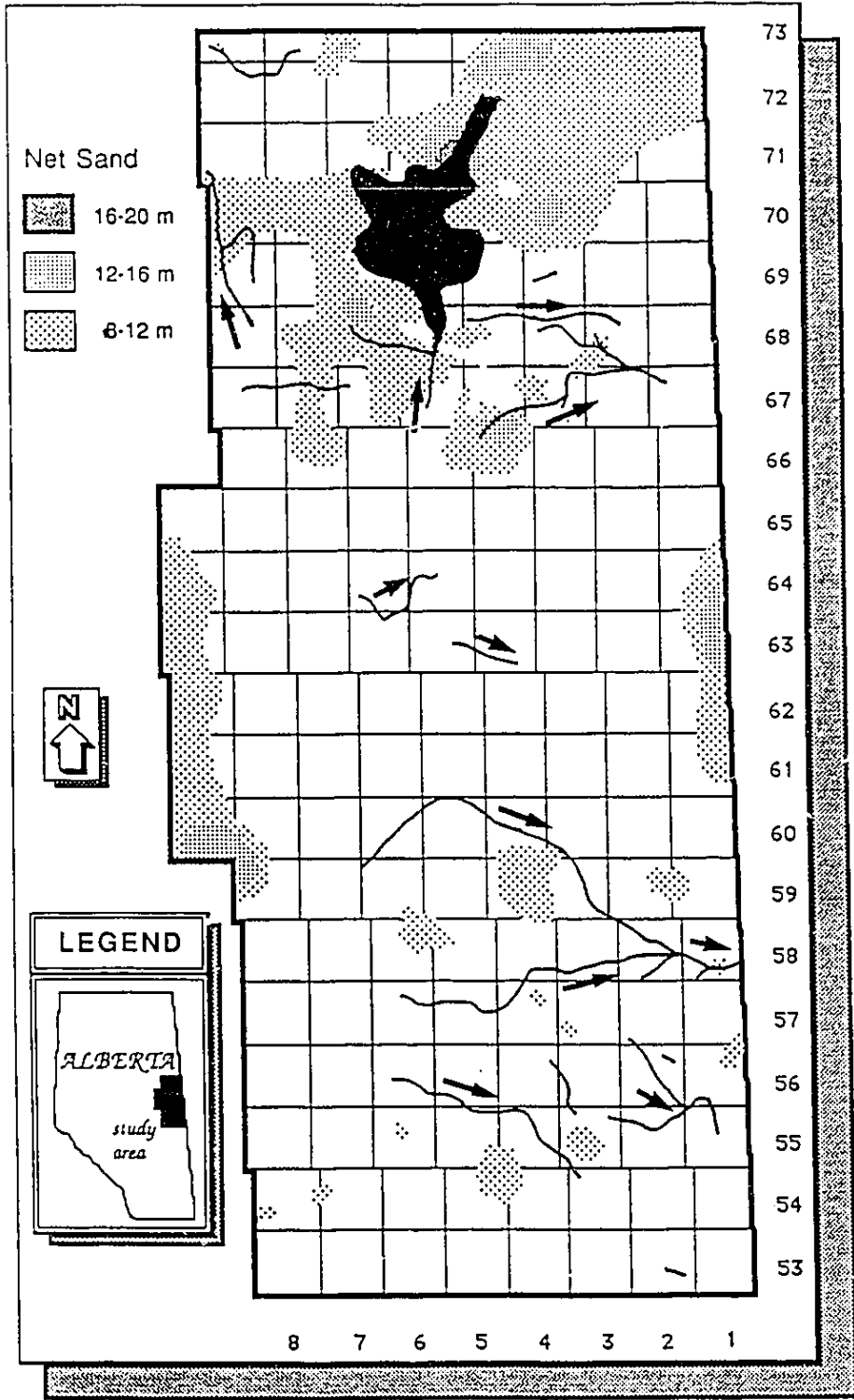
### REGIONAL SPARKY PLUS "G.P. CHANNELS"

FIGURE 27.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the Sparky unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional General Petroleum unit into the General Petroleum and units below it. See text for further explanation.



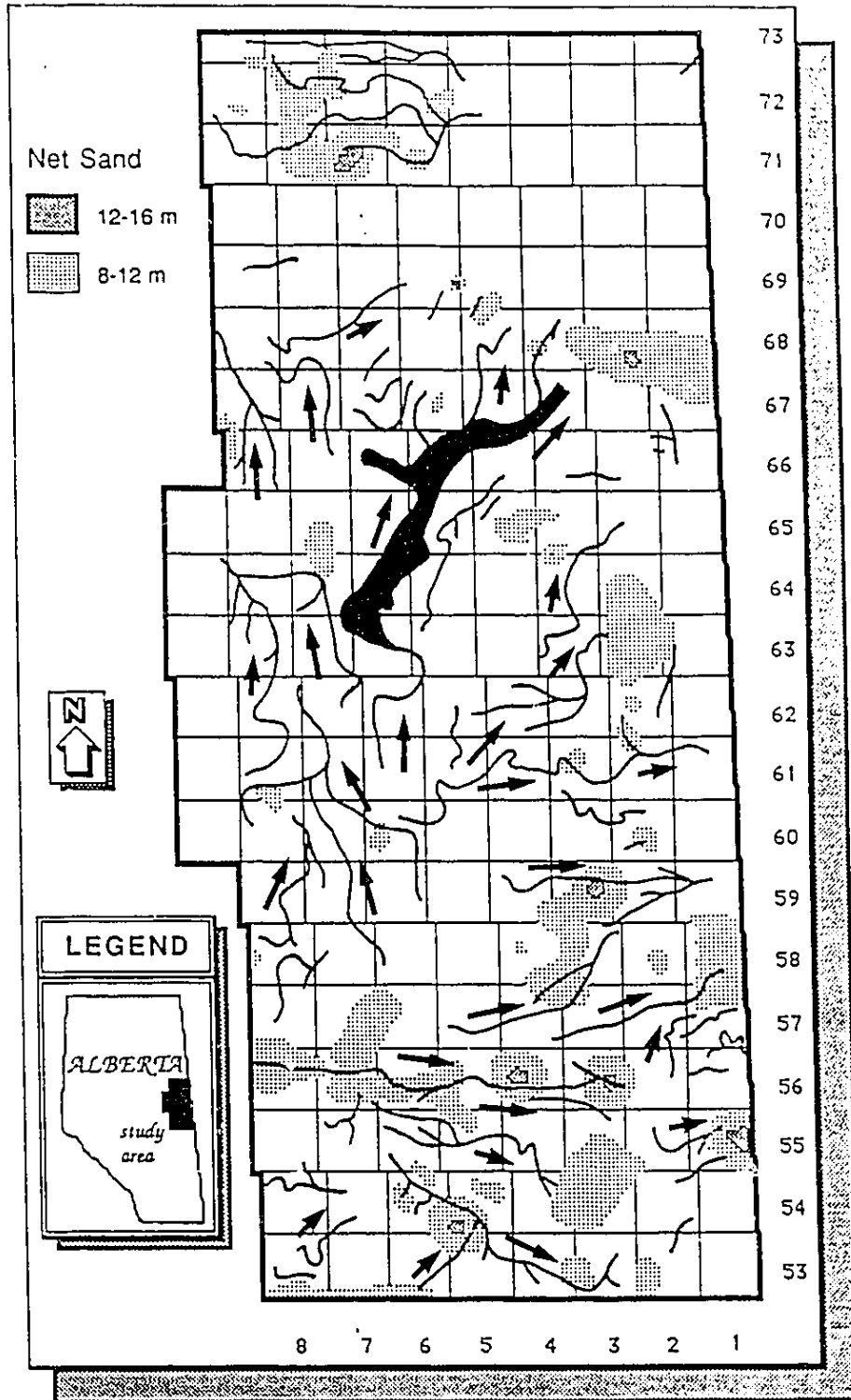
### REGIONAL WASECA PLUS "SPARKY CHANNELS"

FIGURE 28.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the Waseca unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional Sparky unit into the Sparky and units below it. See text for further explanation.



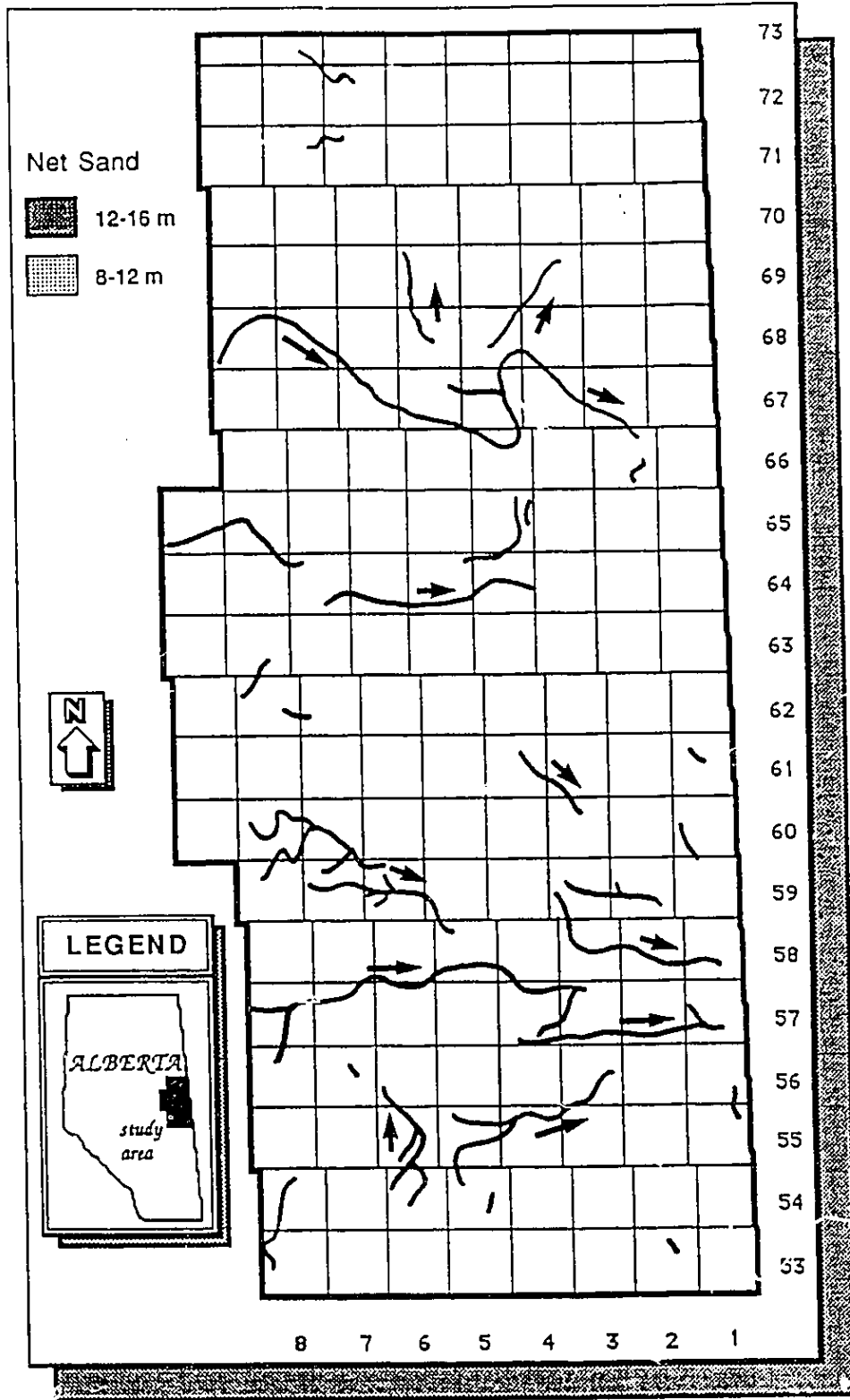
### REGIONAL MCLAREN PLUS "WASECA CHANNELS"

FIGURE 29.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the McLaren unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional Waseca unit into the Waseca and units below it. See text for further explanation.



REGIONAL COLONY PLUS "MCLAREN CHANNELS"

FIGURE 30.-- Thicker than average net sand trends within the Colony unit shown with trends of channels incised from the top of the regional McLaren unit into the McLaren and units below it. See text for further explanation.



"COLONY CHANNELS"

FIGURE 31.-- Map of trends of "Colony channel" networks. See text for further explanation. }



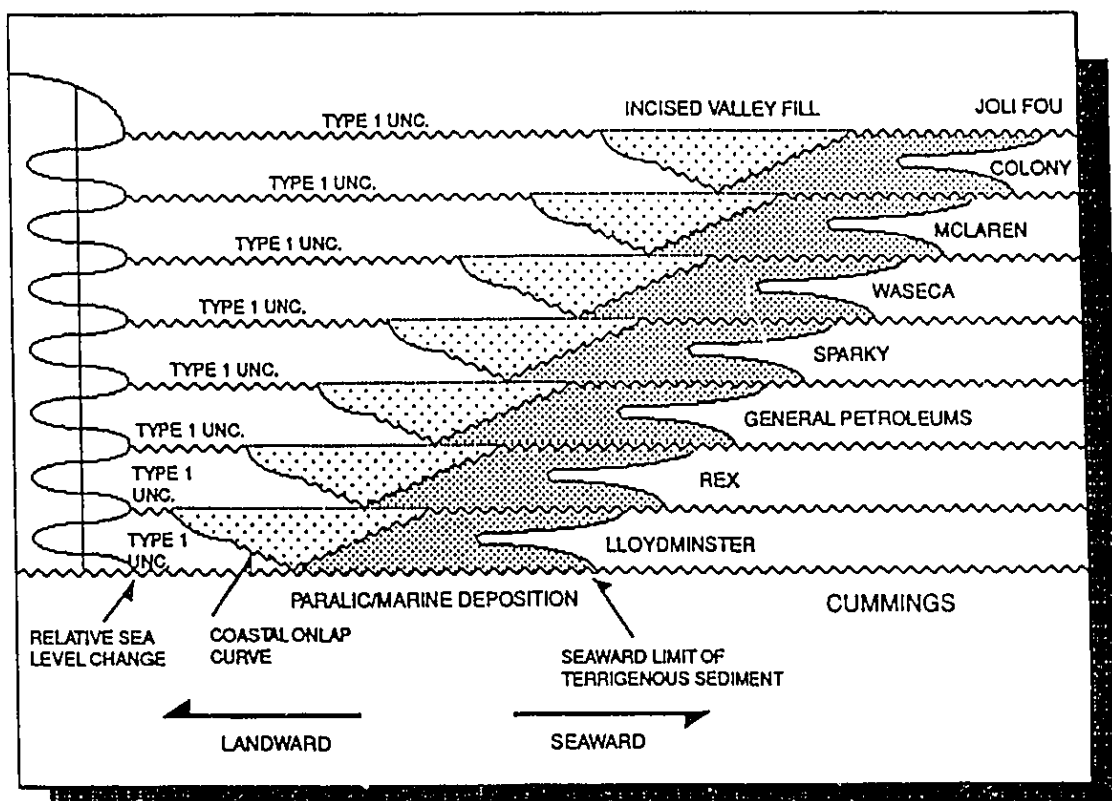


FIGURE 32.-- Model of transgressive-regressive cycles, channel incision and unconformity creation within individual units of the Upper and Middle Mannville subgroups. Note that the overall long-term trend within the interval is regressive as indicated by the overall seaward shift of the "seaward limit of terrigenous sediment" curve (modified after Posamentier et al., 1988).

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## CHAPTER III

**INCISED CHANNEL SYSTEMS OF THE  
UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA**

## INTRODUCTION

Paleochannel systems within the Mannville Group of eastern Alberta have been the subject of interest in the oil and gas industry for over 40 years, due primarily to their reputation as prolific hydrocarbon reservoirs. During the last decade, there has been a great deal of controversy generated regarding the paleogeographic and facies characteristics of these channel systems, as well as their relationship to regional strata (Putnam, 1980; 1982a; 1982b; 1983; Putnam and Oliver, 1980; Wightman et al., 1981; Wightman et al., 1987). The purpose of this paper is to present a model for the development of Upper and Middle Mannville (Chapter I; Figs. 1 and 2) channel systems within a stratigraphic context, to describe their facies characteristics, and to map their networks throughout a large part of east-central Alberta.

## FACIES CHARACTERISTICS

**Recognition of paleochannels**

Paleochannels of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups typically display similar facies patterns regardless of their stratigraphic position. In drill cores (Fig. 35) they display a fining-upward profile typified by massive, fine- to coarse-grained sands overlying an erosive contact (Pl. 1A; 1B), commonly with a pebble lag or with angular to rounded shale clasts at their base (Pl. 2A). These intraformational conglomerates are thought to represent overbank material slumped into channels through lateral migration and bank collapse (see Mattison, 1987). Massive sands predominate near the base of channels but grade upward into fine- to very fine-grained cross-bedded sets with rare argillaceous interbeds (Pl. 2B), further grading into current rippled fine-grained sands (Pl. 3A) or interbedded sands and silts, and finally grading into laminated muds. Rare root traces and coals are found in these capping muds and indicate overbank depositional conditions (Pl. 3B). Mud-filled channels are uncommon within the succession, but



where present are interpreted as having formed due to cut off and abandonment of previously active channels. These mud-filled channels are marked by thick successions of laminated muds displaying little or no evidence of bioturbation.

## PREVIOUS STUDIES

Most previous studies of Mannville paleochannels in east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan have focused on the Upper Mannville interval, although paleochannel systems are known to be pervasive within the Middle Mannville sub-group as well. Hume and Hage (1941) were the first to recognize the existence of paleochannels within the Upper Mannville (even before the name Mannville had been formally proposed). Since that time virtually every student of the Upper Mannville in east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan has recognized the existence of these channels. A notable exception to this unanimity of opinion was provided by Lorsong (1982), who labelled supposed paleochannels within the interval "chimeras". Nevertheless, a consensus of opinion has been reached regarding the existence of Upper Mannville paleochannels, even though theories as to their genesis and their relationship to "regional" units have differed greatly.

The most debated issue in the past ten years has centred on the contention (Putnam, 1980; 1982a; 1982b; 1983; Putnam and Oliver; 1980) that Upper Mannville channels represent ancient anastomosed stream deposits (*sensu* Smith, 1973; Smith and Smith, 1980). Due to the difficulty in correlating and mapping channel systems in the subsurface, this model has faced a great deal of criticism in the past (Wightman et al., 1981). As an alternative to the anastomosed stream model, Wightman et al. (1987) proposed that parts of the Upper Mannville in east-central Alberta represent an ancient deltaic system with individual channels representing either fluvial channels or deltaic distributaries (see also McLearn, 1944; Clack, 1967; Kendall, 1977; and Orr et al., 1977).

## ARGUMENTS FOR AND AGAINST PREVIOUS INTERPRETATIONS OF MANNVILLE PALEOCHANNELS

### Anastomosed stream models

Putnam (1980; 1982b) suggested that Upper Mannville paleochannels represented anastomosed stream networks based on their thickness, their isolation in relation to regional strata, and other internal facies criteria. He felt that these criteria indicated that Upper Mannville paleochannels were characterised by rapid vertical aggradation, bank stability, and very little lateral migration. However, anastomosed stream networks also represent a specific type of drainage *pattern*, something that is exceedingly difficult to prove or disprove due to the limitations inherent in subsurface mapping. As well, two important lithofacies characteristics of these channels argue against an anastomosed interpretation that presupposes bank stability as an important criteria:

1. The common occurrence of intraformational conglomerates in Upper Mannville channels may indicate that channel banks were rather *unstable* and that lateral migration accompanied by bank undercutting was an important factor during deposition.
2. The anastomosed stream model of Smith (1973), and Smith and Smith (1980) dictates that a vegetated floodplain is a necessary requirement in promoting bank stability. Roots are found in overbank muds associated with Upper Mannville channels, but they are relatively rare. In addition, a lack of an abundance of carbonaceous detritus and detrital wood within these channelized deposits would indicate that channel banks were not stabilized by vegetation.

### Fluvio-deltaic models

A number of authors have argued that the Upper Mannville in east-central Alberta represents an ancient deltaic system (e.g. McLearn, 1944; Clack, 1967; Kendall, 1977; Orr et al., 1977; Wenekers et al., 1979; Wightman et al., 1987) due to the intimate association of regional offshore-shoreface successions with channel systems. Wightman et al. (1987) argued the case for Upper Mannville deltaic systems on this basis as well as on the basis of facies associations and certain paleoecologic criteria (ichnology and palynology) which indicated a brackish water depositional regime. Putnam (1989) heavily

criticised this interpretation on the basis that Wightman et al. (1987) produced no maps to illustrate the extent of their proposed deltaic depocentres. While many of the strongest arguments against the interpretation of channel anastomosis can be based on facies criteria alone (see Wightman et al., 1981), the facies similarities between deltas and regional shoreline successions dictate that ancient deltaic systems must be "proved in the mapping" (Miall, 1987). The following discussion will attempt to test the deltaic interpretation proposed by Wightman et al. (1987) as well as by others, and will focus on placing channel development within a regional paleoenvironmental and stratigraphic context.

#### PALEOCHANNEL DEVELOPMENT MECHANISMS

As previously stated, Upper and Middle Mannville paleochannels share an intimate association with regional shoreface to offshore depositional trends (Chapter II). Rather than simply keeping pace with the advance of individual progradational clastic wedges, however, these channels appear to deeply incise into underlying strata, achieving thicknesses of up to 60 m or more, depending on their paleogeographic position.

It is proposed that at least seven periods of channel incision took place during Upper and Middle Mannville time, and were responsible for creating at least seven distinct channel networks. Each of these incisional periods was initiated as a response to a rapid drop in base level near the regressional end of a relative transgressive-regressive cycle. The base of each channel system therefore represents a local unconformity surface, which, when traced laterally into regional offshore-shoreface coarsening-upwards successions, becomes a regional unconformity. Post-incisional infill of valleys created by fluvial downcutting occurred during subsequent transgressive events as rivers sought to readjust to a rising base level. Therefore, valley-fill successions are usually directly overlain by transgressive deposits. While valley-fill successions maintain an unconformable relationship with the strata into which their channels incise, the tops of the valley-fill successions are not (necessarily) unconformities, since they may be transitional to the transgressive marine strata above them.

It should be noted that the incised channels of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval are not unique within the Mannville as a whole. The highly dissected pre-Cretaceous

unconformity surface that forms the lower boundary of the Mannville is a partial product of channel incision (Williams, 1963; McGookey et al., 1972; Mattison, 1987), and incised channel trends have also been found in other parts of the Lower Mannville (Clearwater Formation of the Cold Lake Oil Sands area -- Taylor, 1990; Glauconite Formation of southern and central Alberta -- Rosenthal, 1988; Strobl, 1988; Wood and Hopkins, 1989). The valley-fill networks of the Upper and Middle Mannville are therefore a product of a cyclic depositional pattern that began early in the history of the Mannville Group and that are a common feature of the Cretaceous record of the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin as a whole (Leckie, 1990).

The seven valley-fill systems within the Upper and Middle Mannville interval in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area cut down from the tops of seven unconformity-bounded stratigraphic units. These are referred to as the Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky, General Petroleum, Rex, and Lloydminster units (Chapter II). The incised valley-fill channel networks form the basal deposits of these unconformity-bounded units. In effect, it is the valley-fill channel networks that define the vertical limits of these regional stratigraphic units, since it is the recognition of channel incision that most clearly demarcates the bounding unconformities between them. (See Chapter II for a full discussion of the relationship between the regional stratigraphic units and the incised channel systems) .

The limits of channel incision are sometimes uncertain, however. In some cases where channels are extremely deep, a number of episodes of cut and fill are thought to be represented. In these cases it is difficult to assign each episode of downcutting to a specific unconformity, since much of the record of underlying channels has been destroyed by later incision. This results in a situation where a number of stacked channels, formed as a result of several periods of incision, may appear to form a single thick channel infill, especially in cases where channel interpretation is based on well log signatures rather than drill core observations. Enough drill cores are available within the study area, however, to indicate that deep incision in response to relative base level drop has been a factor in the creation of all seven paleochannel networks. Despite the problems inherent in subsurface geomorphologic mapping of paleochannel systems, multiple,

superimposed channel incision seems to be the only mechanism that would account for the extraordinary thicknesses of channels found in both the Upper and Middle Mannville, as well as for their relative local isolation in relation to regional stratigraphic successions.

It must be stressed that the evidence for channel incision does not exclude other genetic interpretations for Upper and Middle Mannville paleochannels, especially that these systems represent deltaic distributaries. As an attempt to test the deltaic hypothesis of Wightman et al. (1987), and to see whether or not local thick sand depocentres that might indicate deltaic deposition were present within the Upper Mannville interval, net sand maps of regional offshore-shoreface deposits were constructed for the Upper-Middle Mannville interval as well as for each of the regional stratigraphic units within it (Chapter II; Figs.13-20). These maps were in turn compared with maps of channel trends within all of the units in question (see following discussion). In some cases small local depocentres were found which seem to have had paleochannel feeder systems associated with them. This evidence agrees with the speculations of Wightman et al. (1987) that any deltas within the Upper Mannville would have been small, isolated systems. In some other cases though, paleochannel systems do not display an association with paralic sand depocentres. In these cases, lack of evidence for such centres may indicate that storm, wave, and current activity effectively redistributed alluvial material brought to the paleoshoreline. Therefore, while the entire Upper-Middle Mannville interval cannot be classified as "deltaic", local sand depocentres within some of the regional units of the interval suggest that small, local deltas may have periodically been an important paleogeographic feature during the evolution of the succession.

### **Model for channel incision**

A basic model for channel incision is shown in Figure 34. Incision begins when a major drop of sea-level causes rivers to downcut towards a new base level. The relatively unconsolidated nature of Mannville sediments in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area may have allowed rivers to respond quite quickly to their new base level(s) during sea level fall, thus allowing deep channel incision within a relatively short period of time. Channel fill is thought to have begun during the waning stages of sea level withdrawal, and to have

continued during subsequent transgression. In some cases transgression may have been great enough to drown channels through marine incursion, causing the development of estuaries in nearshore areas (see also Weimer, 1984; 1988; Posamentier, 1988; Posamentier and Vail, 1988, Posamentier et al., 1988).

### **Estuarine vs. fluvial channels: ichnologic evidence**

Both estuarine and fluvial channels are recognizable within the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups. Recognition of the facies differences between these two types of channels is critical to precise paleoenvironmental mapping since it gives an indication of paleoshoreline locations during time of deposition. However, estuarine and fluvial channels for the most part display almost identical lithofacies patterns. Differentiation between the two types of channels is based primarily on presence or absence of a significant trace fauna, as well as on the presence or absence of small scale sedimentary structures indicative of tidal depositional conditions (e.g. mud layer couplets).

Ichnofossils are found only in channel sediments interpreted as developing under a brackish water depositional regime. While high energy regimes within these systems do not tend to preserve ichnofossils other than rare traces of escape (Pl. 4A), lower energy environments such as channel margins, or channel fill deposits that show evidence of depositional hiatuses, may display abundant bioturbation. The constituent trace fauna within these sediments is dominated by a small number of genera, with *Planolites*, *Skolithos*, *Cylindrichnus*, and *Chondrites* being the most common types (Pl. 4B). *Skolithos* and *Cylindrichnus* predominate within the constituent ichnocoenose, reflecting a dominance of filter feeders over deposit feeders in the original infaunal system. Accessory ichnogenera include *Teichichnus*, *Arenicolites*, *Helminthopsis*, *Helminthoida*, *Palaeophycus*, and *Bergaueria*, with rare *Rosselia*, *Trichichnus*, *Ophiomorpha*, *Thalassinoides*, *Conichnus*, *Asterosoma* and *Gyrolithes*. Sediments interpreted as having been deposited in tidal flats associated with these estuarine channel networks display much the same ichnofauna, although there is a general trend towards smaller size and greater overall ichnologic diversity. Similar ichnologic trends have previously been documented for a number of ancient estuarine depositional systems (e.g. Bjerstedt, 1987;

Mattison, 1987).

#### MAPPING UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE PALEOCHANNELS

Mapping of channel systems in the subsurface is a complicated process at best, because of such factors as well spacing and amount and quality of subsurface information obtained from well logs and cores. Even though they are based on an extensive (1100 wells) and high quality database, it should be emphasized that maps of paleochannel networks presented in this study are only hypothetical and are subject to revision as further subsurface information becomes available.

In order to try to determine the paleotopography of each of the unconformity surfaces associated with the seven regional units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval, regional structure was normalized to a regional stratigraphic datum (Base of the Fish Scales marker). However, this procedure does not give any indication of the elevation of the base of paleochannels-- it only yields values for the uppermost unconformity surfaces associated with each of them. Since it is entirely likely that the topography of these unconformity surfaces may have been modified following channel infill, either through subaerial erosion or through ravinement associated with a subsequent transgression, or even through syn- or post-depositional differential compaction or differential subsidence, mapping of unconformity surfaces normalized to a stratigraphic datum will only give a very crude measure of paleotopography during channel incision and subsequent infill. Mapping the depth of incision of paleochannels does not aid in determining paleoflow directions either, since it is usually impossible to determine whether a particular well sits on the flanks or in the thalweg of a particular channel. The difficulties in mapping these paleochannels quickly becomes apparent when assessing whether channels have undergone one period of deep channel incision and subsequent infill, or whether they represent a number of periods of cut and fill associated with more than one unconformity surface (Fig. 35).

All of these factors were taken into account in drafting the maps of paleochannel trends illustrated in Figs. 95-101. Connections between wells which showed evidence of channel incision associated with a particular unit were made conservatively, based on

overall trends in normalized paleotopographic data as well as trends in channelized section thickness. In addition, anomalously thick channelized sections were assessed in relation to trends of paleochannel systems associated with underlying units in order to determine the most likely points where channel amalgamation may have taken place. Anomalies in regional structure were also used in making decisions regarding the trends of paleochannels, especially in relation to post- or syn-depositional differential subsidence. Wherever possible drill core data were considered in order to determine depositional limits and trends in the course of paleochannels.

### **Middle Mannville paleochannels**

#### *Lloydminster channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 95)*

Of all of the units within the Upper-Middle Mannville interval, the Lloydminster unit is the least dissected by its own associated channels. However, channel incision into the regional Lloydminster does occur from units much higher in the succession. In fact, some wells show channel incision from as high as the top of the Colony unit. There is little doubt that these particular wells represent amalgamated channels associated with more than one period of channel incision, and most of the channels that incise into the Lloydminster do so from the uppermost surfaces of the Rex and General Petroleum units. Most of these channels incise only part way into the Lloydminster rather than cutting into the underlying regional Cummings unit.

#### *Rex channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 96)*

The Rex paleochannel network displays much more regional dissection within the study area than is the case for the Lloydminster channels. For the most part, these channels display a dendritic drainage pattern with a large number of tributaries. Paleoflow direction was dominantly towards the east or northeast, although tributary systems may locally flow in any direction. No Rex paleochannel systems were found north of Township 67, although this is thought to be due mostly to the masking effects of a dense network of deeply incised Sparky, Waseca, and McLaren channels in the area north of Township 68. In the area south of Township 67 most of the truncation of regional Rex



strata is due to either Rex channels themselves or else General Petroleum channels which generally cut through the regional Rex and terminate in the regional Lloydminster.

*General Petroleum channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 97)*

The degree of regional dissection associated with incision of General Petroleum channels is not as great as that achieved by Rex paleochannel networks. Dominant paleoflow direction of main channels was generally towards the northeast in the central part of the study area (T60-64), while in the south (T53-60) paleoflow was generally directed towards the east, even though local exceptions apply.

*Sparky channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 98)*

Paleochannel dissection of the regional Sparky by Sparky channels is similar to the levels achieved during General Petroleum incision. Again, as was the case for General Petroleum channels, an overall paleoflow trend from west to east is found in the southern part of the study area (T53-60) while in the central part of the study area (T61-68) paleochannels are thought to have flowed mostly towards the northeast. A fairly dense network of channels is found in the area north of T71 between R5W4 and R8W4. Paleoflow directions are highly uncertain in this area due to the lack of a good stratigraphic datum from which structural data might be normalized. The Base of the Fish Scales marker as well as the Second White Specks marker appear to be missing in this area due to incision of Cenozoic channels into the regional Colorado Group.

As in many of the other units of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval, depth of channel incision within the Sparky can be highly variable. Previous studies of the Sparky in the Lloydminster area have also shown a great range in channel thickness (see for instance Van Hulten and Smith, 1984; fig. 7), indicating that multiple periods of incision may have occurred during the exposure of the regional Sparky unconformity surface.

Studies of Sparky channels in the Lloydminster area (MacCallum, 1979; Putnam, 1982a; 1982b; Smith, 1984; Smith et al., 1984; Van Hulten and Smith, 1984; and Haidl, 1986) have shown that they consist of multiple sand- or mud-filled channels eroded through the regional Sparky, as well as into parts of the underlying regional G.P., Rex,

and Lloydminster units. Maximum depths of Sparky channel incision agree with data from the present study. However, data from the Lloydminster area suggest that mud-filled channels are more common than sand-filled channels. In the Cold Lake area mud-filled channels are virtually absent.

### **Upper Mannville paleochannels**

#### *Waseca channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 99)*

Within the Lloydminster heavy oil belt, reports of Waseca paleochannels include those of MacEachern (1982; 1984; 1986), Van Hulten (1984), and Haidl (1986). According to these authors the bulk of the Waseca channel systems show no apparent evidence of incision, and probably were deposited penecontemporaneously with the regional facies of the Waseca. These interpretations stand in direct contrast with the evidence from the Cold Lake Oil Sands area, where Waseca channels incise as deep as the regional Rex unit (see also Mathison, 1988).

As in the case of all underlying units previously mentioned, paleoflow direction is thought to have been dominantly west to east in the southern part of the study area (T53-60). Sparky channels are rare in the area between T62 and T66, but in the area north of T67 paleochannel direction is assumed to have been dominantly northward. Some channels demonstrate an eastward-flowing trend in the area between T67 and T68, although the major northward trend is demonstrated by the dense network of paleochannels found in the area between T68-72 and R4-6W4. The network in this area is so dense that trends of individual channels could not be determined based on the data available, although the general northward trend is discernible.

The regional Waseca is also dissected by McLaren and Colony channels, the former being the more common of the two. Most McLaren channels do not cut any deeper than the regional Waseca unit.

#### *McLaren channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 100)*

The McLaren paleochannel network is by far the most dense of any of the seven networks in the Cold Lake area. Inferred paleoflow directions are similar to those of

Waseca channels, with most channels in the southern part of the study area (T53-59) flowing towards the east, and most channels in the central part of the study area (T59-68) flowing towards the north or northeast. This central part of the study area is dominated by a major north-northeasterly trending, highly dissected zone, similar to that which dominates the Waseca paleochannel network in the same area. Again, the density of paleochannels in this area is such that exact courses of channels cannot be ascertained. The extreme northern part of the study area (T71-73) is also dissected by an extremely dense paleochannel network which may show a west-east trend, although the lack of a good stratigraphic datum in this area poses problems in determining paleoflow direction (similar to those discussed for Sparky paleochannels).

Incised McLaren paleochannels have been the subject of a number of studies in the past. Gross (1980), for instance, made particular note of McLaren channels in his discussion of Mannville paleochannels in east-central Alberta, and Kramers et al. (1989) and Kramers et al. (1990) noted a particularly good example of a McLaren paleochannel system in the Provost area of southeastern Alberta. Wennekers et al. (1979) also noted good examples of McLaren paleochannels in the Lloydminster area. Within the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit, Mathison (1988) recognized a northeasterly-trending McLaren channel system in the Fort Kent area (T61-R4W4). Mathison felt that these paleochannels were associated with a unit that he referred to as the "Lower McLaren" and that the so-called "Upper McLaren" consisted entirely of regional shoreface-offshore deposits. The present study disagrees with this interpretation slightly in that detailed mapping in this area indicates that Mathison's "Upper McLaren" should be included within the regional Colony unit. Nevertheless, the present study agrees with the main trend of McLaren paleochannels demonstrated by Mathison (1988). Mapping of McLaren channels on a regional basis also indicates eastward and westward extensions of this main trend.

#### *Colony channels (Appendix 4; Fig. 101)*

Although not as pervasive as McLaren or Waseca channel networks, incised Colony channels are common in the Cold Lake area. The dominant paleoflow trend of these channels was towards the east, although a number of exceptions to this rule appear

in the southern part of the study area (T56-R6W4), and a weak northerly trend appears in the northern part of the study area, north of T68.

Channel incision near the end of Colony deposition may have been a regional phenomenon across the Western Canadian Sedimentary Basin. The uppermost surface of the Cadotte Member of the Peace River Formation in northeastern British Columbia, thought by some (Leckie and Reinson, in press) to be time-equivalent to the Colony-Joli Fou unconformity surface, shows evidence of incision indicative of a major drop in sea level near the end of early Albian time (Leckie, 1987; Hayes, 1988; Leckie and Reinson, in press). The Colony-Joli Fou unconformity represents an extensive hiatus (the whole of Middle Albian time), and the regional Colony may thus represent a period in which multiple incision has taken place. Part of the evidence for this hypothesis may lie in the variation in depths of incision displayed by main channel networks in the Colony as well as their inferred tributaries.

## DISCUSSION

### **Mechanisms for channel incision**

The great thicknesses observed in the Upper and Middle Mannville paleovalleys suggest that other factors, in addition to sea level change, were involved in channel development. Incision, as a consequence of relative sea level drop, must have recurred periodically during deposition of the interval. These episodes of incision resulted in a stacking of channel deposits in some areas. Terracing within the valleys may have been another consequence of these events. However, this is impossible to prove in the absence of extremely close core control or seismic data.

Syndepositional dissolution of underlying Devonian salts in the eastern part of the study area is also proposed as a mechanism for achieving rapid base level drops and consequent deep incision. Rapid incision can be achieved not only through base level drop or tectonic uplift but also through climatic change (e.g. periodic flooding events--Maizels, 1987). The unconsolidated nature of sediments within the Upper-Middle Mannville stratigraphic interval would have allowed channels to quickly incise and achieve their normal graded profile.

### **Upper-Middle Mannville channel incision: A complex response process?**

As emphasized previously, incised channel networks within the Upper and Middle Mannville display a great deal of thickness variability. This variability exists not only on a study-area-wide level (as would be expected) but also on a local scale.

It should be remembered, though, that drainage networks are complex systems and that their response to any type of base level change, or to changes in sedimentation rate, or even to climatic change, will also be complex. Studies of Holocene incised alluvial channels in the southwestern United States have shown that magnitude and duration of cycles of incisement and aggradational infill within canyons and valleys vary not just from valley to valley but within the same valley (Kottowski et al., 1965; Schumm, 1973). In Alberta, studies comparing terracing in Holocene valleys with their tributaries have shown out-of-phase relationships in cycles of incision and deposition even in closely related streams (Rains and Welch, 1988).

All of the examples cited above are illustrations of the principle of complex response (Schumm, 1973; 1975; 1979) (Fig. 36). Although originally based on scale model studies, there is abundant evidence from the Holocene record that base level change applied to full-scale geomorphic systems is a highly complicated process and that local diversity within drainage networks (e.g. depth of incision, timing of aggradation) may be exceedingly common. Thus, stream rejuvenation in response to a single base level drop may initiate a series of events that will result in multiple periods of incision and deposition, all of which may be out of phase within different parts of a drainage network (Rice, 1988).

Given the problems in ascertaining the effects of base level changes on the timing of erosional and depositional events in the examples of Holocene drainage networks cited above, the local variability of incision depth observed within Upper and Middle Mannville paleochannel networks (see Appendix 1; Table II, and Figs. 95-101) seems less than surprising. The inherent difficulties in dealing with complex response in surface Holocene examples must be greatly exaggerated by the uncertainties imposed by the subsurface mapping process (Schumm, 1985; Baker, 1988).

## CONCLUSIONS

Detailed well log and drill core analysis reveals that seven distinct valley-fill networks are preserved within the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups of the Cold Lake Oil Sands area in east-central Alberta. Each of these networks is thought to represent a period of channel incision brought about by relative base level drop, followed by subsequent infill during a period of relative base level rise. Some valley-fill systems are thought to have fed small paralic sand depocentres which may represent local deltas. Successive periods of base level drop exposed regional paralic and terrestrial deposits to erosion, thus creating regional unconformities, which divide the Upper-Middle Mannville interval into seven regional sequences (*sensu* Van Wagoner, et al., 1988).

Depths of channel incision often exceed the thicknesses of their associated sequences. This indicates either a succession of periods of incision masked by the effects of subsequent downcutting events as newly incised channels reoccupied the course of former incised channels, or else exceptional relative base level drops brought about either eustatically or tectonically. In some cases relative cause may be impossible to ascertain. Depth of channel incision within networks also varies greatly on both a local and on a regional scale within the Cold Lake Oil Sands area, and is thought to represent the effects of complex response of geomorphic systems to changes in relative base level and sediment supply.

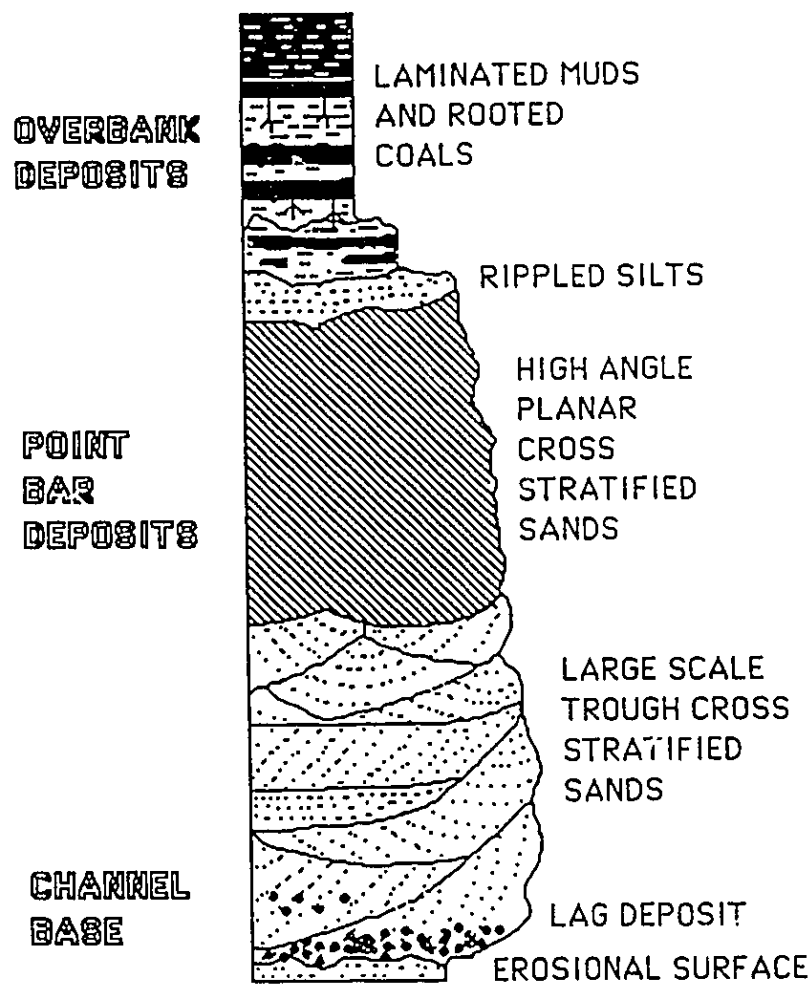


FIGURE 33.-- Illustration of typical facies associations in fining-upwards channel-fill successions within incised valleys.

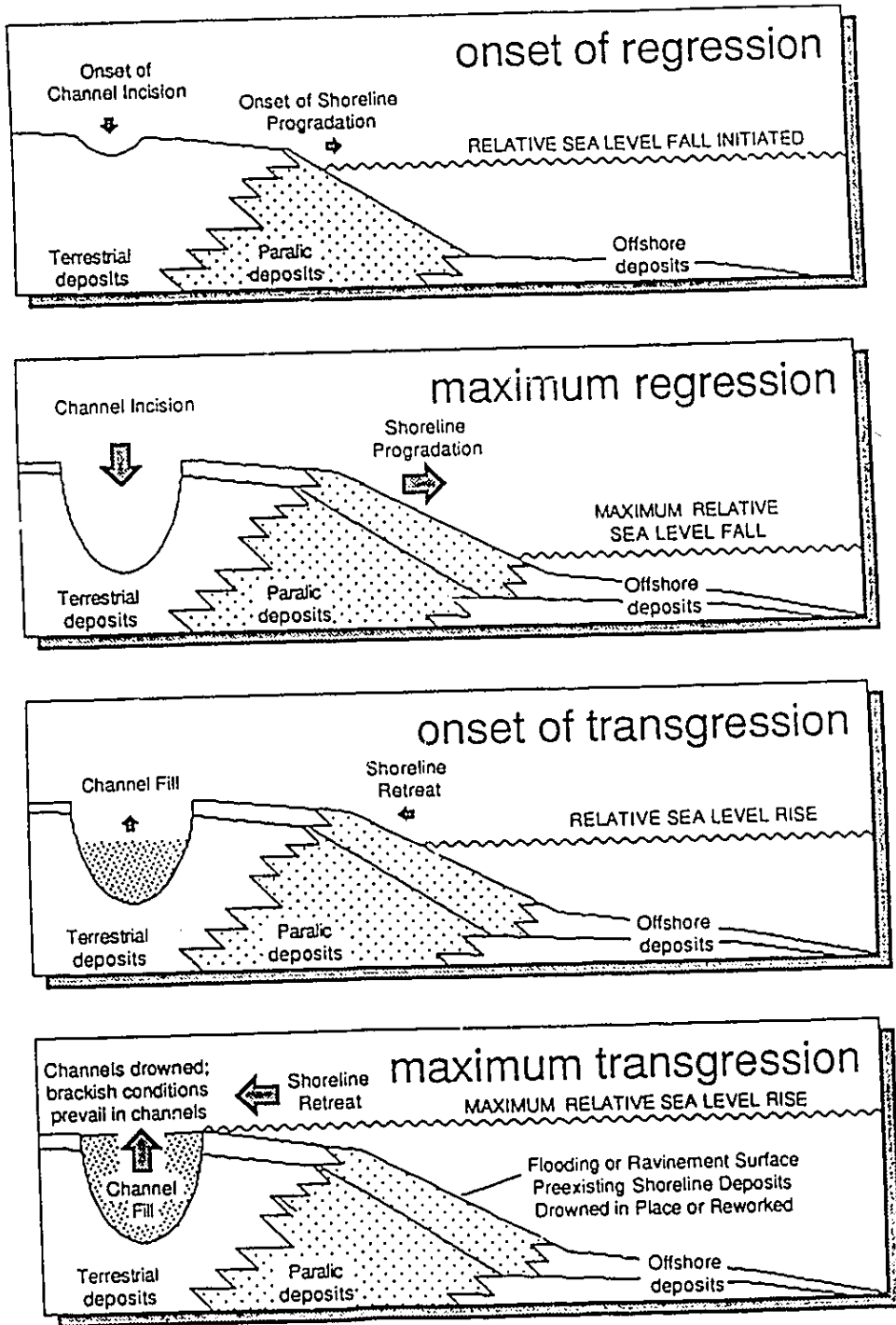
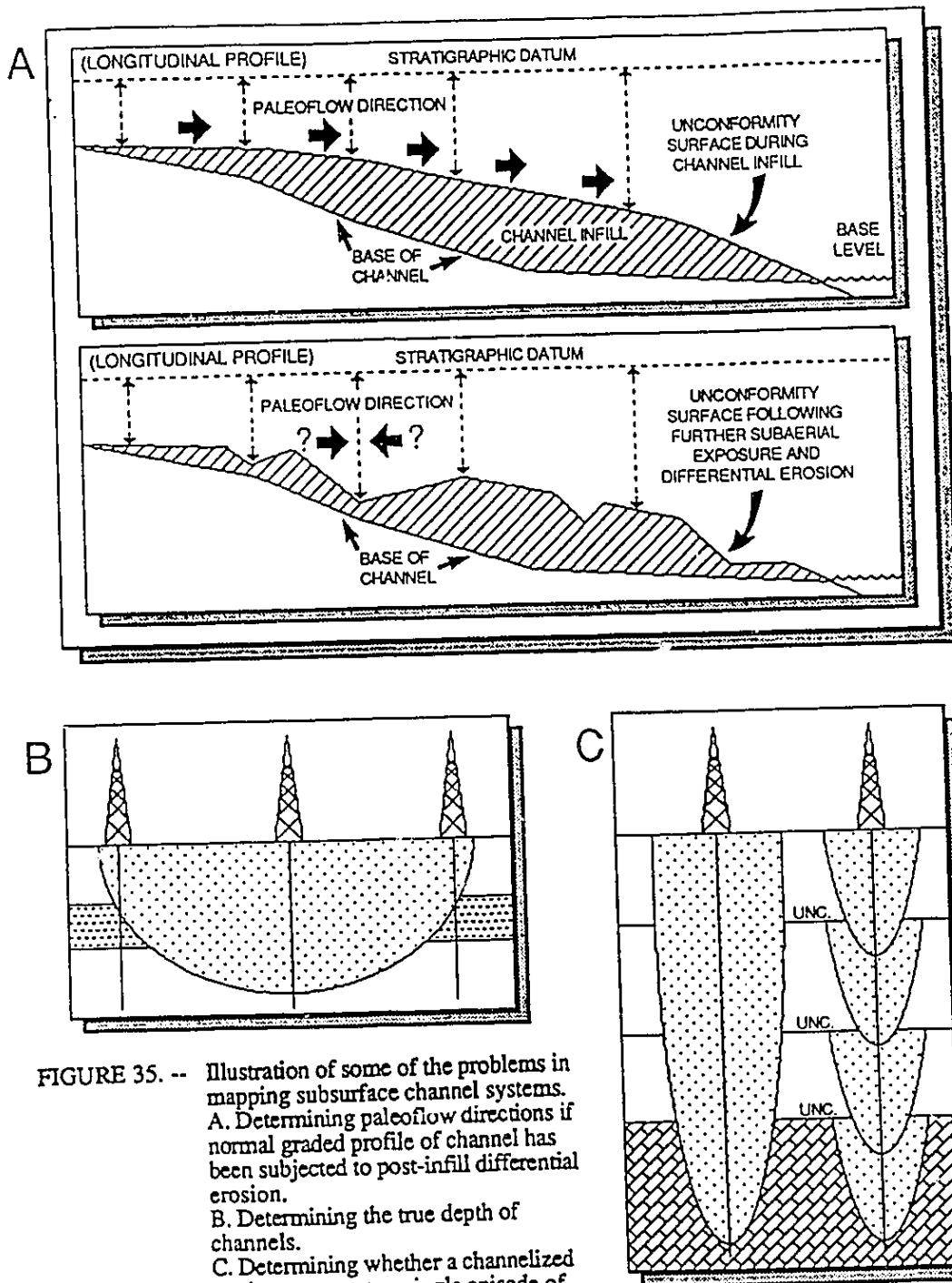


FIGURE 34. -- Highly simplified model of channel incision and aggradational infill in response to relative base level changes.





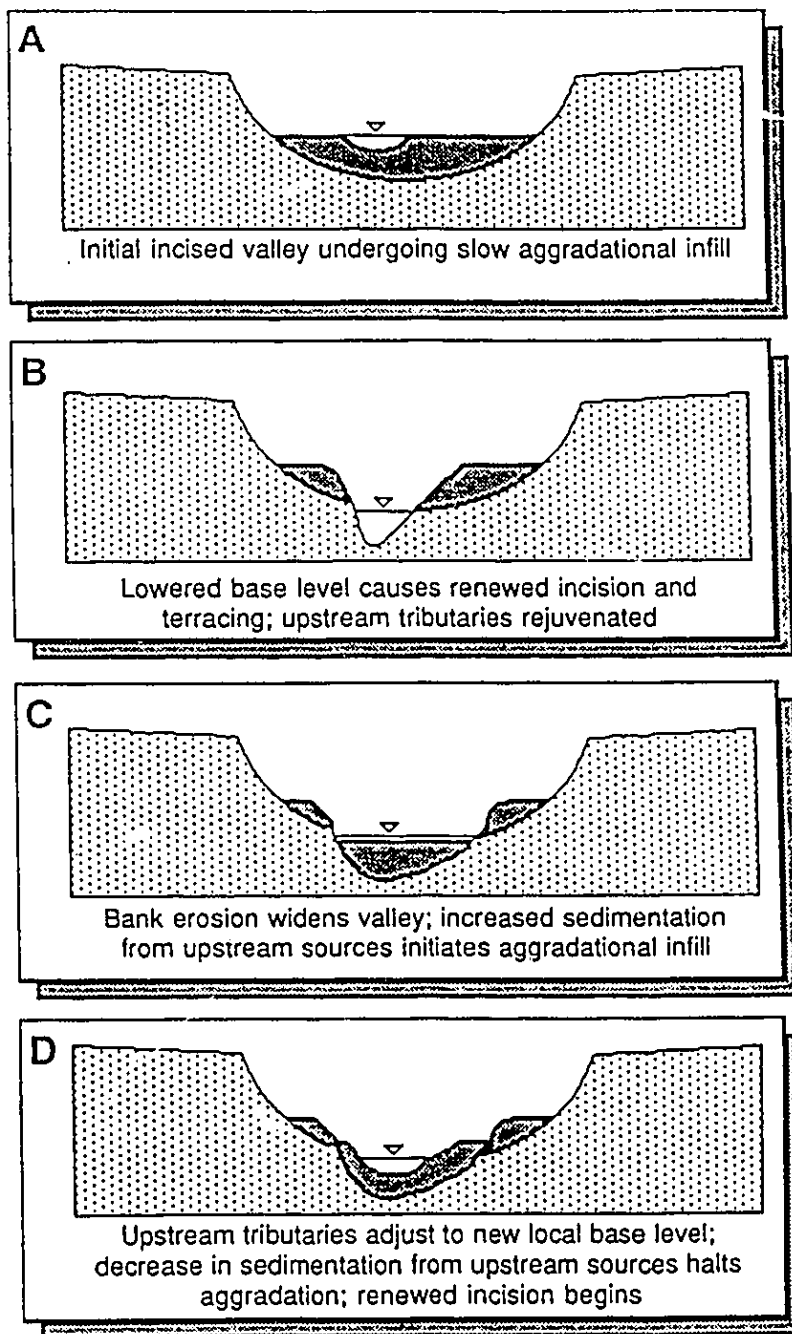
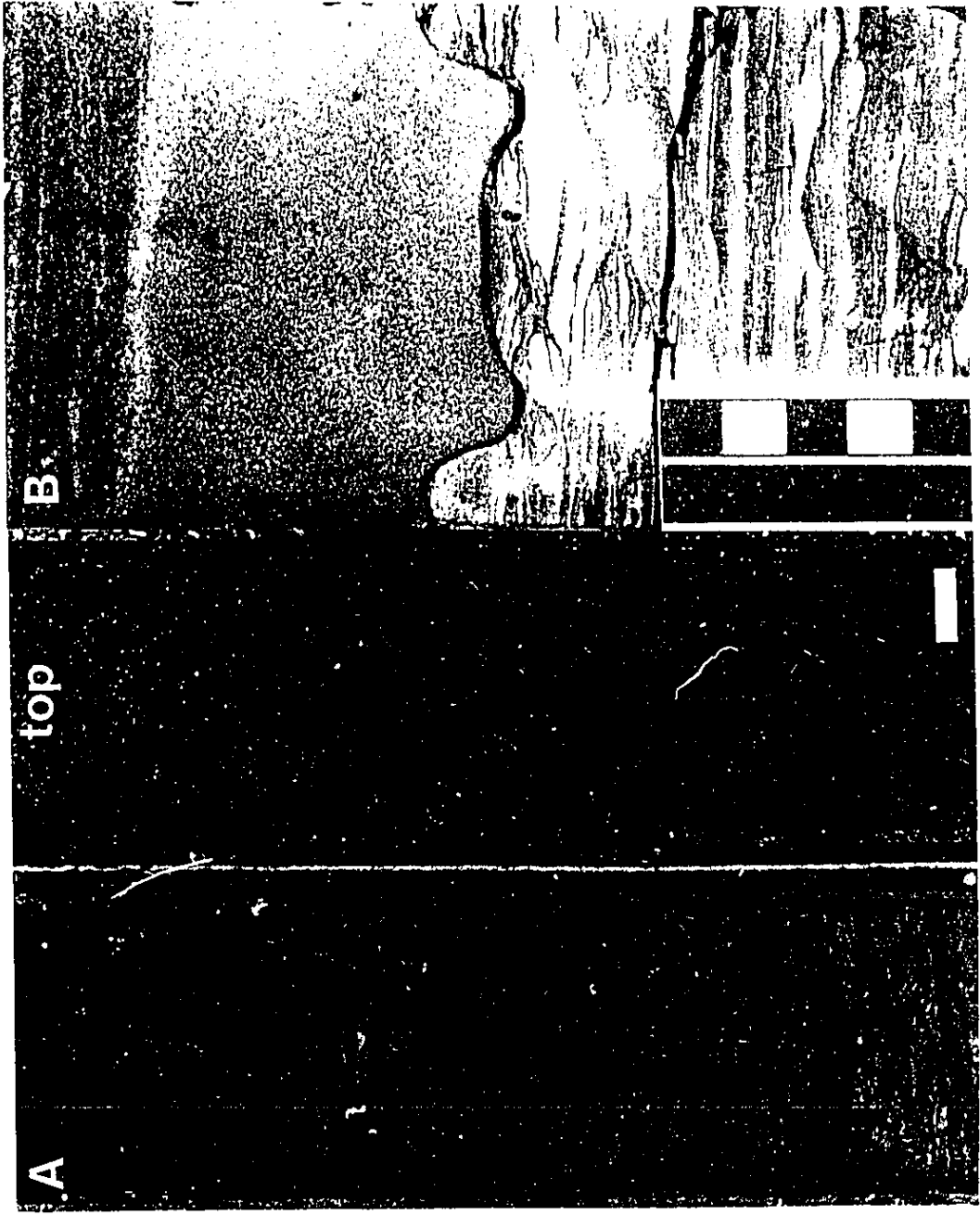


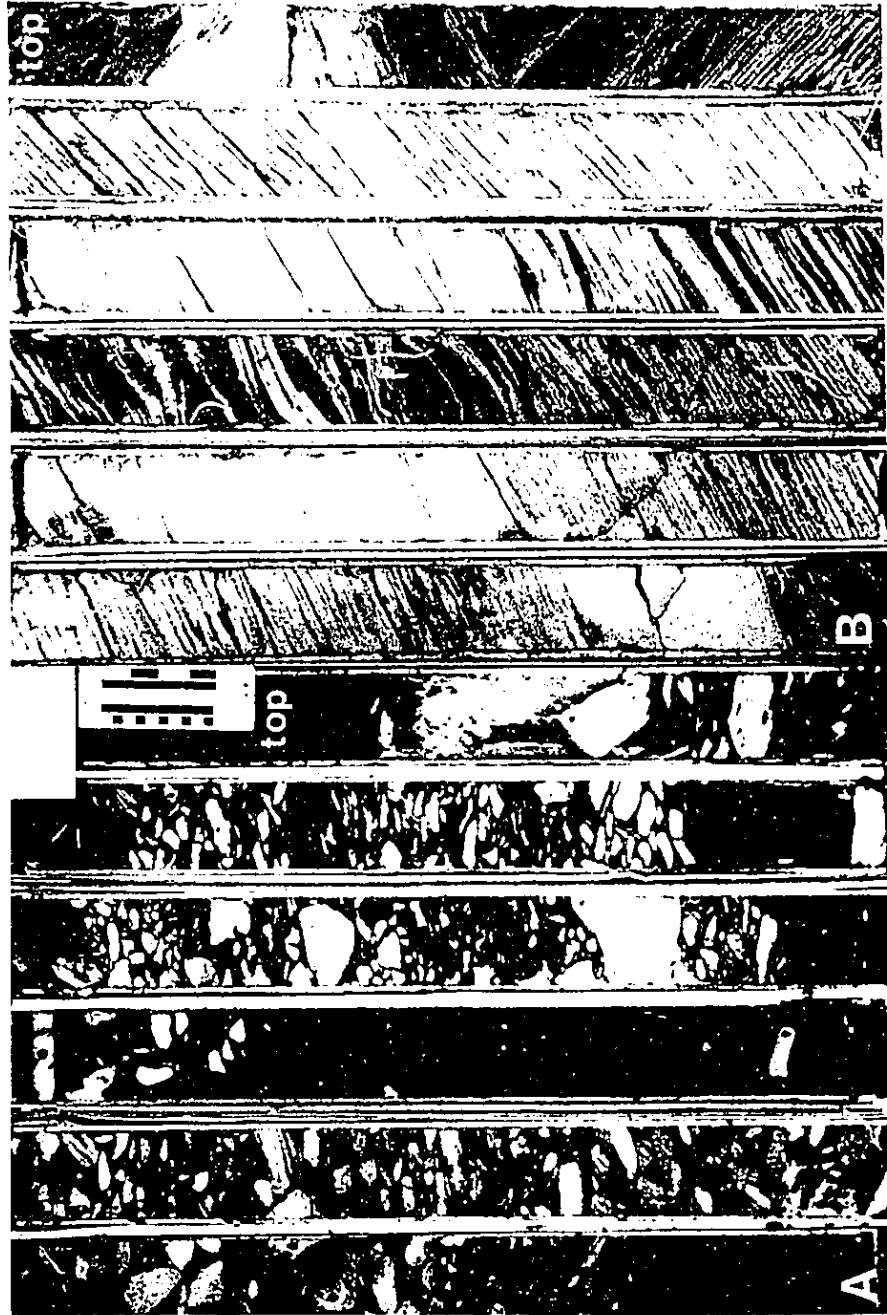
FIGURE 36. -- Example of complex response of a previously incised stream to a single period of base level drop and consequent rejuvenation (modified after Schumm, 1973; 1975)

PLATE 1. -- Examples of channel deposits erosively cut into offshore shales, Upper-Middle Mannville interval.

- A. Highly oil saturated fluvial channel (Sparky channel) deposits cut into highly bioturbated offshore shales (G.P. unit). Note clasts at bottom of channel and erosive nature of the contact. Scale bar equals 2 cm. Core reads from upper right (top) to lower left (bottom). (6-27-55-5W4; 506.0 m below K.B.).
- B. Load casts along erosive contact between fluvial channel (McLaren channel) sands and moderately bioturbated to oscillation rippled offshore silts (Sparky unit). Small divisions on scale bar equal 1 cm. (3-15-61-5W4; 350.0 m below K.B.).



- PLATE 2. -- Sedimentologic features of incised channel deposits, Upper-Middle Mannville interval. Features are common to all of the seven channel systems discussed in the text. Core reads from upper right (top) to lower left (bottom).
- A. Example of intraformational conglomerate in basal sands of a channel fill succession (13-21-64-6W4; 308.5-313.0 m below K.B.).
  - B. Interbedded, cross-bedded sands and silts interpreted as point bar deposits within a fining-upwards channel-fill succession Scale the same as in A. (6-24-64-6W4; 319-323.5 m below K.B.).

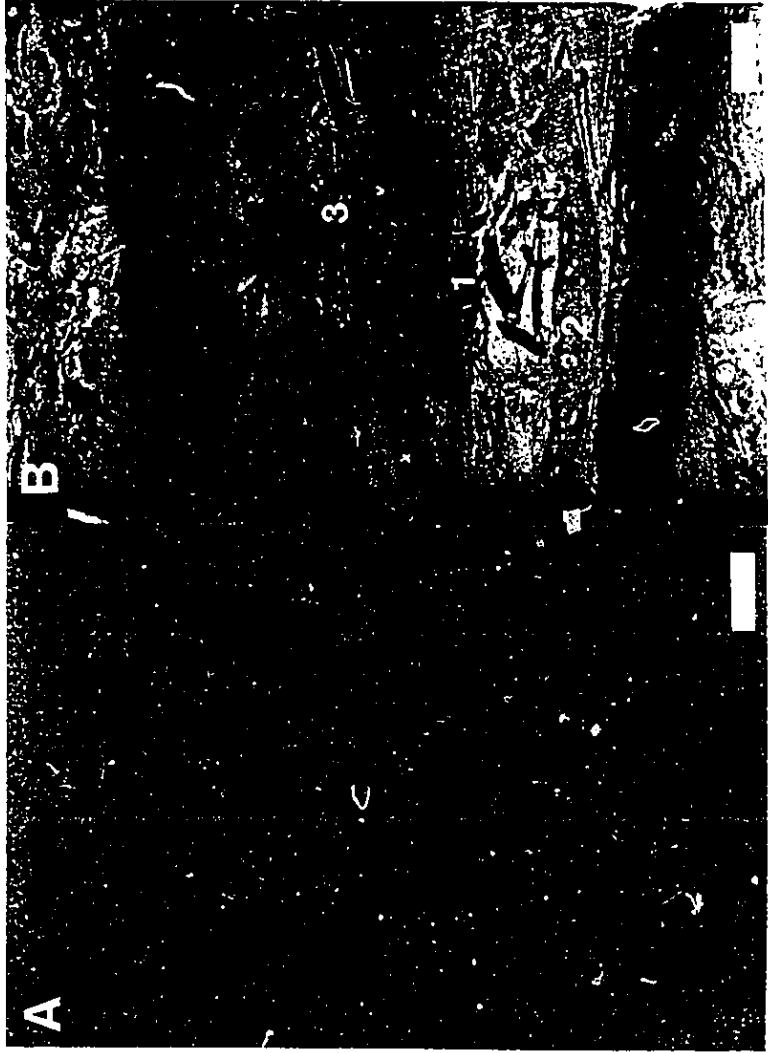


- PLATE 3. — More sedimentologic features of incised channel deposits, Upper-Middle Mannville interval. Scale bar equals 1 cm.**
- A. Overbank muds at the top of a fining-upwards channel-fill succession capped by a rooted coal (4-7-56-3W4; 445.75 m below K.B.).**
  - B. Current ripples in fining-upwards channel fill succession (3-6-63-3W4; 347.5 m below K.B.).**





- PLATE 4.** -- Typical ichnofossils of estuarine channel fill successions, Upper-Middle Mannville interval. Scale bar equals 1 cm.
- A. Escape trace in high-energy cross-bedded sands interpreted as point bar sediments (6-32-63-6W4; 396.5 m).
  - B. Characteristic ichnofossil suite in mixed sand-shale succession thought to have been deposited as estuarine channel margin sediments; 1. *Cylindrichnus*; 2. *Chondrites*; 3. *Planolites* (11-4-63-3W4; 354.0 m).



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## CHAPTER IV

AN ICHNOLOGIC AND PALEOECOLOGIC COMPARISON OF THE  
UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS IN THE  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

## INTRODUCTION

The Upper Mannville sub-group (Early Albian) of eastern Alberta has in the past been cited as a classic example of a stratigraphic unit deposited within a dominantly brackish water depositional system (Singh, 1963; Putnam, 1979; Wilson, 1984; Wightman et al., 1987; Beynon et al., 1988; Mathison, 1988). Considerable controversy exists, however, as to the exact nature of the paleoenvironmental setting that existed during this time period, as well as to its paleogeographic extent. Opinions range from a scenario in which deposition occurred within a series of restricted bays and/or lagoons in deltaic environments (e.g. Wightman et al., 1987), to one in which the entire Clearwater Sea (the name given to the epeiric sea formed at this time in Western Canada) was itself drastically reduced in salinity (e.g. Mathison, 1988).

The present study forms one part of a larger inquiry into the stratigraphy, sedimentology, and paleontology of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta. The main aim of this paper is to reassess the paleoecologic parameters that define brackish versus marine deposits within the context of shoreface to offshore paleoenvironmental systems.

## STRATIGRAPHY OF THE MANNVILLE GROUP IN EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

Mannville Group stratigraphic nomenclature in east-central Alberta is a reflection of an exploration history which has stressed local stratigraphic division rather than regional correlation problems (Cant, 1990). A number of lithostratigraphic schemes have thus arisen to subdivide the Mannville Group in various parts of Alberta and Saskatchewan, and has thus made for a rather confusing stratigraphic synonymy. The Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit occupies an area in which two different lithostratigraphic schemes have been used interchangeably over the years (e.g. Nauss, 1945; 1947; Wickenden, 1948; Clack, 1967; Fuglem, 1970; Kendall, 1977). These two schemes are referred to herein as

the Lloydminster stratigraphy and the Wabasca stratigraphy (Chapter II). As pointed out by a number of authors, however (Caldwell, 1978; Wightman et al., 1987), there is justifiable uncertainty as to the validity and appropriateness of applying an extensive lithostratigraphic subdivision to a set of strata which displays more depositional cyclicity than lithologic heterogeneity. The sequence stratigraphic scheme outlined in Chapter II was proposed in order to demonstrate the advantages in stratigraphic correlation brought about by recognizing unconformities within the group as the natural horizons for stratigraphic subdivision.

The Mannville Group in east-central Alberta can be roughly broken down into three informal units known as the Upper, Middle, and Lower Mannville, of which only the Upper and Middle Mannville will be considered herein. The Upper Mannville consists of the Colony, McLaren, and Waseca units, while the Middle Mannville is made up of the Sparky, General Petroleums (usually referred to as the G.P.), Rex, and Lloydminster units (Chapter I). All of the units referred to above contain both a "regional" element and a "channelized" element, a division that has been referred to many times before by workers in both east-central Alberta and in west-central Saskatchewan (e.g. Wilson, 1984). The regional elements consist of regressional shoreface to offshore successions, while the channelized elements consist dominantly of incised channel-fill deposits. Mapping of net sand trends in the regional shoreface-offshore units reveals some local sand depocenters which may indicate deltaic deposition. However, there does not appear to be any facies criteria other than a greater sand:shale ratio to distinguish these deltaic sandbodies from regional shoreline sands (Chapter II). In any case, only the "regional" units will be addressed in this paper; the ichnology and paleoecology of the incised channel deposits are addressed in Chapter III).

The "regional" units of the Upper and Middle Mannville generally consist of multiple, stacked, coarsening-upwards depositional packages. More than one of these cyclic units may occur within a single stratigraphic unit on a local scale, but these become amalgamated such that on a more regional scale each unit is marked by only one coarsening-upward package. Each package coarsens-upward from shales or silts at the base into fine- to medium-grained sands at the top. Commonly, the packages are capped



by thin coals or root zones indicative of subaerial exposure and erosion. The upper surface of each of these units is interpreted as an unconformity and each of the seven units of the Upper and Middle Mannville consequently represents an unconformity-bounded stratigraphic package (Chapter II). Each of these packages is so similar to the others that it is difficult to find any lithologic criteria to differentiate them. Ichnologic signatures do differ in each of these units however, and indicate that paleoenvironmental conditions shifted from time to time during deposition of the Upper-Middle Mannville package.

## MIDDLE MANNVILLE GROUP

### Rex and Lloydminster units

The Lloydminster unit forms the lowermost stratigraphic unit of the Middle Mannville in east-central Alberta. At its base the "regional" element of this unit generally consists of a relatively thick black to dark grey shale which coarsens upward into a fine-grained glauconitic sand. Foraminiferal studies of the shales at the base of the Lloydminster (Chapter VI) have revealed the presence of a well-developed foraminiferal assemblage. The assemblage is similar in most respects to the *Marginulinopsis collinsi* - *Verneuillinoidea cummingensis* zone found at a lower stratigraphic level within the Mannville in what is generally referred to as the Clearwater shale (Stelck, et al., 1956; Caldwell, et al., 1978). The basal Lloydminster shale is an upper extension of this foraminiferal zone. Although the assemblage consists exclusively of arenaceous foraminifers, the abundance and diversity of types within the basal Lloydminster suggests that normal marine conditions prevailed throughout its deposition (Chapter VI).

The typical ichnofossil assemblage within the basal shale of the Lloydminster consists of three major genera, namely *Zoophycos*, *Chondrites*, and *Planolites*, with *Asterosoma* and *Terebellina* as common accessories (Fig. 37A; Pl. 5A). Intensity of bioturbation varies widely within the black to dark grey shales of the basal Lloydminster and is commonly coincident with shale color (i.e. the blacker the shale, the lower the degree of disruption). *Chondrites* is almost always present in the basal shales, except in the blackest of these, and is always the first trace fossil to reappear in shale sections

which grade from black to dark grey. The assemblage is probably indicative of varying dysaerobic to anoxic conditions during deposition (see Ekdale and Bromley, 1984; Ekdale, 1985; Savrda and Bottjer, 1987).

The offshore marine sediments of the Lloydminster grade upward into highly glauconitic shoreface to foreshore sands, which are either massively bedded or hummocky cross-stratified. Lower shoreface deposits are typically highly bioturbated and contain a diverse ichnofossil suite. This suite includes forms (e.g. *Zoophycos*, *Chondrites*, *Planolites*, *Asterosoma*, and *Terebellina*) which are also found in the offshore shelf deposits, in addition to a diverse suite of ichnofossils which includes *Palaeophycus*, *Macaronichnus*, *Rosselia*, *Teichichnus*, *Asterosoma*, *Planolites*, and *Ophiomorpha* (Pl. 5B; 5C). As outlined in Chapter V, the occurrence of *Macaronichnus* in lower shoreface to shelfal deposits may be atypical (Clifton and Thompson, 1978) but does not appear to be unusual in the rock record.

Bioturbation is rare in the upper shoreface to foreshore deposits of the Lloydminster. *Skolithos*, small forms of *Ophiomorpha*, and *Macaronichnus* may occur (albeit rarely) in these sediments, but more commonly these deposits are overprinted by storm processes reflected in an overwhelming predominance of hummocky cross-stratification in the lower to upper shoreface. Escape traces are also found in some of these upper shoreface sediments (Pl. 5D).

The regional shoreface sands of the Lloydminster unit are directly overlain by black to grey shales which bear a great deal of resemblance to those of the basal Lloydminster and which form the base of the Rex unit. The Rex tends to be somewhat less bioturbated than the Lloydminster, both in the basal shale and in its overlying thick glauconitic sand section. The glauconitic sands are almost exclusively marked by hummocky cross-stratification. Foraminifera within the basal shale of the Rex are similar to those of the basal Lloydminster but are not as diverse nor as abundant (Chapter VI). This may indicate that the Rex was deposited in slightly less saline waters, or else under some other type of environmental restriction.

Trace fossil assemblages within the basal shales of the Rex are similar to those of the Lloydminster, and like those of the Lloydminster are dominated by *Zoophycos*,

*Chondrites* and *Planolites*. Accessory traces are somewhat more diverse than in the Lloydminster however, and include such forms as *Asterosoma*, *Teichichnus*, *Diplocraterion*, *Palaeophycus*, *Skolithos*, *Arenicolites*. *Ophiomorpha* is found in lower shoreface sands, as are *Rosselia*, *Macaronichnus*, *Conichnus*, *Bergaueria*, *Palaeophycus*, and *Planolites*. Some upper shoreface sands contain *Skolithos*, *Ophiomorpha*, *Teichichnus*, and *Planolites*.

### General Petroleums and Sparky units

At first glance, the General Petroleums and Sparky units contain many of the same ichnofauna as found in the underlying Lloydminster and Rex units (Fig. 37B). *Zoophycos* is present in abundance in basal (offshore) shales, as are *Terebellina* and *Chondrites* (Pl. 6A). Lower shoreface deposits are dominated by *Teichichnus*, *Ophiomorpha*, *Rosselia*, *Planolites*, and *Palaeophycus* in much the same way as underlying units, with rare small *Rhizocorallium* (Pl. 6B). *Macaronichnus* is still found within the G.P.-Sparky interval, but its occurrence is much rarer than in underlying units.

Despite the appearance of normal marine ichnofaunal elements in the G.P. and Sparky units, in both cases an ichnologic suite more typical of brackish conditions is also featured. Some shaly or mixed sand-shale sections (interpreted as lower shoreface to offshore transition) of the G.P. and Sparky units display a much different ichnofauna than those of the underlying Middle Mannville units. The most obvious change is in the appearance of the distinctive cork-screw shaped trace *Gyrolithes* (Pl. 6C) which has been cited by other authors as an indicator of brackish water depositional conditions (e.g. Beynon, et al., 1988). A number of other traces thought to represent opportunistic filter-feeding activities also are present (e.g. *Cylindrichnus*) (Pl. 6D). In addition, there is a general trend towards diminished size in individual ichnogenera, a trend which has often been attributed to stressful salinity conditions (Remain and Schlieper, 1971; Barnes, 1984; Mattison, 1987).

Ichnologically, the G.P. and Sparky units may mark a transition from the dominantly marine conditions of the Lloydminster and Rex units, to the more brackish conditions of the Upper Mannville. The general trend from dominantly marine conditions

at the base of the Middle Mannville to dominantly brackish conditions in the Upper Mannville is confirmed by foraminiferal paleoecologic studies, even though there is disagreement as to the point of change (Chapter VII).

### **Middle Mannville flooding surfaces**

The basal shales of the Sparky, G.P., and Rex units thicken from west to east, reflecting the thinning of progradational shoreface sands in this direction (Appendix 3; Figs. 87-89). In the western half of the Cold Lake deposit these basal shales may be only as much as 10 cm thick, with thick shoreface sands stacked above and below. The basal shales are typically dark in colour and contain a trace fauna dominated by *Diplocraterion*, *Chondrites*, *Planolites*, *Cylindrichnus*, *Skolithos*, *Zoophycos*, and *Teichichnus*. The larger trace fossils in this group (i.e. *Diplocraterion* and *Skolithos*) commonly penetrate the underlying sand (Pl. 7A; 7B). These thin, bioturbated shales are thought to represent the maximum edge of transgressive marine imprint on the Sparky, G.P., and Rex paralic systems. Regional mapping (Chapters II and III) has also shown them to represent the first transgressive marine deposits following regional exposure and erosion of the tops of the regional Sparky, G.P., and Rex units.

## **UPPER MANNVILLE GROUP**

### **Waseca, McLaren, and Colony units**

Like the underlying Middle Mannville, the three units of the Upper Mannville Group are comprised of coarsening-upward successions separated from one another by disconformities. Where these coarsening-upward packages differ most dramatically from those of the Middle Mannville is in their basal shales. Lighter shale colour and differences in ichnofauna combine to indicate a strong environmental shift away from the relatively stable environmental conditions of the Middle Mannville.

Ichnofossil suites in the Upper Mannville differ drastically from those of the Middle Mannville in that they seem to be dominated by species whose mode of preservation is indicative of opportunistic behaviour. The most distinctive association in this regard is one between *Gyrolithes* and *Trichichnus* (Pl. 8A). These two typically small (1-2 cm

vertical length) traces are often found together at discrete horizons in mixed sand-mud units where they originate from thin mud or silt beds and penetrate into thicker hummocky cross-stratified or oscillation rippled sand beds. It is proposed that the trace making organisms responsible for this ichnofauna were able to quickly populate and exploit the substrate following a high energy depositional event such as a storm (Vossler and Pemberton, 1988a; 1988b). This opportunistic behaviour was superimposed on a reduced salinity regime indicated by a dramatically reduced size of the constituent ichnofauna as well as a predominance of so-called filter-feeding traces over deposit-feeding traces. Sphaerulites cracks are also common throughout the Upper Mannville, and are further evidence of brackish water depositional conditions (Burst, 1965; Wightman et al., 1987)

The ichnofaunal suite of the Upper Mannville also includes *Skolithos*, *Teichichnus*, *Palaeophycus*, *Arenicolites*, *Chondrites*, *Planolites*, *Helminthopsis*, rare *Terebellina*, and *Asterosoma* (Fig. 37C and Pl. 8C). The basal shales of each coarsening-upward succession are most commonly dominated by *Teichichnus* and *Chondrites* with rare small forms of *Zoophycos*. One of the most common of the traces found in the basal shales of these depositional cycles is a spreiten structure which bears some resemblance to both *Teichichnus* and *Zoophycos* but does not appear to be strictly referable to either of these ichnogenera (Pl. 8D).

The brackish nature of the Upper Mannville trace fossil suite is probably reflective of increased shallowing and associated withdrawal of the Clearwater Sea, since trace fossil assemblages in each successive shaly section contain more elements indicative of brackish conditions and fewer which are indicative of marine conditions. Sedimentary cycles become thinner and more common as one progresses upward in the section, possibly indicating shoaling within a very shallow basin.

## DISCUSSION

Data derived from  $\delta^{18}\text{O}$  and  $\delta^{13}\text{C}$  analysis of endemic bivalve shell fragments (as summarized in Kauffman, 1984) consistently indicate that low values (in comparison to those derived from normal modern marine biota) prevailed throughout much of the

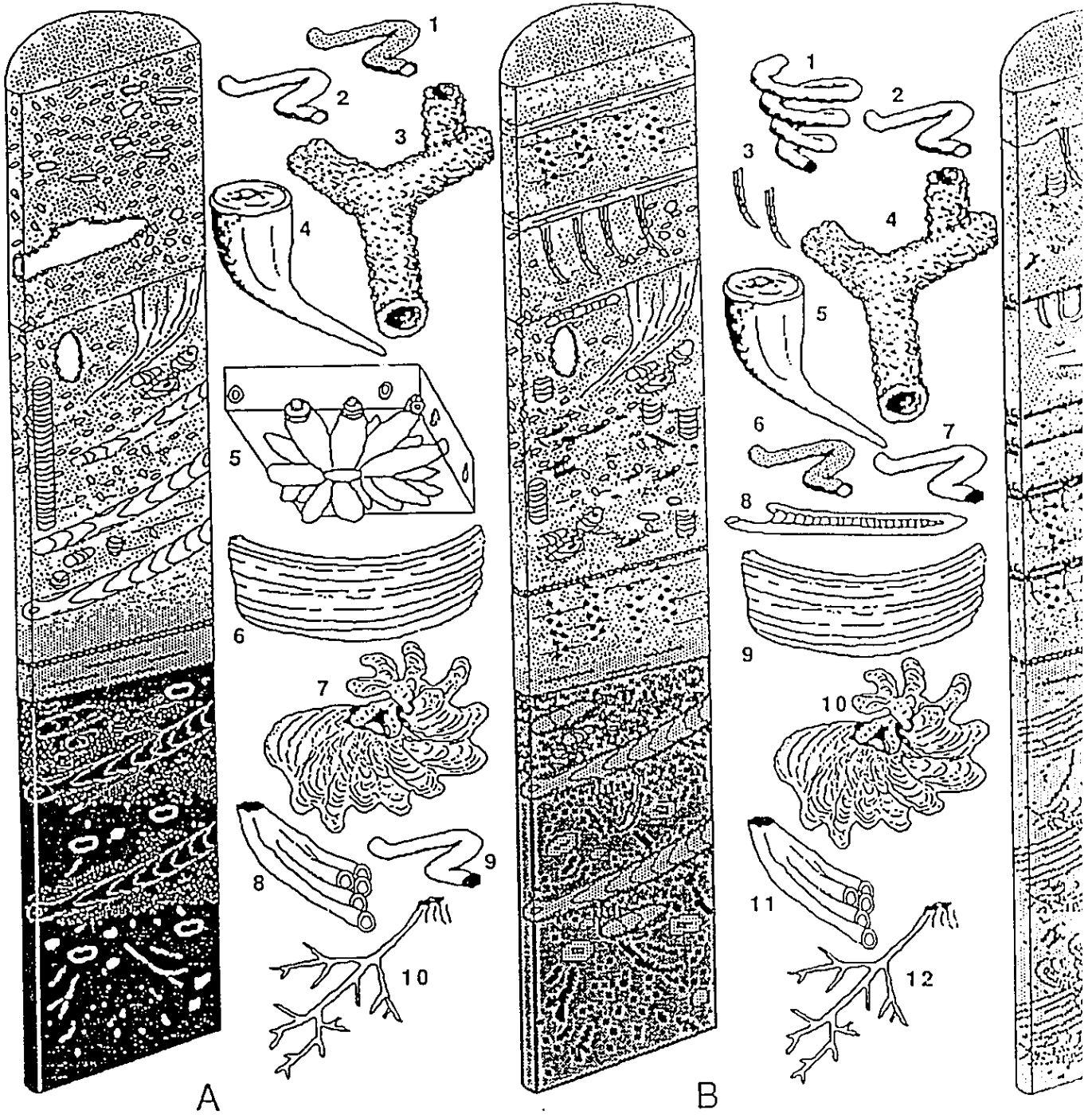
Cretaceous within the Western Interior Seaway. This has been interpreted as an indication that slightly to moderately brackish water conditions predominated in the epicontinental areas of the basin throughout most of its history. Ichnologic and micropaleontologic studies cited above indicate that this was the case during the bulk (but not all) of Upper-Middle Mannville deposition in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area as well. The predominance of preserved brackish water paleoenvironmental elements in sediments of the Upper and Middle Mannville has previously been explained (Wightman, et al., 1987) as a product of paleoenvironmental restriction (embayment and lagoonal deposition) within an overall deltaic context. However, regional mapping of net sand trends in all of the units of the Upper and Middle Mannville (Chapter II, Figs. 24-30; Appendix 3, Figs. 86-94) reveal a more complex picture. Local sand depocenters do occur within individual units, and indicate that small deltas were part of the paleoshoreline. However, overall shoreline trends appear to have been fairly linear throughout the progradational development of all of the units of the Upper and Middle Mannville. The lateral continuity of offshore shales within each of the Upper and Middle Mannville units suggests that small, isolated embayments and/or lagoons are rare within the succession. The Cold Lake Oil Sands area is situated partially within a *regional* embayment (known as the Lloydminster sub-basin-- Chapter II) however, and this relatively shallow basin may have acted as the means for paleogeographic restriction and consequent salinity reduction (Wilson, 1984; Mathison, 1988).

Salinity reduction of basinal waters in the Lloydminster sub-basin would have developed primarily due to the effects of freshwater input from rivers emptying into the basin. In such a scenario the uppermost parts of the water column would have been the most reduced in salinity, and thus the basin may have had a meromictic salinity profile. Normal salinity would only have occurred during times of peak transgression. Reductions in surface salinity may also be linked to periods of bottom water anoxia, perhaps due to density stratification of the water column, which would have limited oxygen exchange between surface and bottom waters. Minimal turnover of colder bottom waters and consequent higher rates of organic productivity would have promoted bottom water anoxia. Bottom waters would have become stagnant through this process due to

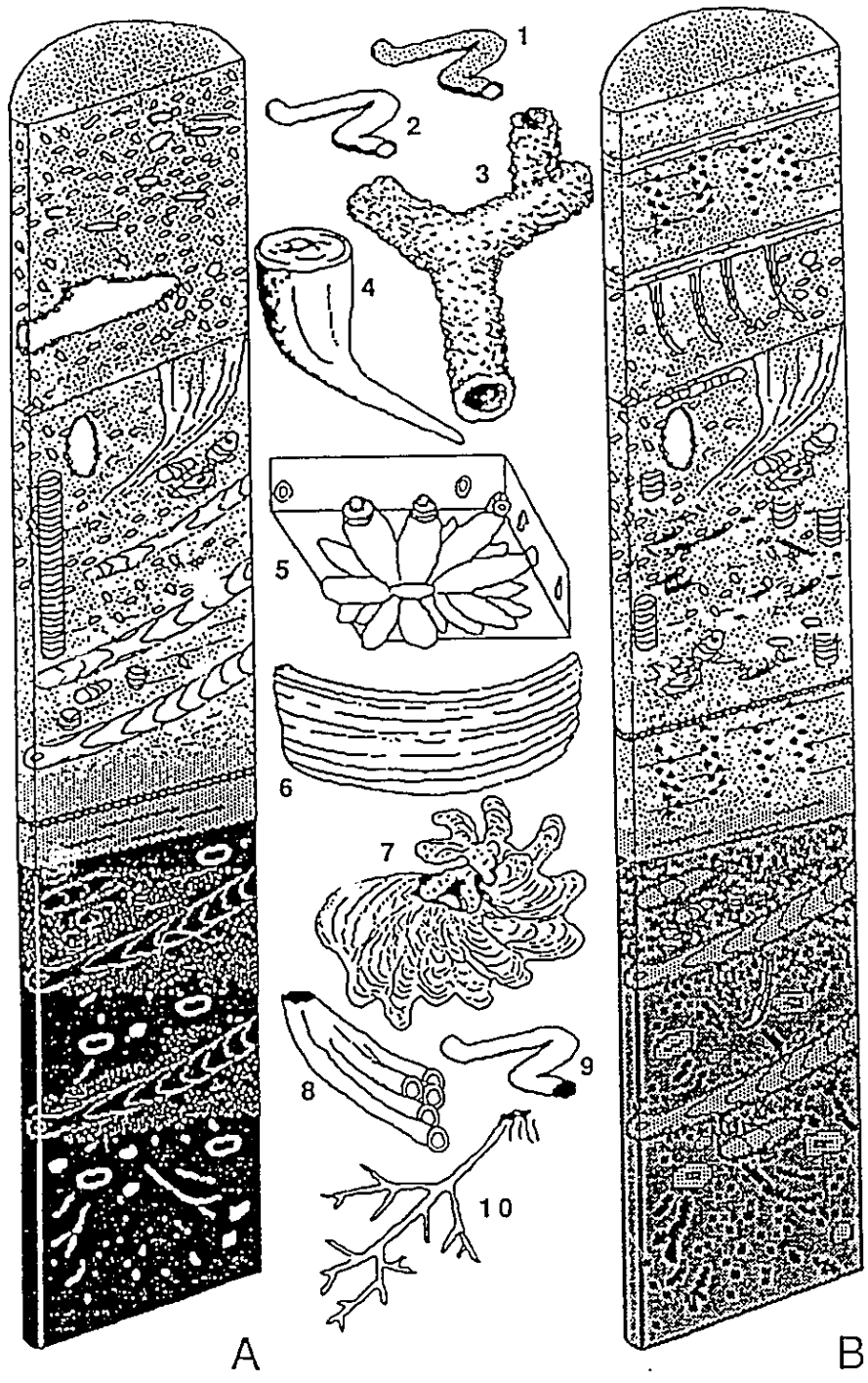
metabolic processes and aerobic bacterial decay. Only the most environmentally tolerant of benthos would have been able to endure such conditions.

## CONCLUSIONS

At least four distinctly different ichnologic assemblages are found in regional shoreface to offshore deposits of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta. Ichnocoenoses in basal shales of the two lowermost units of the Middle Mannville (Lloydminster and Rex units) contain elements that are indicative of relatively "normal marine" salinity conditions, while basal shales of Upper Mannville units (Waseca, McLaren, and Colony units) contain ichnocoenoses reflective of brackish water conditions. A third type of assemblage is found in basal shales of the two uppermost units of the Middle Mannville (General Petroleum and Sparky units) both of which contain elements common to the "brackish" and "normal marine" ichnocoenoses. The change from a normal marine ichnofauna to a brackish ichnofauna is thought to be reflective of increasingly restricted paleoenvironmental conditions during the deposition of each successive transgressive-regressive cycle of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval.







A

B

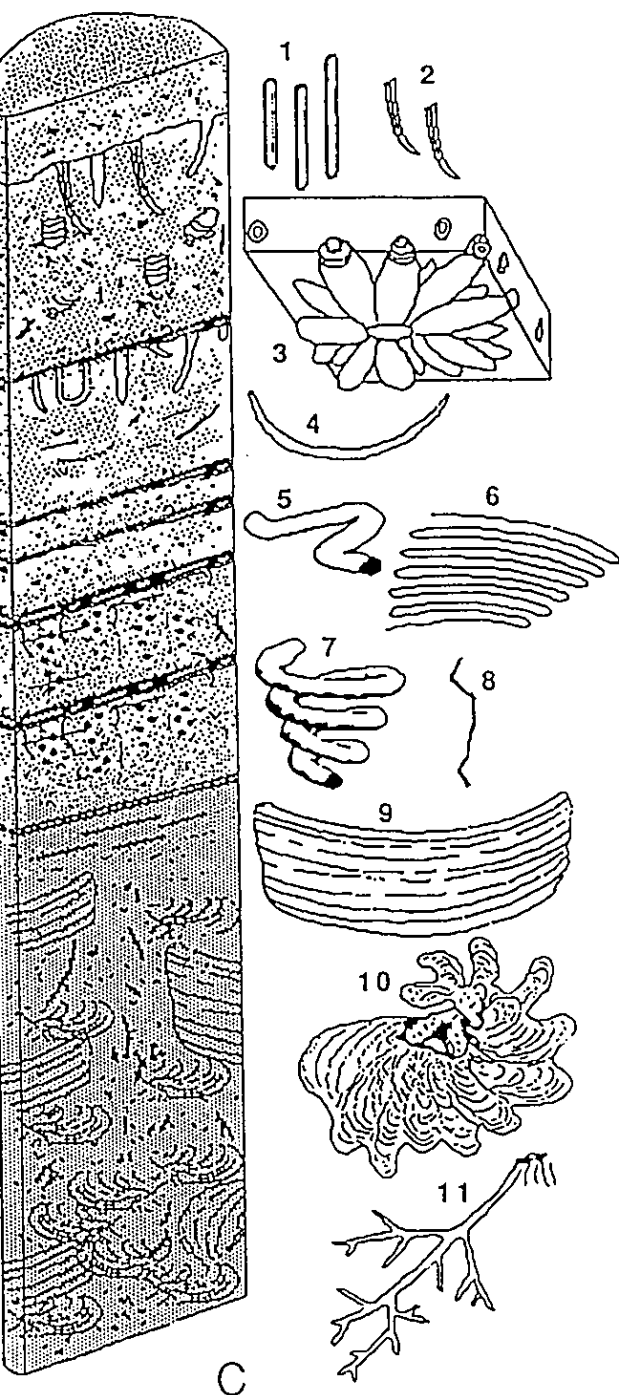


FIGURE 37.-- Illustration of common trace fossil suites within various stratigraphic intervals of the paralic-offshore coarsening-upwards successions (offshore-lower shoreface) of the Upper and Middle Mannville

A. Lloydminster-Rex association

- (1) *Macaronichnus* (2) *Palaeophycus*  
 (3) *Ophiomorpha* (4) *Rosselia*  
 (5) *Asterosoma* (6) *Teichichnus*  
 (7) *Zoophycos* (8) *Terebellina*  
 (9) *Planolites* (10) *Chondrites*

B. General Petroleum-Sparky association

- (1) *Gyrolithes* (2) *Palaeophycus*  
 (3) *Cylindrichnus* (4) *Ophiomorpha*  
 (5) *Rosselia* (6) *Macaronichnus*  
 (7) *Planolites* (8) *Rhizocorallium*  
 (9) *Teichichnus* (10) *Zoophycos*  
 (11) *Terebellina* (12) *Chondrites*

C. Waseca-McLaren-Celony association

- (1) *Skolithos* (2) *Cylindrichnus*  
 (3) *Asterosoma* (4) *Arenicolites*  
 (5) *Planolites* (6) *Helminthopsis*  
 (7) *Gyrolithes* (8) *Trichichnus*  
 (9) *Teichichnus* (10) *Zoophycos*  
 (11) *Chondrites*

- PLATE 5.-- Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening-upwards successions, Lloydminster and Rex units; Scale bar equals 1cm.
- A. Highly bioturbated offshore marine shales, Lloydminster unit
  - B. Ichnofossils in lower shoreface sediments, Rex unit (3-19-59-1W4; 470.5 m below K.B.); 1. *Zoophycos*; 2. *Teichichnus*.
  - C. Ichnofossils in lower shoreface sediments, Lloydminster unit.
  - D. Escape traces in upper shoreface sands, Lloydminster unit (10-26-64-3W4; 429.0 m below K.B.).

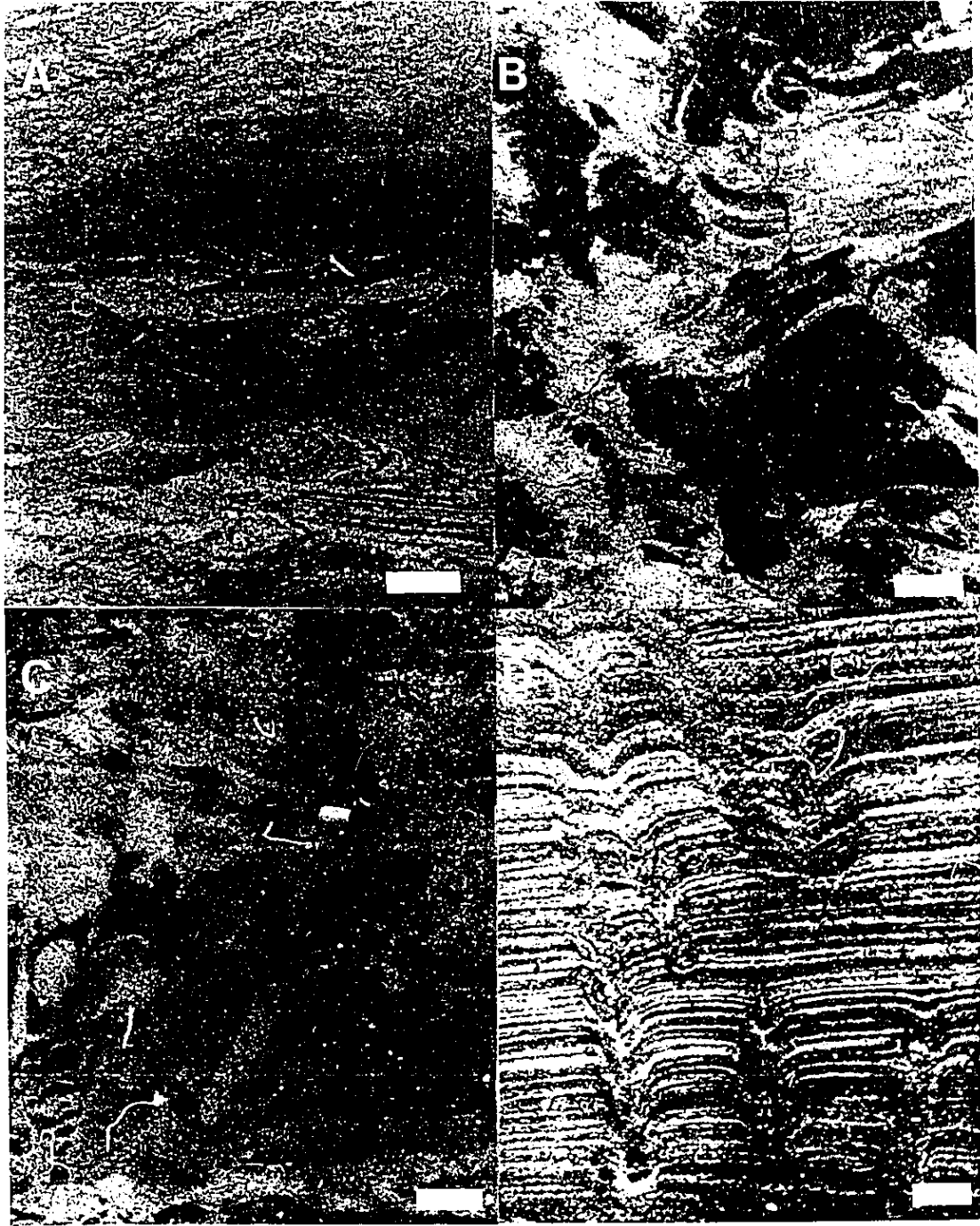


PLATE 6.-- Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening-upwards successions, General Petroleums and Sparky units; Scale bar equals 1 cm.

- A. Ichnofossils in basal offshore shales, Sparky unit (3-19-59-1W4; 445.0 m below K.B.).
- B. Ichnofossils in lower shoreface sediments, General Petroleums unit (7-30-65-5W4; 438.0 m below K.B.): 1. *Rosselia*; 2. *Rhizocorralium*; 3. *Zoophycos*.
- C. Example of *Gyrolithes* horizon in lower shoreface sands, General Petroleums unit (16-5-56-3W4; 459 m below K.B.).
- D. Example of typical trace fossil suite of offshore (embayment?) shales, General Petroleums unit (11- 6-56-3W4; 464.5 m below K.B.): 1. *Cylindrichnus*; 2. *Zoophycos*; 3. *Chondrites*; 4. *Planolites*.

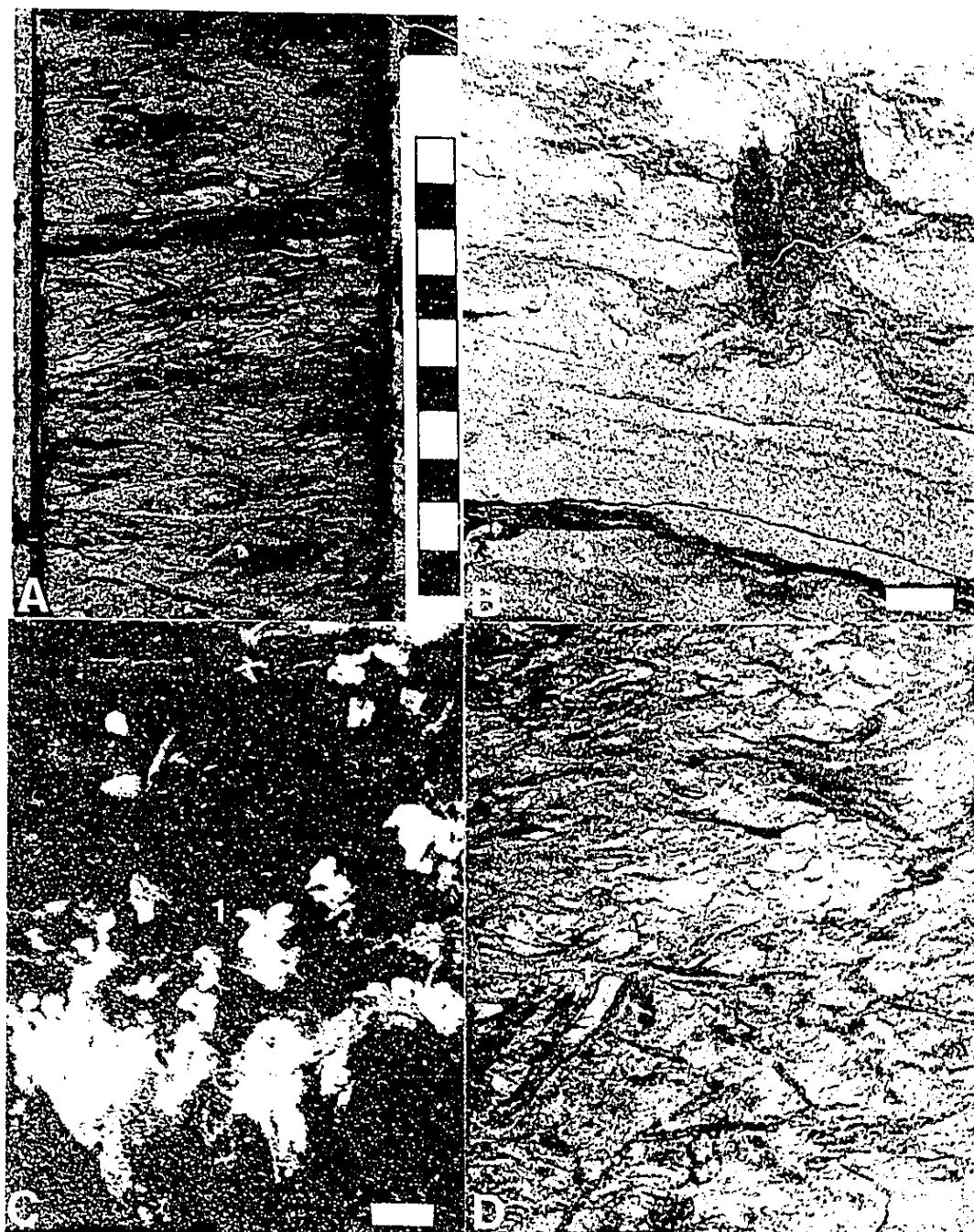


PLATE 7. -- Vertical shafts (*Skolithos*?) at the base of transgressive Sparky muds penetrating underlying G.P. shoreface sands. Regional mapping (Chapters II and III) has shown that this surface is an unconformity, with the Sparky muds representing the first transgressive marine deposits following regional exposure and erosion of the top of the regional G.P. unit.

- A. Core photograph of Sparky mudstones overlying G.P. shoreface sands.
- B. Detail of A showing the nature of the burrowed contact.

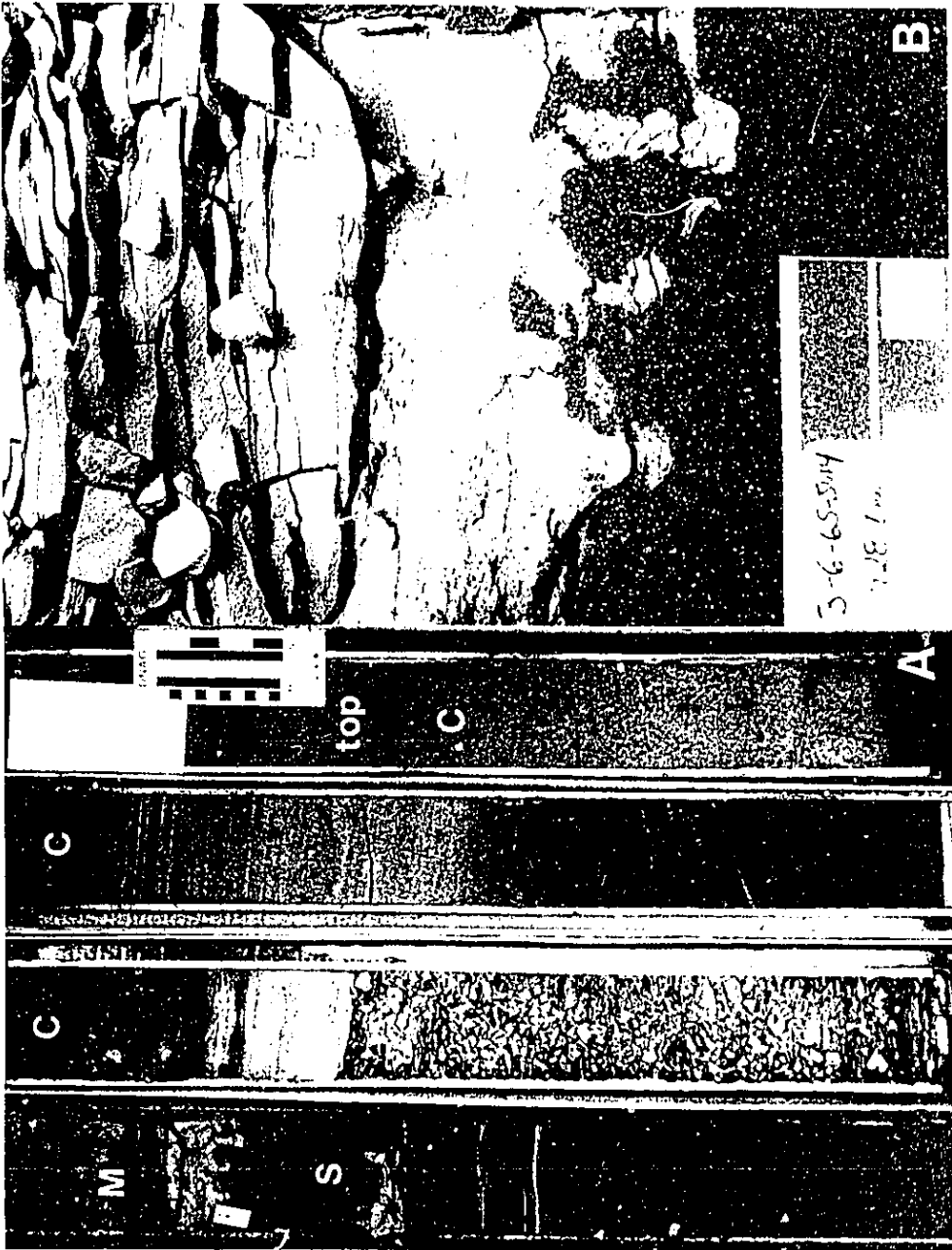
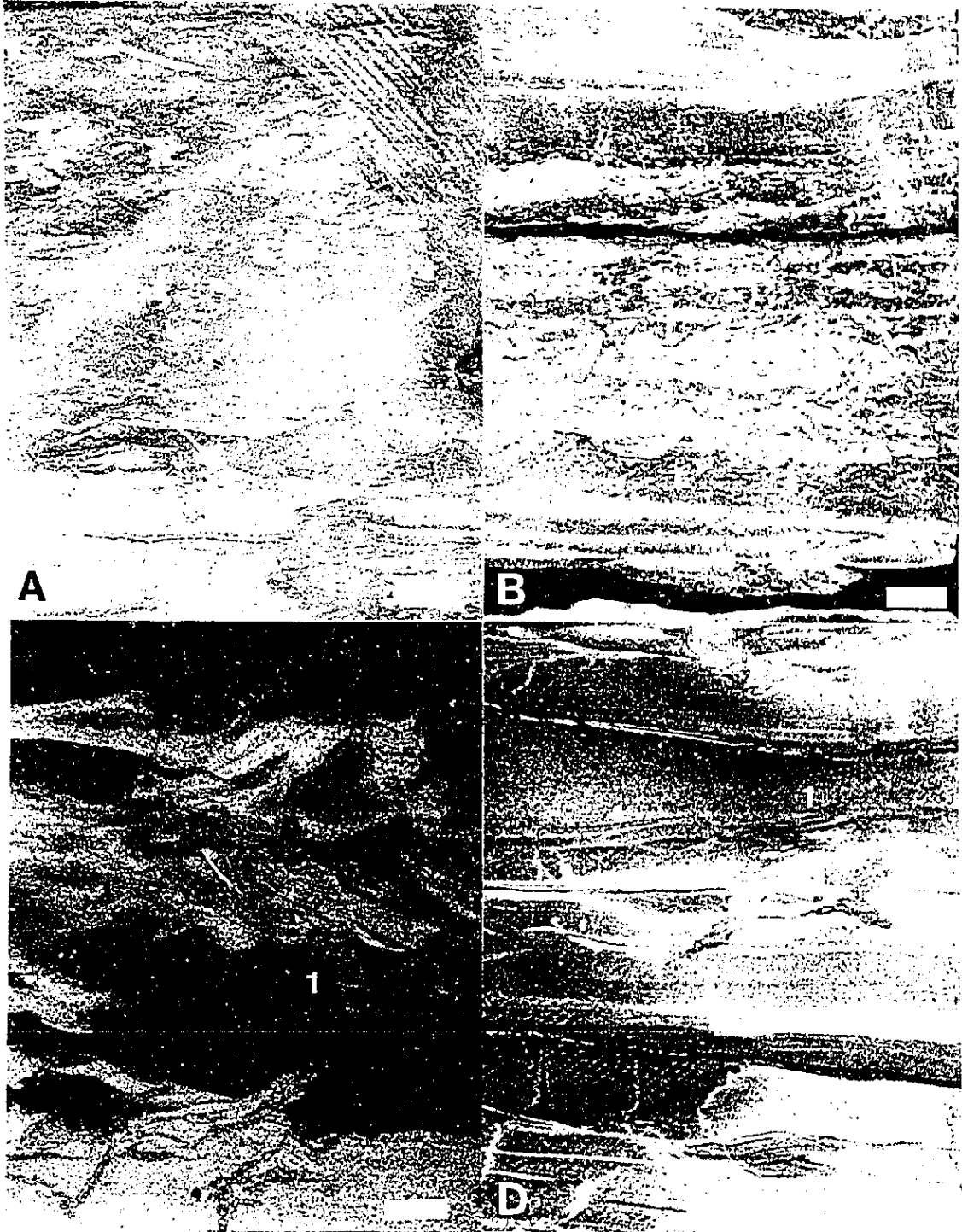




PLATE 8.-- Typical ichnologic and sedimentologic features of offshore-shoreface coarsening-upwards successions, General Petroleums and Sparky units; Scale bar equals 1 cm.

- A. Example of *Gyrolithes-Skolithos* association in oscillation-rippled silts directly overlying hummocky cross-stratified sands, McLaren unit (8-7-56-3W4; 429.0 m below K.B.): 1. *Gyrolithes*; 2. *Skolithos*; 3. *Planolites*; 4. *Chondrites*.
- B. Typical trace fossil suite in Upper Mannville offshore sediments. Note small size of constituent traces and synaeresis cracks. Basal Colony shale (16-5-56-3W4; 95.75 m below K.B.): 1. *Chondrites*; 2. *Skolithos*.
- C. Further example of typical trace fossil suite in Upper Mannville offshore sediments, basal McLaren unit (7-22-59-4W4; 417 m below K.B.): 1. *Teichichnus*; 2. *Skolithos*.
- D. Example of small spreiten structure possibly referable to either *Zoophycos* or *Teichichnus*, Waseca unit (7-22-59-4W4; 421.5 m below K.B.).



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## CHAPTER V

NEW OBSERVATIONS ON THE PALEOENVIRONMENTAL  
SIGNIFICANCE OF THE TRACE FOSSIL *MACARONICHNUS*  
*SEGREGATIS*: AN EXAMPLE FROM THE MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-  
GROUP OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

## INTRODUCTION

If anything has been learned from the last quarter-century of ichnologic research it is that individual trace fossil taxa, taken in and of themselves, have very little specific environmental significance. The list of so-called facies-breaking ichnofossils is long, growing, and includes many forms once thought to be extremely restricted in environmental terms. *Ophiomorpha* may be the prime example of a trace fossil once thought to be environmentally restricted (noted as a "reliable" beach indicator by Weimer and Hoyt, 1964) that has now been shown to have a wide ecologic distribution, but recent work has shown a whole range of other paradigms (e.g. Frey et al., 1978). For instance, *Chondrites*, long thought to be restricted to shelfal environments has been found in abundance in brackish intertidal sediments (e.g. Bjerstedt, 1987). Similarly, *Helminthopsis* and *Helminthoida*, both known as pascichnial traces and thought at one time to be entirely restricted to abyssal depths (e.g. Seilacher, 1967), have been found in very shallow marginal marine sediments in recent studies (e.g. Mattison, 1987; Moslow and Pemberton, 1988).

Instead of focusing on the significance of specific ichnotaxa, the paleoecologic impetus in ichnology has shifted towards an appreciation of the significance of ichnofaunal assemblages, their dynamics, their collective ethology, and their collective relationship to other depositional indicators (e.g. relative stratigraphic position as an indication of paleoenvironment in gradational sequences, physical sedimentologic evidence as an indication of environmental energy, etc.).

Still, there remain entrenched in the literature examples of single ichnotaxa that have been considered as having a one-to-one equivalence with specific depositional environments. One of the most famous examples of this that of the trace *Macaronichnus segregatis* Clifton and Thompson, 1978. *Macaronichnus* is a small, intrastratal trail

known to occur in a large number of formations from the Jurassic onwards (with at least one known Pennsylvanian example; C. Maples, pers. comm. 1989), and even having extant biogenic equivalents (Clifton and Thompson, 1978; Saunders, 1989). Its most distinctive diagnostic feature is a unique wall lining composed of refractory minerals selectively pushed aside or rejected after ingestion by the tracemaker. Selective feeding is common in infaunal deposit-feeding organisms, especially where paucity of food supply forces increased competition and greater foraging efficiency (Jumars and Fauchald, 1977). *Macaronichnus* is generally considered as one point in a behavioural triad along with *Planolites* and *Palaeophycus*, since it displays the combined feeding/locomotory behaviour of *Planolites*, yet shares the presence of a very distinct (yet very different) wall lining exhibited by *Palaeophycus*.

In introducing *Macaronichnus* as a new ichnogenus, Clifton and Thompson (1978) tied the trace emphatically to an intertidal or very shallow subtidal environment and used the analogy of the marine polychaete *Ophelia limacina* as one organism known to produce a similar feeding burrow in the modern shallow marine sediments of Willapa Bay, Washington. In fact, Clifton and Thompson (1978) concluded their argument by stating that "at the very least, we feel its [*Macaronichnus*] presence strongly suggests deposition in a very shallow marine environment". Since the publication of this paper, numerous articles have been published in which *Macaronichnus* has been described from the (inferred) intertidal zone, and the trace has become popularly known as a reliable foreshore to upper shoreface indicator in high-energy barred shoreline deposits (e.g. Leckie and Walker, 1982; Hunter et al., 1984; Saunders and Pemberton, 1987; Moslow and Pemberton, 1988; Nadon, 1988; Rahmani and Smith, 1988; Saunders, 1989).

Despite the wealth of studies which have undoubtedly corroborated Clifton and Thompson's original paleoenvironmental conclusions regarding *Macaronichnus*, it bears noting that these authors also sounded a warning note when they stated that "few, if any, trace fossils can be considered as diagnostic of a specific depositional environment, and *Macaronichnus segregatis* is no exception" (Clifton and Thompson, 1978, p. 1300). This latter statement may prove to have been more accurate than any subsequent workers have hitherto realized. The present study will provide conclusive evidence for the extension of

the previously narrow paleoenvironmental range of *M. segregatis* to sediments representative of the entire foreshore to shoreface as well as the innermost shelf.

#### STUDY AREA AND STRATIGRAPHY

The specimens discussed in this study were found in cored intervals of the Sparky, General Petroleum, Rex, and Lloydminster units (Chapter II) of the Middle Mannville sub-group in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta (Chapter I; Figs. 1 and 2).

*Macaronichnus* can be found in all of the units mentioned above although it is most commonly found within the Lloydminster and Rex units. In their regional context the four units in question are generally similar to one another, consisting of coarsening-upwards successions typified by a thin basal shale section which coarsens-upwards through a mixed succession of sands, silts, and shales and further into a fairly thick sand section. In the case of the Lloydminster and Rex units, the uppermost sands are highly glauconitic. The successions are representative of a continuum of environments ranging from offshore to upper shoreface/foreshore. However, other ichnologic studies (Chapter IV) and micropaleontologic studies indicate a general trend from normal marine to salinity-reduced conditions in the interval ranging from the Lloydminster to the Sparky units.

Drill core from the Esso Marie Lake 7-22-65-2W4 well (Fig. 38) was chosen as a representative section for illustrating the stratigraphic occurrence of *Macaronichnus* within the Middle Mannville. In this case, the black shales at the base of the Lloydminster unit are dominated by *Chondrites* and are interpreted as representing dysaerobic conditions in a proximal offshore environment. Micropaleontologic studies of the shales at the base of the Lloydminster (Chapter VI), have demonstrated the occurrence of an abundant and diverse foraminiferal assemblage consistent with deposition in an open marine setting. The black shales grade upwards into lighter grey shales interbedded with silts and sands marked by a high degree of bioturbation and by abundant oscillation ripples. The thick section of glauconitic sands overlying this interval is virtually unbioturbated and exhibits hummocky cross-stratification as its dominant bedform. The top of the interval typically



shows horizontal planar cross-stratification and is commonly capped by a thin rooted coal horizon. The overwhelming predominance of HCS throughout these glauconitic sands records a predominance of storm conditions during the deposition of sediments along the inferred paleoshoreline.

Although *Macaronichnus* is rarely found near the top of the coarsening-upwards successions in some cores, (in a foreshore to upper shoreface position) it is especially abundant towards the bottom of the coarsening-upwards glauconitic sand section, as well as within the interbedded sands, silts, and shales which underlie it. It also occurs in some rare cases where glauconitic sands are found interbedded within the black shale section. The specimens exhibit a wide range of sizes (from about 1 to 5 mm in assumed cross-sectional diameter). Petrographic examination of the traces confirm their taxonomic assignment, since they show a wall lining made up of a concentration of refractory minerals (in this case both biotite and glauconite), while the centre of the burrow is essentially depleted of these minerals. In the distinctive green, highly glauconitic sediments of the lowermost Middle Mannville, *Macaronichnus* is very easy to spot since it shows up as small whitish ovals against a green background.

Based simply on the evidence of stratigraphic positioning within an overall coarsening-upwards succession, the most logical interpretation of the zone in which *Macaronichnus* occurs is that of a lower shoreface to slightly offshore environment. However, there is also an abundance of ichnologic evidence to back up this interpretation. Within the same stratigraphic interval in which *Macaronichnus* occurs, examples of the trace fossils *Rosselia*, *Palaeophycus*, *Ophiomorpha* (horizontal forms), *Teichichnus*, *Asterosoma*, *Terebellina*, *Chondrites*, and *Zoophycos* may also be found (Fig. 39) (Pl. 9). Such an assemblage is inconsistent with placement in either an intertidal or very shallow subtidal environment. The observation of *Zoophycos* in these sediments is also contrary to the opinion of Beynon, et al. (1988) that trace fossils representative of complex feeding behaviour (typical of fully marine environments) are absent from this stratigraphic interval. *Zoophycos* is not only present in the basal Middle Mannville, it is present in abundance, and is found consistently in most of the cores that were examined.

Both the stratigraphic context of the "*Macaronichnus* zone" as well as its

association with an ichnologic assemblage typical of lower shoreface to upper offshore environments precludes the adoption of a shallow subtidal interpretation for the basal Middle Mannville. However, this does not appear to be an odd or random occurrence of the trace in an environmental sense. The author has also observed *Macaronichnus* in a similar stratigraphic position and environmental setting (storm-dominated shallow shelf) within offshore-shoreface successions of the Viking Formation (Upper Albian) immediately south of the Willesden Green oilfield of west-central Alberta (8-16-37-3W5; depth of approximately 2002 m) (T. Reynolds, pers. comm., 1989).

Over the past few years there have been a number of other hints that *Macaronichnus* may not be the kind of specific environmental indicator that Clifton and Thompson (1978) originally envisaged. "Deeper water" interpretations for the occurrence of *Macaronichnus* have been provided by Dupré (1984), who noted the occurrence of the trace in lower shoreface deposits of Late Pleistocene age from the Monterey Bay region of California; by Curran (1985), who described a trace fossil association dominated by *Macaronichnus segregatis* and *Skolithos* from middle to lower shoreface deposits of the Upper Cretaceous Englishtown Formation of Delaware; and by Rosenthal (1988; pers. comm., 1989) who described an association of *Macaronichnus*, *Terebellina*, and *Palaeophycus* from possible lower shoreface or shoreface-detached shelf sands of the Glauconite Formation (B sequence) of west-central Alberta. Recently, Maples (pers. comm., 1989) has noted a Pennsylvanian occurrence of *Macaronichnus* (the oldest occurrence thus far described) in what he interprets as transgressive marine deposits of the Fountain Formation of Colorado. To the author's knowledge these are the only other studies that have tied *Macaronichnus* to an environment deeper than the intertidal or shallow subtidal zone.

## DISCUSSION

Although it would seem that there is abundant evidence to indicate that examples of "deeper-water" *Macaronichnus* are common in the geologic record, this does not mean that all traditional shallow water (foreshore to upper shoreface) interpretations of the occurrence of this ichnofossil are automatically open to question. In fact, it should be

repeated that *Macaronichnus* does show up in a foreshore position within the Middle Mannville, as it does in many cases within the Glauconite Formation alluded to earlier as a "deeper-water" example (S. Brownridge, pers. comm., 1989). Instead, this study seeks to echo the words of warning first sounded by Clifton and Thompson (1978), and to emphasize the inherent dangers in relying on any single ichnotaxa as an environmental indicator without critically examining all other sources of environmental data. In the case of *Macaronichnus*, it is suggested that there may not be so much a strict environmental control on the trace (in the sense of a specific depositional environment) but rather, a substrate control whereby deposit-feeding organisms that would normally create other intrastratal traces (e.g. *Planolites*) are forced to displace refractory grains in the sediment rather than passing them through their gut. The presence of such grains is not restricted to the foreshore and it is suggested that organisms with the ability to create the *Macaronichnus* trace are not either. It may be that different organisms may create the trace in different environments; in any case, the behavioural response in creating the distinctive wall lining would seem to be identical.

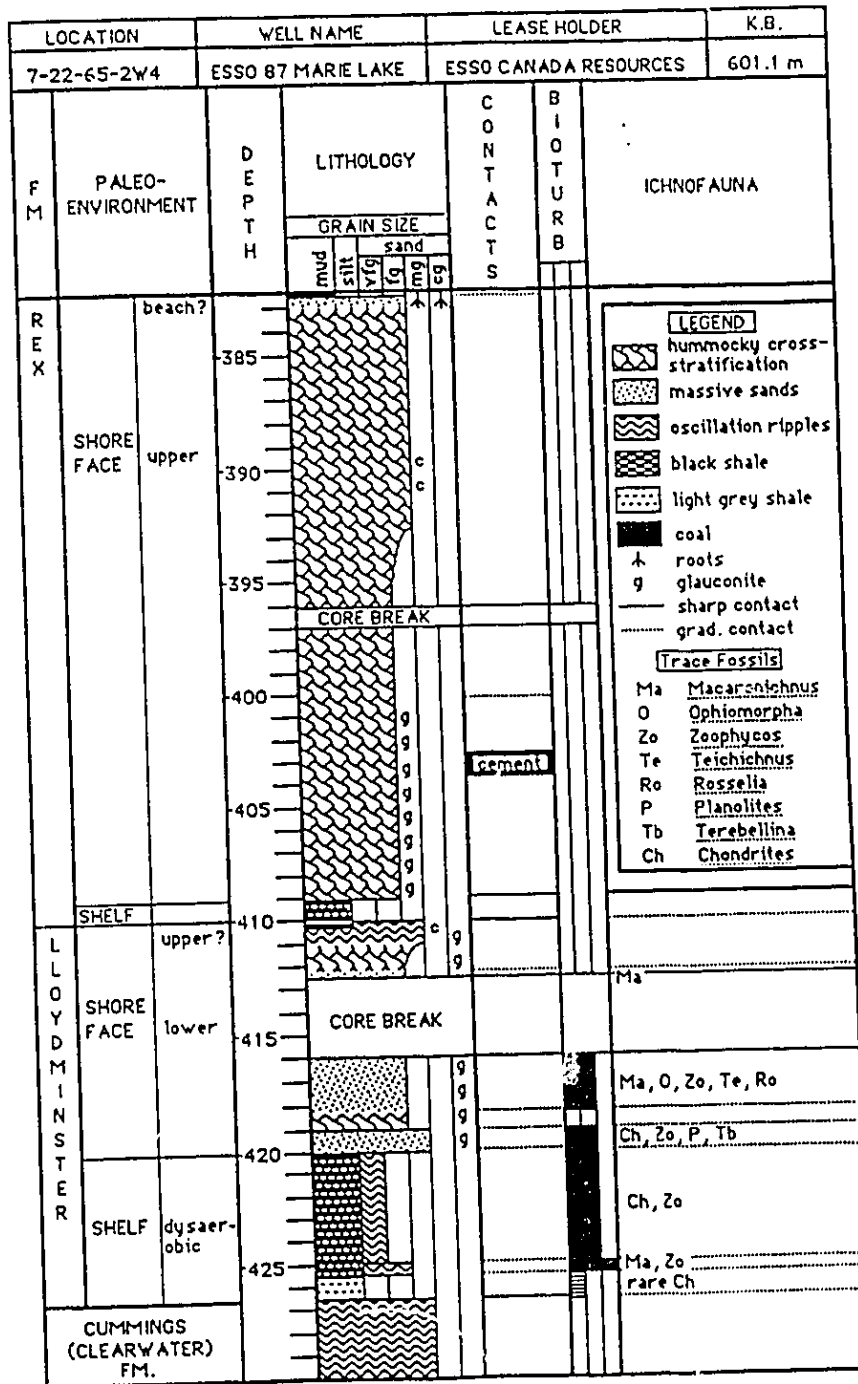


FIGURE 38. --Descriptive log of the Esso Marie Lake 07-22-65-2W4 well, illustrating the occurrence of *Macaronichnus* in a lower shoreface to shelfal stratigraphic position within the overall coarsening-upwards succession of the Lloydminster unit.

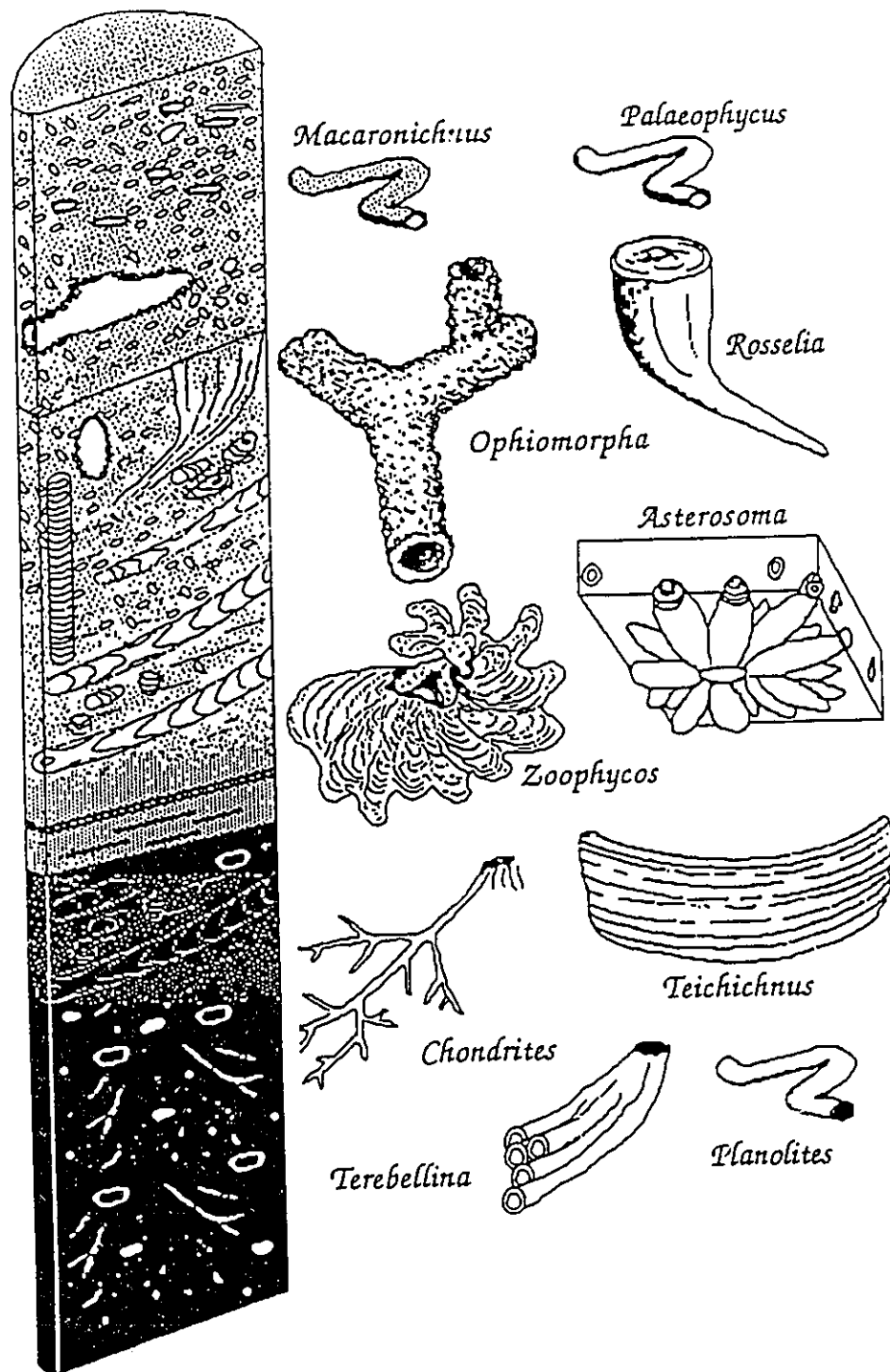
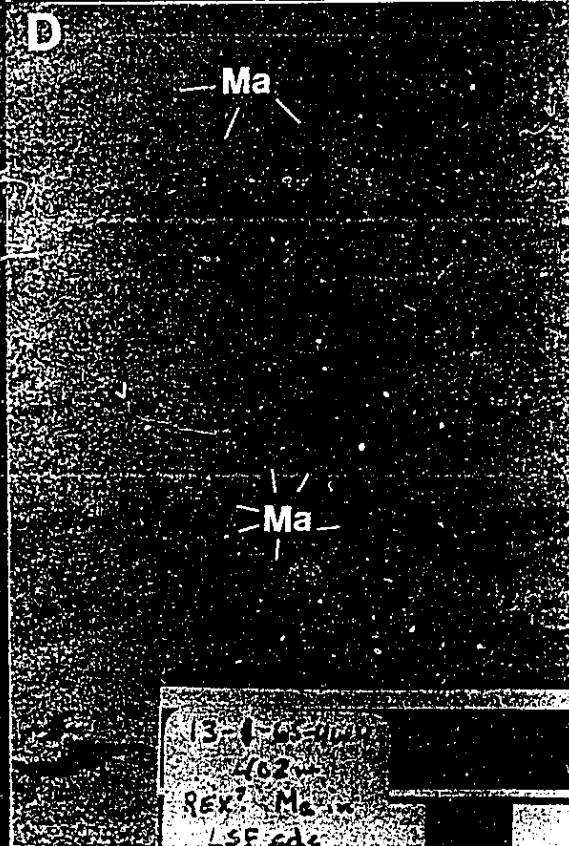
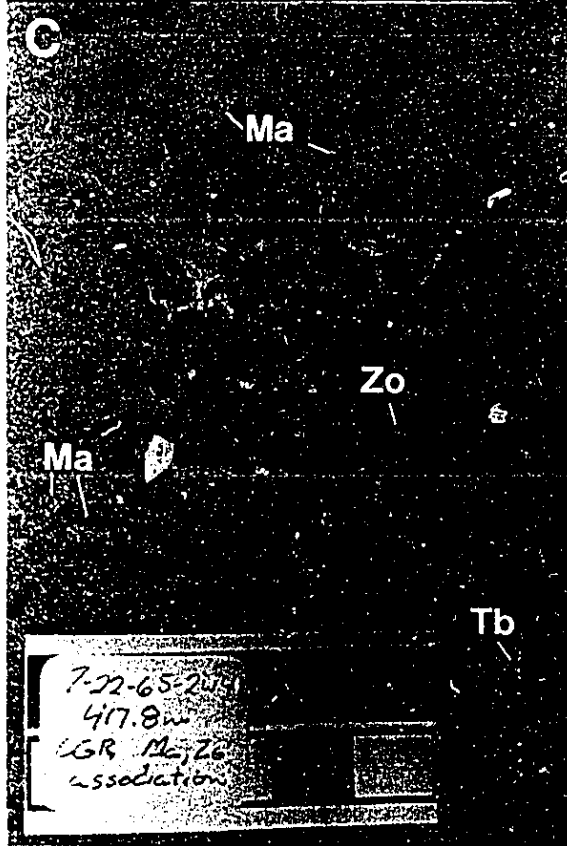
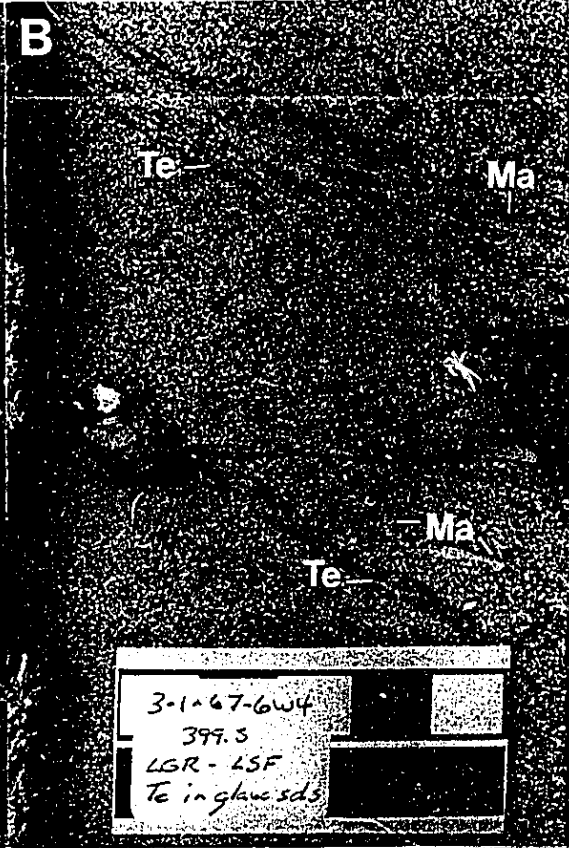
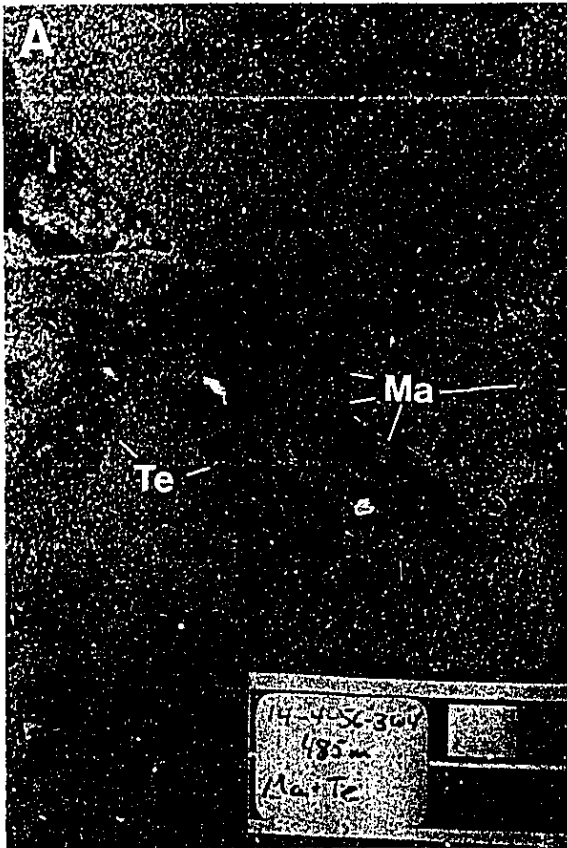


FIGURE 39. --Composite ichnofossil assemblage illustrating those ichnogenera which occur with *Macaronichnus* in lower shoreface to shelf sediments within the Sparky, Rex, and Lloydminster units.

- PLATE 9. -- Various examples of cored wells illustrating lower shoreface or shelfal occurrences of *Macaronichnus*. In all cases small divisions on scale equal 1 cm.
- A. Deal et al. Frog Lake 14-4-56-3W4; 485 m below K.B.; Rex unit: association of *Macaronichnus* (Ma) and *Teichichnus* (Te) in lower shoreface sands.
  - B. Esso AEC 86 Fish Creek 3-1-67-6W4; 646.1 m below K.B., Rex unit: association of *Macaronichnus* (Ma) and *Teichichnus* (Te) in lower shoreface sands.
  - C. Esso 87 Marie 7-22-65-2W4; 417.8 m below K.B.; Lloydminster unit: association of *Macaronichnus* (Ma), *Zoophycos* (Zo), and *Terebellina* (Tb) in shelfal sands.
  - D. Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4; 402 m below K.B.; Sparky unit: multiple *Macaronichnus* (Ma) in lower shoreface sands.



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## CHAPTER VI

**ARENACEOUS FORAMINIFERA FROM THE UPPER AND MIDDLE  
MANNVILLE AND LOWER COLORADO SUB-GROUPS IN THE COLD  
LAKE OIL SANDS AREA OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA:  
STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL IMPLICATIONS**

## INTRODUCTION

Although the Lower Cretaceous Mannville Group of east-central Alberta represents one of the most economically important stratigraphic units in the world due to its abundance of oil, gas, and oil sand resources, it also represents a unit fraught with stratigraphic and paleoenvironmental interpretation problems. This chapter will address two of the most basic of these problems through an examination of the microfauna of the Upper and Middle sub-groups of the Mannville and of the overlying Colorado Group. The first part of this discussion will focus on the problem of defining the boundary between the Mannville and the Colorado, while the second part will address the paleoecologic significance of Upper and Middle Mannville microfauna. All identifications of microfauna were made by Dr. John H. Wall of the Geological Survey of Canada.

## PREVIOUS STUDIES

**Colorado Group***Joli Fou Formation*

The black shales of the Joli Fou Formation in eastern Alberta record the linking of the Boreal and Gulfian seas which formed the Western Interior Seaway during Late Albian time (Williams and Stelck, 1975). Early studies of the foraminifera of the Joli Fou (Cushman, 1927; Wickenden, 1941; Nauss, 1947) revealed the presence of a diverse microfaunal assemblage that has come to be known as the *Haplophragmoides gigas* fauna (Stelck et al., 1956; Caldwell et al., 1978). The microfauna (*Haplophragmoides gigas* and other foraminifera) and macrofauna (most notably the bivalve *Inoceramus comancheanus*) are proof of both a marine incursion from the Gulfian sea and an early Late Albian age (Stelck et al., 1956; Williams and Stelck, 1975).

## **Mannville Group**

Many of the stratigraphic problems associated with the Mannville Group have arisen out of its rather long and confusing history of differing stratigraphic nomenclatural schemes. Nauss (1945) was the first to use the name Mannville in connection with the Lower Cretaceous sand series in eastern Alberta (assigning it formation status at that time), and was also the first to attempt to divide it into units. His division of the Mannville into the O'Sullivan, Borradaile, Tovell, Islay, Cummings, and Dina members has never gained acceptance (with the exception of the names Cummings and Dina, which are still generally retained), instead being replaced by local driller's names which were first formalized by Edmunds (1948). It is Edmunds' scheme (with subsequent additions and modifications) which has been adopted by workers in the Lloydminster area of eastern Alberta and western Saskatchewan today (e.g. Fuglem, 1970; Orr, et al., 1977; Vigrass, 1977).

### *Colony Formation*

The uppermost sandstone unit of the Mannville is referred to as the Colony Formation by most workers. Edmunds (1948) stated that the equivalence of the Colony to Nauss' (1945) O'Sullivan member was unequivocal. By Edmunds' definition, however, the original Colony would be equivalent to the entire Upper Mannville subgroup under current usage. This division differs significantly from subsequent stratigraphic schemes which have divided the Upper Mannville into three units known respectively as the Colony, McLaren, and Waseca formations (Fuglem, 1970; Orr, et al., 1977; Vigrass, 1977).

Badgeley (1952) attempted to unify the stratigraphic nomenclatural schemes used in the Athabasca area of north-eastern Alberta with that used in the Lloydminster area of east-central Alberta. In the Athabasca area the Upper Mannville forms the uppermost section of a unit known as the Grand Rapids Formation (originally defined by McConnell, 1893). Badgeley (1952) named the uppermost unit of the Mannville the St. Edouard Member (a term long since abandoned) of the Grand Rapids Formation and noted its one-to-one equivalence with the "Colony sandstone" of Edmunds (1948). Like

most previous workers (e.g. Nauss, 1947), Badgeley recognized a distinct stratigraphic break between the dominantly sandy section of the Mannville and the distinctive dark grey shales of the overlying Joli Fou Formation.

#### *Controversy over the Colorado-Mannville contact*

Stelck (1958) was the first to express disagreement with these previous interpretations of the disconformity between the Joli Fou and the Mannville, stating that Badgeley's St. Edouard Member, as well as the equivalent Colony sand, should not be placed in the Mannville Group at all but rather in the overlying Colorado Group. Stelck (1958) argued that these sandy units were emplaced during the transgression of the Joli Fou Sea, and not during the regression of the Clearwater Sea, as is the case for the underlying units of the Upper and Middle Mannville. Singh (1963), and Stelck and Kramers (1980), also argued that the uppermost sections of the Grand Rapids Formation (Colony equivalent) should be included in the Colorado Group, since they felt that the basal sands of the Joli Fou transgression were often mistaken for Upper Mannville sands due to their being the product of reworked Mannville sands in the first place. Singh (1963), however, stated that no paleontologic criteria could be used to define the exact position of the disconformity between the Mannville and the Colorado in east-central Alberta since transgressive reworking would also rework fossil material. Later, Caldwell (1984) agreed with this position, stating that the foraminiferal evidence for defining the disconformity in west-central Saskatchewan was not at all clear, possibly due to transgressive reworking. If this interpretation is correct then the Colony would represent another example of those units which have generally been referred to as "basal Colorado sands" (Banerjee, 1989; 1990). Examples of other units that have been cited as basal Colorado sands include the Spinney Hill Member of the Colorado in central Saskatchewan (Edwards, 1960; Guliov; 1967; Simpson, 1975; 1982), the upper sections of the Pense Formation in southern Saskatchewan (Atkin, 1986), the upper section of the Swan River Group of eastern Manitoba (Stelck, 1958), and the Paddy Formation of west-central Alberta (Stelck, 1958; see also Leckie and Reinson, in press, for a more recent interpretation of this unit).

The dichotomy of opinion as to the exact placement of the Mannville-Colorado contact has caused a great deal of confusion; confusion that is reflected in two recent, but markedly different stratigraphic charts of the Mannville (Fig. 40). The question is thus posed: Should the Colony be included within the Mannville Group or within the Colorado?

#### FORAMINIFERAL STUDIES OF THE COLORADO-MANNVILLE INTERVAL

Foraminiferal studies of the Joli Fou and Colony were initiated in order to determine the biostratigraphic affinity of the Colony; whether the foraminiferal fauna of the shaly sections of the formation had more in common with the *Haplophragmoides gigas* foraminiferal zone that characterizes the Joli Fou shale or with the next major underlying foraminiferal zone; i.e. the *Verneuillinoides cummingensis-Marginulinopsis collinsi* zone that is characteristic of the Clearwater Formation (Stelck, et al., 1956). From a drill core database of over 50 wells in which the Joli Fou-Colony contact was expressed, six wells, from widely dispersed locations (Fig. 41), were chosen for sampling:

**Well:**

Husky Lindberg 11-16-54-5W4  
 Husky Shell EOR Frog Lake 05-16-57-3W4  
 Murphy 65631 Lindbergh 16-13-58-5W4  
 Mobil Sugden 10-26-63-7W4  
 Husky Tucker Lake 10-19-64-4W4  
 Husky AEC Fisher 05-09-70-5W4

Both Joli Fou shales and Colony shales were sampled in the case of the first four wells listed, with samples from the Joli Fou being taken at the base of the formation and (in the case of the Husky Lindberg 11-16-54-5W4 well) at some distance above the base. Shaly sections of the Colony were sampled in all cases, however samples were unavailable for the Joli Fou shales in the case of the last two wells listed.

Abundant microfaunal and macrofaunal remains were recovered from the Joli Fou in most cases where it was sampled (Fig. 42), although the volume and diversity of faunal elements increased markedly in samples taken further above the contact. This may indicate that the *H. gigas* zonal assemblage did not develop until some time after the initial

advance of the Joli Fou Sea. In the case of the Mobil Sugden 10-26-63-7W4 well, samples were taken from a cemented zone that may straddle the contact between the Colony and the Joli Fou.

The lack of microfauna observed within the Joli Fou in the Mobil Sugden well is only exceeded by that of the Colony shales that were sampled. In fact, no foraminifera were found within the shaly sections of the Colony. Instead, only a small number of megaspores, woody fragments, and some aragonite needles (assumed to be from marine bivalves, but which do not appear to be *in situ*) were recovered. There is therefore no evidence from this study to suggest that the Colony belongs to the early Late Albian *H. gigas* Zone that spans the overlying Joli Fou Formation.

This finding is not inconsistent with previous research. Many studies, including the pioneering work of Nauss (1947) and Wickenden (1948), and ranging to studies conducted by Putnam (1979), have reported that the entire Upper Mannville is devoid of foraminifera in many areas of east-central Alberta. The absence of microfauna within the Colony may indicate the dominance of terrestrial influence during deposition. This in turn may serve as an argument against the interpretation that the Colony represents a transgressive deposit. (NOTE: In this context it is also interesting that those studies which have proposed that the Colony represents the earliest transgressive phase of the incursion of the Joli Fou sea have never reported the occurrence of any elements of the *H. gigas* microfaunal assemblage within it).

Some studies in west-central Saskatchewan have reported the occurrence of foraminifera in the Colony, but have indicated that their affinity to any distinctive foraminiferal zone is not at all clear (Caldwell, 1984; Atkin, 1986). Although Atkin (1986; p. 38) suggested that the entire Mannville above the Dina should be included within the *M. collinsi-V. cummingensis* Subzone (characteristic of the Clearwater or Cummings formations), neither the diagnostic elements of that Subzone nor that of the *H. gigas* (characteristic of the basal Joli Fou) microfossil zone have been recorded from any part of the Upper Mannville. Instead, the Upper Mannville in west-central Saskatchewan is dominated by a completely different assemblage, characterized by representatives of the genera *Bathysiphon*, *Brachysiphon*, *Hippocrepina*, *Saccamina*, and

*Thuramminoides*.

#### STRATIGRAPHY OF THE JOLI FOU-COLON Y CONTACT

Although the Colony is barren of foraminifera in east-central Alberta (possibly due to lack of marine influence), detailed mapping and drill core examination of this unit reveals a great deal more about the nature and position of the Colorado-Mannville contact than previous and present biostratigraphic studies have thus far yielded.

Within the Cold Lake Oil Sands area the contact at the base of the Joli Fou shales is universally sharp and is almost always characterized by a cemented zone just below the contact itself (Pl. 10A; 10B). Although cements may vary within this zone, siderite is by far the most common type. The base of the Joli Fou shales may contain a very thin sandy shale zone commonly associated with a chert pebble lag at the extreme base. The lag zone is also characterized by the presence of bioclastic debris, including bivalve shell fragments (*Inoceramus*, *Ostrea*) as well as fish scales, bones, and teeth. As such, the debris at the base of the Joli Fou shales is consistent with the interpretation of a transgressive lag created through reworking and winnowing during transgression of the Joli Fou Sea. The contact therefore represents a ravinement surface (Stamp, 1921; Swift, 1968; Nummedal and Swift, 1987).

However, it must be remembered that the cemented zone at the top of the Colony is normally composed of siderite and is suggestive of subaerial conditions prior to the deposition of the Joli Fou shales. The Colony also contains a number of incised channels which may have cut down as deep as the Middle Mannville (Chapter III). In addition, small scale coarsening-upwards sedimentary cycles at the top of the regional paralic sands of the Colony have in many cases been extensively truncated by erosion. Structure contours on the top of the Colony (Appendix 3, Fig. 72) indicate that the degree of erosion was great enough to create a topographic expression that would not be consistent with simple shoreface retreat during transgression. This is an important point, since the contact between the Colony and the Joli Fou is often used as a stratigraphic datum. If the contact represents an erosive surface, then it would hardly seem suitable for this purpose.

The contact at the base of the Joli Fou shales therefore represents two erosive events. An earlier, large-scale erosive event is indicated by the truncation of sedimentary

cycles, channel incision, and subaerial cementation, and is most likely evidence for an extensive withdrawal of the Clearwater Sea. The later, smaller-scale erosive event developed through the reworking of Mannville sands and is indicated by the chert pebble and bioclastic lag at the base of the Joli Fou. This contact thus represents both an erosive disconformity (formed prior to transgression) and a ravinement surface (formed during transgression) (*sensu* Van Wagner, et al., 1988). The length of the first erosive event may encompass the entire middle Albian stage of the Lower Cretaceous, as all of the faunal index zones of the Middle Albian are missing from the sedimentary succession of the Mannville Group in the plains area of Alberta and Saskatchewan (Caldwell, et al., 1978; Caldwell, 1984). In contrast, a complete section through the Middle Albian is present in parts of northeastern British Columbia (Koke and Stelck, 1985) (Fig. 43).

Despite the weight of evidence favouring the stratigraphic relationship between the regional Colony and the Mannville Group, deposits which infill channels cut on the top of the regional Mannville (i.e. Colony channels) are another matter. These deposits are, by definition, younger than the regional offshore-shoreface Colony deposits. It is possible that these channel-fill deposits are the initial deposits of the Joli Fou transgression and it is also possible that another, later erosive event scoured the top of the Mannville prior to the Joli Fou inundation. Therefore, at present it is uncertain whether these deposits should be classified as belonging to the same time interval as the Mannville Group or as the Colorado Group.

Based on this evidence it is therefore proposed that the Colony sands do not represent the earliest transgressive deposits of the Colorado Group, but simply comprise the last regressive clastic wedge of sediment deposited during the retreat of the Clearwater Sea from east-central Alberta. There is a possibility that the sands which infill Colony channels may be related to the Joli Fou transgression, but in terms of the regional Colony unit the only record of the Joli Fou transgression found in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area is preserved in the very thin chert pebble horizon at the top of the Colony (see also Wilson, 1984).



## PALEOECOLOGY OF UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SHALES

### Upper Mannville

As previously stated, foraminifera are rare within the Colony unit in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area. Even the most promising shales in this interval are barren of microfauna. While this result has been common in previous studies in eastern Alberta, and has been interpreted as being due to a high degree of terrestrial influence in the deposits of the Upper Mannville, others (most notably Singh, 1963; Putnam, 1979; and Wightman, et al., 1987) have reported the occurrence of dinoflagellates and acritarchs from some parts of the Upper Mannville that indicate fluctuating brackish and marine conditions, especially in areas near the Saskatchewan border. In all of the studies of the Upper Mannville in west-central Saskatchewan in which foraminifera have been reported, however, they have been found to be rare and to display low assemblage diversity (see for instance Atkin, 1986). They have therefore been interpreted as indicative of salinity-reduced environments. For instance, the basal shales of the regional Waseca in west-central Saskatchewan display a poorly diverse foraminiferal assemblage. Wickenden (1948), Fuglem (1970), Lorscheid (1982), and Haidl (1986) all noted this microfauna and interpreted it as an indication of brackish (estuary/tidal flat) rather than freshwater (fluvial/floodplain) depositional conditions.

### Middle Mannville

Two zones, one at the base of the Lloydminster unit and the other at the base of the Rex unit, were sampled for foraminifera within the Middle Mannville interval in the Esso 87 Marie well (07-22-65-2W4) in the northern half of the Cold Lake deposit. A faunal list for each of these units is found in Figure 44. According to Dr. J.H. Wall of the Geological Survey of Canada (pers. comm., 1988), the foraminiferal assemblage found in the Lloydminster shale indicates essentially normal conditions (at least for the basin at this time), while that of the Rex shale indicates a shallower and less saline depositional regime. Both of these units bear some faunal affinities with the *Marginulinopsis collinsi* - *Verneuilinoides cummingensis* foraminiferal Subzone of Caldwell, et al. (1978) that is characteristic of the Clearwater Formation. Similar paleoecologic interpretations have

been made for the Middle Mannville in previous studies in both central Alberta (e.g. Mellon, 1967) and in west-central Saskatchewan (e.g. Kent, 1959; Caldwell, 1984; Zaitlin and Schultz, 1984; Atkin, 1986).

The change from dominantly marine conditions to dominantly restricted marine conditions, as reflected in the foraminiferal assemblages, appears to have been a gradual process. Varying opinions have been expressed as to the point of change. Caldwell (1984), for instance, noted that the foraminifers which occur in the basal shales of the Cummings, Lloydminster, Rex, and G.P. formations in west-central Saskatchewan have a much more open marine character than those which occur in the basal shales of units higher up in the Mannville. On the other hand, Fuglem (1970), and Haidl (1986), felt that, based on the presence of agglutinated foraminifera (e.g. *Ammobaculites*, *Ammomarginulina*, *Miliammina*, and *Gaudryina*), the basal shale of the G.P. represented much more restricted marine conditions than envisaged by Caldwell (1984).

## CONCLUSIONS

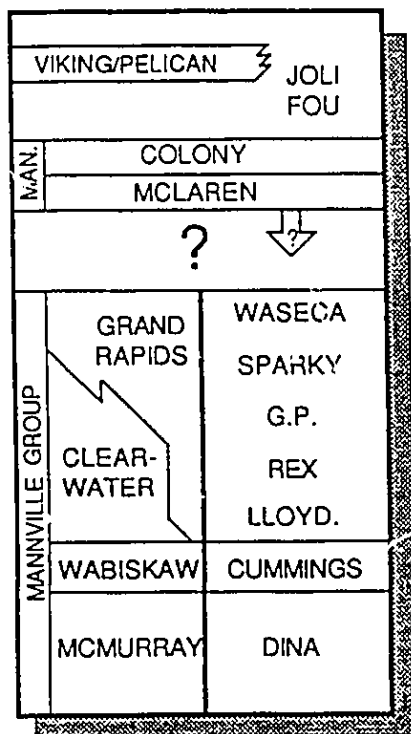
The trend in foraminiferal assemblages exhibited through the Middle Mannville interval (the lower sections of which contain a relatively diverse foraminiferal assemblage) into the Upper Mannville interval (the upper sections of which contain virtually no microfauna) is a reflection of increasingly restricted marine conditions during the deposition of each of the seven units of the Upper-Middle Mannville succession.

These seven units represent seven unconformity-bounded progradational clastic wedges which developed during the withdrawal of the Clearwater Sea from the Lloydminster sub-basin of eastern Alberta and western Saskatchewan during the Late Early Albian (Chapter II). Superimposed on the overall regressive depositional regime of the Upper and Middle Mannville were periodic relative transgressive events which left regional paralic deposits mantled with offshore muds. As each progradational cycle caused increasingly restricted embayment-like conditions within the Lloydminster sub-basin, and the effects of greater fresh-water input through the actions of an increasingly more active drainage network began to be felt (Chapters II and III), the normal marine microfauna was gradually displaced. It is proposed that by the time of Upper Mannville

deposition, in which virtually no foraminifers occur, shallow nearshore waters were so effectively diluted by the combined effects of geographical restriction and freshwater influx such that “offshore” deposits could not support a marine fauna.

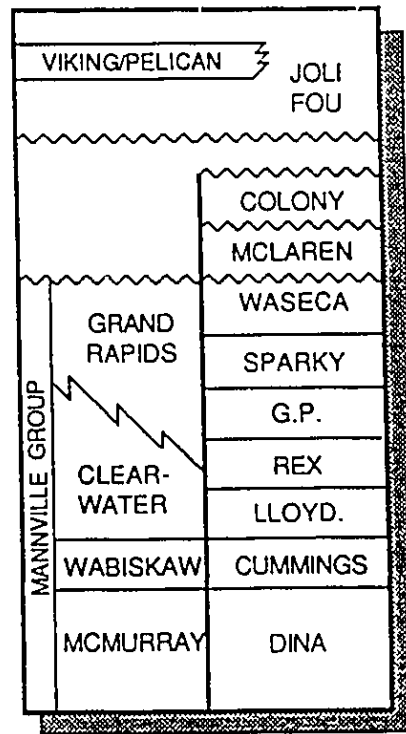
The lack of a marine fauna is most pronounced in the shales of the Colony Formation. Total lack of a marine microfauna, as well as stratigraphic data that indicate that the contact between the Colony and the overlying Joli Fou Formation represents a major unconformity, argue against earlier interpretations that the Colony represents the initial transgressive phase of the Joli Fou inundation. Rather, the Colony simply represents the last in a series of regressional events that characterize the bulk of Upper and Middle Mannville deposition.

AGAT  
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(1987)



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INTERNATIONAL  
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FIGURE 40.-- Two recent stratigraphic charts illustrating alternate interpretations of the position of the Mannville-Colorado boundary.

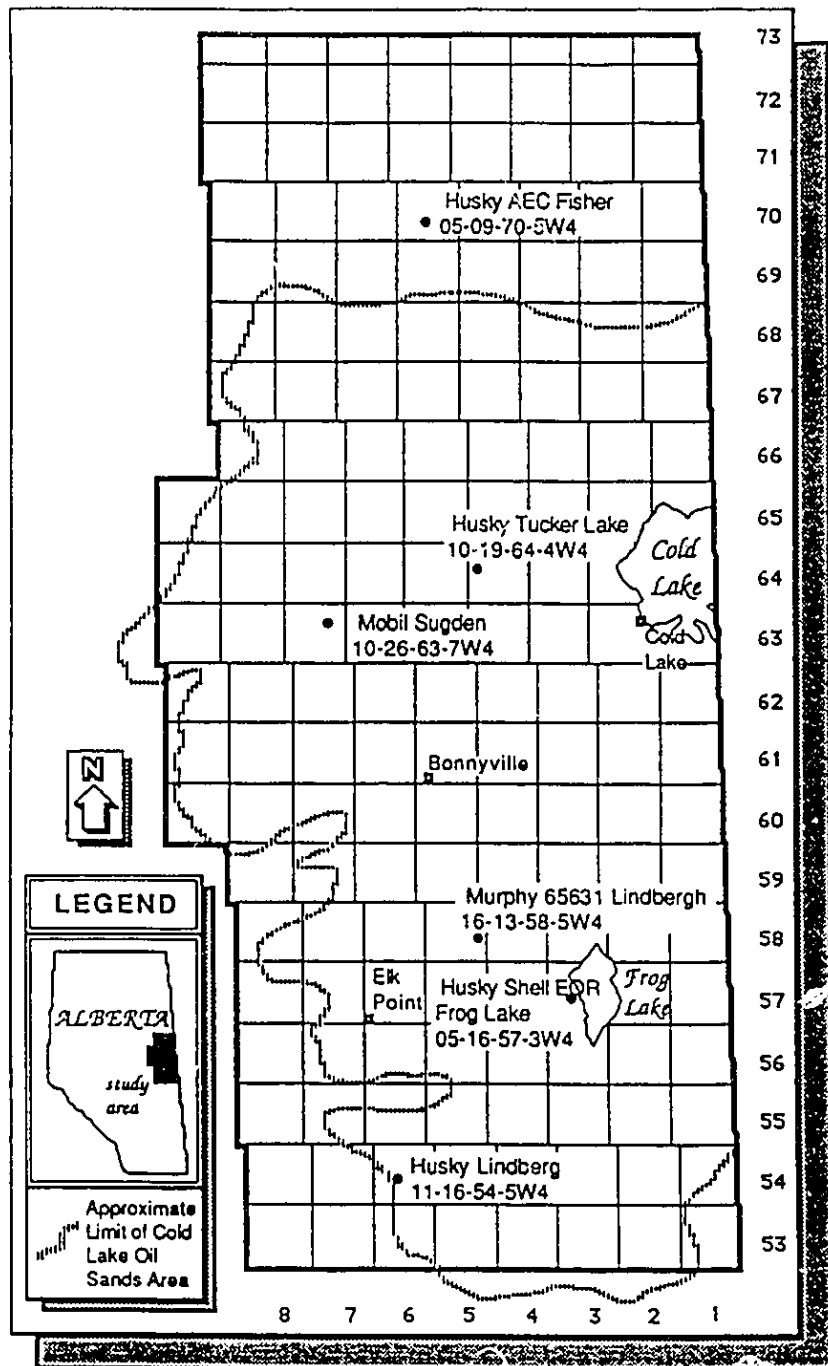


FIGURE 41.-- Location of wells from which micropaleontologic samples were obtained.

	11-16-54-5W4 472 m; 4.4 m above Joli Fou-Colony contact	05-16-57-3W4 411.5 m; at Joli Fou-Colony contact	16-13-58-3W4 448 m; at Joli Fou-Colony contact	10-26-63-7W4 310.5 m; at Joli Fou-Colony contact
Foraminifera:				
<i>Ammobaculites whitneyi</i>	10		1	
<i>Ammobaculites</i> sp. cf. <i>A. petilus</i>	4			
<i>Ammobaculites</i> sp.-spp.	3+	2	1	
<i>Ammodiscus</i> sp. cf. <i>A. anthosatus</i>		1		
<i>Gaudryina hectori</i>	6	2		
<i>Haplophragmoides</i> sp.-spp.	20	3		
<i>Hippocrepina</i> sp.	1			
<i>Miliammina</i> sp.	4			
<i>Pseudobolivina</i> sp.		1		
<i>Pseudonodosaria</i> sp.		1		
<i>Saccamina</i> sp.		1		
<i>Trochammina</i> sp.		1		
<i>Verneuilinoides</i> sp.		1		
Diatomacea:				
<i>Coscinodiscus</i> sp.-spp.	14	3		1
Algal cysts		3		
Bivalvia:				
<i>Inoceramus</i> sp.				
<i>Ostrea</i> sp.				
Ostracoda				
Pisces:				
teeth, scales, bone fragments				

FIGURE 42.-- List of microfauna collected from the Joli Fou Formation.

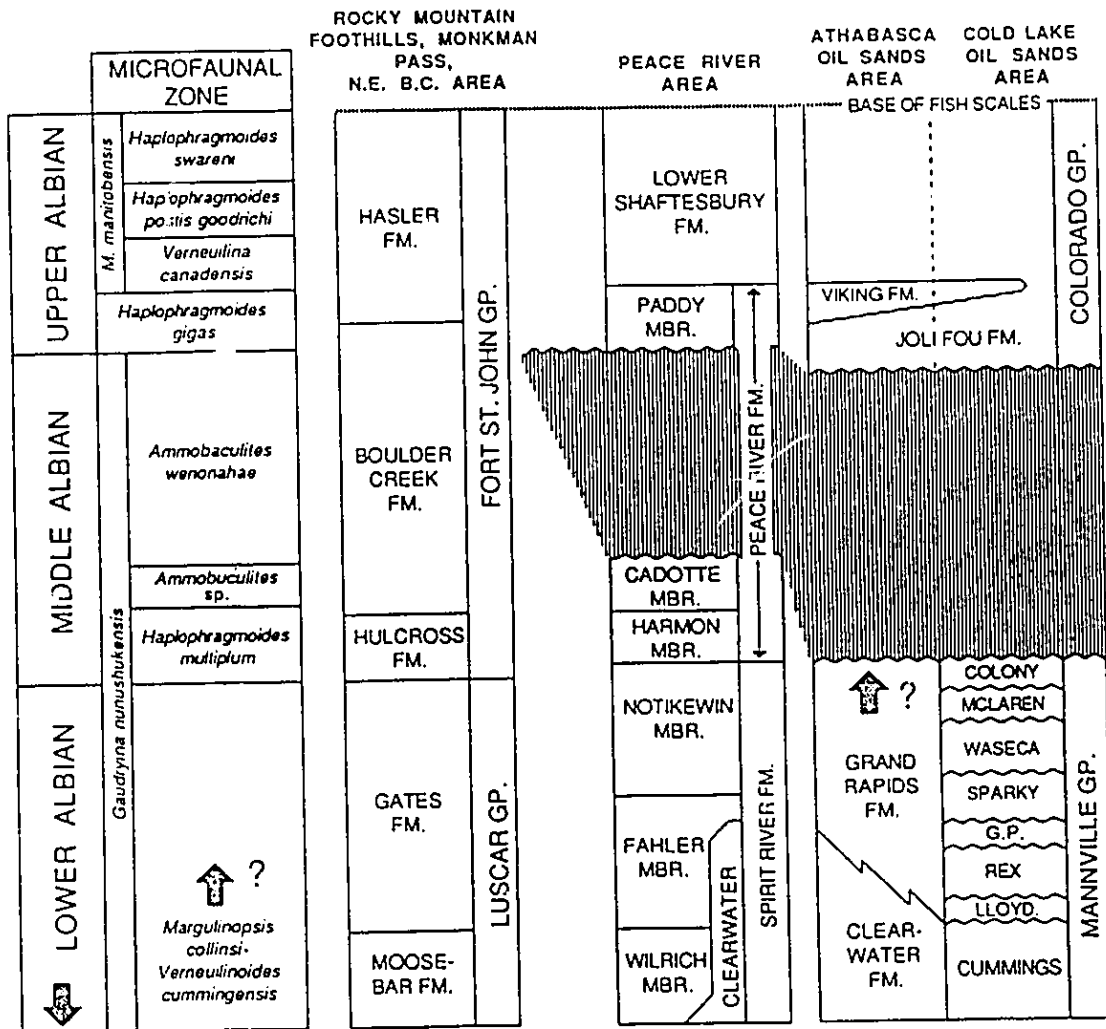


FIGURE 43.-- Regional correlation of Albian strata in east-central, northeastern, and northwestern Alberta and northeastern British Columbia. Note that the extensive unconformity that spans the entire Middle Albian in eastern Alberta is absent in northeastern British Columbia. Partially adapted from Koke and Stelck (1985) and Leckie and Reinson (in press).

	Basal Rex shale	Basal Lloyd- minster shale
Foraminifera:		
<i>Ammobaculites</i> spp.		■
<i>Ammodiscus</i> sp. cf. <i>A. crenulatus</i>		■
<i>Haplophragmoides gigas minor</i>		■
<i>Haplophragmoides</i> sp.	■	
<i>Haplophragmoides</i> spp.		■
<i>Miliammina sproulei</i>	■	■
<i>Trochammina</i> sp.	■	
<i>Verneuilinoides</i> sp.		■
indeterminate genera	■	

Basal Rex shale: 17 m above Cummings

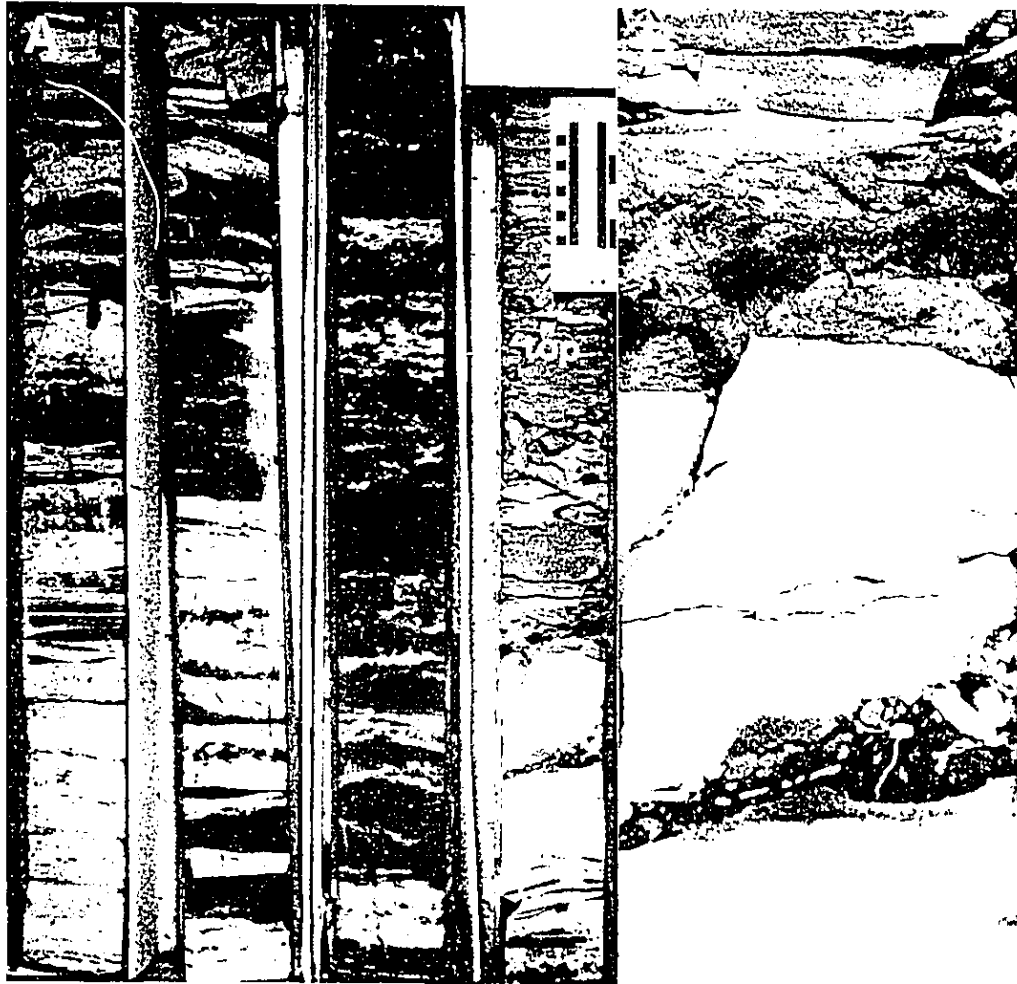
Basal Lloydminster shale: 1.4 m above Cummings

FIGURE 44.-- List of microfauna collected from the basal shales of the Lloydminster and Rex units.



**PLATE 10. Colony-Joli Fou contact.**

- A. Black to dark grey shales of the Joli Fou Formation directly overlying coarsening-upwards succession of the Colony allomember (10-19-64-4W4; 333.0-336.0 m below K.B.). Siderite-cemented zone extends across the contact.**
- B. Close up of the Colony-Joli Fou contact shown in 10A. Contact lies at the pebble horizon (transgressive lag) but is obscured by siderite cementation.**



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## CHAPTER VII

GASTROPOD PALEONTOLOGY OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE  
MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS OF EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

## INTRODUCTION

Although the Lower Cretaceous Mannville Group of east-central Alberta and west-central Saskatchewan has been the subject of numerous studies in the last forty to fifty years (Chapter 1), the macropaleontology of the group has received relatively little attention. This is especially true of the Gastropoda of the Upper and Middle sub-groups of the Mannville (Fig. 45), whose occurrence has been noted before (McLearn, 1944, Lorscheid, 1979), but has never been fully explored. The purpose of this chapter is to provide a systematic taxonomic treatment of the gastropod fauna of the Upper and Middle sub-groups of the Mannville in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta, as well as to speculate on the paleoecologic significance of individual gastropod assemblages in two specific occurrences.

## DATABASE

Because the Mannville Group does not outcrop in east-central Alberta, all samples used in this study were obtained from drill core. Macroinvertebrate remains were found to be generally rare within the Upper and Middle Mannville, although in some localized occurrences they may be exceptionally numerous. Both bivalves and gastropods were found in this study -- however, the Bivalvia were preserved as shell hash and were not identifiable. Gastropods were found in only 4 wells (in a study of over 300 drill cores), and of these only 2 wells contained identifiable material. In both cases, gastropods were found in mixed sand-shale lithologies interpreted as representing the fill of abandoned channels (see following discussion). One assemblage was found within a channelized succession of the General Petroleum unit of the Middle Mannville sub-group while the other was found in a channelized succession of the McLaren unit of the Upper Mannville sub-group (see Chapters 2 and 3 and Figures 1 and 2). The wells in which identifiable fossil material were found are listed below:

<i>Well name</i>	<i>Unit from which fossil material was recovered</i>	<i>Depth below Kelly bushing</i>
Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-58-5W4	General Petroleums	500.0-506.5 m
Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4	McLaren	383.0-389.0 m

A total of 10 identifiable specimens were recovered from the 16-13-58-5W4 well; while 14 identifiable specimens were recovered from the 13-1-65-4W4 well.

### SYSTEMATIC PALEONTOLOGY

CLASS Gastropoda

SUBCLASS Prosobranchia

ORDER Caenogastropoda

SUPERFAMILY Cyclophoracea

FAMILY Viviparidae

GENUS *Campeloma* Rafinesque

*Campeloma?* sp.

(Fig. 45A)

Description-- Shell ovoid to turbiniform. Spire weakly elongate and moderately rounded; large, well rounded body whorl comprising 80% of shell volume; sutures impressed. Prosocyrta growth lines, no carinae. One flattened and incomplete specimen.

Discussion-- *Campeloma* is a very common genus in Cretaceous rocks of the Western Interior. Henderson (1935) listed eight species known to occur in the North American Cretaceous, only 2 of which were thought to be restricted to the Upper Cretaceous. Along with virtually all of the Viviparidae, modern campelomids are always found in freshwater depositional systems (Prasad, 1928; Webb, 1942; Emerson and Jacobsen, 1976).

Occurrence-- Unit: General Petroleums channel

Well: Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-58-5W4; 495.0-501.5 m



GENUS *Lioplacodes* Meek and Hayden, 1865*Lioplacodes bituminis* Russell, 1932

(Fig. 45B)

Description--- Shell elongate ovoid to narrowly turbiniform. Spire elongate and acute, weakly convex, with a spiral angle of about 45°; protoconch very small but emergent; usually four to five volutions; sutures impressed, increasingly so towards the base. Aperture ovoid with angular outer lip; both outer and inner lips thin with no columellar fold or lip; growth lines strongly opisthocyrt and closely spaced, often with strong, closely spaced, paired varices on last two whorls. Slit-like umbilicus.

Discussion--- The taxonomic assignation of *Lioplacodes* has long been a matter of dispute. Meek and Hayden (1865) originally designated the genus and differentiated it from *Lioplax* Troschel, 1856, on the basis that the former displayed a "much less ventricose and proportionally smaller body whorl, more attenuate spire, and numerous thread-like revolving lines, instead of a simple carinae; while the posterior extremity of its aperture is subangular instead of rounded, in consequence of the oblique flattening of the upper part of the body volution". Prashad (1928) suggested that the genera *Lioplacodes* and *Campeloma*, both of which are closely related in form and in habitat, should be included as subgenera of the genus *Viviparus*, probably the most common of all freshwater gastropods of the Late Mesozoic and Early Cenozoic within the Western Interior. Both *Lioplacodes* and *Campeloma* are retained herein, however, since they differ from *Viviparus* in enough important aspects (e.g. body whorl and spire morphology) to warrant their taxonomic segregation. Shell morphology within the various genera of the Viviparidae is often quite similar and the differentiation between the two genera is far from clear. Russell (1932) pointed out these problems with the distinction between *Lioplacodes* and *Lioplax* in his systematic description of *Lioplacodes bituminis*, stating that the form bears a close resemblance to both *Lioplacodes veterinus* Meek (the type species) and to *Lioplax* ("*Goniobasis*") *nebrascensis* Meek and Hayden.

Occurrence-- Unit: McLaren channel

Well: Essc 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4; 383.0-389.0 m

Other known occurrences-- abundant within the Calcareous Member of the

McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands of northeastern Alberta (Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987).

GENUS *Viviparus* Montfort, 1810

*Viviparus murrei* Russell, 1932

(Fig. 45C)

Description--- Shell ovoid to shallowly turbiniform. Spire short and convexly rounded, with a spiral angle of about 80°; protoconch slightly dome-shaped and flattened; usually three to four volutions; sutures impressed, increasingly so towards the base. Aperture broadly tear-shaped to ovoid and nearly as large in diameter as the main penultimate body whorl; outer lip well rounded and thin; inner lip thickened and displaying rugose axial folding of columellar lip. Growth lines are mostly orthocone to prosocylindrical and are closely spaced.

Discussion--- *Viviparus* is among the most abundant of all known genera of gastropods from the Western Interior, with the family Vivipariidae representing the most conspicuous of all Late Mesozoic and Early Cenozoic non-marine Gastropoda (White, 1883). In fact Henderson (1935) listed 30 fossil species from North America, 14 from strata of Cretaceous age and 16 from the Tertiary. The only other known occurrence of *V. murrei* has been described from the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands of northeastern Alberta (Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987).

The most extensive study of the Vivipariidae to date remains that of Prasad (1928), who was of the opinion that the modern North American Vivipariidae fauna was directly descended from the fauna of the Upper Cretaceous. Bouvier (1887; in Prasad, 1928, p. 243) theorized that the Vivipariidae as a family were directly descended from the Turbonidae and Trochidae, an event that may have occurred during the early Jurassic. The earliest known Vivipariidae of North America are known from this time and may have been marine or estuarine in habitat. However, it has been proposed that members of the family Vivipariidae became separated from their marine and estuarine ancestors by the beginning of the Cretaceous, assuming an exclusively fresh water mode of life (Prasad,

1928). The modern Viviparidae are all unisexual operculate gastropods, which can withdraw into their shells in order to protect themselves from predators and harsh environmental conditions.

Occurrence-- Unit: 1 specimen from the base of a McLaren channel

Well: Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4; 333.0-389.0 m

Other known occurrences-- common within the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands of northeastern Alberta (Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987). Russell (1932) remarked that of all the Western Interior fossil Viviparidae, *V. murrei* most closely resembles *V. prudentius* White from the uppermost Cretaceous.

#### SUPERFAMILY Cerithiacea

#### FAMILY Pleuroceridae

#### GENUS *Circamelania* Yen, 1951

#### *Circamelania ortmanni* (Stanton)

(Fig. 45D)

*Goniobasis?ortmanni* Stanton, Proceedings of the American Philosophical Society, v. 42, p. 197, pl. 4, fig. 7-10, 1903

Description-- Shell small, and moderately slender; elongate turbiniform to cyrtocoid. Spire elongate with a spiral angle of about 80°. Aperture elongated and tear-shaped; about half the diameter of body whorl. Columella thickened with small axial columellar fold partially covering umbilical chink. Thickened peristomal margin; pronounced adapical channel. Very closely spaced, yet unpronounced growth lines, mostly weakly opisthocyrt to opisthocline. Sutures impressed forming prominent ridges between whorls. Strong revolving ornament lines parallel to sutures. Number of spiral lines increases towards aperture and becoming very closely spaced in body whorl; in some cases lines strong enough to be called small carinae. Number of spiral lines also varies between individuals.

Discussion-- Yen (1951), differentiated *Circamelania* from *Goniobasis*

(consequently reassessing *G. ortmanni* Stanton) on the basis that the former displays more roundly convex whorls, deeply impressed sutures and a well-thickened peristomal margin". Although the spiral ornament is the most striking feature of the specimens of *C. ortmanni* noted in this study, Stanton (1903) found that sculpture was quite variable in this species, with some individuals lacking ornament entirely. Yen (1951) felt that *Circamelania* may be an ancestral group to *Pleurocera* and other like Pleuroceridae, all of which are of fresh-water habitat.

Occurrence--Unit: McLaren channel

Well: Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4; 383.0-389.0 m

Other known occurrences-- common within the "upper" Kootenai Formation near the town of Harlowton, Montana (Stanton, 1903; Henderson, 1935; Yen, 1949; 1951).

GENUS *Goniobasis* Lea, 1862

*Goniobasis multicarinata* Russell, 1932

(Fig. 45E)

Description--- Shell elongate-ovoid to turbiniform. Spire convex and moderately elongate with a spiral angle of about 45°; usually four or five volutions; body whorl well rounded; sutures impressed, increasingly so towards the base. Aperture ovoid; columella somewhat thickened. Orthocyr growth lines and fine revolving carinae mark the shell, forming a hatched external surface. Basal margin of aperture holostomastous.

Discussion--- Modern goniobasids are well distributed in fresh-water habitats in North America especially throughout the eastern United States, the Mississippi Valley, and along the western coast of the United States (Henderson, 1935; Abbott, 1974; Chambers, 1978; 1980; Diller, 1984).

Most of the fossil goniobasids from North America were originally described as melaniids, yet the designation of any Melaniidae from the fossil record of North America is open to some question. White (1883), for instance, noted that no modern true melaniids are found in North America and remarked that it was doubtful if any fossil representatives of this family had ever existed within the North American continent. The

goniobasids do bear a great deal of resemblance to the melaniids, however, and it is often difficult to tell the difference between the two groups based on shell form alone. Modern forms are differentiated on the fact that goniobasids are oviparous while the viviparids are (as their name implies) viviparous (Shimer and Shrock, 1944).

*Goniobasis* is, nevertheless, a common genus in faunal lists of the late Mesozoic and early Cenozoic of North America. Henderson (1935), for instance, listed 49 species of fossil *Goniobasis* from North America, 18 of these from the Cretaceous and 32 from the Tertiary.

Occurrence--Unit: General Petroleums channel

Well: Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-58-5W4; 495.0-501.5 m

Other known occurrences-- rare within the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands of northeastern Alberta (Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987).

## BIOSTRATIGRAPHY

Three of the species found in the Upper and Middle Mannville, *G. multicarinata*, *V. murrei*, and *L. bituminis*, are also found within the abundant shell beds of the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation (Lower Mannville sub-group) sometimes also referred to as the Ostracode Zone (Russell, 1932; Hunt, 1950; Loranger, 1951; Badgeley, 1952; Wanklyn, 1985; Mattison, 1987; Mattison and Pemberton, 1987; 1988a; 1988b; Mattison, et al., 1989).

*Goniobasis multicarinata* is the only species found in the General Petroleums channel in the Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-58-5W4 well, where it is especially abundant. Its common occurrence in the General Petroleums is in marked contrast to its occurrence in the McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands area where it is exceptionally rare (Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987). As a further contrast, *Viviparus murrei*, one of the most common gastropods known to occur in the McMurray Formation in the Athabasca Oil Sands area, is very uncommon in its McLaren channel occurrence in the Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4 well. *Lioplacodes bituminis* appears to be common within both the McLaren channel in the Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4 well, as well

as within the Calcareous member of the McMurray Formation.

The only other known occurrence of *Circamelania (Goniobasis) ortmanni* is found near the town of Harlowton, Montana (Stanton, 1903; Henderson, 1935; Yen, 1949; 1951) within the "upper" Kootenai Formation (late Aptian?-earliest Albian), where it is reportedly very common. The discovery of this species in channelized sediments of the McLaren unit of the Upper Mannville sub-group extends its paleogeographic range, as well as its biostratigraphic range, since the "upper" Kootenai is generally considered to be much older than the (late early Albian) Upper Mannville (e.g. Burden, 1984).

The occurrence of all of these gastropods in the Upper and Middle Mannville extends their previous known stratigraphic range. Kauffman (1979) for instance, stated that the gastropod fauna of the McMurray Formation was limited to the upper Aptian. Although there is some question about this age range (see Mattison, 1987), the occurrence of species common to the McMurray and "upper" Kootenai formations within the Upper and Middle Mannville indicates a much longer biostratigraphic range for these species than previously thought.

#### PALEOECOLOGY

All of the gastropod genera found in the Upper and Middle Mannville have modern analogues which are found exclusively in fresh water habitats (e.g. lakes, ponds, streams). The two successions in which identifiable gastropods have been found differ somewhat, however, in both their constituent fauna and in other associated paleoecologic indicators. Although the paleoecologic significance of the gastropod fauna within these successions is admittedly limited (due to the small size of the database), some information can be derived when taken within a paleoecologic context in which stratigraphic, sedimentologic, and ichnologic variables are considered.

#### **Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-50-5W4 well: General Petroleums channel**

The succession of interbedded sand and shale in the Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-50-5W4 well (Fig. 46A) is completely dominated by the species *Goniobasis multicarinata*, along with one broken gastropod specimen tentatively assigned to *Campeloma* sp., and

some thin-shelled, badly broken bivalves. This succession is underlain by fine-grained, planar cross-bedded sands, with shale clasts at the base. The contact between these cross-bedded sands and the mixed sand-shale succession is sharp and indicates a sharp break in sedimentation pattern from high-energy sand-dominated point bar or channel fill deposition, to lower-energy intermittent deposition of sands and shales. This change in sedimentation pattern is interpreted as a change from active sand deposition within channels to channel abandonment. Some abrasion is evident in the gastropods recovered from this interval (along with the complete breakage of the bivalves noted above), indicating that some faunal transport has taken place previous to deposition. Nevertheless, the absence of trace fauna that might indicate brackish or marine conditions as well as the complete faunal dominance of *G. multicarinata* indicates that fully fresh-water conditions prevailed during the deposition of this succession.

#### **Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4: McLaren channel**

The occurrence of identifiable gastropods in the Esso 85 D24-13 Cold Lake 13-1-65-4W4 well (Fig. 46B) is in many ways quite similar to that noted for the Murphy 65631 Lind 16-13-50-5W4 well. Again, gastropods were found within interbedded sands and shales interpreted as representing a low-energy abandonment phase of channel deposition, although in this case channel abandonment occurred prior to the deposition of a series of stacked channel-fill successions. Three species of gastropods are found within the shell beds in this interval: *Circamelania ortmanni*, *Lioplacodes bituminis*, and *Viviparus murrei*. All three are considered to be fresh-water species based on the salinity tolerance of modern representatives within their respective genera.

These fresh-water gastropods are distributed only through the lower three-quarters of the abandoned channel interval, however. The upper one-quarter of the interval is similar in all respects to the succession below except that a significant trace fauna is found within the interbedded sands. This ichnocoenose is dominated by *Planolites*, *Arenicolites*, and *Skolithos*, and is interpreted as a remnant of the activities of a brackish-water tolerant infauna (see Chapter 3). The absence of fresh-water gastropods from the upper part of this interval, along with the appearance of a brackish-water ichnocoenose, may indicate a

change from fully fresh-water fluvial conditions to slightly brackish or estuarine conditions. Ichnologic and sedimentologic indicators (e.g. mud-drapes) within the series of multiple stacked channels above this interval also indicate estuarine depositional conditions.

### **Paleoecologic significance of Mannville gastropod assemblages**

The presence of co-occurring species within the Upper and Middle Mannville, and in the rich shell beds of the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation (Lower Mannville) within the Athabasca Oil Sands of northeastern Alberta, is both biostratigraphically and paleogeographically important.

However, the Calcareous Member is a unit that has been interpreted in the past as having a distinct brackish-water paleoecologic signature (e.g. Russell, 1932; Mattison, 1987). The interpretation that the three species *G. multicarinata*, *V. murrei*, and *L. bituminis* collected from the Upper and Middle Mannville indicate fresh-water depositional conditions in the context of their specific occurrences within this interval, would therefore seem at first glance to be inconsistent with the paleoecologic conclusions reached in previous studies of the McMurray Formation.

It must be remembered, however, that these species do not occur by themselves within the McMurray Formation, but are accompanied by species that most likely had a brackish or marine salinity tolerance (e.g. *Turbonilla (Melania) multorbis* Russell, *Melampus athabascensis* Russell). Studies of death assemblages of molluscs in both modern and ancient estuaries as well as in other stressed environments (and paleoenvironments) have shown that typical thanatocoenoses are made up of species reflecting a wide range of habitats, from fluvial to brackish to marine (Cadée, 1968; Peterson, 1977; Fürsich and Kauffman, 1984; Mattison, 1987). The occurrence of some fresh-water species within a brackish-water depositional system is therefore to be expected; the occurrence of these species in the absence of other brackish or marine species, however, must always be considered as an indication of a fresh-water depositional system in the absence of evidence to the contrary.

### **CONCLUSIONS**



Studies of gastropods collected from two drill cores of the Upper and Middle Mannville in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area of east-central Alberta reveal the presence of species previously thought to have been restricted to the Lower Mannville interval and to the "upper" Kootenai Formation of central Montana.

Sedimentologic and stratigraphic criteria indicate that both of these occurrences represent deposition within paleochannels; one channel being associated with the McLaren unit of the Upper Mannville and the other associated with the General Petroleums unit of the Middle Mannville.

The McLaren channel assemblage includes *Lioplacodes bituminis*, *Viviparus murrei*, both of which were previously known only from the Calcareous Member of the (Lower Mannville) McMurray Formation, as well as *Circamelania ortmanni*, which has only been found previously in the "upper" Kootenai Formation. The General Petroleums channel assemblage is almost completely dominated by *Goniobasis multicarinata*, a species which has only been found previously in rare numbers within the Calcareous Member of the McMurray Formation, along with a single specimen of a poorly preserved *Campeloma*.

All of the species collected from these intervals are interpreted as fresh-water species based on comparison with modern representatives.

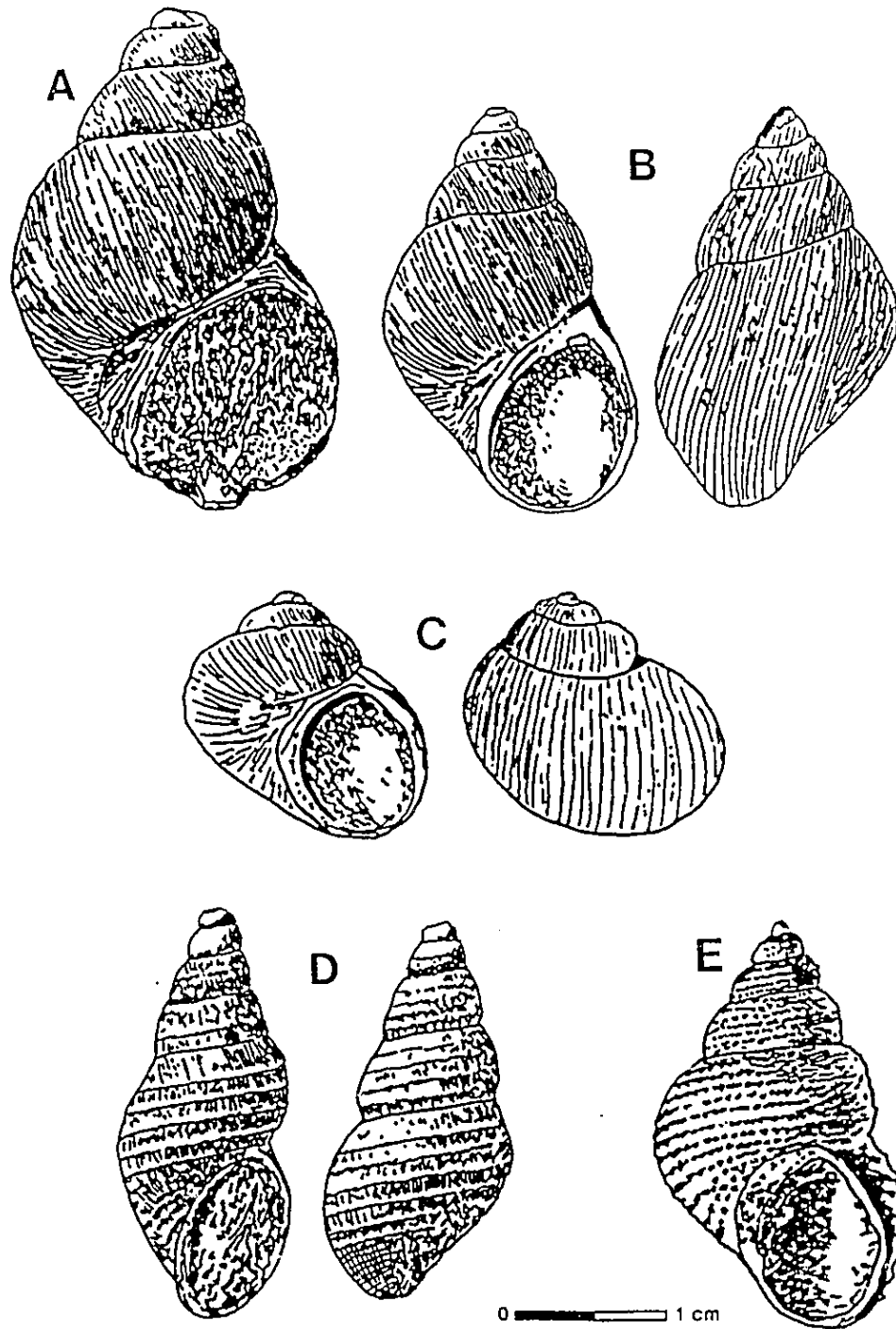
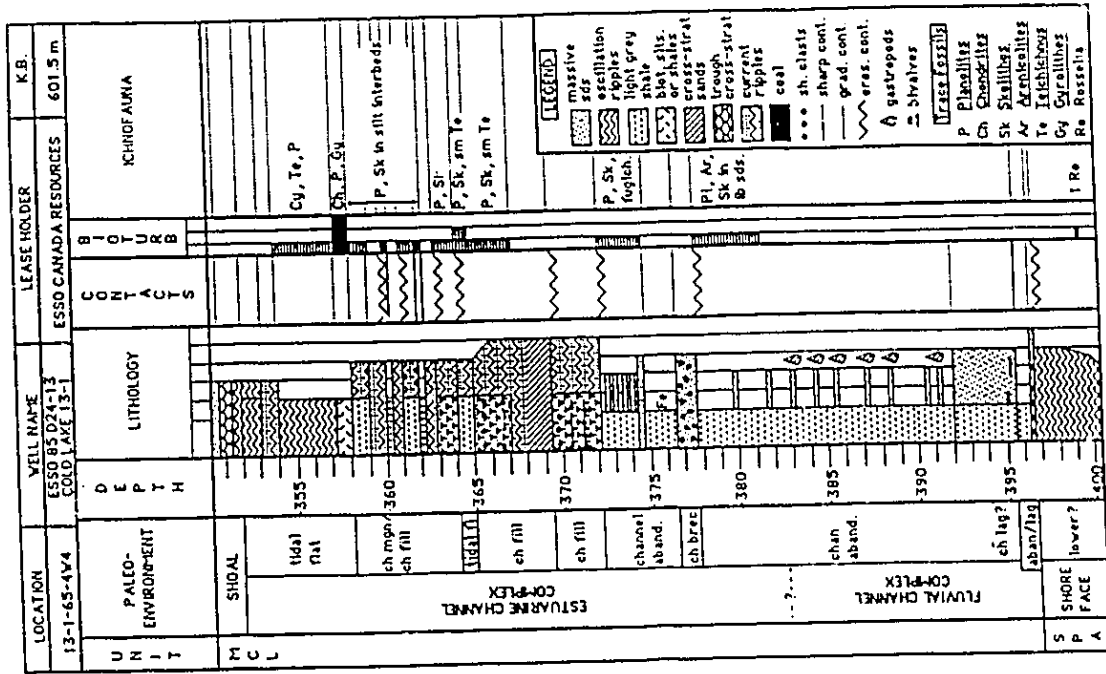
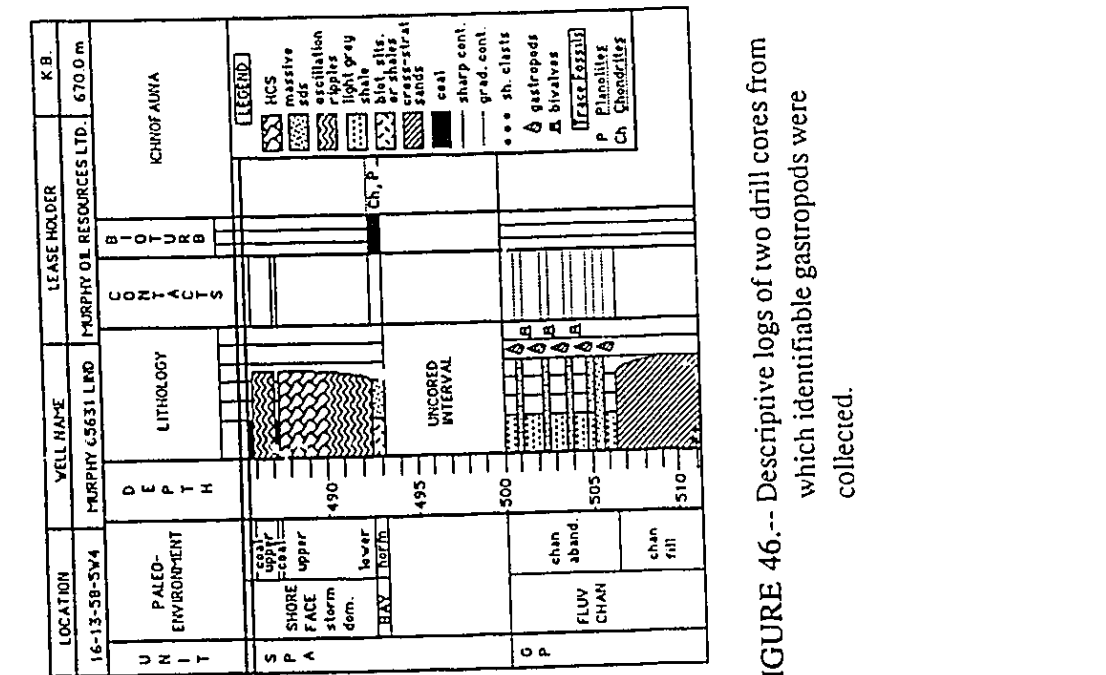


FIGURE 45.-- Line drawing of gastropods from the Upper-Middle Mannville interval.

- A. *Campeloma* sp.
- B. *Lioplacodes bitumis*
- C. *Viviparus murrensis*
- D. *Circamelania ortmanni*
- E. *Goniobasis multicarinata*



**A**



**B**

FIGURE 46.-- Descriptive logs of two drill cores from which identifiable gastropods were collected.

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## CHAPTER VIII

### GENERAL DISCUSSION AND CONCLUSIONS

The recognition of unconformity-bounded stratigraphic packages, although certainly not new to stratigraphy, has been the focus of increasing interest within the discipline in recent years (see Sloss, 1988, for a review). Stratigraphers, now more than at any time before, realize the utility and further interpretive value of erecting stratigraphic schemes which recognize unconformities and relative sea level change as being as important, if not more so, than schemes which recognize only lithologic differences in strata. This is especially true in vertical successions which display relative lithologic homogeneity, but which also display the influence of multiple transgressive and regressive events throughout their depositional history. Within the Cretaceous of the Western Canada Sedimentary Basin alone, a flurry of recent work (see Cant, 1990, and Leckie, 1990) has produced allostratigraphic or sequence stratigraphic schemes for such economically important Upper Cretaceous units as the Cardium Formation (e.g. Plint, 1988; Plint, et al., 1988), the Dunvegan Formation (Bhattacharya, 1988), and the Viking Formation (e.g. Posamentier et al., 1990). Recent work has also shown the value of sequence stratigraphy within the Lower Cretaceous succession, with studies of the Mannville Group in southern Alberta (e.g. James, 1985; Rosenthal, 1988), and even more recently in the oil sands areas of northern and central Alberta (Taylor, 1990). The problems of inconsistent lithostratigraphic nomenclature, and difficulties in correlation that have arisen within the Mannville literature over the years (Chapter I), have almost demanded that a new stratigraphic approach be taken if new revelations concerning Mannville depositional history were to be made. Such inconsistencies and interpretational differences have even caused confusion over the uppermost limit of the Mannville and its relationship to the overlying Colorado Group. Stratigraphic relationships and microfossil studies (Chapter VI) contradict earlier interpretations that the uppermost Mannville strata represent initial transgressive deposits of the marine Joli Fou Formation.

Detailed analysis of the Upper and Middle Mannville sub-groups in the Cold Lake Oil Sands area reveals that this section may be divided into seven correlatable sequences. These seven sequences are relatively equivalent to the Colony, McLaren, Waseca, Sparky,



General Petroleums, Rex, and Lloydminster lithostratigraphic units defined for the Lloydminster Heavy Oil area (e.g. Nauss, 1945; Edmunds, 1948). However, the recognition that these units are all bounded by unconformities forces a redefinition of their stratigraphic significance. Relative sea level changes were responsible for the creation of these units, and it is likely that these relative changes were forced by a combination of eustatic, local tectonic, and local sediment supply adjustments.

Sediments of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval can be divided into two basic types according to their inferred depositional environment; paralic-offshore coarsening-upwards successions, and fining-upward incised channel deposits. Unconformities within the interval are indicated by evidence of subaerial exposure of paralic-offshore sediments and (more importantly) associated channel incision. Paralic-offshore successions consist of basal transgressive shales which coarsen upwards into fine-grained shoreface sands that may or may not be capped by thin rooted coal horizons. Allomembers may be composed of one or more of these coarsening-upwards successions depending on their stratigraphic and paleogeographic position. Although there is little to differentiate one coarsening-upwards succession from another throughout the entire Upper-Middle Mannville interval, some vertical and lateral facies changes are discernible. For the most part, Upper-Middle Mannville coarsening-upwards successions are interpreted as fairly linear offshore-shoreline deposits. Mapping of net sand trends within individual allomembers, however, reveals a number of thick sand depocentres within some of the units. These are interpreted as localized deltas. No real facies criteria other than sand thickness can be used to differentiate the deltaic depocentres from their lateral strandline counterparts; they are proved in the mapping process.

The paleoecologic signature of successive allomembers does change within the vertical succession however. Both ichnological (Chapter IV) and foraminiferal (Chapter VI) studies demonstrate an increase in elements (from the oldest allomember to the youngest) that indicate brackish water influence during deposition. This is taken as an indication of decreasing marine circulation and increasing fresh water runoff in response to the shallowing of basinal waters and the progressive seaward progradation of successive paleoshorelines.

Channelized sediments within the Upper and Middle Mannville (Chapter III) have been the most controversial aspect of the interval in the recent past, with opinions concerning their origin ranging from anastomosed streams to fluvio-deltaic distributaries. It is suggested that all of these channel networks were incised during lowstands in sea level associated with progradation of regional paralic systems. The bulk of sedimentation within these channels began during relative sea level rise associated with regional transgression and therefore some channels display brackish water (estuarine) influence in the uppermost channel-fill deposits. This is of course also dependent upon their position in relation to the paleoshoreline. Some of these estuarine channels are associated with deltaic depocentres but others are not.

Two other aspects of the Upper-Middle Mannville are of paleoecologic significance within the interval but also have wider ranging implications. The occurrence of the ichnofossil *Macaronichnus segregatis* in basal offshore to lower shoreface deposits of the Middle Mannville indicates an extended paleoecologic range for this trace than that which has previously been envisioned (Chapter V). This discovery reconfirms basic ichnologic tenets which hold that ichno-paleoecologic interpretations must take a multidisciplinary approach and take into account such factors as stratigraphic context. Within channelized deposits of both the Upper and Middle Mannville, the discovery of a number of species of gastropods previously known only from the Lower Mannville and equivalent strata in Montana extends the previously known stratigraphic and paleogeographic range of these species (Chapter VII), and also serves as an aid in paleoenvironmental interpretation.

By focusing much of this thesis on stratigraphic relationships it is hoped that a more consistent and coherent picture of the Upper and Middle Mannville has emerged. The Mannville Group has been a consistent subject of interest throughout its exploration history. However geographic distance between areas of active interest at different times in that history has introduced nomenclatural and conceptual differences in opinion that have caused stratigraphic confusion, especially in areas (such as the Cold Lake Oil Sands deposit) which have had a relatively recent exploration history.

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APPENDIX I:  
STRATIGRAPHIC  
DATA

TABLE I  
STRATIGRAPHIC TOPS:  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS:

K.B.= Kelly Bushing elevation  
COL= Colony Fm.  
MCL= McLaren Fm.  
WAS= Waseca Fm.  
SPA= Sparky Fm.  
GP= General Petroleums Fm.  
REX= Rex Fm.  
LLO= Lloydminster Fm.  
CUM= Cummings Fm. (Clearwater Fm. equivalent)  
WAB= Wabiscaw Member of the Clearwater Fm.  
DIN= Dina Fm. (McMurray Fm. equivalent)  
DEV= Devonian

. = non-applicable or non-available data

Well locations listed in bold type indicate wells with cores through parts of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval (see Appendix 1)

All data listed are depths from K.B.

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	2WS	BFS	V/K	CO	MO	WAS	ISPA	GP	FEX	ILLO	IQM	WAB	DIN	DEV
1	7	2	53	2100070205302W400	595.9	303	333	385	425	440	455	470	488	500	518	535	571	577	
2	7	14	53	2100071405302W400	622.1	323	353	400	440	450	460			515	536	554			
3	6	15	53	2100061505302W400	604.7	305	337	390	428	442	454	472	491	503	518	535			
4	8	22	53	2100082205302W400	625.5	322	350	404	446	455	470	490	506	520	538	550			
5	13	23	53	2100132305302W400	604.2	297	328	380	418	428	444	462	477						
6	5	26	53	2100052605302W400	601.8	294	325	380	415		445	465	486	498		525			
7	13	26	53	2100132605302W400	598.8	294	324	375	415		440	457	475	488		525			
8	8	27	53	2100082705302W400	603.2	295	325	378	415		440	459	474	486	502				563
9	11	28	53	2100112805302W400	606.5	305	336	387	427	435	450	470	489	500	520	535	563	574	595
10	10	29	53	2100102905302W400	596.5	288	318	365	406	415	428	450	467	479	501	515	548	557	
11	10	34	53	2100103405302W400	591	286	317	367	408	416	430	451	465	481	505	520			
12	6	4	53	31A0060405303W400	587.5	305	343	389	426	437	452	474	489	502	522	545	575	587	
13	10	6	53	3100100605303W400	596.8	312	340	390	430	442	455	475	492	505	525	540			
14	6	8	53	3100060805303W400	590.6	305	336	386	427	440	455	475	490	504	525	541	575	583	
15	6	18	53	3100061805303W400	596.2	316	346	396	436	446	460	481	495	510	529	550			590
16	7	6	53	4100070605304W400	616	334	364	415	461	471		505	519	535	551	572	614	620	630
17	11	20	53	4100112005304W400	608.3	329	356	406	447	455	470	491	507	520	560	585	595		
18	4	27	53	4100042705304W400	599.8	322	352	401	445	454		491	508	520	544	558	594	605	
19	11	31	53	4100113105304W400	615.4	335	360	413	455	466		491	510	530	562				596
20	12	20	53	5100122005305W400	642.2	361	390	440	482	495		525	541	557	595				630
21	10	29	53	5100102905305W400	636.6	354	380	430	470	481	493	518	535	545	585				625
22	7	30	53	5100073005305W400	640.8	349	376	427	468	480		527	544	580					620
23	2	32	53	5100023205305W400	629.2	350	377	426	469	485		512	527	545	580				
24	1	34	53	5100013405305W400	641.8	359	385	436	477	485					588				616
25	6	36	53	5100063605305W400	644.4	363	388	440	480	492		525	540	550	594				
26	10	3	53	6100100305306W400	630.2	361	389	441	480	493		525	538	553	580	594			635
27	6	12	53	6100061205306W400	648.9	376	406	455	497	510		537	550	566	586	599			
28	6	24	53	6100062405306W400	635.4	358	386	438	480	497		525	542	550	579	590			
29	6	8	53	8100060805308W400	680.2	442	468	521	566	580					670				710
30	12	9	53	8100120905308W400	687.3	450	478	531	572	585					678	725	735		
31	6	17	53	8100061705308W400	686.5	454	474	533	567						675	712	718	733	
32	11	18	53	8100111805308W400	693.9	463	488	545	580						690	725	732	752	
33	16	23	53	8100162305308W400	671.4	433	457	510	552	559	570	595	610	622	644	665	705	715	
34	16	24	53	8100162405308W400	661.1	414	441	490	530	537	560	580			640				672
35	7	25	53	8100072505308W400	672.7	422	446	501	540										730
36	11	26	53	8100112605308W400	678	436	461	511	554	570	585	602	616	627	650	662			699
37	10	27	53	8100102705308W400	679	438	465	513	552	565	583	602	615	628	650	670	700	710	
38	6	30	53	8100063005308W400	674.6	437	460	510	551		572	597	615	624	647	660			



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
USD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MC	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	UO	QM	WAB	DIN	DEV
1	15	35	54	6	100153505406W400	637	345	375	427	462		510	525	540	561	575			
78	13	36	54	6	100133605406W400	656	363	388	438	477	490	503	522	545	554	569	588		
80	11	26	54	7	102112605407W400	648	371	400	450	488			545	560	580	597			
81	10	4	54	8	100100405408W400	640.1	388	415	463	504	510		544	559	571	605	626		685
82	2	6	54	8	100020605408W400	630.4	385	412	452	501	505		549	562	580	604	612	645	655
83	4	10	54	8	100041005408W400	661.9	412	440	492	530	537	557	580	599		650		687	710
84	6	11	54	8	100061105408W400	653	400	425	479	518	532	552	567	531		634		685	699
85	6	12	54	8	100061205408W400	668.5	410	436	490	525	535		574	586		632			
86	1	18	54	8	100011805408W400	607.7	362	385	436	470	485	500	520	538	552	576	585		
87	10	20	54	8	100102005408W400	606.6	354	380	433	472	487	500	516	530	563	577	607	618	654
88	13	21	54	8	100132105408W400	605.5	355	383	437	471	495	495	516	536	567	580		625	650
89	11	22	54	8	100112205408W400	616.7	345	368	417	460	475	486	505	524	556	570		610	
90	6	24	54	8	100062405408W400	613.8	355	380	431	474									
91	6	26	54	8	100062605408W400	598.3	340	368	422	456	469	485	501	520	565		612		
92	11	29	54	8	100112905408W400	595.6	337	365	419	455	470		500	517	546	560	595	605	625
93	14	30	54	8	100143005408W400	583	325	350	400	437	445	460	485	501	532	546		581	600
94	6	31	54	8	100063105408W400	578.9	323	350	397	436	453	463	480	496	548				
95	11	32	54	8	100113205408W400	588	330	358	408	443	457		490	505	540	556		590	
96	9	34	54	8	100093405408W400	595.6	339	365	418	456	469		506	520	550	562		605	
97	11	36	54	8	100113605408W400	617.2	358	387	438	473	485		518	540	552	577	595	628	635
98	7	4	55	1	100070405501W400	604.1	288	320	372	416	425		454	471	486	506	520		549
99	7	22	55	1	100072205501W400	617.2	296	326	376	419	430		469	486	498	517	529		561
100	10	26	55	1	100102605501W400	662.7	335	365	420	456	475	490		518	532	550	568		612
101	7	35	55	1	100073505501W400	659	330	357	407	453	465	478	499	515	528	548	564		596
102	13	36	55	1	100133605501W400	654.8	325	355	407	449									604
103	14	6	55	2	100140605502W400	594.7	271	303	352	394	403	415	435	452	464	487	502		523
104	16	8	55	2	100160805502W400	605.6	281	311	364	401	410	429	448	464	475	490	511		
105	10	16	55	2	100101605502W400	613	294	323	377	415			456	470	485	505			
106	8	17	55	2	100081705502W400	596.5	273	303	358	395	406		440	455	462	490	508		525
107	6	29	55	2	100062905502W400	613.1	295	325	375	415	424		463	472	481	504	519		
108	16	12	55	3	100161205503W400	618.5	281	320	370	410	424	437	453	470	487	498	521		543
109	6	21	55	3	100062105503W400	595.6	280	309	356	397	410	423	442	459	476	489	510		530
110	13	22	55	3	100132205503W400	612.7	297	326	382	416	428	440	458	476	495	515	529		551
111	16	28	55	3	100162805503W400	584.5	261	291	340	381	389		420	435	453	480	505		
112	13	34	55	3	100133405503W400	576.3	249	277	330	370	382	398	415	432	440	480			
113	11	1	55	4	100110105504W400	598.3	296	324	375	412	427	437	460	475	490	512	526		
114	10	5	55	4	100100505504W400	608.8	296	326	376	415	422		458		486	515	529		
115	6	6	55	4	100060605504W400	618.3	308	338	386	425	435		470	490	505	535	546		572





A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEF	ULO	QJM	WAB	DIN	DEV
1	10	24	55	5 100102405505W400	612.6	284	314	364	407	414	425	445		480	500	515			
154	10	24	55	5 100102405505W400	612.6	284	314	364	407	414	425	445		480	500	515			
155	11	25	55	5 100112505505W402	606	278	307	352	395	406	420	436	458	472	498	512			
156	6	26	55	5 100062605505W400	623.3	374	334	384	423	433	445	465	482	496	525	536			555
157	6	27	55	5 1B0062705505W400	644	321	350	398	441	454	465	488		517	542	555			569
158	7	29	55	5 100072905505W400	646.3	332	360	412	453	465	479	495	515	531	552	568			
159	12	30	55	5 100123005505W400	658.6	346	376	425	465	479		509	525	541	560	579			
160	12	31	55	5 100123105505W400	679.6	357	386	435	475	487		512	530	545	574	584			
161	6	32	55	5 100063205505W402	653.8	334	365	407	453	465	480	500	520	529	548	565			
162	7	33	55	5 100073305505W400	614.1	298	328	378	422	426	443	463	482			530			
163	14	34	55	5 100143405505W400	610.2	287	317	360	400	414	425	445	463	478	504	515			
164	13	35	55	5 100133505505W400	605.6	277	308	358	395	405	417	440	457	473	495	510			
165	1	36	55	5 100013605505W400	600.4	275	305	355	397	409	424	440	457	475	500	512			
166	4	1	55	6 100040105506W400	657.5	360	386	438	478	492	504	523	538	554	571	591			
167	14	2	55	6 100140205506W400	662	367	393	445	488	505	515	530		560	579	598			
168	16	4	55	6 100160405506W400	629.8	338	365	419	452	465	477	495	512	529	551	565			600
169	3	5	55	6 100030505506W400	642.2	355	383	435	472	486	510	520	530	548	566	583			625
170	16	8	55	6 100160805506W400	649.6	363	390	440	480	494	505	525	541						
171	10	9	55	6 100100905506W400	639.7	355	384	435	473	490	500	520	533	550	570	586			
172	7	10	55	6 100071005506W400	670.9	378	405	456	495			536	557	573	590	608			646
173	7	11	55	6 100071105506W400	662.3	371	391	445	485	500	512	528	543	558	585	596			631
174	6	12	55	6 100061205506W400	638.7	345	371	423	462	476	490	506	520	536	570	578			617
175	13	13	55	6 1AA131305506W400	641.5	340	370	421	464	471	482	502	525	538	569	580			608
176	7	14	55	6 100071405506W400	641.2	339	370	417	460		489	505	520	535	565	575			660
177	6	15	55	6 100061505506W400	684.9	391	420	473	508	523	534	551	570	583	612	621			
178	15	16	55	6 100151605506W400	689.4	397	422	476	514	528	540	555	573	588	615	625			
179	16	20	55	6 100162005506W400	692	396	425	477	511	524				583	610	622			
180	10	21	55	6 100102105506W400	666.1	367	397	450	490	504	515	535	547	562	587	599			
181	9	22	55	6 100092205506W400	645.6	346	378	425	467	483	498	515	529	543	570	580			
182	6	23	55	6 100062305506W400	642.9	339	370	421	459	474	495	505	519	534	562	573			
183	8	24	55	6 100082405506W400	644.9	339	370	420	460	474	485	505	519	533	565	576			
184	11	25	55	6 100112505506W400	661.3	350	380	431	475	485	500	515	529	545	573	582			600
185	1	26	55	6 100012605506W402	644.8	335	364	416	457		485	500	515	528	566	570			615
186	8	27	55	6 100082705506W400	633.7	342	372	422	462	477	491	505	522	535	563	573			625
187	13	28	55	6 100132805506W400	654.8	358	388	442	476	490		521	535	546	576	584			725
188	10	29	55	6 100102905506W400	689.5	428	461	513	559	573		606	625	638	676	681			667
189	11	31	55	6 100113105506W402	692.9	436	464	474	515	527			575	587	620	627			630
190	9	32	55	6 100093205506W400	656	360	390	440	478	492		522	537	549	579	586			
191	9	33	55	6 100093305506W400	632	332	362	412	454	468			507	522	550	560			

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
LSD	SEC	TIME	ENG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BES	VIK	LOL	MCL	WAS	SFA	CP	REX	ILLO	QJM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
1																				
192	11	34	55	6	100113405506W400	635.1	333	363	410	452				512	525	552			600	
193	12	35	55	5	100123505506W400	660.2	353	383	438	473	486			529	542	569				
194	6	36	55	6	100063605506W400	661.9	354	384	435	473	487			512	531	545	573			620
195	11	15	55	7	100111505507W400	617	350	377	429	465	477			512	527	543	559			615
196	6	26	55	7	100062605507W400	638.7	355	385	434	476	488			534	546	570				625
197	16	27	55	7	100162705507W400	627.8	341	370	420	455	470			500	515	533	550			613
198	10	30	55	7	100103005507W400	631.3	354	380	431	465	479			526	538	559				612
199	5	31	55	7	100053105507W400	607.9	327	357	401	445	457			498	510	537				590
200	10	1	56	1	100100105601W400	658.1	326	354	408	447	462	471	490	505	521	536	559			590
201	6	6	56	1	100060605601W400	665.6	335	365	415	455	466	479	505	515	530	553				605
202	7	10	56	1	100071005601W400	664.3	324	352	405	445	458	470	490	507						616
203	10	11	56	1	100071005601W400	660.7	322	351	402	442	454	466	491	506	524	539				585
204	6	12	56	1	100061205601W400	654.8	322	351	402	442				488	505	515				615
205	14	29	56	1	100142905601W400	658.3	313	343	395	436	448	460	484	500	510	535				
206	7	31	56	1	100073105601W400	641.8	295	324	375	415	423	443	460	477	495	507				
207	11	34	56	1	100113405601W400	677.5	342	372	422	465	477	490	505	525	537	560				610
208	6	14	56	2	100061405602W400	676.2	348	380	430	468	471			511	528	535	553			616
209	13	26	56	2	100152605602W400	635.4	300	330	380	415	425			467	482	495				573
210	13	35	56	2	100133505602W400	641.2	306	336	389	425	435	447	475	490	502	522	536			582
211	7	36	56	2	100073605602W400	649	305	335	385	425	433	443	473	491	505	515	529			586
212	10	2	56	3	100100205603W400	597.9	275	307	359	395	408	420	435	459	480	490				
213	14	3	56	3	100140305603W400	582.4	256	292	343	379	393	410	425							
214	14	4	56	3	100140405603W400	605.5	270	301	350	389	403	415	435	450						
215	16	5	56	3	100160505603W400	607.2	272	301	353	392	405	412	437	452	465	491				517
216	11	3	56	3	100110605603W400	600.5	268	295	347	385	399									
217	8	7	56	3	100080705603W400	597.7	277	306	359	396	405	428	439	454	464					
218	14	7	56	3	100140705603W400	609.4	288	317	370	408	416	425	450	465	475	492	509			560
219	9	8	56	3	100080805603W400	606.5	270	298	354	387	393	403	430	446	460					
220	16	9	56	3	100160905603W400	606.7	275	305	357	398	418	429	445	461	474	493				
221	3	14	56	3	100031405603W400	595.6	257	287	335	375	390	400	420	438	450					
222	11	17	56	3	100111705603W400	614.3	280	310	359	397	411	427	447	462	480					
223	7	21	56	3	100072105603W400	521.3	287	318	365	404	410			450	461	485				
224	2	22	56	3	100022205603W400	617.4	286	317	367	405	420			456	470	489				
225	6	28	56	3	100062805603W400	612.6	279	312	360	401	416			463	481	505				533
226	4	32	56	3	100043205603W400	611	277	307	356	395	410			445	465	477	500			512
227	10	1	56	4	100100105604W400	609.6	272	300	351	389	400			430	445					516
228	11	4	56	4	100110405604W400	583.6	256	286	336	375	382			410	429					
229	2	13	56	4	100021305604W400	616.5	278	308	354	395	410			455	475					



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T		
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	INCL	WAS	SPA	CP	FEY	ILLO	QJM	W/3	DIN	DEV	
268	14	2	56	7	100140205607W400	608.8	317	345	393	436	450		480	500			550	595	605		
269	9	11	56	7	100091105607W400	639	345	372	425	465	477		515	525	535		570	625	633	655	
270	9	12	56	7	100091205607W400	624.8	327	355	404	445	458	471	492	505			560				
271	8	13	56	7	100081305607W400	615.9	325	357	410	445	458	470	492	506	520	545	568				
272	1	14	56	7	100011405607W400	624.6	331	360	408	450	461					575					
273	9	23	56	7	100092305607W400	590	297	325	371	412	432	440	460	480	520	528	575	582			
274	9	25	56	7	100092505607W400	594.7	300	326	371	416	429		460	480							
275	6	26	56	7	100062605607W400	582	290	318	372	409	419		450	470	495	513	555	566			
276	11	29	56	7	100112905607W400	635	343	370	425	459	470		503	520	545	559	595	600	650		
277	1	36	56	7	10013605607W400	601.8	306	335	382	424	435										
278	11	10	56	8	100111005608W400	630.8	352	380	430	465	476				555	575	612	623			
279	11	17	56	8	100111705608W400	630.4	350	376	420	465	471	489	507	525	590	605					
280	5	30	56	8	100053005608W400	662.6	385	410	463	500	510		545								
281	8	33	56	8	100083305608W400	644.5	360	385	433	471	490	500	515	531							
282	7	1	57	1	100070105701W400	665.1	361	390	444	485	495	510	525	542	550	570	585			635	662
283	6	4	57	1	100060405701W400	682.8	338	365	420	457	466				525	540	562			610	620
284	12	5	57	1	100120505701W400	672.3	347	377	428	465	472	482	505	521	530	552	566				
285	12	6	57	1	100120605701W400	670.3	335	362	415	455	463	479	500	512	528	540	558	592	603	614	
286	5	7	57	1	100050705701W400	638	317	347	402	438	449	463	490	504	517		545	587	598		
287	15	9	57	1	100150905701W400	654.4	315	345	392	434	445	455	480	500	512	527	550			580	604
288	12	10	57	1	100121005701W400	662.6	330	360	413	452	460	483	500	514	525		560	600	610	617	
289	5	12	57	1	100051205701W400	656.7	335	364	415	455	466		500	521	535	550	563			605	629
290	6	16	57	1	100061605701W400	634.7	320	350	400	440	451		490	505	517	529	550	587	598	611	
291	10	17	57	1	100101705701W400	651.9	332	360	410	455	462	474	500	515	530	545	565				617
292	14	18	57	1	100141805701W400	635.2	307	334	390	427	440	455	471	492	506	516	535			575	602
293	7	22	57	1	100072205701W400	682.9	346	379	430	471	481		527								
294	6	23	57	1	100062305701W400	668.5	346	374	428	470	484										
295	6	31	57	1	100063105701W400	658	330	361	413	454	465										
296	6	32	57	1	100063205701W400	671.9	331	361	413	453	465		505	518	531	544	562			605	636
297	10	1	57	2	100100105702W400	656.7	324	353	407	447	455	470	493	512	525	550	560			595	614
298	8	11	57	2	100081105702W400	627.1	300	330	385	423		450	468	483	495	520	535			570	602
299	15	12	57	2	100151205702W400	626.4	290	325	372	410	421	451	465	480	494	517	535			575	588
300	10	13	57	2	100101305702W400	636	305	341	385	425	440		474	490	500	518	535			580	605
301	2	19	57	2	100021905702W400	621.9	289	318	370	410	420	430	455	470	485	502	520			560	571
302	15	23	57	2	100152305702W400	651.9	312	341	392	430		450	475	492	504		545			592	606
303	10	25	57	2	100102505702W400	642.4	303	333	383	421	430	445	465	487	500	520	532	567	577	600	
304	10	5	57	3	100100505703W400	638	298	330	380	417	432	445	460	480	490		529				555
305	16	6	57	3	100160605703W400	621	278	308	360	396	410	422	443	459	470		508				

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
LSD	SEC	TIME	ENG	IDENTIFIER	KB.	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	IMCL	WAS	SPA	CP	REX	ILLO	QUM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
1																				
306	4	10	57	3	100041005703W400	659.6	326	358	408	448	460	475	491	512	530	570				
307	5	16	57	3	100051605703W400	636.4	295	323	373	412	420									
308	3	17	57	3	100031705703W400	633	292	322	371	410	418	434								
309	13	18	57	3	100131805703W400	647.3	307	337	388	426										
310	5	32	57	3	100053205703W400	627.8	288	315	372	405										
311	9	1	57	4	100090105704W400	630.6	289	317	371	408	422	434	451	470	484	500	520			540
312	10	3	57	4	100100305704W400	622.1	283	314	362	400	413	425	443	461	475	501	515			554
313	10	12	57	4	100101205704W400	629.4	294	325	377	411	421	437	458	473	493	507	535	545		593
314	15	20	57	4	100152005704W400	636.2	312	342	392	426	436	455	473	493	507	535	545			610
315	2	25	57	4	100022505704W400	637.1	296	328	375	415	430	450	465	480	490	512	530	569		578
316	10	29	57	4	100102905704W400	638.3	306	335	389	427	439	453	469	488						607
317	16	6	57	5	100160605705W400	582.3	252	281	333	372	383	392	415	433	441					
318	10	7	57	5	100100705705W400	611.7	282	311	363	404	411	427	448	460	472					499
319	9	9	57	5	100090905705W400	570.5	241	272	323	362	373									
320	9	12	57	5	100091205705W400	659.4	335	365	416	454	470	480	496	515	530	542	558			
321	6	14	57	5	100061405705W400	645.1	322	352	402	442	455	465	480	500	515	532	543	590		606
322	1	18	57	5	102011805705W400	594.1	257	287	336	375	379	392	410	430	437					
323	6	24	57	5	100062405705W400	645.7	318	348	401	440	452	465								
324	6	26	57	5	100062605705W400	646.7	311	342	395	430	440	450	474							
325	11	28	57	5	100112805705W400	634	297	327	373	415	425	435	455	470	485					
326	1	29	57	5	100012905705W400	609.8	270	300	350	390	400	410	430	445	458					
327	16	30	57	5	100063005705W400	652	322	352	402	440	450									
328	6	32	57	5	100063205705W400	650.8	317	347	399	436	446									
329	6	34	57	6	100063405706W400	682.6	366	396	448	486	495	505	547							
330	11	21	57	7	100112105707W400	667.2	366	396	440	478	490	520	535	545						
331	11	22	57	7	100112205707W400	679.4	376	405	448	489	497	512	530	549	561	579	594			640
332	11	23	57	7	100112305707W400	678.2	379	410	463	494	500	515	533	552	561					651
333	16	34	57	7	100163405707W400	686	380	407	455	493	506	520	540	555	565	589				
334	5	36	57	7	100053605707W400	671.4	368	398	453	485	495	507	531	552	562	584				
335	8	9	57	8	100080905708W400	666.2	379	409	456	495										
336	14	10	57	8	100141005708W400	668	385	415	462	495	507	530	543	558	575	588	635			645
337	8	15	57	8	100081505708W400	685.8	397	426	479	510	522									
338	10	16	57	8	100101605708W400	678.7	395	420	471	503										
339	10	19	57	8	100101905708W400	689.5	400	430	480	511										
340	11	3	58	1	100110305801W400	672.1	355	385	439	480	489	500	533	542	553	570	587	620		672
341	9	4	58	1	100090405801W400	671	358	395	437	478	490	497	515	530						
342	7	10	58	1	100071005801W400	667.7	345	375	431	467	480									
343	7	11	58	1	100071105801W400	670.9	358	388	443	484	496	507	527							

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	CP	REX	ILO	Q.M.	WAB	IN	DEV
1	5	21	58	1	100052105801W400	637.1	340	371	425	463	474	485	495	515	525	540	555	595	605	655
344	9	29	58	1	100092905801W400	701.1	375	405	457	496	507	517	530	550	563	575	591			690
345	12	4	58	2	100120405802W400	649.3	302	333	386	416	423	433		484	496	515	535			580
346	5	10	58	2	100051005802W400	669.6	333	363	414	455	465	474	499	515	528	552	560	595	605	624
347	5	13	58	2	100051305802W400	692.3	359	389	447	488	498	507	530	550	560		610	637	645	667
348	8	17	58	2	100081705802W400	668.8	332	362	415	455	469	486		520	530	551	568	600	610	
349	7	23	58	2	100072305802W400	683.5	347	377	431	471	480	490	515							
350	8	26	58	2	100082605802W400	681.6	343	378	427	465	480	493		528	542	565	585	620	632	643
351	10	28	58	2	100102805802W400	684.2	325	355	408	446	457	465		510	520	545	557	588	598	610
352	15	30	58	2	100153005802W400	670.1	312	340	395	432	445	460	476	495	512					
353	4	8	58	3	100040805803W400	621.3	277	307	358	396	411	425	442	460	470					559
354	9	10	58	3	100091005803W400	598.3	247	278	328	367	375	385		421	432	452	465	512	520	526
355	10	21	58	3	100102105803W400	693.7	285	313	364	405	420									
356	7	26	58	3	100072605803W400	662	298	330	375	423	437	450	465	480	491	510	525	575		585
357	8	27	58	3	100082705803W400	661.9	298	328	381	420	430	440	465	481			540			583
358	6	30	58	3	100063005803W400	644	300	330	382	420	427	435	447	485	495	514	527	563	580	613
359	7	33	58	3	100073305803W400	647.2	297	329	378	419	434	445	465	482	495	515				604
360	12	36	58	3	100123605803W400	642.7	303	334	384	422	430			468	485	495	511	529		595
361	1	2	58	4	100010205804W400	642.7	303	334	384	422	430			467	484	498	528			609
362	6	6	58	4	100060605804W400	654.9	311	343	390	433				458	475	495	505	525		
363	10	9	58	4	100100905804W400	650.6	305	338	380	425	435			465	480	490				
364	15	11	58	4	100151105804W400	636.4	290	320	370	411	425			455	473	485				
365	15	17	58	4	100151705804W400	721	383	415	467	503	515	528	547	564	575					660
366	7	21	58	4	100072105804W400	658.3	314	344	396	434	445	462	474	492	501					610
367	5	26	58	4	100052605804W400	659	321	351	401	442	451	461	478	496	506					637
368	6	4	58	5	100060405805W400	653.6	315	343	395	431	440									
369	16	13	58	5	103161305805W400	670.4	325	357	405	446	457	469	485	504			552			
370	10	36	58	5	1AA103605805W400	600.3	257	287	335	374	382	393	418	435	446	470	485	515	525	555
371	7	1	58	6	100070105806W400	684.3	347	376	425	463				510	525	535	557	574		
372	7	19	58	6	100071905806W400	642.7	321	350	400	435	445			475	490	501	520	535	571	585
373	11	29	58	6	100112905806W400	642.3	316	345	395	434	444	456	473	485	495	517	528	560	570	
374	4	5	58	7	100040505807W400	684.9	382	412	460	497	506	515	535	560	567	595	610	650	660	
375	12	24	58	7	100122405807W400	579	265	295	345	383	390	407	425	440	448	475	495			570
376	6	26	58	7	100062605807W400	641.8	324	353	405	442	452	465	481	500	510	536	548	591	601	
377	5	1	58	8	100050105808W400	605	305	335	386	417	430	450	467	482	492	510	525	574	584	615
378	5	10	58	8	100051005808W400	654.7	357	386	435	475	485	505	518	533	540	555	569	620	630	
379	6	12	58	8	100061205808W400	599.5	302	332	387	416	430			459	472	480	497	509	555	567
380	14	16	58	8	100141605808W400	650.7	358	388	435	470	480	499	510	530	537	556	570	615	630	657

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T						
	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB.	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MCX	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	ULLO	QAM	WAB	DIN	DEV						
1																										
382	11	17	58	8	100111705808W400	649.4	357	387	440	470	483		512	530	539	560	575			626	665					
383	15	18	58	8	100151805808W400	650.8	355	385	425	469	480		510	525	535	555	564	615			655					
384	15	19	58	8	100151905808W400	650	357	387	440	471	481		515	531												
385	12	21	58	8	100122105808W400	645.8	351	380	431	464	475		495	510	525	532	550	560			612	654				
386	14	28	58	8	100142805808W400	642.5	350	380	425	462	474			525	535	555	576	616			626	646				
387	9	8	59	1	100090805901W400	676.9	341	371	421	461	471		500	513	525	540	560				600	642				
388	14	16	59	1	100141605901W400	641.4	303	332	384	425	433		448	468	484	500	517	530	572			583	608			
389	3	19	59	1	100031905901W400	622.5	266	297	350	388	395		425	448	456	473	485									
390	11	21	59	1	100112105901W400	612.2	270	300	350	386	395		409	427	443	455	476	492	525			538	562			
391	8	22	59	1	100082205901W400	623.4	288	317	375	412	424		440	460	475							527	555	565		
392	16	31	59	1	100163105901W400	640.8	307	339	398	435	445		460	475	490											
393	11	5	59	2	100110505902W400	676.7	315	350	397	435	450		464	480	498	510										
394	11	6	59	2	100110605902W400	673.8	312	346	395	435	448		435	455	472	483										
395	5	13	59	2	100051305902W400	651.5	292	321	375	415			426	445	461	475	492	504								
396	7	15	59	2	100071505902W400	644	281	312	361	402	415			452	470	478										
397	7	16	59	2	100071605902W400	651.3	288	318	370	409				482	498	510										
398	14	17	59	2	100141705902W400	648.4	287	318	367	405	413		423	450	467	475	490	507	555			565	580			
399	14	18	59	2	100141805902W400	650.6	287	318	367	403			424	450	467	476						518	558	567	578	
400	11	19	59	2	100111905902W400	623.4	259	290	347	383	395		425	440	450	470						530	540	559		
401	8	21	59	2	100082105902W400	641.9	275	305	361	395			415	440	455	464	482							545	555	
402	15	23	59	2	100152305902W400	630.3	263	294	346	384	391		405	425	443	450										
403	10	24	59	2	100102405902W400	623.3	268	298	355	390	400		410	425	449	456										
404	14	25	59	2	100142505902W400	623	255	287	336	376	385		399	420												
405	7	27	59	2	100072705902W400	624.9	247	277	330	368	378		387	409	426	435										
406	7	28	59	2	100072805902W400	617.1	240	270	323	364	375		387	409	426	435										
407	1	35	59	2	100013505902W400	643.7	276	307	357	400	410		425	441	459											
408	9	36	59	2	100093605902W400	615.5	248	277	330	370	378		391	410	433	444										
409	11	4	59	3	100110405903W400	652.6	303	333	387	421	436		447	465	483	495						545	574	583	615	
410	10	6	59	3	100100605903W400	645.2	296	326	377	417	431		444	464	480	490	510	525	570			580				
411	6	8	59	3	100060805903W400	640.8	288	320	372	409	424		435	455	472	483	494	523	570			580				
412	11	21	59	3	100112105903W400	621.8	268	298	350	395	403		437	455								509	545	565	578	
413	6	34	59	3	100063405903W400	621	262	291	341	381	390		401									503	525	540		
414	6	9	59	4	100060905904W400	621.2	280	305	354	396	405			451	460	474	497					552	567			
415	6	12	59	4	1AA061205904W400	660	318	347	401	436	450		480	497	506	518	548	590	600			636				
416	10	19	59	4	100101905904W400	620.6	259	294	341	379	390		411	442	448	472	485	533	543			579				
417	11	20	59	4	100112005904W400	610.5	256	287	335	375	384		430	436	443	457	475	521	533			570				
418	7	22	59	4	102072205904V400	634	274	305	354	393	399		413	434	453	460	474	498								
419	7	26	59	4	100072605904W400	623	262	293	346	383	390		426	445	453	467	492	535	547			590				

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T			
USD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BES	VIK	OO	MO	WAS	SPA	CP	REX	ILO	QJM	WAB	IDIN	DEV			
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420	10	30	59	4	100103005904W400	610.8	252	283	332	369	378			418	493	453	475	515	526	570		
421	10	31	59	4	100103105904W400	588.3	293	264	314	353	363			399	415	424	437	457	497	506	549	
422	10	33	59	4	100103305904W400	613.7	253	284	340	373	382	395	415	434	441	455	478	523	535	568		
423	6	17	59	5	100061705905W400	641.3	305	334	384	425	433	451	466	479	491	506	523	567	576	616		
424	2	1	59	6	100020105906W400	670.9	337	367	416	453	465	475	495	513	520							
425	14	4	59	6	100140405906W400	615.9	282	312	356	391				430	445	455	475	492	530	540		
426	13	5	59	6	100130505906W400	598	262	292	336	376				405	422	438						
427	11	7	59	6	100110705906W400	575.9	242	272	320	357	365	380	400	415								
428	11	8	59	6	100110805906W400	577.3	244	271	320	360	370	378	399	416	425							
429	10	9	59	6	100100905906W400	581.3	245	275	320	358				384	400	420	430	443	460	500	515	
430	11	12	59	6	100111205906W400	578.2	246	277	326	365	375	386	410	425	433	448	463	502	515			
431	13	13	59	6	100131305906W400	578.9	242	272	320	358	368	380	402	417	425	455	472	510	521			
432	14	14	59	6	100141405906W400	575.4	236	266	315	354	365	380	398	412	422	441	455					
433	4	16	59	6	100041605905W400	579.5	242	271	319	360	370	380	400	417								
434	15	17	59	6	100151705906W400	577.9	235	265	312	348				390	412	421						
435	8	18	59	6	100081805906W400	579.5	240	271	322	357				381	400	415	425					
436	11	19	59	6	100111905906W400	585.1	245	275	320	361	371	381	399	416	425							
437	2	22	59	6	100022205906W400	583.9	242	270	318	358	367	380	400	417	425							
438	2	27	59	6	100062705906W400	571.5	230	260	310	347	355	365	385	405	414							
439	3	30	59	6	100073005906W400	604.5	261	288	342	377				400	425	440						
440	6	1	59	7	100060105907W400	638.6	306	333	381	421	430			454	474	482						
441	5	6	59	7	100050605907W400	639.7	323	353	403	440	450	461	485	501								
442	3	13	59	7	100031305907W400	604	273	302	348	388	397	415	435	450								
443	12	14	59	7	100121405907W400	633.7	305	330	376	416				440	456	475						
444	5	17	59	7	100051705907W400	639.9	325	354	405	438				467	485	502	506					
445	5	21	59	7	100052105907W400	640.8	318	346	391	435	447											
446	12	25	59	7	100122505907W400	620.7	284	315	358	397	410	419										
447	9	27	59	7	100092705907W400	621.9	290	320	360	402	415	425	440	460	466							
448	10	31	59	7	100103105907W400	636.1	309	338	385	421	431	450	469	484								
449	8	35	59	7	100083505907W400	609	270	300	346	381	397	405	430	444								
450	11	10	59	8	100111005908W400	615.5	304	333	378	415	425			468	475	498	510	547	555	589		
451	16	17	59	8	100161705908W400	627.5	315	345	395	430	442	460	476	490	502	520	531	571	585	610		
452	9	30	59	8	100093005908W400	623.3	303	331	381	411	427	442	457	475								
453	12	34	59	8	100123405908W400	641.8	310	339	387	424	435	445	465	485								
454	5	9	60	1	100050906001W400	608	261	291	344	392	404	412	432	450	459	490	496	542	554	615		
455	10	11	60	1	100101106001W400	586	252	285	344	386	395	405	425	440	447	470	490	525	536	612		
456	11	29	60	1	100112906001W400	564.5	220	254	313	352	367	375	400	418	430							
457	16	3	60	2	100160306002W400	622.8	250	280	337	373	379	396	415	428	440							







A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
USD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	2WS	BFS	VIK	OQ	MQ	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	ILLO	QJM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
1																				
534	12	21	61	4100122106104W400	565.4	195	226	280	314		332	351	366	381	405	418				
535	7	25	61	4100072506104W400	550.8	178	207	259	298	303	315	332	350	365	388	401	444	445		
536	7	26	61	4100072606104W400	556.4	182	214	264	304	315		345								
537	7	27	61	4100072706104W400	563.2	190	220	270	310	320		350	365	375	400	410	455	467		
538	12	28	61	4100122806104W400	556.1	185	217	267	308	320		355								
539	2	29	61	4100022906104W400	562.5	195	225	277	317	325		356	366							
540	8	29	61	4100082906104W400	557.5	187	217	267	304	311		343	360	370						
541	1	30	61	4102013006104W400	558.5	189	220	267	309	315		367	379							
542	10	33	61	4100103306104W400	563	194	226	277	314	323	335	347	363	378	402	415				
543	6	34	61	4100063406104W400	558	187	218	273	306	316			367	374	395	407	450	462		
544	6	1	61	5100060106105W400	558.1	195	226	277	315	326										
545	7	2	61	5100070206105W400	558.8	201	233	284	322	328		366	378		415			470	514	
546	3	9	61	5100030906105W400	559.2	203	235	276	320	326					395	410	455	466	512	
547	13	14	61	5100131406105W400	555.1	195	225	271	311	315		354	370		395	410	451	461	513	
548	3	15	61	5100031506105W400	555.1	194	224	275	311	314		350	366	375						
549	10	22	61	5100102206105W400	551.6	190	220	270	310	318	333	348	360	372	395	405	445	460	506	
550	3	23	61	5100032306105W400	552.3	192	222	270	310	320		350	365	380	395	410	440	450	513	
551	5	24	61	5100052406105W400	556.8	192	224	273	310	320		355	360	375	396	410	455	468	515	
552	6	24	61	5100062406105W400	556.9	193	223	271	309	316		350	365	373	395	410	455	465	515	
553	8	24	61	5100082406105W400	550.8	193	223	275	310	316		352	370	375	400	410	460	468	517	
554	6	25	61	5100062506105W400	550.7	183	213	263	303	310		350	365	375	390	400	407	450	502	
555	3	27	61	5100032706105W400	553.1	192	221	269	306											
556	11	27	61	5100112706105W400	553.2	200	233	283	317	328										
557	7	29	61	5100072906105W400	560.9	197	228	278	313	325	335	355	373	378	400	415	460	471	509	
558	12	34	61	5100123406105W400	558.1	192	223	270	310	320					395					
559	9	8	61	6100090806106W400	570.2	210	241	289	326	335					415	431	475	485		
560	6	11	61	6100061106106W400	551.1	195	225	275	310	317	326	350	367	375	395	410	455	465	478	
561	10	23	61	6100102306106W400	555.9	195	226	272	308	315	325	340	358	370	390	408	445	457	491	
562	10	31	61	6100103106106W400	550.6	194	224	274	310	315	325	340	360	375	396	408	445	458	478	
563	11	36	61	6100113606106W400	560.7	194	225	274	310	315	325	340	360	375	396	410	455	465	478	
564	7	6	61	7100070606107W400	555.3	206	233	279	317	326		360	375	390	405	420	465	477	494	
565	10	7	61	7100100706107W400	573	219	250	295	335	345		380	391	402	422	435	469	485		
566	10	16	61	7100101606107W400	560.9	200	228	275	312	325										
567	9	21	61	7100092106107W400	556.9	187	218	268	302											
568	12	28	61	7100122806107W400	566.2	198	228	280	314	325		359	373		405	420		475	484	
569	6	6	61	8100060606108W400	605.1	255	285	333	370	380										
570	10	10	61	8100101006108W400	583.7	222	252	300	335	345										
571	10	17	61	8100101706108W400	581.4	225	257	300	337	346		381	394	400	425	440	476	487	496	

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	LOL	MCL	WAS	SPA	CF	REX	ILO	QAM	WAR	DIN	DEV
572	6	22	61	8	100062206108W400	582.3	215	245	297	328	335	377	388		420	435	472	485	496	
573	11	35	61	8	100113506108W400	566.7	205	235	281	317	325	360	375		403	420	455	466	482	
574	10	5	62	2	100100506202W400	542.9	161	192	246	285	295	326	344	355	375	387	424	440		
575	10	8	62	2	100100806202W400	540.4	148	177	229	268	275	310	323	333		365	405	420	455	
576	14	12	62	2	100141206202W400	533.5	183	213	273	314	317		378	393	415	427	472	483	531	
577	7	21	62	2	100072106202W400	540.1	149	180	233	271	282	293	308	329	338	357	369	411	422	
578	15	12	62	3	100151206203W400	539.6	155	186	235	275	287		330	344	355	380	392	430	446	485
579	11	31	62	3	100113106203W400	552.3	170	201	250	290	295	310	318	335	348	359	384	394	435	450
580	14	32	62	3	100142206203W400	551.7	175	206	256	303	310		327	338	364	375	415	427	463	
581	11	34	62	3	100113406203W400	539.7	152	185	235	273	282		327	338	364	375	415	427	468	
582	9	35	62	3	100093506203W400	543.5	150	182	235	272	290	295	315	329	348	360	377	390	430	445
583	10	13	62	4	100101306204W400	542.6	160	196	251	287	295	315	329	348	360	377	390	430	445	
584	10	14	62	4	100101406204W400	555.9	180	210	260	300	307	320	335	350		386	398	450	460	
585	6	20	62	4	100062006204W400	554	177	207	257	293	300	320	335	350		386	398	450	460	
586	6	22	62	4	100062206204W400	556.1	175	206	259	290	300	324	332	347	356	379	395	430	446	476
587	11	24	62	4	100112406204W400	556	170	202	259	287	295	324	332	347	356	379	395	430	446	476
588	7	32	62	4	100073206204W400	558.3	184	214	265	303	310	325	345		377	390	430	443		
589	16	35	62	4	100163506204W400	550	167	197	250	285	293	327	345	351	377	390	430	444	485	
590	10	36	62	4	100103606204W400	550.6	170	201	253	289	297		345	351	377	390	430	444	485	
591	11	2	62	5	100110206205W400	557.7	196	227	276	314	327									
592	10	14	62	5	100101406205W400	554.7	177	208	255	293	301	327	340	355		383	395	435	450	505
593	10	16	62	5	100101606205W400	555.3	188	220	268	307	317				363	371	390	411	445	456
594	7	22	62	5	1A072206205W400	554.9	185	215	270	305	315									
595	11	17	62	6	100111706206W400	559.9	184	216	260	303	311	335	347	360	367	393	407	445	459	468
596	11	21	62	6	100112106206W400	549.2	170	201	250	288	295									
597	5	22	62	6	100052206206W400	553.8	180	210	259	298	305									
598	7	14	62	7	100071406207W400	564.1	196	226	274	313	321	336	355	373		400	418	457	468	489
599	16	15	62	7	100161506207W400	592.6	221	251	300	335	345	355	370	390		420	440	475	485	496
600	6	23	62	7	100062306207W400	554.4	176	206	254	293	299									
601	6	26	62	7	100062606207W400	553.2	178	208	256	292	305	320	339	357		385	400			
602	10	36	62	7	100103606207W400	554.4	178	215	261	298	308									
603	9	13	62	8	100091306208W400	547	186	215	266	300	315									
604	12	17	62	8	100121706208W400	588.1	222	252	298	334	345	360	380	393	400	424	440	477	487	505
605	2	22	62	8	100022206208W400	552.4	193	223	269	305	317	335	352							
606	12	29	62	8	100122906208W400	594.4	224	255	331	335										
607	11	31	62	8	100113106208W400	582.4	217	247	295	330	340	350	370	390		423	439	475	485	500
608	9	5	63	1	100090506301W400	546.5	180	208	260	308	319	331	355	370		405	420	455	464	539
609	4	11	63	1	100041106301W400	541.6	200	224	282	323	332	344	372	390	402	418	431	472	485	

	A	B	C	D	E		F		G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	OO	MO	WAS	SPA	GP	FE	IL	QM	WAR	DIN	DEV		
610	5	19	63	2	100051906302W400	544.5	158	189	243	277	285	304	322	340	355	370	379	422	430	481		
611	3	21	63	2	100032106302W400	549.9	165	195	251	286	292	300	328	343		378	393	425	440	485		
612	12	31	63	2	100123106302W400	546.8	150	180	230	273	282	300	317									
613	11	4	63	3	100110406303W400	545.7	175	207	250	291	305	337	353			385	398	435	450	497		
614	3	6	63	3	100030606303W400	547.5	165	195	247	285	292	305	325	345			375	386				
615	6	7	63	3	100030606303W400	551.2	173	203	254	290	293	313	331	348	359	380	393	437	450	500		
616	15	18	63	3	100060706303W400	559	164	193	243	283	290	316	325	345			375	387	430	440		
617	7	20	63	3	100151806303W400	550.7	157	190	238	275	284	300	319	335			368	382	422	430		
618	6	23	63	3	100072006303W400	545.1	140	170	222	263	267				303	319	334	352	363	403	415	465
619	11	25	63	3	100062306303W400	551.7	145	175	227	267	278	288	306	325	336	358	369	410	420	470		
620	3	26	63	3	100032606303W400	548.6	146	176	226	262	290				314	326						
621	10	28	63	3	100102806303W400	554.2	158	188	243	277	287											
622	2	30	63	3	100023006303W400	549	157	187	238	276	285	295	317	339	352	371	385	425	440			
623	7	35	63	3	1AA073506303W400	551.2	172	203	253	295	302				331	350	365	385	398	440	447	505
624	7	6	63	4	100070606304W400	548.3	185	217	265	305	311	325	350	365	376	390	410	452	462			
625	10	3	63	5	100100306305W400	558.6	188	220	265	309	315	330	354	371	385	401	416	453	465	517		
626	11	6	63	5	100110306305W400	543.7	175	205	253	293	300	323	337	355	370	389	401	440	451	497		
627	7	16	63	5	100071606305W400	549.6	175	210	258	295	300	310	330	346	358	384	397	437	452	498		
628	11	18	63	5	10011806305W400	556.8	183	217	267	305	310	322	345	362	377	392	407	445	460	499		
629	9	25	63	5	102092506305W400	588.9	217	250	300	339	350	364										
630	1	29	63	5	100012906305W400	551.6	177	210	259	300	314	325			352	370	381	395	410	445	460	503
631	10	30	63	5	100103006305W400	558.4	185	217	269	305	310				360	375	385	398	416	455	470	510
632	7	32	63	5	1AA073206305W400	561.9	189	223	270	310	316											
633	7	13	63	6	1AA071306306W400	558.8	190	222	272	311	319				352	368	383	400	416	452	465	504
634	10	19	63	6	100101906306W400	559	183	215	262	300	310	320	336	356			385	405	440	451	475	
635	11	20	63	6	10012006306W400	559.8	195	223	277	318	325	345	357			390	410	420	459	471		
636	8	21	63	6	100082106306W400	561.2	187	219	270	308	318	343	356	370			384	403	413	443	452	478
637	16	22	63	6	100162206306W400	563.3	186	219	266	305	312						385	400	415	449	460	494
638	9	23	63	6	100092306306W400	573.8	206	238	286	321	332				369	385	400	417	433	470	480	522
639	3	24	63	6	100032406306W400	569	195	225	275	311	324				360	380	395	413	420	455	470	510
640	10	29	63	6	100102906306W400	571.2	188	222	273	306	315	332			350	368	380	400	415	455	466	480
641	6	31	63	6	100063106306W400	581.8	195	227	276	314	323						410	425	460	470	503	
642	6	32	63	6	100063206306W400	578.4	200	233	281	320	325				355	370	382	400	415	455	465	494
643	6	33	63	6	100063306306W400	579.4	202	235	285	322	327				375	385	402	425	459	468	494	
644	7	34	63	6	100073406306W400	582.1	202	233	287	320	328	350	360	378	394	410	425	460	470	491		
645	10	3	63	7	100100306307W400	560.5	186	218	265	302	314				341	354	373	390	408	451	451	482
646	7	7	63	7	100070706307W400	560.4	188	219	265	303	308	316	342	360			393	410	445	456	487	
647	10	9	63	7	100100906307W400	546.1	178	209	257	295	300	310	334	350	365	385	400	435	451	492		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T			
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648	11	12	63	7	10011206307W400	560.5	187	218	260	302	312	320	345	362	379	396	410	445	455	470			
649	10	13	63	7	100101306307W400	564.2	193	223	265	306	316	329	346	365	383	400	420	449	461				
650	6	15	63	7	100061506307W400	560.8	184	216	262	302	308	318	335	352	369	390	405	442	452	491			
651	10	19	63	7	100101906307W400	571.8	196	226	273	310	323	334	349	370	386	401	415	452	465	496			
652	10	25	63	7	100102506307W400	569.6	190	224	273	305	310	330	340	358	367	390	412	445	455	502			
653	10	26	63	7	1AA102606307W400	565.9	190	224	273	309	315	324	350	365	375	408	415	450	465	505			
654	14	36	63	7	100143606307W400	578.6	193	224	270	308	319	335	347	362	370	397	420						
655	12	1	63	8	1AA120106308W400	567.9	192	220	270	310	318	330	345	360		410	440	450	462	475			
656	6	2	63	8	100060206308W400	562.3	191	221	265	305	308	317	340	357	395	410							
657	3	4	63	8	1AA030406308W400	569.1	202	231	280	317	335	345											
658	4	4	63	8	1AA030406308W400	566.6	199	228	277	313	336	345											
659	5	4	63	8	1AC040406308W400	566.7	200	230	275	310	334	345											
660	6	4	63	8	1AA050406308W400	568.6	201	233	283	314	334	345											
661	14	11	63	8	1AB060406308W400	567.5	194	224	270	308	319	336	347	365		400	420	453	463	490			
662	1	13	63	8	100014106308W400	572.7	193	223	271	306	317	335	355			400	420	455	467	497			
663	2	13	63	8	1AG021306308W400	578.9	202	232	280	315	326	344	364			405	429	464	476	506			
664	6	13	63	8	100061306308W400	576.7	200	228	275	317	327	341	362			405	426	460	471	503			
665	8	24	63	8	100082406308W400	578.3	200	230	277	315	327	343	362			405	425	460	471	502			
666	10	26	63	8	100102606308W400	571.4	208	238	286	327	340					417	437	472	482	521			
667	4	27	63	8	100042706308W400	579.7	206	236	280	323	329	347	372										
668	6	31	63	8	100063106308W400	584.2	214	240	289	325	337	362	375	393	406	428	443	475	484	515			
669	5	13	63	9	100051306309W400	598.1	227	254	302	339	350	365	387			427	447	481	495	515			
670	6	10	64	3	100061006403W400	548.3	163	194	250	287	296	308	329	344	358	378	390			448	492		
671	2	15	64	3	1AA021506403W400	553.7	176	205	256	289	295					337	350	362	380	392			
672	1	16	64	3	1AA011606403W400	564.3	170	200	250	293	296					337	352	368	388	399	430	440	
673	5	16	64	3	1AA051606403W400	556.2	166	197	247	282	284					332	345	360	377	390	420	430	
674	1	19	64	3	100011906403W400	594	200	230	280	320	320	355	367	381	395	411	426	466	481	532			
675	10	26	64	3	1AA102606403W400	605.3	213	247	302	340	351	368	380	399	409	428	446						
676	3	27	64	3	1AC032706403W400	600	197	228	278	318	331					365	385						
677	14	35	64	3	1AA143506403W400	642.7	236	267	320	359	370					399	414	425	453	465	515	570	
678	12	15	64	4	100121506404W400	586.8	195	227	277	317	330	340	357	372		404	422				480	537	
679	10	19	64	4	100101906404W400	597.3	208	243	285	333	347	367	381	396	407	428	445				495		
680	2	20	64	4	100022006404W400	558.1	170	204	258	292	305	317	330	350	361	378	395				355		
681	6	21	64	4	100062106404W400	574.7	185	215	267	305	320	330	345	365		400	412				470		
682	10	21	64	4	100102106404W400	580.1	190	220	272	310	323	335	348	365			413				470		
683	13	21	64	4	100132106404W400	578.5	187	218	251	308	320	341	358	373	382	407	415				472		
684	6	24	64	4	100062406404W400	581.5	193	225	275	315						345	360	379	394	407	423	463	525
685	6	28	64	4	1AA062806404W400	610.9	206	239	289	328	339					367	385	406	420	433		490	



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
LSID	SEC	TWPR	FRNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BES	VIK	CO	MCQ	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	ILO	QM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
724	10	13	64	7100101306407W400	592	208	241	287	325		345	365	386	407	430	440	475	485	521	
725	6	15	64	7100061506407W400	591.4	223	257	301	343	350	365	381	400	419	440	452	488	498	545	
726	11	16	64	71AA111606407W400	586.9	218	248	296	334	342		373	400	415	435	445	480	492	540	
727	10	28	64	7100102806407W400	608.6	227	261	310	349	357	370	397	412	430	450	460	495	506	555	
728	6	30	64	7100063006407W400	589	212	245	295	331	340	360	377	394	410		440	474	485	530	
729	15	4	64	8100150406408W400	596.2	210	241	287	326	335	351	370	386	395		431	465	475	490	
730	13	7	64	8100130706408W400	588.6	217	250	297	337	342	368	380	395	405	422	444	479	490	510	
731	10	22	64	8100102206408W400	599.5	219	251	299	337	347	361	384	402	411		448	479	491	524	
732	10	30	64	8100103006408W400	596.4	232	262	308	352	363		394	405	416		460	497	508	551	
733	6	36	64	81AA063606408W400	593.5	216	249	301	341		372	390	405			450	477	488	535	
734	6	29	64	9100062906409W400	655	285	315	360	397	408	425	440	460		495	510	540	550		
735	8	14	65	210081406502W400	593.4	185	217	270	310	320	335	356	372	387	405	422				
736	7	22	65	2100072206502W400	601.1	187	212	273	315	320	335	358	375	382	410	427			488	565
737	15	23	65	2100152306502W400	580.3	162	190	250	288	300	315	331	346	355	385	398			453	520
738	2	3	65	3102020306503W400	655.7	247	279	329	366	376	390	408	425	439	457	472	509	521	576	
739	7	8	65	51AN070806503W400	606	218	242	305	348	360	370	383	400	415		455			494	
740	3	17	65	31AA031706503W400	602.2	197	230	284	317	327	335	355	370	380	400	421				
741	10	18	65	31AA101806503W400	601.2	195	225	274	310	324	335	350	367	375	400	417	475	485		
742	6	29	65	31AA062906503W400	609.3	184	220	265	305	320	340	356	371	381	400	415	455	465		
743	6	32	65	31AA063206503W400	617.5	155	223	270	310	323	335	355	370	379	410	425			480	
744	13	1	65	4110130106504W400	601.5															
745	5	3	65	4100050306504W400	614.3	202	233	280	325	333			380	400	415	430			489	
746	1	9	65	4100010906504W400	618.7	202	233	282	322	332	345	363	380	390	414	430			482	
747	5	10	65	4100051006504W400	616.2	200	231	280	322	334	344	364			420	433			485	
748	5	11	65	4100051106504W400	601.8	194	220	276	312	326	334	354			405	420			470	
749	13	12	65	4103131206504W400	606.3	193	225	274	310		335	354			420					
750	1	16	65	4100011606504W400	606.7															
751	16	16	65	4100161606504W400	614.3															
752	10	21	65	4100102106504W400	615.8															
753	12	22	65	4100122206504W400	615.3															
754	3	23	65	41AA032306504W400	609.6	193	219	270	306	318	332		369	382	403	416			500	
755	2	24	65	4105022406504W400	611															
756	12	24	65	4100122406504W400	612.9	190	225	275	315						410	425			475	
757	9	25	65	4100092506504W400	628.2	192	220	266	306		331	345			420				469	
758	14	28	65	41AA142806504W400	610.6															
759	10	29	65	41AA102906504W400	619.8	190	224	271	310	315	332	354	367	385	405	420			461	505
760	1	32	65	41AA013206504W400	618.1	187	221	268	306	314	337				397	410			480	524
761	14	34	65	41AA143406504W400	622.1	195	223	277	311	324	335	355	370	379	406	422			478	529



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
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1	7	5	65	5 1AA070506505W400	642.1	242	275	329	363	370	389	410	426	446	461	480			525	574
762	3	6	65	5 100030606505W400	645	243	276	325	362	373			429	450	470	482	515	525		
763	2	7	65	5 100020706505W400	645.2	238	269	323	355	365	380	405	422							
764	7	8	65	5 1AA070806505W400	642.1	234	265	313	352	361	371	402	419	436	455	472			520	570
765	7	9	65	5 1AA070906505W400	646.2	235	268	318	355	365	385	405	420	437	455	473			522	570
766	7	9	65	5 1AA070906505W400	642.7	227	262	308	346	355				445	462	500	510	566		
767	11	14	65	5 10011406505W400	659.6	250	282	335	371	380	390	408	430	445	465	482	524	535	587	
768	6	15	65	5 1AA061506505W400	640.9	235	267	317	363	373	385	403				470	508	519	562	
769	9	17	65	5 1AA091706505W400	651.2	243	277	322	360	370			410	425	445	462	477	510	521	564
770	14	18	65	5 100141806505W400	648.5	238	270	320	354	365	380	401	425	438	454	469	505	515	568	
771	11	21	65	5 1AA112106505W400	644.8	225	257	305	342	353	373	392		430	445	457	495	508		
772	14	29	65	5 1AA142906505W400	655.9	246	276	326	361	371	390	410	425	445	460	473	508	521	562	
773	7	30	65	5 100073006505W400	650.4	230	262	308	348	358	375	394	410	434	446	460	495	508	550	
774	7	31	65	5 100073106505W400	639.8	220	250	301	338	348			385	402	420	435	447	489	500	545
775	10	33	65	5 100103306505W400	654	247	280	329	365	375	390	410	430	448			483	515	525	545
776	11	1	65	6 1AA110106506W400	647.7	243	276	325	364	373	391	410	428	447	460	478	510	520	540	
777	2	2	65	6 100020206506W400	644.2	241	273	323	358	366	386	406	422	441	462	470	508	520	539	
778	2	3	65	6 100020306506W400	647.3	246	276	325	360	370	390	410	425	442			472	510	521	550
779	11	10	65	6 100111006506W400	646.5	245	278	323	361	370	387	407	423	441	457	472	510	520	536	
780	11	11	65	6 100111006506W400	644.6	240	270	315	356	366	385	405	420	440	459	471	505	515	540	
781	5	12	65	6 100051206506W400	645.5	238	272	316	355	366	385	405	422	442	459	471	505	514	558	
782	11	13	65	6 100111306506W400	641.6	233	265	314	350	360	378	400	415	435	454	465	498	510	547	
783	7	24	65	6 100072406506W400	636.7	225	255	301	341	350	370	390	406	425	440	452	488	500	533	
784	10	25	65	6 100102506506W400	634.1	226	257	306	345	355	370	390	410	425	440	452	490	500	535	
785	6	27	65	6 100062706506W400	694	302	334	378	418	433	445	469	485	500	518	538	569	579		
786	11	30	65	7 100113006507W400	644.2	262	294	337	375	385	405	424	441	455	471	485	520	528	584	
787	10	30	65	8 100103006508W400	637.6	270	301	338	375				445	463	480	497	529	538	596	
788	12	6	65	9 100120606509W402	606.9	240	270	314	347			377	402	420	435	450	465	500	508	567
789	11	9	65	9 10010906509W400	617.8	242	274	320	358	375	385	405	417	435	450	462	499	508	560	
790	10	13	65	9 100101306509W400	602.2	233	263	303	346	355	370	391	409	426	440	456			499	552
791	9	16	65	9 100091606509W400	602.1	195	219	280	331	343				416	428	440			497	
792	12	5	66	1 100120506601W400	609.9	204	229	291	331	352				421	433	443			497	585
793	7	17	66	1 100071706601W400	609.9	190	215	271	313	327	340	360	380	393	410	430			485	564
794	11	4	66	2 100110406602W400	612.9	198	226	282	326			378	399	418	436	451				
795	7	17	66	2 1AA071706602W400	621	204	236	288	331	340	350	389	405	420	436	448	492	500	573	
796	8	19	66	2 1000P*906602W400	620.3	198	235	282	308			383	396	415	433	448	492	500	572	
797	6	22	66	2 100062206602W400	616.5	193	227	276	325	336	350	368	385	396	415	437	475	485		
798	7	26	66	2 100072606602W400	616.5	193	227	276	325	345	360	383	395	412	425	442				
799	13	34	66	2 100133406602W400	616.5	193	219	276	325	345	360	383	395	412	425	442				

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T
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801	11	12	66	3	1AA111206603W400	610.6	191	225	270	331	350	377	400	414	430	446	459		509
802	6	24	66	3	100062406603W400	616.4	197	231	276	331	340	376	390	408	425	440	485	495	567
803	13	3	66	4	1AA130306604W400	610.9	199	232	284	297	307	329	342		369	389	406	450	461
804	15	5	66	4	1AA150506604W400	625	213	246	298	312	323	346			397	414	467	473	527
805	3	9	66	4	1AA030906604W400	625.4	193	226	277	314	324				407	423	467	475	527
806	5	14	66	4	1AA051406604W400	633	201	231	283	319	335		380	400	415	433			
807	11	18	66	4	1AA11806604W400	643	208	241	288	333	340	370	387	407	420	435	465	475	542
808	7	30	66	4	100073006604W400	655.6	212	244	289	337	341		396	415	430	443	486	496	544
809	16	4	66	5	100160406605W400	640.3	217	250	296	330	340	370	380	397	420	432	447	490	500
810	10	5	66	5	1AA100506605W400	644.2	223	255	305	345	352	370	390	405	420	437	452	490	502
811	6	6	66	5	100060606605W400	641.7	222	255	297	338	350	360	378	394	406	430	450	490	502
812	8	7	66	5	100080706605W400	641.8	216	250	300	340	349	383	402	421	431	447	484	494	
813	12	8	66	5	1AT120806605W400	637	221	255	302	338	347	375	385	403	422	432	448	485	495
814	15	10	66	5	102151006605W400	642.8	211	248	296	330	342		395	416	427	444	482	495	532
815	7	14	66	5	1AA071406605W400	639.7	208	245	293	328	341		394	413	425	440		488	542
816	10	15	66	5	100101506605W400	640.6	214	250	297	337	347		401	413	435	449	480	490	534
817	1	16	66	5	100011606605W400	643.5	215	250	295	335	347		404	415	426	442	492	502	530
818	13	22	66	5	100132206605W400	644.6	206	240	287	327	337			406	421	439	480	485	529
819	10	24	66	5	100102406605W400	650.4	212	244	293	330	345			410	424	439	483	490	
820	7	26	66	5	100072606605W400	652.3	213	244	291	330	342		398	413	425	441	485	497	549
821	7	27	66	5	100072706605W400	651.4	210	241	291	330	342		400	411	425	440	475	485	540
822	6	33	66	5	100063306605W400	645.6	206	237	285	328	340				406	430			
823	6	34	66	5	100063406605W400	648.9	212	244	289	330	340	352			414	438	481	491	
824	10	36	66	5	100103606605W400	664.6	225	255	303	341	355		410	415	430	455	495	505	
825	7	11	66	6	100071106606W400	635.3	215	247	293	334	346		400	410	425	437	480	490	515
826	2	12	66	6	100021206606W400	633.5	209	244	285	326	335		366	384	396	411	436	462	472
827	6	13	66	6	100061306606W400	640.7	217	249	295	330	340		390	402	417	443	480	490	517
828	11	15	66	6	100111506606W400	633	208	240	286	328	342				413	435	475	485	510
829	6	24	66	7	100062406607W400	631.2	221	253	299	332	341	354	369	387	399	418	436	479	489
830	5	28	66	7	100052806607W400	635.8	221	253	299	337	346	357	378	393	405	427	442	488	498
831	6	8	66	8	100060806608W400	658.5	271	300	347	384	396	413	433	448	457	477	492	536	546
832	9	10	66	8	100091006608W400	599.9	203	237	278	315	327		355	375	385	404	425	462	470
833	8	18	66	8	100081806608W400	649.5	254	285	325	362	375				455	478	512	520	574
834	10	19	66	8	100101906608W400	640.6	242	272	319	353	365	385	405		450	465	502	509	565
835	4	31	66	8	100043106608W400	625.3	225	257	296	335	345	370	388		436	449	482	488	545
836	12	8	67	1	100120806701W400	613.4	197	219	281	321	335			404	421	437		482	567
837	7	8	67	2	100070806702W400	648.1	225	250	310	350						475		519	605

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
USD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	LOI	MCJ	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	ULO	QUM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
838	9	11	67	2 100091106702W400	622.9	196	220	286	322	333	343	366	386	400	420	440			490	563
839	3	18	67	2 100031806702W400	674.6	240	265	320	365	375	385	405	430	455	475	490	532	539	608	
840	10	29	67	2 100102906702W400	710.7	265	285	345	384	400	414	430	450	465	492	508	545	560	637	
841	6	34	67	2 100063406702W400	689.6	240	260	327	367	385	397	410				488	525	542	613	
842	11	2	67	3 100110206703W400	662.7	225	250	307	346	360	371	388			450	464	500	512	570	
843	11	4	67	3 100110406703W400	657.8	215	244	296	335	350			404	415	435	449	485	499	555	
844	11	6	67	3 100110606703W400	676	230	255	310	347	359	370		423	435	452	465	503	510	568	
845	10	8	67	3 100100806703W400	678	228	257	309	348	362			430	430	450	464	495	505	576	
846	11	11	67	3 100111106703W400	686.6	245	270	330	366	380	392	410	428	443	470	483	525	535	590	
847	10	14	67	3 100101406703W400	701	263	287	348	385	402			450		490	506	538	550	607	
848	7	22	67	3 100072206703W400	681.1	227	250	308	348	360				427	445	456	498	508	558	
849	6	23	67	3 100062306703W400	700	248	273	333	387	396										
850	11	26	67	3 100112606703W400	692.5	243	266	323	362					455	475	485	515	532	600	
851	10	28	67	3 100102806703W400	682.5	221	244	298	339	350				428	445	455		510	557	
852	6	30	67	3 100063006703W400	673.6	205	229	284	321	330	345	371	385	410	425	435		480	543	
853	7	31	67	3 100073106703W400	680.3	210	233	288	330	340	358		392	410	425	435		473	540	
854	7	36	67	3 100073606703W400	704.3	255	278	335	376	393	410				480	495	532	546	615	
855	10	2	67	4 100100206704W400	697.1	253	278	333	371	380			437	443	460	487	525	535	589	
856	10	3	67	4 100100306704W400	699	252	282	332	368	381	395		440	458	475	485	521	530	588	
857	7	4	67	4 100070406704W400	693.9	252	282	331	370	383			440	460	475	485	516	526	586	
858	10	5	67	4 1AG100506704W400	686.5	244	276	324	362	375			434	450	464	477	514	524	580	
859	10	6	67	4 100100606704W400	675.4	234	261	312	360	370			422	439	452	465	503	513	566	
860	10	7	67	4 100100706704W400	686.3	242	270	321	365	374			432	447	460	474	510	525	569	
861	10	8	67	4 100100806704W400	701	258	288	337	377	388			450	464	480	491	530	540	588	
862	9	9	67	4 100090906704W400	703.8	253	283	335	375	387			450	464	478	490	520	530	595	
863	10	10	67	4 100101006704W400	703.4	256	286	337	371	385	405	420	440	462	475	488	518	530	598	
864	2	12	67	4 100021206704W400	682.9	232	257	309	347		390	409	422	437	453	464	501	515	570	
865	6	14	67	4 100061406704W400	698.1	250	280	329	379	385	405	431	445	455	470	482	520	530	585	
866	7	16	67	4 100071606704W400	709.6	263	293	343	392	404	415	432	452	465	480	495	532	545	595	
867	6	17	67	4 100061706704W400	694.4	250	280	329	371	380	395	420	440	455	470	482	520	535	580	
868	10	20	67	4 100102006704W400	699.9	242	272	323	365	375			411	428	450	465	475	507	530	567
869	11	24	67	4 100112406704W400	678.6	214	243	291	330		367	384	398	422	435	448	481	491	552	
870	10	26	67	4 100102606704W400	698.3	234	256	310	350	372	390			445	448	470	517	527	575	
871	11	28	67	4 100112806704W400	699	235	265	310	351	360	373	388	405	420	448	470	503	513	565	
872	15	30	67	4 100153006704W400	684.3	220	252	302	338	351	361	378	395	410	436	457	493	500	553	
873	7	33	67	4 100073306704W400	701.6	232	262	313	350	360	374	396			458	470	505	515	570	
874	11	2	67	5 100110206705W400	663.9	224	255	302	341		365	382	395	414	430	455	492	504	553	
875	13	3	67	5 100130306705W400	657.6	216	247	296	336	350				423	445					

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
USD	SEC	TWPL	ENG	IDENTIFIEER	KB.	2WS	BES	VIK	LOL	MOL	WAS	SPA	GP	REP	ULO	QJM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
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878	8	7	67	5	100080706705W400	652.9	212	243	291	330	344	355			425	444	465	502	512	
879	11	12	67	5	100111206705W400	672.9	232	262	313	354	364	380			418	438	460	490	502	
880	11	14	67	5	100111406705W400	677.6	223	255	307	342	357				426	446	482	494	540	
881	6	16	67	5	100061606705W400	660	215	245	290	332	345				415	430	440	477	487	
882	7	18	67	5	100071806705W400	653.4	205	235	283	322	335	350			410	425	447	476	486	
883	10	22	67	5	100102206705W400	669.5	207	242	290	331	343				413	435	453	485	495	
884	7	25	67	5	100072506705W400	677.6	217	247	298	335	361	380			412	432	455	489	506	
885	7	30	67	5	100073006705W400	667.6	223	253	298	335	350	365			410	428		478	535	
886	10	33	67	5	100103306705W400	671	207	237	287	328	335	350	365		410	428		490	527	
887	3	1	67	6	1AA030106706W400	646.1	205	238	284	320	333	361	378	390	411	435		480	490	
888	11	2	67	6	100110206706W400	647.8	208	240	288	325	335	345	365	381	395	414	435	480	490	
889	12	3	67	6	100120306706W400	653.2	215	245	293	330	342	355	380		405	424	449	484	492	
890	11	5	67	6	100110506706W400	656.2	224	254	303	340	352	363	380	402	415	433	455	490	500	
891	10	12	67	6	100101206706W400	652.2	211	243	288	327	340	350	372	387	400	425	443	480	491	
892	5	13	67	6	100051306706W400	648.8	202	235	280	320	328				375	390	400	415	438	
893	5	14	67	6	100051406706W400	657.7	216	248	291	328	340				415	432	450	485	495	
894	6	15	67	6	100061506706W400	664.6	229	260	308	345	352	366	385		438	459	500		520	
895	7	25	67	6	100072506706W400	670.4	229	259	302	342	352	368	382			445	475	485	520	
896	10	27	67	6	100102706706W400	656.8	212	245	294	330	347	368	382			416	435	456	498	
897	2	29	67	6	100022906706W400	662.7	225	256	303	341	357	375			416	435	456	498	510	
898	13	1	67	7	100130106707W400	651.7	225	258	302	340	349	365	380	398	408	430	450	490	500	
899	11	5	67	7	100110506707W400	625.2	205	238	282	321	332	345	365	382	395	415	435	470	480	
900	5	18	67	7	100051806707W400	625	201	234	279	320	330	340	358	375	385	405	428	470	477	
901	3	25	67	7	100032506707W400	649.9	218	250	295	340	350	360	400		430	448	490	500		
902	12	31	67	7	100123106707W400	608.9	180	213	257	305	320	333	352	368	404					
903	13	34	67	7	100133406707W400	763	327	360	404	442	450	466	482	500	510	530	550	597	607	
904	14	1	67	8	100140106708W400	600.9	185	218	263	300	310				343	356	368	390	418	
905	6	13	67	8	100061306708W400	650.7	228	262	305	343	350	372	385	400	412	430	452	490	501	
906	12	14	67	8	100121406708W400	621.7	203	236	281	319	327				360	375	389	405	428	
907	7	22	67	8	100072206708W400	619.2	202	235	284	325	330	349	370		410	430	473	485	535	
908	3	25	67	8	100032506708W400	610.3	183	215	258	300	306	315	334	350		405		447		
909	10	29	67	8	100102906708W400	643.6	225	257	297	335	345	370			410	432	445	455	489	
910	8	36	67	8	100083606708W400	613.2	188	220	265	305	311	320	343	360	377	390	410		470	
911	11	8	68	1	100110806801W400	669.8	270	288	353	394	410	423	440	454			516		565	
912	10	8	68	2	100100806802W400	747.7	298	318	378	417	439	452	465	480			540		580	
913	9	11	68	2	100091106802W400	686	237	255	322	360	375	391	407	421			485		535	

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	IGP	REX	LLO	QAM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
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915	6	26	68	2100062606802W400	713.9	279	295	360	396	405	421	440	452		510			560	627	
916	11	29	68	2100112906802W400	729.1	279	297	364	399	413	427	445	460		495	520		570	627	
917	9	5	68	3100090506803W400	709	235	258	316	353	374	385				450	470	505	515	575	
918	10	6	68	3100100606803W400	700.5	235	257	315	355	368					445	465	503	510	574	
919	10	8	68	3100100806803W400	715.8	218	265	317	357	370	380	400	413	425	452	472	505	515	573	
920	6	13	68	3100061306803W400	726.9	268	289	355	390	400	410	430	450	460	490	512	545	555	625	
921	7	16	68	3100071606803W400	740.1	265	285	339	379	392	421	439	449	477	495	535	545	598		
922	6	26	68	3100062606803W400	77	325	345	407	445	465	477	491	505	518	546	565	595	605	660	
923	10	28	68	3100102806803W400	752.9	288	306	368	403	415	430			470	498	515	545	557	611	
924	6	31	68	3100063106803W400	722.6	254	274	333	370	380	400			437	465	482	515	525	577	
925	11	2	68	4100110206804W400	709.4	240	262	321	360	371				425	455	471	508	520	527	
926	7	6	68	4100070606804W400	690.8	226	255	305	340	350	360	376	397	415	435	459	493	505	556	
927	6	9	68	4100060906804W400	696.5	225	249	305	345	355	378	388	401	415	441	460	495	505	563	
928	11	12	68	4100111206804W400	724.1	255	277	333	371	385	395	415	425	440	466	485	524	535	528	
929	13	16	68	4100131606804W400	704.7	232	255	310	343	365	375			423	450	467	503	513	575	
930	6	18	68	4100061806804W400	695.3	225	235	302	340	355	365	381	396	415	439	460	497	507	556	
931	7	22	68	4100072206804W400	726.1	257	278	335	372	388	405			447	475	487	532	543	590	
932	2	24	68	4100022406804W400	726.5	254	274	335	369	383				435	464	482	519	529	584	
933	10	26	68	4100102606804W400	735.7	263	284	340	377	390	400			445	470	492	530	540	590	
934	6	29	68	4100062906804W400	715	240	267	320	356	370	385			430	458	475	510	520	580	
935	11	30	68	4100113006804W400	722.9	248	279	330	368	380	395				467	485	521	531	596	
936	10	32	68	4100103206804W400	716.4	242	269	324	360	370	410				460	478	515	525	580	
937	7	8	68	5100070806805W400	694.6	234	264	314	352	365	380			431	450	470	498	508	558	
938	11	16	68	5100111606805W400	687.6	223	252	303	340	355	365	383	397	413	436	457	487	500	552	
939	15	26	68	5100152606805W400	717.2	250	280	327	365	382	397			452	468	489	520	530		
940	13	27	68	5100132706805W400	695.5	224	253	305	342	357	373			418	441	460	489	499	555	
941	11	36	68	5100113606805W400	714.2	240	269	316	358	370				446	460	480	512	522	587	
942	7	1	68	6100070106806W400	675.6	225	255	309	351	361					440	460	488	498		
943	7	5	68	6100070506806W400	663.9	222	252	298	336	355	365	382	395	405	432	455	485	494	539	
944	5	13	68	6100051306806W400	699.6	245	277	325	360	375				442	465	485	512	522	575	
945	7	15	68	6100071506806W400	697	246	277	322	361	373	390				460	482	510	520	575	
946	8	17	68	6100081706806W400	688.5	240	270	312	353	366					450	473	500	510	565	
947	9	20	68	6100092006806W400	701.3	247	278	322	364	375	390				460	480	509	519	575	
948	10	29	68	6100102906806W400	699.1	244	274	317	358	370	385				455	475	503	513	566	
949	14	5	68	7100140506807W400	611.8	172	204	247	285	297	310	325	350	366	389	408	431	441	508	
950	12	18	68	7100121806807W400	623.3	186	219	265	300	310				345	360	380	400	422	450	523
951	6	26	68	7100062606807W400	636.5	190	217	263	300	317	330				400	425	450	460	513	

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LSO	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER																			
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954	15	5	68	8	100150506808W400	671.5	247	279	325	360						435	459	480	515	525			
955	11	14	68	8	100111406808W400	647.9	214	245	292	327	335	350	366	382	400	429	448	480	485	485	541		
956	16	21	68	8	100162106808W400	649.8	217	248	288	325	343	355				403	430	448	477	487			
957	1	26	68	8	100012606808W400	605.7	164	195	239	275	285					320	334	353	377	400	425	435	493
958	13	30	68	8	100133006808W400	731.7	300	330	372	410	425					492	510	530	570	580	580	621	
959	10	27	69	3	100102706903W400	710.9	255	275	331	371	385	400	415				465	480	529	535			
960	5	4	69	4	100050406904W400	728.1	255	283	337	373	390						470	490	528	538	610		
961	6	6	69	4	100060606904W400	699.3	229	257	308	353							445	463	497	507	590		
962	5	15	69	4	100051506904W400	714.5	244	270	324	357	375	390				425	437	460	478	505	515		
963	6	17	69	4	100061706904W400	695.3	217	244	296	330	345	360					430	445	475	485	547		
964	6	19	69	4	100061906904W400	691.6	215	240	290	328	342	355					422	440	475	485	547		
965	6	32	69	4	100063206904W400	689.6	205	231	289	323	330	345					415	430	464	474	538		
966	6	2	69	5	100060206905W400	694.6	230	256	308	345	360	373				430	445	463	496	506	573		
967	7	4	69	5	100070406905W400	683.8	217	245	292	335	345	360				425	433	453	482	492	550		
968	8	9	69	5	100080906905W400	681.6	212	238	292	328	345	357				415	430	450	480	490	553		
969	7	12	69	5	100071206905W400	692.9	219	245	299	336	349						435	454					
970	5	14	69	5	100051406905W400	677.5	208	236	290	323	340	350				410	425	443	475	485	572		
971	6	20	69	5	100062006905W400	682.1	214	242	292	325	340	352				409	425	445	475	485	542		
972	6	22	69	5	100062206905W400	673.8	203	232	277	317	331	350				395	417	438	470	480	575		
973	5	24	69	5	100052406905W400	681.5	206	233	282	324	336	350					417	437	471	481	560		
974	8	26	69	5	100082606905W400	683.2	207	233	283	322	337	350					420	436	470	480	554		
975	8	27	69	5	100082706905W400	677.7	205	235	286	320	338	350					422	437	473	483	579		
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977	10	34	69	5	100103406905W400	677.2	202	230	280	315	330	345				400	415	432	467	477	550		
978	8	36	69	5	100083606905W400	691.7	214	240	288	335	340	353				400	425	440	477	487	557		
979	5	12	69	6	100051206906W400	719.6	254	283	327	369	382	399	411	433	448	470	490	516	526				
980	6	22	69	6	100062206906W400	714.2	248	275	325	360	375	395					463	480	515	525	584		
981	8	32	69	6	100083206906W400	688.8	230	259	303	342	358	370				430	440	459	485	495	565		
982	6	36	69	6	100063606906W400	696	235	265	310	347	365	385				433	450	467	496	506	584		
983	12	30	69	7	100123006908W400	660.6	210	239	285	318	333						428	464	475	535			
984	8	11	69	8	100081106908W400	618.9	178	210	250	290	300	311					387	435	448	502			
985	12	28	69	8	100122806908W400	666.6	224	252	293	330	345					374	392						
986	12	31	69	8	100123106908W400	687.1	247	277	315	355	372	385					455	505	515	548			
987	7	17	70	3	100071707003W400	689.7	207	235	285	323	337	352	365			395	410	435		476			
988	7	16	70	4	100071607004W400	680.5	196	222	271	322	332	345	360	385		413	430	475	486	512			
989	11	30	70	4	100113007004W400	676.3	191	218	263	305	320	339				410	425	460	470	513			

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T		
	LSO	SEC.	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB.	2WS	BES.	VIK	OO	MO	WAS	SPA	GP	HEX	ILLO	Q.M	WAB	DIN	DEV		
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990	5	9	70	5	100050907005W400	682	208	238	280	324	332	350				420	437	480	490	542	542	
991	7	14	70	5	100071407005W400	680.4	198	225	276	311	326	341				414	430	475	484	532	532	
992	5	19	70	5	100051907005W400	671	203	233	275	314	330	345				395	410	428	470	476	545	
993	7	20	70	5	100072007005W400	684.3	210	240	287	321	335	350				405	420	436	480	491	553	
994	6	33	70	5	100063307005W400	657.5	188	210	257	296	310	329				400	420	438		480	557	
995	9	12	70	6	100091207006W400	678.8	211	238	288	324	340	353				410	428	445		486	551	
996	8	13	70	6	100081307006W400	686.3	217	245	293	331	347	363				410	428	445		486	551	
997	5	23	70	6	100052307006W400	660.6	196	218	276	311	325	340	363	380		370	385	404	441	450	494	
998	10	33	70	6	100103307006W400	641.8	178	207	251	290	305	320				402	419	437	474	485	556	
999	9	35	70	6	100093507006W400	668.3	205	234	282	317	335	350				410	426			466		
1000	7	3	70	8	100070307008W400	643.7	200	230	270	307	320	337				400	416	444	454	510	510	
1001	12	18	71	4	100121807104W400	674.2			264	300	315	334				393	410			460	504	
1002	10	14	71	5	100101407105W400	665.6			257	294	310	325				416	432			489	539	
1003	12	16	71	5	100121607105W400	679.1			276	314	330	349				424	440			480	550	
1004	6	20	71	5	100062007105W400	681.5			286	320	335		365	385		400	424	440		480	550	
1005	11	23	71	5	100112307105W400	673.7			266	302	317	335				375	400	416		460	512	
1006	10	28	71	5	100102807105W400	679.2			275	310	327					414	429	455	465	543	543	
1007	9	14	71	6	100091407106W400	676.3			280	313	332	347				415	432	461	471	520	520	
1008	5	15	71	6	100051507106W400	671.7	200	230	275	315	330	345				411	430			475	520	
1009	9	24	71	6	100052407106W400	676.3			284	323	340	355				400	425	442	470	480	543	
1010	11	25	71	6	100092507106W400	692.8			308	344	358		395	413	424	440	458	500	510	527	527	
1011	5	28	71	6	100052807106W400	671.9			276	312	328					408	428			485	513	
1012	6	30	71	6	100063007106W400	665.2			275	310	325	347	355			390	405	424	450	460	517	
1013	11	17	71	7	100111707107W400	663.5	205	228	275	310	326					375	389	412	430	476	515	
1014	7	20	71	7	100072007107W400	664	202	230	272	308	320					387	410	425	465	475	517	
1015	10	30	71	7	100073007107W400	664.6			272	309	318	332	352	369	385	411	430			476	516	
1016	7	32	71	7	100103007108W400	657.8			259	298	311	321	345	360	377	402	420	470	480	506	506	
1017	14	6	71	8	100140607108W400	657.1	200	231	274	308	321	339				411	455	465	589			
1018	10	13	71	8	100101307108W400	666.7			278	314	328					420	465	475	520			
1019	7	17	71	8	100071707108W400	667.6	215	243	285	323	335					420	437	480	490	514	514	
1020	11	26	71	8	100112607108W400	660.5	200	227	266	302	316	325	346	365	375	390	406	457	468	510	510	
1021	7	32	71	8	100073207108W400	652.6	198	225	264	300	315		346	363	375	395	410	460	471	512	512	
1022	11	35	71	8	100113507108W400	666.9	205	235	275	312	327	340	359	375	390	415	435	470	480	518	518	
1023	16	36	72	1	100163607201W400	679.3			290	329	341					392	405	425	440	473	483	528
1024	6	3	72	4	100060307204W400	680.1				303	319					375	402	417	460	472	488	
1025	5	5	72	4	100050507204W400	677.8				301	318					377	400	415	447	457	494	
1026	11	15	72	4	100111507204W400	685.3				325	335	350				423	440	470	480	495	495	

A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	CP	IFEX	ULLO	QJM	WAB	IDIN	DEV
1028	7	28	72	4	100072807204W400	701.5				325	338	355			425	440	465	475	505	
1029	6	1	72	5	100060107205W400	674.8				296	310				397	413	440	450	498	
1030	12	4	72	5	100120407205W400	682.4				315	332				416	435	472	482	560	
1031	11	6	72	5	100110607205W400	673			273	309	323				409	425		485	531	
1032	12	14	72	5	100121407205W400	718.2			310	343	357				445	460	505	515	550	
1033	8	16	72	5	100081607205W400	702.2			293	331	345			407	430	447	497	505	555	
1034	8	18	72	5	100081807205W400	708.3			303	337	353				446	463		520	564	
1035	12	26	72	5	100122607205W400	697.8				324	337				421	437	485	497	520	
1036	12	28	72	5	100122807205W400	720.4				345	360				445	460	500	510	565	
1037	11	2	72	6	100110207206W400	674.4			273	310	323				410	428	455	465	530	
1038	12	4	72	6	100090607206W400	694.6			295	331	347				430	447	495	505	538	
1039	9	6	72	6	100090607206W400	677.7			277	314	330			397	412	437	455	485	495	566
1040	7	14	72	6	100071407206W400	706.9			299	334	347				441	460	495	509	550	
1041	8	16	72	6	100081607206W400	715.7			308	342	358				394	420	438	475	486	530
1042	3	18	72	6	100031807206W400	688.5			284	320					432	450		505	574	
1043	12	26	72	6	100122607206W400	718.2				345						450		508	560	
1044	12	28	72	6	100122807206W400	718.1			308	347						450		508	560	
1045	2	29	72	6	100022907206W400	736.3			332	367	382			434	450	466	485		525	576
1046	9	30	72	6	100093007206W400	735.8			329	366	382	400			465	485	520	530	574	
1047	10	1	72	7	100100107207W400	667.1			269	309	325	335	353			395	415		477	520
1048	10	3	72	7	100100307207W400	668.2			275	309	325	335	355				415		475	518
1049	10	13	72	7	100101307207W400	685.8			287	323	340	351	368		395	410	430		490	535
1050	10	16	72	7	100101607207W400	703.6			307	341	360	370	388			430	450	495	505	548
1051	10	17	72	7	100101707207W400	693			292	330	345	355	375			418	432		480	540
1052	10	23	72	7	100102307207W400	694.7			295	330	350		375		405	420	445		500	543
1053	10	25	72	7	100102507207W400	722.1			316	352	370		400			440	458		510	570
1054	10	26	72	7	100102607207W400	701.4			294	335	350	365	380	395	405	420	440		500	
1055	10	27	72	7	100102707207W400	696.7			293	330	345				403	420	440		495	
1056	10	29	72	7	100102907207W400	699.2			298	334	350	360				420	440		485	540
1057	11	30	72	7	100113007207W400	684.7			280	320	335	345	365			409	425		480	532
1058	11	31	72	7	100113107207W400	685.9			277	317	331	345	360			398	420		475	523
1059	10	33	72	7	100103307207W400	690.4			285	321	338		368		391	410	421		485	530
1060	11	34	72	7	100113407207W400	703.6			299	334	355		382			425	440		508	543
1061	10	1	72	8	100100107208W400	679.7			285	324	340	350	368	385		405	428		480	532
1062	10	3	72	8	100100307208W400	688.2			297	332	350	360	375			420	440		495	540
1063	10	5	72	8	100100507208W400	667			274	310	326	339	355	370	385	400	415		488	525
1064	6	12	72	8	100061207208W400	679.3			280	320	336	347	365			405	423		486	529
1065	10	15	72	8	100101507208W400	686.9			285	326	341	351	370			411	430		482	535



A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	N	O	P	Q	R	S	T	
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	
LD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	KB	2WS	BFS	VIK	COL	IMCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	ILLO	QJM	WAB	DIN	DEV	
1066	11	26	72	8	100112607208W400	683.7		277	318	335	345				410	425			490	530
1067	10	27	72	8	100102707208W400	690.7		291	326	342	355	371			415	430			490	534
1068	8	4	73	4	100080407304W400	708.3		294	329	345		370	387	400	415	430			489	515
1069	7	6	73	4	100070607304W402	719.3		305	340	354			405	415	435	450	498	498	510	531
1070	11	2	73	5	100110207305W400	693.3			310	330					409	425	477	490	512	
1071	11	5	73	5	100110507305W400	708.1			328	345		373			415	440	495	505	545	
1072	7	12	73	5	100071207305W400	703.9			320	335	350	363	381	394	410	430			485	522
1073	8	2	73	6	100080207306W400	707.7			326	340		370			430				500	554
1074	6	5	73	6	100060507306W400	715.9			341	355		377	394	407	425	448			505	549
1075	6	7	73	6	100060707306W400	716.1			343	360	375	387			415	429	450		506	547
1076	6	8	73	6	100060807306W400	705.3			330	345	365	375			400	415	438		500	540
1077	11	9	73	6	10010907306W400	689.1			308	324	335	353	373	383	402	420			475	514
1078	10	11	73	6	1001107306W400	705.4			322	335		365			425				494	586
1079	6	12	73	6	100061207306W400	705.4			327	343	360	375	390	400	420	439			505	545
1080	6	13	73	6	100061307306W400	697.7		279	320	334					391	414	432		490	544
1081	11	14	73	6	100111407306W400	697.3		286	322	340						433			495	575
1082	11	15	73	6	100111507306W400	680.9		262	301	315						415			465	505
1083	11	17	73	6	100111707306W400	680.9			304	315		348			390	416	430		467	510
1084	6	18	73	6	100061807306W400	686.3			310	325	336	351			394	415			483	515
1085	10	3	73	7	100109307307W400	723.7			355	370	380	398	412	425	441	455			518	557
1086	10	5	73	7	100109507307W400	686.2			314	330	340	359				416			480	522
1087	11	7	73	7	100110707307W400	685.1			310	330	340	356				416			475	522
1088	10	9	73	7	1001097307W400	721.2			355	370	386	400				460			532	555
1089	10	11	73	7	1001099307W400	728.6			353	365	380	395				455			515	560
1090	10	13	73	7	100101307307W400	698.4			323	339						425			490	535
1091	10	14	73	7	100101407307W400	716			340	355						445			500	546
1092	6	16	73	7	100061607307W400	733.1			370	377						463			521	570
1093	10	17	73	7	100101707307W400	726			351	367						452			512	560
1094	10	3	73	8	100100307308W400	706		308	354	370	385			426	440	460			520	548
1095	10	4	73	8	100100407308W400	696		290	327	345	355	375			416	431			492	535
1096	10	5	73	8	100100507308W400	700.7		299	337	350	363	380	395	405	423	440			498	540
1097	6	10	73	8	100061007308W400	705.5		298	336	356	370				425	440			503	550
1098	10	13	73	8	100101307308W400	696.6			328	345					415	429			483	538
1099	10	14	73	8	100101407308W400	707.5			337	352					425	441			505	536
1100	10	15	73	8	100101507308W400	714.2			344	360	370	389			422	443			500	550
1101	10	17	73	8	100101707308W400	694.1			336	352	363			405	425	440			495	535

TABLE II  
PALEOCHANNEL DATA:  
UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS:

K.B.= Kelly Bushing elevation  
TOP= top of channel  
BOT= base of channel  
COL= Colony Fm.  
MCL= McLaren Fm.  
WAS= Waseca Fm.  
SPA= Sparky Fm.  
GP= General Petroleums Fm.  
REX= Rex Fm.  
LLO= Lloydminster Fm.

. = non-applicable or non-available data

Well locations listed in bold type indicate wells with cores through parts of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval (see Appendix 1)  
All data listed are thicknesses in metres.

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSO	SEC	TWPI	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
2	7	2	53	2	100070205302W400	596							
3	7	14	53	2	100071405302W400	622			48				
4	6	15	53	2	100061505302W400	605							
5	8	22	53	2	100082205302W400	626							
6	13	23	53	2	100132305302W400	604							
7	5	26	53	2	100052605302W400	602	21					20	
8	13	26	53	2	100132605302W400	599	20					22	
9	8	27	53	2	100082705302W400	603	25						
10	11	28	53	2	100112805302W400	607		15					
11	10	29	53	2	100102905302W400	587						25	
12	10	34	53	2	100103405302W400	591		13					
13	6	4	53	3	1A0060405303W400	588		13					
14	10	6	53	3	100100605303W400	597		19					
15	6	8	53	3	100060805303W400	591		15					
16	6	18	53	3	100061805303W400	596							
17	7	6	53	4	100070605304W400	616		19					
18	11	20	53	4	100112005304W400	608		17				30	
19	4	27	53	4	100042705304W400	600		19					
20	11	31	53	4	100113105304W400	615		26				24	
21	12	20	53	5	100122005305W400	642		15				27	
22	10	29	53	5	100102905305W400	637						27	
23	7	30	53	5	100073005305W400	641		50				19	
24	2	32	53	5	100023205305W400	629		27				25	
25	1	34	53	5	100013405305W400	642		90					
26	6	36	53	5	100063605305W400	644		32				32	
27	10	3	53	6	100100305306W400	630		45					
28	6	12	53	6	100061205306W400	649		27					
29	6	24	53	6	100062405306W400	635		28					
30	6	8	53	8	100060805308W400	680		75					
31	12	9	53	8	100120905308W400	687		75					
32	6	17	53	8	100061705308W400	687	92						
33	11	18	53	8	100111805308W400	694	95						
34	16	23	53	8	100162305308W400	671		14		49			
35	16	24	53	8	100162405308W400	661							
36	7	25	53	8	100072505308W400	673		12				29	
37	11	26	53	8	100112605308W400	678							
38	10	27	53	8	100102705308W400	679		19					
39	6	30	53	8	100063005308W400	675	20					24	
40	7	36	53	8	100073605308W400	661		18					
41	10	27	54	2	100102705402W400	556		35					
42	1	28	54	4	100012805404W400	604		15		17			
43	9	31	54	4	100093105404W400	613							
44	7	32	54	4	100073205404W400	615							
45	2	33	54	4	100023305404W400	611		15					
46	7	34	54	4	100073405404W400	604		28					
47	11	36	54	4	100113605404W400	601							
48	10	1	54	5	100100105405W400	617		32				32	
49	10	2	54	5	100100205405W400	632		34					
50	6	6	54	5	100060605405W400	650							
51	10	10	54	5	100101005405W400	635	23					31	
52	2	11	54	5	100021105405W400	625		15				30	
53	6	15	54	5	100061505405W400	633	15						
54	11	16	54	5	100111605405W400	645		11					
55	10	18	54	5	100101805405W400	636		52					
56	10	19	54	5	100101905405W400	631				5			
57	10	20	54	5	100102005405W400	620	35					23	
58	7	21	54	5	100072105405W400	628		18				24	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
59	6	22	54	5	100062205405W400	624						30	
60	11	27	54	5	100112705405W400	626							
61	11	29	54	5	100112905405W400	627	22						
62	10	30	54	5	100103005405W400	637	15					35	
63	6	32	54	5	100063205405W400	630	13					38	
64	10	1	54	6	100100105406W400	661	28						
65	10	8	54	6	100100805406W400	663	16					33	
66	7	9	54	6	100070905406W400	641						27	
67	10	10	54	6	100101005406W400	647		37				30	
68	7	15	54	6	100071505406W400	652		18				30	
69	10	21	54	6	100102105406W400	660		29				26	
70	7	24	54	6	100072405406W400	657		16					
71	11	25	54	6	100112505406W400	633		31				29	
72	6	26	54	6	100062605406W400	654	10		45				
73	10	27	54	6	100102705406W400	644		47				28	
74	6	29	54	6	100062905406W400	652			35				
75	16	31	54	6	100163105406W400	649	36						
76	11	33	54	6	100113305406W400	642		43					
77	3	34	54	6	100033405406W400	657		52					
78	15	35	54	6	100153505406W400	637	48						
79	13	36	54	6	100133605406W400	656	13						
80	11	26	54	7	102112605407W400	648	57						
81	10	4	54	8	100100405408W400	640		34					
82	2	6	54	8	100020605408W400	630		20					
83	4	10	54	8	100041005408W400	662		20				33	
84	6	11	54	8	100061105408W400	653						34	
85	6	12	54	8	100061205408W400	669		30				38	
86	1	18	54	8	100011805408W400	608							
87	10	20	54	8	100102005408W400	607						34	
88	13	21	54	8	100132105408W400	606	24					31	
89	11	22	54	8	100112205408W400	617						31	
90	6	24	54	8	100062405408W400	614							
91	6	26	54	8	100062605408W400	598						32	
92	11	29	54	8	100112905408W400	596		30				28	
93	14	30	54	8	100143005408W400	583		15				33	
94	6	31	54	8	100063105408W400	579						37	
95	11	32	54	8	100113205408W400	588		20				35	
96	9	34	54	8	100093405408W400	596		27					
97	11	36	54	8	100113605408W400	617		35					
98	7	4	55	1	100070405501W400	604		29					
99	7	22	55	1	100072205501W400	617		37					
100	10	26	55	1	100102605501W400	663				28			
101	7	35	55	1	100073505501W400	659				21			
102	13	36	55	1	100133605501W400	655	56						
103	14	6	55	2	100140605502W400	595							23
104	16	8	55	2	100160805502W400	606		18					
105	10	16	55	2	100101605502W400	613	10						
106	8	17	55	2	100081705502W400	597		33					
107	6	29	55	2	100062905502W400	613		39					23
108	16	12	55	3	100161205503W400	619							
109	6	21	55	3	100062105503W400	596							
110	13	22	55	3	100132205503W400	613							
111	16	28	55	3	100162805503W400	585		16					
112	13	34	55	3	100133405503W400	576		18				40	
113	11	1	55	4	100110105504W400	598			24			27	
114	10	5	55	4	100100505504W400	609		19		27			
115	6	6	55	4	100060605504W400	618		21				30	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TW	PNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
116	6	7	55	4	100060705504W400	624		11		15			
117	7	8	55	4	100070805504W400	609				20			
118	11	9	55	4	100110905504W400	613				18		29	
119	3	13	55	4	100031305504W400	586							
120	6	15	55	4	100061505504W400	591							
121	5	16	55	4	100051605504W400	612							
122	7	17	55	4	100071705504W400	616			54				
123	9	17	55	4	100091705504W400	616			27		43		
124	11	18	55	4	100111805504W400	614						32	
125	11	19	55	4	100111905504W400	611							
126	7	20	55	4	100072005504W400	603				12		35	
127	6	21	55	4	100062105504W400	579						32	
128	12	29	55	4	100122905504W400	585			28			27	
129	14	30	55	4	100143005504W400	590	15					35	
130	6	31	55	4	100063105504W400	593			18		35		
131	7	32	55	4	100073205504W400	568	14					30	
132	11	1	55	5	100110105505W400	614							
133	14	2	55	5	100140205505W400	586							
134	11	3	55	5	100110305505W400	629							
135	11	4	55	5	100110405505W400	633						39	
136	10	5	55	5	100100505505W400	636						44	
137	7	6	55	5	100070605505W400	628							
138	11	7	55	5	100110705505W400	645						30	
139	9	8	55	5	100090805505W400	638						35	
140	13	9	55	3	100130905505W400	640	17						
141	7	10	55	5	100071005505W400	630						35	
142	4	11	55	5	100041105505W400	601							
143	2	13	55	5	100021305505W400	627	11	7					
144	16	13	55	5	100161305505W400	613		10		7			
145	8	14	55	5	100081405505W400	631							
146	13	15	55	5	100131505505W400	591							
147	6	16	55	5	100061605505W400	645		14					
148	7	17	55	5	100071705505W400	645							
149	6	19	55	5	100061905505W400	650		20		15			
150	10	20	55	5	102102005505W400	653							
151	13	21	55	5	100132105505W400	606				18			
152	7	22	55	5	100072205505W400	628							
153	11	23	55	5	100112305505W400	633							
154	10	24	55	5	100102405505W400	613				32			
155	11	25	55	5	100112505505W402	606				21			
156	6	26	55	5	100062605505W400	623							
157	6	27	55	5	1B0062705505W400	644				10			
158	7	29	55	5	100072905505W400	646							
159	12	30	55	5	100123005505W400	659		48		15			
160	12	31	55	5	100123105505W400	680		26					
161	6	32	55	5	100063205505W402	654	13						
162	7	33	55	5	100073305505W400	614						48	
163	14	34	55	5	100143405505W400	610							
164	13	35	55	5	100133505505W400	606							
165	1	36	55	5	100013605505W400	600							
166	4	1	55	6	100040105506W400	658	14						
167	14	2	55	6	100140205506W400	662	15			30			
168	16	4	55	6	100160405506W400	630	13						
169	3	5	55	6	100030505506W400	642		24					
170	16	8	55	6	100160805506W400	650							
171	10	9	55	6	100100905506W400	640							
172	7	10	55	6	100071005506W400	671	41						

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
173	7	11	55	6	100071105506W400	662							
174	6	12	55	6	100061205506W400	639							
175	13	13	55	6	1AA131305506W400	642			7				
176	7	14	55	6	100071405506W400	641	17						
177	6	15	55	6	100061505506W400	685							
178	15	16	55	6	100151605506W400	689							
179	16	20	55	6	100162005506W400	692							
180	10	21	55	6	100102105506W400	666							
181	9	22	55	6	100092205506W400	646							
182	6	23	55	6	100062305506W400	643		22					
183	8	24	55	6	100082405506W400	645				15			
184	11	25	55	6	100112505506W400	661							
185	1	26	55	6	100012605506W402	645	18						
186	8	27	55	6	100082705506W400	634				18			
187	13	28	55	6	100132805506W400	655		30					
188	10	29	55	6	100102905506W400	690		34					
189	11	31	55	6	100113105506W402	693		48					
190	9	32	55	6	100093205506W400	656		28					
191	9	33	55	6	100093305506W400	632		40					
192	11	34	55	6	100113405506W400	635	60						
193	12	35	55	6	100123505506W400	660		45					
194	6	36	55	6	100063605506W400	662		26					
195	11	15	55	7	100111505507W400	617		35					
196	6	26	55	7	100062605507W400	639		36					
197	16	27	55	7	100162705507W400	628		32					
198	10	30	55	7	100103005507W400	631		38					
199	5	31	55	7	100053105507W400	608		40					
200	10	1	56	1	100100105601W400	658	15						
201	6	6	56	1	100060605601W400	666			27				
202	7	10	56	1	100071005601W400	664			20		43		
203	10	11	56	1	1AR101105601W400	661			24				
204	6	12	56	1	100061205601W400	655	46					40	
205	14	29	56	1	100142905601W400	658		12				25	
206	7	31	56	1	100073105601W400	642		21					
207	11	34	56	1	100113405601W400	678							
208	6	14	56	2	100061405602W400	676		40					
209	15	26	56	2	100152605602W400	635		42				27	
210	13	35	56	2	100133505602W400	641			25				
211	7	36	56	2	100073605602W400	647							
212	10	2	56	3	100100205603W400	598							
213	14	3	56	3	100140305603W400	582				20			
214	14	4	56	3	100140405603W400	606	15					31	
215	16	5	56	3	100160505603W400	607		9		8			
216	11	6	56	3	100110605603W400	600		61					
217	8	7	56	3	100080705603W400	598			25				
218	14	7	56	3	100140705603W400	609							
219	8	8	56	3	100080805603W400	606		23				22	
220	16	9	56	3	100160905603W400	607	26					20	
221	3	14	56	3	100031405603W400	586			20			35	
222	11	17	56	3	100111705603W400	614		37				39	
223	7	21	56	3	100072105603W400	621		36					
224	2	22	56	3	100022205603W400	617		36					
225	6	28	56	3	100062805603W400	613		35					
226	4	32	56	3	100043205603W400	611		34					
227	10	1	56	4	100100105604W400	610		30			40		
228	11	4	56	4	100110405604W400	584		29			37		
229	2	13	56	4	100021305604W400	617		45				21	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FBX	LLO
230	11	15	56	4	100111505604W400	583					32		
231	2	25	56	4	100022505604W400	615			40			33	
232	6	30	56	4	100063005604W400	577						23	
233	6	31	56	4	100063105604W400	622							
234	8	36	56	4	100083605604W400	615						30	
235	12	1	56	5	100120105605W400	600							
236	5	2	56	5	100050205605W400	603					20		
237	10	3	56	5	100100305605W400	606							
238	1	4	56	5	100010405605W400	608							
239	6	5	56	5	100060505605W400	618			25				
240	10	7	56	5	100100705605W400	616							
241	11	9	56	5	100110905605W400	599					30		
242	4	13	56	5	100041305605W400	526		13		54			
243	7	17	56	5	100071705605W400	597							
244	2	18	56	5	100021805605W400	596		23					
245	6	19	56	5	100061905605W400	586							
246	7	19	56	5	100071905605W400	584							
247	12	29	56	5	100122905605W400	558	17						
248	11	30	56	5	100113005605W400	597	37						
249	4	32	56	5	100043205605W400	604	40						
250	9	3	56	6	100090305606W400	674	43						
251	9	4	56	6	100090405606W400	641	37						
252	11	5	56	6	100110505606W400	630	45						
253	8	6	56	6	100080605606W400	642	43						25
254	8	9	56	6	100080905606W400	652	43						
255	8	10	56	6	100081005606W400	678		55					
256	13	12	56	6	100131205606W400	678		55					
257	6	13	56	6	100061305606W400	643	40						
258	4	14	56	6	100041405606W400	681	44						
259	10	15	56	6	104101505606W400	660	30						
260	9	16	56	6	100091605606W400	652	43						
261	11	18	56	6	100111805606W400	603	35						
262	3	19	56	6	100031905606W400	561					30		
263	3	22	56	6	100032205606W400	647		44					
264	1	23	56	6	1A0012305606W400	642		36					
265	7	24	56	6	100072405606W400	545		25					
266	16	27	56	6	100162705606W400	610							
267	8	1	56	7	100080105607W400	677		44					
268	14	2	56	7	100140205607W400	609		30			41		
269	9	11	56	7	100091105607W400	639		38				35	
270	9	12	56	7	100091205607W400	625					55		
271	8	13	56	7	100081305607W400	616	13		22			25	
272	1	14	56	7	100011405607W400	625		99					
273	9	23	56	7	100092305607W400	590	20				40		
274	9	25	56	7	100092505607W400	595		21			39		
275	6	26	56	7	100062605607W400	582		32			26		
276	11	29	56	7	100112905607W400	635		33					
277	1	36	56	7	100013605607W400	602							
278	11	10	56	8	100111005608W400	631							
279	11	17	56	8	100111705608W400	630					29		
280	5	30	56	8	100053005608W400	663		35		30			
281	8	33	56	8	100083305608W400	644	19				29		
282	7	1	57	1	100070105701W400	665		15				20	
283	6	4	57	1	100060405701W400	683		60					
284	12	5	57	1	100120505701W400	672		10					
285	12	6	57	1	100120605701W400	670		16					
286	5	7	57	1	100050705701W400	638		14				23	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
287	15	9	57	1	100150905701W400	654						30	
288	12	10	57	1	100121005701W400	663		23					
289	5	12	57	1	100051205701W400	657		35					
290	6	16	57	1	100061605701W400	635		28					
291	10	17	57	1	100101705701W400	652	4.5	8					
292	14	18	57	1	100141805701W400	635		15					
293	7	22	57	1	100072205701W400	663		46					
294	6	23	57	1	100062305701W400	669		36					
295	6	31	57	1	100063105701W400	658							
296	6	32	57	1	100063205701W400	672		40					
297	10	1	57	2	100100105702W400	657		16				25	
298	8	11	57	2	100081105702W400	627	17					25	
299	15	12	57	2	100151205702W400	626		30				22	
300	10	13	57	2	100101305702W400	636		27				18	
301	2	19	57	2	100021905702W400	622		13					
302	15	23	57	2	100152305702W400	652	20					41	
303	10	25	57	2	100102505702W400	642		16					
304	10	5	57	3	100100505703W400	638	14					38	
305	16	6	57	3	100160605703W400	621						38	
306	4	10	57	3	100041005703W400	660						37	
307	5	16	57	3	100051605703W400	636		24					
308	3	17	57	3	100031705703W400	333		15					
309	13	18	57	3	100131805703W400	647	48						
310	5	32	57	3	100053205703W400	628	46					34	
311	9	1	57	4	100090105704W400	531	13						
312	10	3	57	4	100100305704W400	622	13						
313	10	12	57	4	100101205704W400	629		17					
314	15	20	57	4	100152005704W400	636		14				14	
315	2	25	57	4	100022505704W400	637		20					
316	10	29	57	4	100102905704W400	638					45		
317	16	6	57	5	100160605705W400	582							
318	10	7	57	5	100100705705W400	612							
319	9	9	57	5	100090905705W400	571		26				23	
320	9	12	57	5	100091205705W400	659		15					
321	6	14	57	5	100061405705W400	645							
322	1	18	57	5	102011805705W400	594		13				33	
323	6	24	57	5	100062405705W400	646							
324	6	26	57	5	100062605705W400	647			25				
325	11	28	57	5	100112805705W400	634			20				
326	1	29	57	5	100012905705W400	610			20				
327	16	30	57	5	100163005705W400	652		34					
328	6	32	57	5	100063205705W400	651		32					
329	6	34	57	6	100063405706W400	683			23				
330	11	21	57	7	100112105707W400	667		18				20	
331	11	22	57	7	100112205707W400	679		12					
332	11	23	57	7	100112305707W400	678		15				24	
333	16	34	57	7	100163405707W400	686	13						27
334	5	36	57	7	100053605707W400	671							
335	8	9	57	8	100080905708W400	666	25						
336	14	10	57	8	100141005708W400	668		21				26	
337	8	15	57	8	100081505708W400	686		26				28	
338	10	16	57	8	100101605708W400	679		52					
339	10	19	57	8	100101905708W400	690	58					25	
340	11	3	58	1	100110305801W400	672			33			17	
341	9	4	58	1	100090405801W400	671	11					30	
342	7	10	58	1	100071005801W400	668		15					
343	7	11	58	1	100071105801W400	671	12		20				



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	LLO
344	5	21	58	1	100052105801W400	637							
345	9	29	58	1	100092905801W400	701							
346	12	4	58	2	100120405802W400	649			30				
347	5	10	58	2	100051005802W400	670			26				
348	5	13	58	2	100051305802W400	692			23			50	
349	8	17	58	2	100081705802W400	669	14		35			21	
350	7	23	58	2	100072305802W400	683							
351	8	26	58	2	100082605802W400	682			36				
352	10	28	58	2	100102805802W400	684			30				
353	15	30	58	2	100153005802W400	670							
354	4	8	58	3	100040805803W400	621		14				30	
355	9	10	58	3	100091005803W400	598			36				
356	10	21	58	3	100102105803W400	634	15						
357	7	26	58	3	100072605803W400	662		13				30	
358	8	27	58	3	100082705803W400	662					50		
359	6	30	58	3	100063005803W400	644							
360	7	33	58	3	100073305803W400	647		10					22
361	12	36	58	3	100123605803W400	660		38					
362	1	2	58	4	100010205804W400	643		30				29	
363	6	6	58	4	100060605804W400	655	15						19
364	10	9	58	4	100100905804W400	651		30				45	
365	15	11	58	4	100151105804W400	636		30				40	
366	15	17	58	4	100151705804W400	721						38	
367	7	21	58	4	100072105804W400	658		15				24	
368	5	26	58	4	100052605804W400	659						47	
369	6	4	58	5	100060405805W400	654		35					
370	16	13	58	5	103161305805W400	670		13			36		
371	10	36	58	5	1AA103605805W400	600						24	
372	7	1	58	6	100070105806W400	684	48					21	
373	7	19	58	6	100071905806W400	643		30					
374	11	29	58	6	100112905806W400	642							
375	4	5	58	7	100040505807W400	685							
376	12	24	58	7	100122405807W400	579							
377	6	26	58	7	100062605807W400	642							
378	5	1	58	8	100050105808W400	605		20					
379	5	10	58	8	100051005808W400	655		20					57
380	6	12	58	8	100061205808W400	600		21				17	
381	14	16	58	8	100141605808W400	651		18					
382	11	17	58	8	100111705808W400	649		27					
383	15	18	58	8	100151805808W400	651		30					
384	15	19	58	8	100151905808W400	650		34					
385	12	21	58	8	100122105808W400	646		20					
386	14	28	58	8	100142805808W400	642		24					21
387	9	8	59	1	100090805901W400	677		29					
388	14	16	59	1	100141605901W400	641		13					
389	3	19	59	1	100031905901W400	623		30					
390	11	21	59	1	100112105901W400	612							
391	8	22	59	1	100082205901W400	623		15			52		
392	16	31	59	1	100163105901W400	641			4				
393	11	5	59	2	100110505902W400	677		24				35	
394	11	6	59	2	100110605902W400	674						23	
395	5	13	59	2	100051305902W400	652	20					45	
396	7	15	59	2	100071505902W400	644	13						
397	7	16	59	2	100071605902W400	651	43					48	
398	14	17	59	2	100141705902W400	648							
399	14	18	59	2	100141805902W400	651	21					42	
400	11	19	59	2	100111905902W400	623		30					42

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
401	8	21	59	2	100082105902W400	642	20						36
402	15	23	59	2	100152305902W400	630						50	
403	10	24	59	2	100102405902W400	623							
404	14	25	59	2	100142505902W400	623		14					
405	7	27	59	2	100072705902W400	625						36	
406	7	28	59	2	100072805902W400	617							
407	1	35	59	2	100013505902W400	644							
408	9	36	59	2	100093605902W400	616							
409	11	4	59	3	100110405903W400	653	14						
410	10	6	59	3	100100605903W400	645							
411	6	8	59	3	100060805903W400	641	15						28
412	11	21	59	3	100112105903W400	622		34			54		
413	6	34	59	3	100063405903W400	621			102				
414	6	9	59	4	100060905904W400	621		46					
415	6	12	59	4	1AA061205904W400	660		30					
416	10	19	59	4	100101905904W400	621		37					
417	11	20	59	4	100112005904W400	611		46					
418	7	22	59	4	102072205904W400	634							
419	7	26	59	4	100072605904W400	623		35					
420	10	30	59	4	100103005904W400	611		27					23
421	10	31	59	4	100103105904W400	588							
422	10	33	59	4	100103305904W400	614							
423	6	17	59	5	100061705905W400	641						25	
424	2	1	59	6	100020105906W400	671	12					25	
425	14	4	59	6	100140405906W400	616	24						
426	13	5	59	6	100130505906W400	598	28				37		
427	11	7	59	6	100110705906W400	576							
428	11	8	59	6	100110805906W400	577							
429	10	9	59	6	100100905906W400	581	25						
430	11	12	59	6	100111205906W400	578							
431	13	13	59	6	100131305906W400	579						30	
432	14	14	59	6	100141405906W400	575		15					
433	4	16	59	6	100041605906W400	580			4.5				
434	15	17	59	6	100151705906W400	578	42					34	
435	8	18	59	6	100081805906W400	580	25					23	
436	11	19	59	6	100111905906W400	585						30	
437	2	22	59	6	100022205906W400	584						26	
438	6	27	59	6	100062705906W400	572						27	
439	7	30	59	6	100073005906W400	605	13				30		
440	6	1	59	7	100060105907W400	639		27				52	
441	5	6	59	7	100050605907W400	640					19		
442	3	13	59	7	100031305907W400	604		18			30		
443	12	14	59	7	100121405907W400	634	25				38		
444	5	17	59	7	100051705907W400	640	30						
445	5	21	59	7	100052105907W400	641		37			30		
446	12	25	59	7	100122505907W400	621		30				30	
447	9	27	59	7	100092705907W400	622	14			20		31	
448	10	31	59	7	100103105907W400	636		19			30		
449	8	35	59	7	100083505907W400	609	16		25		31		
450	11	10	59	8	100111005908W400	616		43			25		
451	16	17	59	8	100161705908W400	628							
452	9	30	59	8	100093005908W400	623	15				30		
453	12	34	59	8	100123405908W400	642					32		
454	5	9	60	1	100050906001W400	608	14					31	
455	10	11	60	1	100101106001W400	586							
456	11	29	60	1	100112906001W400	565	14					35	
457	16	3	60	2	100160306002W400	623						59	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWPI	ENG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
458	5	8	60	2	100050806002W400	603		29		40			19
459	7	9	60	2	100070906002W400	601		32					
460	5	10	60	2	100051006002W400	600							
461	9	15	60	2	100091506002W400	597						25	
462	9	22	60	2	100092206002W400	584						25	
463	13	23	60	2	100132306002W400	576							22
464	13	26	60	2	100132606002W400	569							30
465	12	30	60	2	100123006002W400	566		52				35	
466	7	32	60	2	100073206002W400	557		15					
467	6	33	60	2	100063306002W400	555		29					
468	5	34	60	2	100053406002W400	557		20					
469	12	35	60	2	100123506002W400	553							26
470	10	22	60	3	100102206003W400	587							
471	14	27	60	3	1AA142706003W400	569		38				21	
472	6	28	60	3	100062806003W400	565		15				15	
473	2	30	60	3	100023006003W400	622							
474	10	32	60	3	100103206003W400	593							20
475	6	33	60	3	100063306003W400	568		15					20
476	6	34	60	3	100063406003W400	559	58						20
477	10	35	60	3	100103506003W400	573		15					30
478	6	1	60	4	100060106004W400	616				18			
479	10	5	60	4	100100506004W400	602							
480	9	8	60	4	100090806004W400	596							
481	10	14	60	4	100101406004W400	618							
482	8	15	60	4	100081506004W400	606							
483	12	16	60	4	100121606004W400	596			35				
484	4	23	60	4	100042306004W400	622							
485	14	25	60	4	100142506004W400	590							
486	7	29	60	4	100072906004W400	582			40				20
487	6	33	60	4	100063306004W400	566							
488	13	28	60	5	1A2132806005W400	577		11					
489	8	30	60	5	100083006005W400	587							
490	10	35	60	5	100103506005W400	563			67				
491	11	2	60	6	100110206006W400	561		20		60			
492	7	9	60	6	100070906006W400	566			30				27
493	10	18	60	6	100101806006W400	569						24	
494	6	23	60	6	100062306006W400	579		25				30	
495	10	25	60	6	100102506006W400	577							
496	10	26	60	6	100102606006W400	584			43				
497	10	27	60	6	100102706006W400	592		15					
498	5	30	60	6	100053006006W400	573							
499	6	36	60	6	100063606006W400	565						27	
500	6	1	60	7	100060106007W400	591	21						29
501	9	7	60	7	100090706007W400	577		20				36	
502	12	8	60	7	100120806007W400	577		31				35	
503	4	14	60	7	100041406007W400	595	20					23	
504	12	15	60	7	100121506007W400	551	21					30	
505	4	22	60	7	100042206007W400	539		34				30	
506	3	24	60	7	100032406007W400	604							
507	10	28	60	7	100102806007W400	538		32				30	
508	3	3	60	8	100030306008W400	613	14					40	
509	10	4	60	8	100100406008W400	616	20						
510	9	11	60	8	100091106008W400	588	16						29
511	10	13	60	8	100101306008W400	540	48					32	
512	16	15	60	8	100161506008W400	618	14						
513	8	18	60	8	100081806008W400	616		36					
514	4	26	60	8	100042606008W400	617	17						31

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
515	6	29	60	8	100062906008W400	607	21				36		
516	6	11	61	1	100061106101W400	557							
517	7	22	61	1	100072206101W400	551	43						
518	2	25	61	1	100022506101W400	546							
519	7	29	61	1	1AA072906101W400	540	31						
520	7	33	61	1	100073306101W400	543		23					
521	4	35	61	1	100043506101W400	562		10					
522	3	4	61	2	100030406102W400	55F							27
523	12	27	61	2	100122706102W400	548		30					
524	9	28	61	2	100092806102W400	549		35					
525	12	31	61	2	100123106102W400	548						30	
526	3	5	61	3	100030506103W400	605		20				17	
527	6	11	61	3	100061106103W400	564		19					
528	15	17	61	3	100151706103W400	558		25				20	
529	7	22	61	3	100072206103W400	553		85					
530	11	28	61	3	100112806103W400	552		48				20	
531	6	1	61	4	100060106104W400	584							
532	14	19	61	4	1AD141906104W400	558		55					
533	13	20	61	4	102132006104W400	562		60					
534	12	21	61	4	100122106104W400	565	18					24	
535	7	25	61	4	100072506104W400	551							
536	7	26	61	4	100072606104W400	556		30					
537	7	27	61	4	100072706104W400	563		30				25	
538	12	28	61	4	100122806104W400	556		35					
539	2	29	61	4	100022906104W400	563		31					
540	8	29	61	4	100082906104W400	558		26					
541	1	30	61	4	102013006104W400	559		40					
542	10	33	61	4	100103306104W400	563			19			24	
543	6	34	61	4	100063406104W400	558		40				22	
544	6	1	61	5	100060106105W400	558							
545	7	2	61	5	100070206105W400	559							
546	3	9	61	5	100030906105W400	559		40			33		
547	13	14	61	5	100131406105W400	555		37			25		
548	3	15	61	5	100031506105W400	555		35				21	
549	10	22	61	5	100102206105W400	552						22	
550	3	23	61	5	100032306105W400	552		30				15	
551	5	24	61	5	100052406105W400	557		39				21	
552	6	24	61	5	100062406105W400	557		34				23	
553	8	24	61	5	100082406105W400	551		36					
554	6	25	61	5	100062506105W400	551		39					
555	3	27	61	5	100032706105W400	553		80					
556	11	27	61	5	100112706105W400	553		76					
557	7	29	61	5	100072906105W400	561						21	
558	12	34	61	5	100123406105W400	558		75					
559	9	8	61	6	100090806106W400	570		79					
560	6	11	61	6	100061106106W400	551							
561	10	23	61	6	100102306106W400	556						20	
562	10	31	61	6	100103106106W400	551							
563	11	36	61	6	100113606106W400	561							
564	7	6	61	7	100070606107W400	555		35			15		
565	10	7	61	7	100100706107W400	573		35					
566	10	16	61	7	100101606107W400	561		15					
567	9	21	61	7	100092106107W400	557							
568	12	28	61	7	100122806107W400	566		25			32		
569	6	6	61	8	100060606108W400	605		25			27		
570	10	10	61	8	100101006108W400	584			25		42		
571	10	17	61	8	100101706108W400	581		35				25	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
572	6	22	61	8	100062206108W400	582		41			32		
573	11	35	61	8	100119506108W400	567		35			27		
574	10	5	62	2	100100506202W400	543		20				20	
575	10	8	62	2	100100806202W400	540		25				27	
576	14	12	62	2	100141206202W400	534		64				21	
577	7	21	62	2	100072106202W400	540							
578	15	12	62	3	100151206203W400	540							
579	11	31	62	3	100113106203W400	552		23				25	
580	14	32	62	3	100143206203W400	552						25	
581	11	34	62	3	100113406203W400	540		47				27	
582	9	35	62	3	100093506203W400	544					30		
583	10	13	62	4	100101306204W400	543		21				17	
584	10	14	62	4	100101406204W400	556		18				25	
585	6	20	62	4	100062006204W400	554		25			36		
586	6	22	62	4	100062206204W400	556		34				25	
587	11	24	62	4	100112406204W400	556		29				24	
588	7	32	62	4	100073206204W400	558							
589	16	35	62	4	100163506204W400	550		31				22	
590	10	36	62	4	100103606204W400	551		38				27	
591	11	2	62	5	100110206205W400	558		78					
592	10	14	62	5	100101406205W400	555		26			28		
593	10	16	62	5	100101606205W400	555		77					
594	7	22	62	5	1AA072206205W400	555		48					
595	11	17	62	6	100111706206W400	560		24					
596	11	21	62	6	100112106206W400	549		31				25	
597	5	22	62	6	100052206206W400	554		20			30		
598	7	14	62	7	100071406207W400	564		14			27		
599	16	15	62	7	100161506207W400	593					34		
600	6	23	62	7	100062306207W400	554		27					
601	6	26	62	7	100062606207W400	553					28		
602	10	36	62	7	100103606207W400	554		34			14		
603	9	13	62	8	100091306208W400	547	15		20		32		
604	12	17	62	8	100121706208W400	588		16					
605	2	22	62	8	100022206208W400	552	12			44			
606	12	29	62	8	100122906208W400	594	27						
607	11	31	62	8	100113106208W400	582					33		
608	9	5	63	1	100090506301W400	547			25		35		
609	4	11	63	1	100041106301W400	542							
610	5	19	63	2	100051906302W400	545							
611	3	21	63	2	100032106302W400	550					25		
612	12	31	63	2	100123106302W400	547							
613	11	4	63	3	100110406303W400	546		32		33			
614	3	6	63	3	100030606303W400	548					25		
615	6	7	63	3	100060706303W400	551		25				21	
616	15	18	63	3	100151806303W400	559		26			29		
617	7	20	63	3	100072006303W400	551					33		
618	6	23	63	3	100062306303W400	545		36				18	
619	11	25	63	3	100112506303W400	552							11
620	3	26	63	3	100032606303W400	549		24			34		
621	10	28	63	3	100102806303W400	554							
622	2	30	63	3	100023006303W400	549							
623	7	35	63	3	1AA073506303W400	551		28				25	
624	7	6	63	4	100070606304W400	548			25			15	
625	10	3	63	5	100100306305W400	559							
626	11	6	63	5	100110606305W400	544		23					
627	7	16	63	5	100071606305W400	550							
628	11	18	63	5	100111806305W400	557							

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
629	9	25	63	5	102092506305W400	589							
630	1	29	63	5	100012906305W400	552			45				
631	10	30	63	5	100103006305W400	558		42					
632	7	32	63	5	1AA073206305W400	562		44					
633	7	13	63	6	1AA071306306W400	559		33					
634	10	19	63	6	100101906306W400	559		10				30	
635	11	20	63	6	100112006306W400	560		20		33			
636	8	21	63	6	100082106306W400	561		25					
637	16	22	63	6	100162206306W400	563		73					
638	9	23	63	6	100092306306W400	574		36					
639	3	24	63	6	100032406306W400	569		37					
640	10	29	63	6	100102906306W400	571		16					
641	6	31	63	6	100063106306W400	582		87					
642	6	32	63	6	100063206306W400	578		18					17
643	6	33	63	6	100063306306W400	579		50					
644	7	34	63	6	100073406306W400	582		22					
645	10	3	63	7	100100306307W400	561		26					
646	7	7	63	7	100070706307W400	580					33		
647	10	9	63	7	100100906307W400	546							
648	11	12	63	7	100111206307W400	561							
649	10	13	63	7	100101306307W400	564						17	
650	6	15	63	7	100061506307W400	561							
651	10	19	63	7	100101906307W400	572							
652	10	25	63	7	100102506307W400	570		20					20
653	10	26	63	7	1AA102606307W400	566							34
654	14	36	63	7	100143606307W400	579		16					
655	12	1	63	8	1AA120106308W400	568		11				31	
656	6	2	63	8	100060206308W400	562							
657	3	4	63	8	1AA030406308W400	569	18						
658	4	4	63	8	1AC040406308W400	567	23						
659	5	4	63	8	1AA050406308W400	567	24						
660	6	4	63	8	1AB060406308W400	569	19						
661	14	11	63	8	100141106308W400	567		17				35	
662	1	13	63	8	100011306308W400	573					45		
663	2	13	63	8	1AG021306308W400	579							
664	6	13	63	8	100061306308W400	577					43		
665	8	24	63	8	100082406308W400	578					32		
666	10	26	63	8	100102606308W400	581		77					
667	4	27	63	8	100042706308W400	580		21					
668	6	31	63	8	100063106308W400	584		26					24
669	5	13	63	9	100051306309W400	598					27		
670	6	10	64	3	100061006403W400	548		18					20
671	2	15	64	3	1AA021506403W400	554		42					
672	1	16	64	3	1AA011606403W400	564		16					
673	5	16	64	3	1AA051606403W400	556		47					
674	1	19	64	3	100011906403W400	594		20					
675	10	26	64	3	1AA102606403W400	605							
676	3	27	64	3	1AC032706403W400	600		22					
677	14	35	64	3	1AA143506403W400	643		18					28
678	12	15	64	4	100121506404W400	587						32	
679	10	19	64	4	100101906404W400	597							
680	2	20	64	4	100022006404W400	558							
681	6	21	64	4	100062106404W400	575	15					36	
682	10	21	64	4	100102106404W400	580	7	5					
683	13	21	64	4	100132106404W400	579	5	3					
684	6	24	64	4	100062406404W400	582	18						
685	6	28	64	4	1AA062806404W400	611		18				21	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	ULO
686	7	29	64	4	100072906404W400	615						26	
687	10	29	64	4	1AA102906404W400	621							
688	11	30	64	4	100113006404W400	617		17			38		
689	15	31	64	4	100153106404W400	627	44						
690	7	32	64	4	100073206404W400	624	33						
691	10	32	64	4	100103206404W400	623	95						
692	13	32	64	4	100133206404W400	628	79						
693	11	6	64	5	100110606405W400	571		13		30			
694	6	7	64	5	1AA060706405W400	564	12						
695	8	9	64	5	1AA080906405W400	564	12						
696	10	17	64	5	100101706405W400	593		17		27			
697	3	24	64	5	100032406405W400	570		12		37			
698	5	32	64	5	1AA053206405W400	639		16		15			
699	10	34	64	5	100103406405W400	641		18					
700	14	5	64	6	100140506406W400	596	23						
701	11	6	64	6	100110606406W400	589		5			24		
702	12	6	64	6	100120606406W400	590		28					
703	16	6	64	6	1AA160606406W400	593		20					
704	3	7	64	6	100030706406W400	584		27					
705	11	9	64	6	100110906406W400	588		35		15			
706	6	11	64	6	100061106406W400	580		26			24		
707	11	14	64	6	100111406406W400	589		10				28	
708	14	16	64	6	1AA141606406W400	584		19		50			
709	6	18	64	6	100061806406W400	594		32				7	
710	2	21	64	6	1AA022106406W400	590		24					
711	12	21	64	6	1AA122106406W400	602		31					
712	3	22	64	6	1AA032206406W400	591		41			38		
713	6	23	64	6	100062306406W400	604		16					
714	3	27	64	6	1AA032706406W400	607		33					
715	9	27	64	6	1AA092706406W400	613		35					
716	9	28	64	6	1AA092806406W400	604		38					
717	7	30	64	6	100073006406W400	604							
718	11	36	64	6	100113606406W400	648			75				
719	16	1	64	7	100160106407W400	583							
720	7	3	64	7	100070306407W400	575		27		50			
721	4	7	64	7	1AA040706407W400	578		17		47			
722	11	11	64	7	100111106407W400	579	40					12	
723	8	12	64	7	100081206407W400	582		22					
724	10	13	64	7	100101306407W400	592	20						
725	6	15	64	7	100061506407W400	591							
726	11	16	64	7	1AA111606407W400	587		17					
727	10	28	64	7	100102806407W400	609		14					
728	6	30	64	7	100063006407W400	589		20				23	
729	15	4	64	8	100150406408W400	596		16				27	
730	13	7	64	8	100130706408W400	589		26				17	
731	10	22	64	8	100102206408W400	600		23				26	
732	10	30	64	8	100103006408W400	596		21				24	
733	6	36	64	8	1AA063606408W400	594	20				30		
734	6	29	64	9	100062906409W400	655					35		
735	8	14	65	2	100081406502W400	593							
736	7	22	65	2	100072206502W400	601		15					
737	15	23	65	2	100152306502W400	580							
738	2	3	65	3	102020306503W400	656							
739	7	8	65	3	1AN070806503W400	606						25	
740	3	17	65	3	1AA031706503W400	602							
741	10	18	65	3	1AA101806503W400	601							
742	6	29	65	3	1AA062906503W400	609							

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
L	LSO	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
743	6	32	65	3	1AA063206503W400	618							
744	13	1	65	4	110130106504W400	602							
745	5	3	65	4	100050306504W400	614		47					
746	1	9	65	4	100010906504W400	619							
747	5	10	65	4	100051006504W400	616				48			
748	5	11	65	4	100051106504W400	602	18			42			
749	13	12	65	4	103131206504W400	606	25			55			
750	1	16	65	4	100011606504W400	607							
751	16	16	65	4	100161606504W400	614							
752	10	21	65	4	100102106504W400	616							
753	12	22	65	4	100122206504W400	615							
754	3	23	65	4	1AA032306504W400	610							
755	2	24	65	4	105022406504W400	611							
756	12	24	65	4	100122406504W400	613	95						
757	9	25	65	4	100092506504W400	628	24			62			
758	14	28	63	4	1AA142806504W400	611							
759	10	29	65	4	1AA102906504W400	620		15					
760	1	32	65	4	1AA013206504W400	618				60			
761	14	34	65	4	1AA143406504W400	622		11					
762	7	5	65	5	1AA070506505W400	642		18					
763	3	6	65	5	100030606505W400	645		56					
764	2	7	65	5	100020706505W400	645			25				
765	7	8	65	5	1AA070806505W400	642			32				
766	7	9	65	5	1AA070906505W400	646		20					
767	11	14	65	5	100111406505W400	643		90					
768	6	15	65	5	1AA061506505W400	660		10					
769	9	17	65	5	1AA091706505W400	641				42			
770	14	18	65	5	100141806505W400	651		40					
771	11	21	65	5	1AA112106505W400	648				25			
772	14	29	65	5	1AA142906505W400	645		19		38			
773	7	30	65	5	100073006505W400	656		20					
774	7	31	65	5	100073106505W400	650							
775	10	33	65	5	100103306505W400	640		34					
776	11	1	65	6	1AA110106506W400	654		15				26	
777	2	2	65	6	100020206506W400	648			19				
778	2	3	65	6	100020306506W400	644							
779	11	10	65	6	100111006506W400	647		20					
780	11	11	65	6	100111106506W400	647							
781	5	12	65	6	100051206506W400	645							
782	11	13	65	6	100111306506W400	646							
783	7	24	65	6	100072406506W400	642							
784	10	25	65	6	100102506506W400	637		20					
785	6	27	65	6	100062706506W400	634		15					
786	11	30	65	7	100113006507W400	694							
787	10	30	65	8	100103006508W400	644							
788	12	6	65	9	100120606509W402	638	70						
789	11	9	65	9	100110906509W400	607	30						
790	10	13	65	9	100101306509W400	618	17						
791	9	16	65	9	100091606509W400	602							
792	12	5	66	1	100120506601W400	622		68					
793	7	17	66	1	100071706601W400	610		70					
794	11	4	66	2	100110406602W400	610		13				23	
795	7	17	66	2	1AA071706602W400	613	52						
796	8	19	66	2	100081906602W400	621			39				
797	6	22	66	2	100062206602W400	620	75						
798	7	26	66	2	100072606602W400	617							
799	13	34	66	2	100133406602W400	617	20						



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	LLO
800	5	36	66	2	100053606602W400	617		15				29	
801	11	12	66	3	1AA111206603W400	611		22		28			
802	6	24	66	3	100062406603W400	616							
803	13	3	66	4	1AA130306604W400	611							
804	15	5	66	4	1AA150506604W400	625			51				
805	3	9	66	4	1AA030906604W400	625		83					
806	5	14	66	4	1AA051406604W400	633		35					
807	11	18	66	4	1AA111806604W400	643		20					
808	7	30	66	4	100073006604W400	656		40					
809	16	4	66	5	100160406605W400	640		30					
810	10	5	66	5	1AA100506605W400	644		19					
811	6	6	66	5	100060606605W400	642							
812	8	7	66	5	100080706605W400	642		32					
813	12	8	66	5	1AT120806605W400	637		27					
814	15	10	66	5	102151006605W400	643		54					
815	7	14	66	5	1AA071406605W400	640		54					
816	10	15	66	5	100101506605W400	641		55					
817	1	16	66	5	100011606605W400	644		63					
818	13	22	66	5	100132206605W400	645		66					
819	10	24	66	5	100102406605W400	650		67					
820	7	26	66	5	100072606605W400	652		57					
821	7	27	66	5	100072706605W400	651		57					
822	6	33	66	5	100063306605W400	646		55					
823	6	34	66	5	100063406605W400	649			49				
824	10	36	66	5	100103606605W400	665		55					
825	7	11	66	6	100071106606W400	635		54					
826	2	12	66	6	100021206606W400	633		30					
827	6	13	66	6	100061306606W400	641		50					
828	11	15	66	6	100111506606W400	633		71					
829	6	24	66	7	100062406607W400	631		18					
830	5	28	66	7	100052806607W400	636							
831	6	8	66	8	100060806608W400	659							
832	9	10	66	8	100091006608W400	600		28					
833	8	18	66	8	100081806608W400	650		65					
834	10	19	66	8	100101906608W400	641		20		37			
835	4	31	66	8	100043106608W400	625		25		38			
836	12	8	67	1	100120806701W400	613		69					
837	7	8	67	2	100070806702W400	648		105					
838	9	11	67	2	100091106702W400	623							
839	3	18	67	2	100031806702W400	675	10						
840	10	29	67	2	100102906702W400	711							
841	6	34	67	2	100063406702W400	690				75			
842	11	2	67	3	100110206703W400	663				60			
843	11	4	67	3	100110406703W400	658		53					
844	11	6	67	3	100110606703W400	676		37					
845	10	8	67	3	100100806703W400	678		69					
846	11	11	67	3	100111106703W400	687							
847	10	14	67	3	100101406703W400	701		59					
848	7	22	67	3	100072206703W400	681		67					
849	6	23	67	3	100062306703W400	700		28					
850	11	26	67	3	100112606703W400	692	93						
851	10	28	67	3	100102806703W400	683		78					
852	6	30	67	3	100063006703W400	674			26				
853	7	31	67	3	100073106703W400	680			32				
854	7	36	67	3	100073606703W400	704			70				
855	10	2	67	4	100100206704W400	697		58					
856	10	3	67	4	100100306704W400	699			45				

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWPI	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	ULO
857	7	4	67	4	100070406704W400	694		53					
858	10	5	67	4	1AG100506704W400	687		55					
859	10	6	67	4	100100606704W400	675		47					
860	10	7	67	4	100100706704W400	686		54					
861	10	8	67	4	100100806704W400	701		55					
862	9	9	67	4	100090906704W400	704		57					
863	10	10	67	4	100101006704W400	703		20					
864	2	12	67	4	100021206704W400	683	43						
865	6	14	67	4	100061406704W400	698			27				
866	7	16	67	4	100071606704W400	710							
867	6	17	67	4	100061706704W400	694							
868	10	20	67	4	100102006704W400	700		20					
869	11	24	67	4	100112406704W400	679	37				22		
870	10	26	67	4	100102606704W400	698	23		55				
871	11	28	67	4	100112806704W400	699							
872	15	30	67	4	100153006704W400	684							
873	7	33	67	4	100073306704W400	702				62			
874	11	2	67	5	100110206705W400	664	24						
875	13	3	67	5	100130306705W400	658		51					
876	6	4	67	5	100060406705W400	650	32			38			
877	6	6	67	5	100060606705W400	668		34				25	
878	8	7	67	5	100080706705W400	653			55				
879	11	12	67	5	100111206705W400	673			40				
880	11	14	67	5	100111406705W400	678		59					
881	6	16	67	5	100061606705W400	660		52					
882	7	18	67	5	100071806705W400	653			45				
883	10	22	67	5	100102206705W400	670		67					
884	7	25	67	5	100072506705W400	678	19			28			
885	7	30	67	5	100073006705W400	668			47				
886	10	33	67	5	100103306705W400	671				45			
887	3	1	67	6	1AA030106706W400	646		18					
888	11	2	67	6	100110206706W400	648		20					
889	12	3	67	6	100120306706W400	653				15			
890	11	5	67	6	100110506706W400	656							
891	10	12	67	6	100101206706W400	652							
892	5	13	67	6	100051306706W400	649		46					
893	5	14	67	6	100051406706W400	658		60					
894	6	15	67	6	100061506706W400	665	85						
895	7	25	67	6	100072506706W400	670		14		31			
896	10	27	67	6	100102706706W400	657		21		43			
897	2	29	67	6	100022906706W400	663			41				
898	13	1	67	7	100130106707W400	652		16					20
899	11	5	67	7	100110506707W400	625							
900	5	18	67	7	100051806707W400	625							23
901	3	25	67	7	100032506707W400	650			26		30		
902	12	31	67	7	100123106707W400	609		15			16		
903	13	34	67	7	100133406707W400	763		15					20
904	14	1	67	8	100140106708W400	601		28					
905	6	13	67	8	100061306708W400	651		22					22
906	12	14	67	8	100121406708W400	522		23					23
907	7	22	67	8	100072206708W400	619		18		19			
908	3	25	67	8	100032506708W400	610					55		
909	10	29	67	8	100102906708W400	644			35				20
910	8	36	67	8	100083606708W400	613							
911	11	8	68	1	100110806801W400	670	16				61		
912	10	8	68	2	100100806802W400	748					60		
913	9	11	68	2	100091106802W400	686					64		

	A	B	C	D	E				F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER				K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
914	6	21	68	2	100062106802W400				730					55		
915	6	26	68	2	100062606802W400				714					56		
916	11	29	68	2	100112906802W400				729					60		
917	9	5	68	3	100090506803W400				709	21		60		30		
918	10	6	68	3	100100606803W400				701		66			18		
919	10	8	68	3	100100806803W400				716			20		21		
920	6	13	68	3	100061306803W400				727							
921	7	16	68	3	100071606803W400				741		33					
922	6	26	68	3	100062606803W400				775		13					
923	10	28	68	3	100102806803W400				753			40				
924	6	31	68	3	100063106803W400				723			38				
925	11	2	68	4	100110206804W400				709		54					
926	7	6	68	4	100070606804W400				691							
927	6	9	68	4	100060906804W400				697		23					
928	11	12	68	4	100111206804W400				724							
929	13	16	68	4	100131606804W400				705	19		48				
930	6	18	68	4	100061806804W400				695							
931	7	22	68	4	100072206804W400				726			35				
932	2	24	68	4	100022406804W400				727		51					
933	10	26	68	4	100102606804W400				736	13		45				
934	6	29	68	4	100062906804W400				715			45				
935	11	30	68	4	100113006804W400				723			59				
936	10	32	68	4	100103206804W400				716		20		36			
937	7	8	68	5	100070806805W400				695			50				
938	11	16	68	5	100111606805W400				688							
939	15	26	68	5	100152606805W400				717			58				
940	13	27	68	5	100132706805W400				696	14		45				
941	11	36	68	5	100113606805W400				714		76					
942	7	1	68	6	100070106806W400				676		29					
943	7	5	68	6	100070506806W400				664	18						
944	5	13	68	6	100051306806W400				700		66					
945	7	15	68	6	100071506806W400				697			60				
946	8	17	68	6	100081706806W400				689		59					
947	9	20	68	6	100092006806W400				701			51				
948	10	29	68	6	100102906806W400				699			48				
949	14	5	68	7	100140506807W400				612							
950	12	18	68	7	100121806807W400				623			33				
951	6	26	68	7	100062606807W400				637			47				
952	10	28	68	7	100102806807W400				666	60						
953	5	29	68	7	100052906807W400				632			40				
954	15	5	68	8	100150506808W400				672	28						
955	11	14	68	8	100111406808W400				648							
956	16	21	68	8	100162106808W400				650	18		47				
957	1	26	68	8	100012606808W400				606		35					
958	13	30	68	8	100133006808W400				732			14				
959	10	27	69	3	100102706903W400				711	14			50			
960	5	4	69	4	100050406904W400				728		69					
961	6	6	69	4	100060606904W400				699			50				
962	5	15	69	4	100051506904W400				715			36				
963	6	17	69	4	100061706904W400				695			54				
964	6	19	69	4	100061906904W400				692			55				
965	6	32	69	4	100063206904W400				690			57				
966	6	2	69	5	100060206905W400				695			56				
967	7	4	69	5	100070406905W400				684			55				
968	8	9	69	5	100080906905W400				682			55				
969	7	12	69	5	100071206905W400				593		94					
970	5	14	69	5	100051406905W400				678			58				

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	LLO
971	6	20	69	5	100062006905W400	682			53				
972	6	22	69	5	100062206905W400	674			45				
973	5	24	69	5	100052406905W400	682			55				
974	8	26	69	5	100082606905W400	683			54				
975	8	27	69	5	100082706905W400	678			57				
976	11	32	69	5	100113206905W400	672	13		54				
977	10	34	69	5	100103406905W400	677			55				
978	8	36	69	5	100083606905W400	692			47				
979	5	12	69	6	100051206906W400	720		20					
980	6	22	69	6	100062206906W400	714			50				
981	8	32	69	6	100083206906W400	689			53				
982	6	36	69	6	100063606906W400	696			43				
983	12	30	69	7	100123006908W400	661		79					
984	8	11	69	8	100081106908W400	619			65				
985	12	28	69	8	100122806908W400	667		16			43		
986	12	31	69	8	100123106908W400	687			58				
987	7	17	70	3	100071707003W400	690				30			
988	7	16	70	4	100071607004W400	681		13			15		
989	11	30	70	4	100113007004W400	676			43				
990	8	33	70	4	100083307004W400	664			63				
991	5	9	70	5	100050907005W400	682			55				
992	7	14	70	5	100071407005W400	680			59				
993	5	19	70	5	100051907005W40C	671			50				
994	7	20	70	5	100072007005W400	684			55				
995	6	33	70	5	100063307005W400	658			52				
996	9	12	70	6	100091207006W400	679			47				
997	8	13	70	6	100081307006W400	686			46				
998	5	23	70	6	100052307006W400	661			24				
999	10	33	70	6	100103307006W400	642			50				
1000	9	35	70	6	100093507006W400	668			52				
1001	7	3	70	8	100070307008W400	644			62				
1002	12	18	71	4	100121807104W400	674			55				
1003	10	14	71	5	100101407105W400	666			55				
1004	12	16	71	5	100121607105W400	679			55				
1005	6	20	71	5	100062007105W400	682		20		20			
1006	11	23	71	5	100112307105W400	674			40				
1007	10	28	71	5	100102807105W400	679		72					
1008	9	14	71	6	100091407106W400	676			52				
1009	5	15	71	6	100051507106W400	672			50				
1010	9	24	71	6	100092407106W400	676			45				
1011	11	25	71	6	100112507106W400	693			30				
1012	5	28	71	6	100052807106W400	672			67				
1013	6	30	71	6	100063007106W400	665			22		35		
1014	11	17	71	7	100111707107W400	664			49				
1015	7	20	71	7	100072007107W400	664			67				
1016	10	30	71	7	100103007107W400	665							
1017	7	32	71	7	100073207107W400	658	11						
1018	14	6	71	8	100140607108W400	657			57				
1019	10	13	71	8	100101307108W400	667			92				
1020	7	17	71	8	100071707108W400	668			58				
1021	11	26	71	8	100112607108W400	660	13						
1022	7	32	71	8	100073207108W400	653			19				
1023	11	35	71	8	100113507108W400	667							
1024	16	36	72	1	100163607201W400	679			49				
1025	6	3	72	4	100060307204W400	680			55				
1026	5	5	72	4	100050507204W400	678			57				
1027	11	15	72	4	100111507204W400	685			45				

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
1028	7	28	72	4	100072807204W400	702		60					
1029	6	1	72	5	100060107205W400	675		75					
1030	12	4	72	5	100120407205W400	682		70					
1031	11	6	72	5	100110607205W400	673		71					
1032	12	14	72	5	100121407205W400	718		75					
1033	8	16	72	5	100081607205W400	702		52					
1034	8	18	72	5	100081807205W400	708		82					
1035	12	26	72	5	100122607205W400	698		66					
1036	12	28	72	5	100122807205W400	720		70					
1037	11	2	72	6	100110207206W400	674		72					
1038	12	4	72	6	100120407206W400	695		63					
1039	9	6	72	6	100090607206W400	678		66					
1040	7	14	72	6	100071407206W400	707		48					
1041	8	16	72	6	100081607206W400	716		69					
1042	3	18	72	6	100031807206W400	689		55					
1043	12	26	72	6	100122607206W400	718	80						
1044	12	28	72	6	100122807206W400	718	91						
1045	2	29	72	6	100022907206W400	736	14	49					
1046	9	30	72	6	100093007206W400	736		65					
1047	10	1	72	7	100100107207W400	667				27			
1048	10	3	72	7	100100307207W400	668				25			
1049	10	13	72	7	100101307207W400	686				26			
1050	10	16	72	7	100101607207W400	704				42			
1051	10	17	72	7	100101707207W400	693				40			
1052	10	23	72	7	100102307207W400	695		15		30			
1053	10	25	72	7	100102507207W400	722		20		40			
1054	10	26	72	7	100102607207W400	701		16					
1055	10	27	72	7	100102707207W400	697		57					
1056	10	29	72	7	100102907207W400	699			60				
1057	11	30	72	7	100113007207W400	685				31			
1058	11	31	72	7	100113107207W400	686				38			
1059	10	33	72	7	100103307207W400	690		19		23			
1060	11	34	72	7	100113407207W400	704		15		44			
1061	10	1	72	8	100100107208W400	680					20		
1062	10	3	72	8	100100307208W400	688				32			
1063	10	5	72	8	100100507208W400	667							
1064	6	12	72	8	100061207208W400	679				32			
1065	10	15	72	8	100101507208W400	687				30			
1066	11	26	72	8	100112607208W400	684			55				
1067	10	27	72	8	100102707208W400	691				33			
1068	8	4	73	4	100080407304W400	708		15					
1069	7	6	73	4	100070607304W402	719		50					
1070	11	2	73	5	100110207305W400	693		64					
1071	11	5	73	5	100110507305W400	708		15		41			
1072	7	12	73	5	100071207305W400	704		15					
1073	8	2	73	6	100080207306W400	708		25		45			
1074	6	5	73	6	100060507306W400	716		20					
1075	6	7	73	6	100060707306W400	716		15		28			
1076	6	8	73	6	100060807306W400	705		20		25			
1077	11	9	73	6	100110907306W400	689							
1078	10	11	73	6	100101107306W400	705		20		48			
1079	6	12	73	6	100061207306W400	705							
1080	6	13	73	6	100061307306W400	698		57					
1081	11	14	73	6	100111407306W400	697		13		45			
1082	11	15	73	6	100111507306W400	681		71					
1083	11	17	73	6	100111707306W400	681		25			22		
1084	6	18	73	6	100061807306W400	686					43		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
1085	10	3	73	7	100100307307W400	724	.	.	19	.	.	.	.
1086	10	5	73	7	100100507307W400	686	.	.	.	41	.	.	.
1087	11	7	73	7	100110707307W400	685	.	.	.	42	.	.	.
1088	10	9	73	7	100100907307W400	721	.	15	.	44	.	.	.
1089	10	11	73	7	100101107307W400	729	12	.	.	46	.	.	.
1090	10	13	73	7	100101307307W400	698	.	71	.	.	.	.	.
1091	10	14	73	7	100101407307W400	716	.	74	.	.	.	.	.
1092	6	16	73	7	100061607307W400	733	.	73	.	.	.	.	.
1093	10	17	73	7	100101707307W400	726	.	70	.	.	.	.	.
1094	10	3	73	8	100100307308W400	706	.	.	32	.	.	.	.
1095	10	4	73	8	100100407308W400	696	.	.	.	30	.	.	.
1096	10	5	73	8	100100507308W400	701	.	.	.	.	.	.	.
1097	6	10	73	8	100061007308W400	706	.	.	45	.	.	.	.
1098	10	13	73	8	100101307308W400	697	.	55	.	.	.	.	.
1099	10	14	73	8	100101407308W400	708	.	60	.	.	.	.	.
1100	10	15	73	8	100101507308W400	714	.	.	.	32	.	.	.
1101	10	17	73	8	100101707308W400	694	.	.	42	.	.	.	.

TABLE III  
NET SAND THICKNESS; PARALIC-OFFSHORE SUCCESSIONS:  
UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

KEY TO ABBREVIATIONS:

K.B.= Kelly Bushing elevation  
TOP= top of channel  
BOT= base of channel  
FM= formation into which base of channel cuts  
COL= Colony Fm.  
MCL= McLaren Fm.  
WAS= Waseca Fm.  
SPA= Sparky Fm.  
GP= General Petroleum Fm.  
REX= Rex Fm.  
LLO= Lloydminster Fm.

. = non-applicable or non-available data

Well locations listed in bold type indicate wells with cores through parts of the Upper-Middle Mannville interval (see Appendix 1)  
All data listed are thicknesses in metres.

	A	R	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	ILQ
2	7	2	53	2	100070205302W400	596	7	4	7	6	5.5	9.5	12
3	7	14	53	2	100071405302W400	622	5	8				16	11
4	6	15	53	2	100061505302W400	605	8.5	5	13	12	4.5	9	3.5
5	8	22	53	2	100082205302W400	626	6.5	6	11	12	4.5	7	4
6	13	23	53	2	100132305302W400	604	6.5	4.5	8	11	4.5		
7	5	26	53	2	100052605302W400	602			10	12	6		
8	13	26	53	2	100132605302W400	599			10	12	6		
9	8	27	53	2	100082705302W400	603			10	10	6	24	
10	11	28	53	2	100112805302W400	607	5		9	12	6	8	14
11	10	29	53	2	100102905302W400	587	2	7	8	13	6		12
12	10	34	53	2	100103405302W400	591	3.5		9	11	10	19	8
13	6	4	53	3	1A0060405303W400	588	6		9	10	6	16	13
14	10	6	53	3	100100605303W400	597	6.5		4	12	7	17	15
15	6	8	53	3	100060805303W400	591	10		0	10	5	14	13
16	6	18	53	3	100061805303W400	596	9	4.5	13	12	4.5	9	4
17	7	6	53	4	100070605304W400	616	5			11	7	11	14
18	11	20	53	4	100112005304W400	608	4		8	9	5		
19	4	27	53	4	100042705304W400	600	4.5		12	12	6	19	6
20	11	31	53	4	100113105304W400	615	7			16	9		
21	12	20	53	5	100122005305W400	642	8			11	3.5		
22	10	29	53	5	100102905305W400	637	3	7	9	13	2		
23	7	30	53	5	100073005305W400	641	5				7		
24	2	32	53	5	100023205305W400	629	8			9	9		
25	1	34	53	5	100013405305W400	642	6						
26	6	36	53	5	100063605305W400	644	8			11	8		
27	10	3	53	6	100100305306W400	630	10				9	24	6.5
28	6	12	53	6	100061205306W400	649	5			9	9	16	8
29	6	24	53	6	100062405306W400	635	5			9	8	14	8
30	6	8	53	8	100060805308W400	680	8						
31	12	9	53	8	100120905308W400	687	8						
32	6	17	53	8	100061705308W400	687							
33	11	18	53	8	100111805308W400	694							
34	16	23	53	8	100162305308W400	671	3.5		11		12	22	13
35	16	24	53	8	100162405308W400	661	4		8				
36	7	25	53	8	100072505308W400	673	3		10	11	12		
37	11	26	53	8	100112605308W400	678	8	5	12	12	4	17	7
38	10	27	53	8	100102705308W400	679	2		10	11	7	21	5
39	6	30	53	8	100063005308W400	675		5	12	12	4	17	7
40	7	36	53	8	100073605308W400	661	3		8	10	11	13	8
41	10	27	54	2	100102705402W400	556	6			8	4.5	7	8
42	1	28	54	4	100012805404W400	604	6		10		4	18	10
43	9	31	54	4	100093105404W400	613	5	9	8	9	9	27	0
44	7	32	54	4	100073205404W400	615	8	7	6.5	11	5	23	8
45	2	33	54	4	100023305404W400	611	3		11	10	4	19	3.5
46	7	34	54	4	100073405404W400	604	3			15	8.5	20	1
47	11	36	54	4	100113605404W400	601	8	7	6.5	11	5	23	8
48	10	1	54	5	100100105405W400	617	4			18	11		4
49	10	2	54	5	100100205405W400	632	4			18	11	17	4.5
50	6	6	54	5	100060605405W400	650	13	3	5	16			
51	10	10	54	5	100101005405W400	635			7	10	6		
52	2	11	54	5	100021105405W400	625	3		7	12	7		
53	6	15	54	5	100061505405W400	633		3	10	11	11	20	0
54	11	16	54	5	100111605405W400	645	0		5	5			
55	10	18	54	5	100101805405W400	636	8				9.5	25	4
56	10	19	54	5	100101905405W400	631	4	3	4.5	10	6.5	10	17
57	10	20	54	5	100102005405W400	620				10	7		
58	7	21	54	5	100072105405W400	628	8		8	7	7		



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	J	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	W/S	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
59	6	22	54	5	100062205405W400	624	10	6	8	15	10		6
60	11	27	54	5	100112705405W400	626	10	7	9	20	12	20	4
61	11	29	54	5	100112905405W400	627			4	7	9.5	15	2.5
62	10	30	54	5	100103005405W400	637			12	12	4.5		
63	6	32	54	5	100063205405W400	630			8	11	4.5		
64	10	1	54	6	100100105406W400	661				7	6	20	5
65	10	8	54	6	100100805406W400	663			10	10	5		
66	7	9	54	6	100070905406W400	641	3	3	9	10	6		
67	10	10	54	6	100101005406W400	647	3			11	6		
68	7	15	54	6	100071505406W400	652	3			11	5.5		
69	10	21	54	6	100102105406W400	660	12			10	6		
70	7	24	54	6	100072405406W400	657	3		16	13	0	8	4.5
71	11	25	54	6	100112505406W400	633	9			7.5	6	28	0
72	6	26	54	6	100062605406W400	654		5				24	0
73	10	27	54	6	100102705406W400	644	6				10		0
74	6	29	54	6	100062905406W400	652	6	5			10	15	0
75	16	31	54	6	100163105406W400	649				9	9	19	4
76	11	33	54	6	100113305406W400	642	8				5	23	0
77	3	34	54	6	100033405406W400	657	6					18	0
78	15	35	54	6	100153505406W400	637					8	20	5
79	13	36	54	6	100133605406W400	656		3	9	12	7	15	3
80	11	26	54	7	102112605407W400	648					9	20	4
81	10	4	54	8	100100405408W400	640	1.5				9	20	4
82	2	6	54	8	100020605408W400	630	1			12	11	24	0
83	4	10	54	8	100041005408W400	662	1		5	11			
84	6	11	54	8	100061105408W400	653	7	3	7	6			
85	6	12	54	8	100061205408W400	669	6			7.5			
86	1	18	54	8	100011805408W400	608	5	8	4	10	10	24	0
87	10	20	54	8	100102005408W400	607	5	3.5	6	7.5			6
88	13	21	54	8	100132105408W400	606			9	16			5
89	11	22	54	8	100112205408W400	617	7.5	4	10	12			0
90	6	24	54	8	100062405408W400	614	2	8	11	12			
91	6	26	54	8	100062605408W400	598	5	5	3	13			
92	11	29	54	8	100112905408W400	596	8			13			5
93	14	30	54	8	100143005408W400	583	8		2	11			7
94	6	31	54	8	100063105408W400	579	5	5	3	13			
95	11	32	54	8	100113205408W400	588	6			13			7
96	9	34	54	8	100093405408W400	596	6			10	12	13	2
97	11	36	54	8	100113605408W400	617	6			12	4	25	4.5
98	7	4	55	1	100070405501W400	604	6			12	5	8	11
99	7	22	55	1	100072205501W400	617	6.5			13	5	8	11
100	10	26	55	1	100102605501W400	663	15	5			7	15	8
101	7	35	55	1	100073505501W400	659	8	8		9	5	15	7
102	13	36	55	1	100133605501W400	655					5	15	10
103	14	6	55	2	100140605502W400	595	8	5	10	12	5		7
104	16	8	55	2	100160805502W400	606	6		13	9	5	8	8
105	10	16	55	2	100101605502W400	613				9	5	8	8
106	8	17	55	2	100081705502W400	597	4.5			10	6	17	6
107	6	29	55	2	100062905502W400	613	2			8	7		10
108	16	12	55	3	100161205503W400	619	10	5	11	12	6.5	11	7
109	6	21	55	3	100062105503W400	596	8.5	9	15	17	9	13	7
110	13	22	55	3	100132205503W400	613	3	4	11	12	7	16	7.5
111	16	28	55	3	100162805503W400	585	1			15	6.5	16	7.5
112	13	34	55	3	100133405503W400	576	3.5		12	13	6.5		
113	11	1	55	4	100110105504W400	598	7	4		8.5	5		2
114	10	5	55	4	100100505504W400	609	3					25	8
115	6	6	55	4	100060605504W400	618	2.5			13	7		0

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	UO
116	6	7	55	4	100060705504W400	624	7		13		6	18	18
117	7	8	55	4	100070805504W400	609	0	6	7		3	22	0
118	11	9	55	4	100110905504W400	613	5.5	3	7		7		3
119	3	13	55	4	100031305504W400	586	3	6	7	10	10	19	3
120	6	15	55	4	100061505504W400	591	4	5	18	8	6	14	2
121	5	16	55	4	100051605504W400	612	5	2	6	12	6	17	3
122	7	17	55	4	100071705504W400	616	2	4					3.5
123	9	17	55	4	100091705504W400	616	7	5					
124	11	18	55	4	100111805504W400	614	5	5	9	7	5		
125	11	19	55	4	100111905504W400	611	5	2	6	12	6	17	3
126	7	20	55	4	100072005504W400	603	5	4	10		5		3
127	6	21	55	4	100062105504W400	579	5	2.5	6	9	10		
128	12	29	55	4	100122905504W400	585	3	5		11	0		0
129	14	30	55	4	100143005504W400	590		5	14	13	2.5		5
130	6	31	55	4	100063105504W400	593	2.5	7.5		7			8.5
131	7	32	55	4	100073205504W400	568			10	7	14		
132	11	1	55	5	100110105505W400	614	6	10	10	10	9	19	13
133	14	2	55	5	100140205505W400	586	2	5	7	11	6	16	13
134	11	3	55	5	100110305505W400	629	6	7.5	8	13	8	16	13
135	11	4	55	5	100110405505W400	633	3	3	10	14	6		
136	10	5	55	5	100100505505W400	636	6	3	11	11	4		
137	7	6	55	5	100070605505W400	628	6	3	11	11	4		
138	11	7	55	5	100110705505W400	645	6	3	11	11	4		
139	9	8	55	5	100090805505W400	638	6	3	11	11	4		
140	13	9	55	5	100130905505W400	640		4	6	9	13	24	3
141	7	10	55	5	100071005505W400	630	6	3	11	11	4		
142	4	11	55	5	100041105505W400	601	4.5	7	9	10	8	17	15
143	2	13	55	5	100021305505W400	627			11	16	6	20	13
144	16	13	55	5	100161305505W400	613	4		15		9	23	8
145	8	14	55	5	100081405505W400	631	3	5	8	15	6	17	5
146	13	15	55	5	100131505505W400	591	4	6.5	7	11	9	24	1
147	6	16	55	5	100061605505W400	645	3		8	15	6	17	5
148	7	17	55	5	100071705505W400	645	3	5	8	15	6	17	5
149	6	19	55	5	100061905505W400	650	5				9	17	5
150	10	20	55	5	102102005505W400	653	0	5	1	6	9	24	0
151	13	21	55	5	100132105505W400	606	5	6	6		9	28	3
152	7	22	55	5	100072205505W400	628	2.5	5	4.5	6	6	27	0
153	11	23	55	5	100112305505W400	633	3	5	4	6	6	25	0
154	10	24	55	5	100102405505W400	613	4	4.5	15			20	15
155	11	25	55	5	100112505505W402	606	2	5	5		3	26	7
156	6	26	55	5	100062605505W400	623	2	7.5	12	13	10	28	4
157	6	27	55	5	1B0062705505W400	644	4	5	10			25	2
158	7	29	55	5	100072905505W400	646	6	4	9	14	11	21	3
159	12	30	55	5	100123005505W400	659	6				9	18	7.5
160	12	31	55	5	100123105505W400	680	3			11	12	28	0
161	6	32	55	5	100063205505W402	654		6	8.5	3	8	17	6
162	7	33	55	5	100073305505W400	614	4.5	5	16	14			
163	14	34	55	5	100143405505W400	610	3	4	11	8	7	25	0
164	13	35	55	5	100133505505W400	606	3	7	20	11	8	22	0
165	1	36	55	5	100013605505W400	600	5	7	17	10	3.5	20	3
166	4	1	55	6	100040105506W400	658		3	6	6	8	17	8
167	14	2	55	6	100140205506W400	662		3	6			18	11
168	16	4	55	6	100160405506W400	630		4	14	12	5	22	2
169	3	5	55	6	100030505506W400	642	5.5			7	8	19	6
170	16	8	55	6	100160805506W400	650	7	4	12	11			
171	10	9	55	6	100100905506W400	640	7	2	6	0	10	19	5
172	7	10	55	6	100071005506W400	671				13	9.5	17	3

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	UO
173	7	11	55	6	100071105506W400	662	9	3	10	11	8	28	3
174	6	12	55	6	100061205506W400	639	8	5	8	4	5	32	0
175	13	13	55	6	1AA131305506W400	642	4		11	9	6.5	31	0
176	7	14	55	6	100071405506W400	641			4	7	7	30	3
177	6	15	55	6	100061505506W400	685	6		2	7	5	29	2
178	15	16	55	6	100151605506W400	689	5	4	10	10	5	28	2
179	16	20	55	6	100162005506W400	692	4					27	6
180	10	21	55	6	100102105506W400	666	8	2	8	5	4	25	3
181	9	22	55	6	100092205506W400	646	8	9	7	8	5	27	5
182	6	23	55	6	100062305506W400	643	7		4	8	9	27	5
183	8	24	55	6	100082405506W400	645	5	3	7		9	32	2
184	11	25	55	6	100112505506W400	661	2	5	5	7	8	28	3
185	1	26	55	6	100012605506W402	645			6	7	6	37	0
186	8	27	55	6	100082705506W400	634	5	5.5	4		4	27	2
187	13	28	55	6	100132805506W400	655	8			7	4	31	0
188	10	29	55	6	100102905506W400	690	4				0	37	0
189	11	31	55	6	100113105506W402	693	9.5				7	32	0
190	9	32	55	6	100093205506W400	656	7			5	5	29	0
191	9	33	55	6	100093305506W400	632	8				5.5	28	0
192	11	34	55	6	100113405506W400	635					4.5	27	0
193	12	35	55	6	100123505506W400	660	2				3.5	27	3
194	6	36	55	6	100063605506W400	662	6			7	7	27	5
195	11	15	55	7	100111505507W400	617	5.5			10	12	15	10
196	6	26	55	7	100062605507W400	639	1.5				9	24	6
197	16	27	55	7	100162705507W400	628	3			8	10	16	9
198	10	30	55	7	100103005507W400	631	7				12	16	11
199	5	31	55	7	100053105507W400	608	7				12	16	11
200	10	1	56	1	100100105601W400	658		4	15	6	7	12	8
201	6	6	56	1	100060605601W400	666	6	5		10	7	12	8
202	7	10	56	1	100071005601W400	664	6	5		10			
203	10	11	56	1	1AR101105601W400	661	7	7		12	7.5	12	8
204	6	12	56	1	100061205601W400	655				10	7		
205	14	29	56	1	100142905601W400	658	3		19	9	4		4
206	7	31	56	1	100073105601W400	642	2		17	11	9	9	7
207	11	34	56	1	100113405601W400	678	6	8	5	12	5.5	22	3.5
208	6	14	56	2	100061405602W400	676	0			12	6	7	14
209	15	26	56	2	100152605602W400	635	4			12	6		11
210	13	35	56	2	100133505602W400	641	8	6		13	6	19	5
211	7	36	56	2	100073605602W400	649	7	4	19	10	6	10	4
212	10	2	56	3	100100205603W400	598	6	6	13	13	5	10	7
213	14	3	56	3	100140305603W400	582	6	6	15				
214	14	4	56	3	100140405603W400	606		5	19	11			8
215	16	5	56	3	100160505603W400	607	5		19		5	19	4
216	11	6	56	3	100110605603W400	600	5.5					12	3.5
217	8	7	56	3	100080705603W400	598	2	5		6	6	14	3
218	14	7	56	3	100140705603W400	609	2	5	6	6	6	14	3
219	8	8	56	3	100080805603W400	606	2.5		8	11	5		3.5
220	16	9	56	3	100160905603W400	607		5	10	6	3		4
221	3	14	56	3	100031405603W400	586	8	6		8	8		
222	11	17	56	3	100111705603W400	614	7		10	8	12		
223	7	21	56	3	100072105603W400	621	6		10	9	12		
224	2	22	56	3	100022205603W400	617	8			10	6.5		
225	6	28	56	3	100062805603W400	613	5				8	15	4
226	4	32	56	3	100043205603W400	611	6.5			10	6.5	23	3
227	10	1	56	4	100100105604W400	610	5.5			6			9
228	11	4	56	4	100110405604W400	584	5			8			
229	2	13	56	4	100021305604W400	617	13				8		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
230	11	15	56	4	100111505604W400	583	5	7	8	14			9
231	2	25	56	4	100022505604W400	615	8	5			6.5		0
232	6	30	56	4	100063005604W400	577	8.5	4.5	5	9	6		
233	6	31	56	4	100063105604W400	622	3	6	11	6	5.5	20	0
234	8	36	56	4	100083605604W400	615	6	4	7	6	6		
235	12	1	56	5	100120105605W400	600	4	4	10	7	7	20	8
236	5	2	56	5	100050205605W400	603	6	5.5	15	9.5		18	3
237	10	3	56	5	100100305605W400	606	6	7	14	8.5	6	22	0
238	1	4	56	5	100010405605W400	608	9	5.5	10	6	7	22	1.5
239	6	5	56	5	100060505605W400	618	6	3			10	20	4
240	10	7	56	5	100100705605W400	616	4	5	4	8.5	0	19	11
241	11	9	56	5	100110905605W400	599	4	3	7			21	2
242	4	13	56	5	100041305605W400	526	0		13				
243	7	17	56	5	100071705605W400	597	5	3	7	11	4	21	8
244	2	18	56	5	100021805605W400	596	4			5	7	21	1
245	6	19	56	5	100061905605W400	586	6	3	5	13	8	22	8.5
246	7	19	56	5	100071905605W400	584	12	3	5	13	8	21	8
247	12	29	56	5	100122905605W400	558			7	12	10	17	11
248	11	30	56	5	100113005605W400	597				11	9	18	14
249	4	32	56	5	100043205605W400	604				12	10	15	
250	9	3	56	6	100090305606W400	674				9	9	26	6
251	9	4	56	6	100090405606W400	641				12	6	27	1.5
252	11	5	56	6	100110505606W400	630							
253	8	6	56	6	100080605606W400	642					13	13	
254	8	9	56	6	100080905606W400	652				8	7	22	1
255	8	10	56	6	100081005606W400	678	5					23	1
256	13	12	56	6	100131205606W400	678	6					22	11
257	6	13	56	6	100061305606W400	643				4	7	17	20
258	4	14	56	6	100041405606W400	681					6	19	2
259	10	15	56	6	104101505606W400	660	11			10	11	20	7
260	9	16	56	6	100091605606W400	652				4	8	17	7
261	11	18	56	6	100111805606W400	603	8			2	0	21	8
262	3	19	56	6	100031905606W400	561	10	5	15	4			9
263	3	22	56	6	100032205606W400	647	6				6	20	6
264	1	23	56	6	1A0012305606W400	642	6			9	6	20	6
265	7	24	56	6	100072405606W400	545	7			6	7	23	14
266	16	27	56	6	100162705606W400	610	7						
267	8	1	56	7	100080105607W400	677	3				10	17	17
268	14	2	56	7	100140205607W400	609	9			11			
269	9	11	56	7	100091105607W400	639	8			8	4		
270	9	12	56	7	100091205607W400	625	5	6	9	11			
271	8	13	56	7	100081305607W400	616		6		4	12		4
272	1	14	56	7	100011405607W400	625	9						
273	9	23	56	7	100092305607W400	590		0	12	9			0
274	9	25	56	7	100092505607W400	595	13			11			
275	6	26	56	7	100062605607W400	582	5.5			13			10
276	11	29	56	7	100112905607W400	635	7			14			8
277	1	36	56	7	100013605607W400	602	5						
278	11	10	56	8	100111005608W400	631	8						
279	11	17	56	8	100111705608W400	630	6	0	8	9			19
280	5	30	56	8	100053005608W400	663	9						10
281	8	33	56	8	100083305608W400	644		0	6	3			
282	7	1	57	1	100070105701W400	665	6		7	10	3		5.5
283	6	4	57	1	100060405701W400	683	4					4	14
284	12	5	57	1	100120505701W400	672	7		12	11	7	8	14
285	12	6	57	1	100120605701W400	670	6		12	7	5		10
286	5	7	57	1	100050705701W400	638	5.5		17	9	6		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
287	15	9	57	1	100150905701W400	654	2	6	12	5	7	7	12
288	12	10	57	1	100121005701W400	663	7		11	7	6		
289	5	12	57	1	100051205701W400	657	7			10	6	15	6
290	6	16	57	1	100061605701W400	635	6			9	5	10	13
291	10	17	57	1	100101705701W400	652			16	13	10	10	14
292	14	18	57	1	100141805701W400	635	8		12	11	7	8	15
293	7	22	57	1	100072205701W400	663	8						
294	6	23	57	1	100062305701W400	669	7.5				5		
295	6	31	57	1	100063105701W400	658	6	3	13	9.5	5	19	17
296	6	32	57	1	100063205701W400	672	10			8.5	5	12	16
297	10	1	57	2	100100105702W400	657	6		13	13	6		2
298	8	11	57	2	100081105702W400	627			10	10	6.5		8
299	15	12	57	2	100151205702W400	626	8.5		8	8.5	5.5		6.5
300	10	13	57	2	100101305702W400	636	9			8	5		14
301	2	19	57	2	100021905702W400	622	4		6	12	8	14	9
302	15	23	57	2	100152305702W400	652			8	7	5		
303	10	25	57	2	100102505702W400	642	2		5	6.5	5	17	7
304	10	5	57	3	100100505703W400	638		6	8	9	6		
305	16	6	57	3	100160605703W400	621	7.5	5.5	12	6	6		
306	4	10	57	3	100041005703W400	660	8	6	6	9	7		
307	5	16	57	3	100051605703W400	636	0						
308	3	17	57	3	100031705703W400	633	5.5						
309	13	18	57	3	100131805703W400	647				8	8	25	9.5
310	5	32	57	3	100053205703W400	628				8	6		
311	9	1	57	4	100090105704W400	631		4.5	11	10	6	12	14
312	10	3	57	4	100100305704W400	622		6.5	7	11	6	24	7
313	10	12	57	4	100101205704W400	629	3		5	5	6	24	3
314	15	20	57	4	100152005704W400	636	3		4.5	7.5		19	4
315	2	25	57	4	100022505704W400	637	5		6	5	6.5	18	12
316	10	29	57	4	100102905704W400	638	4.5	7.5	3.5	9			
317	16	6	57	5	100160605705W400	582	4	3	9	11	4		
318	10	7	57	5	100100705705W400	612	3	6.5	9	7.5	2		
319	9	9	57	5	100090905705W400	571	2			7	4		9
320	9	12	57	5	100091205705W400	659		8	4	8.5	8	11	8
321	6	14	57	5	100061405705W400	645	0	2.5	2.5	7	8.5	17	5
322	1	18	57	5	102011805705W400	594	3		6	10	4.5		
323	6	24	57	5	100062405705W400	646	3	2					
324	6	26	57	5	100062605705W400	647	5	8					
325	11	28	57	5	100112805705W400	634	3	2			6	8	
326	1	29	57	5	100012905705W400	610	6	2			7	8	
327	16	30	57	5	100163005705W400	652	4.5			8.5			
328	6	32	57	5	100063205705W400	651	6.5			11			
329	6	34	57	6	100063405706W400	683	0	4					
330	11	21	57	7	100112105707W400	667	8.5			5	4		
331	11	22	57	7	100112205707W400	679	3		4.5	4.5	3.5	14	3.5
332	11	23	57	7	100112305707W400	678	3		11	7.5	4.5		
333	16	34	57	7	100163405707W400	686		7	10	5.5	5	23	
334	5	36	57	7	100053605707W400	671	2.5	4	8	3	9	15	15
335	8	9	57	8	100080905708W400	666					3	7	16
336	14	10	57	8	100141005708W400	668	7.5			6			7
337	8	15	57	8	100081505708W400	686	7			5.5			7
338	10	16	57	8	100101605708W400	679	3.5			4	10	6	7
339	10	19	57	8	100101905708W400	690					3		7
340	11	3	58	1	100110305801W400	672	9	7		3	6		14
341	9	4	58	1	100090405801W400	671		2	15	12			14
342	7	10	58	1	100071005801W400	668	9						
343	7	11	58	1	100071105801W400	671		7		8	6		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
344	5	21	58	1	100052105801W400	637	8	4	2	7	5	13	9
345	9	29	58	1	100092905801W400	701	9	5	3	5.5	8	7	9
346	12	4	58	2	100120405802W400	649	5	4			5.5	17	14
347	5	10	58	2	100051005802W400	670	10	5		13	7	17	8
348	5	13	58	2	100051305802W400	692	7.5	3		13	5		
349	8	17	58	2	100081705802W400	669		2			5		2
350	7	23	58	2	100072305802W400	683	8	2	8				
351	8	26	58	2	100082605802W400	682	7	5			7	6	18
352	10	28	58	2	100102805802W400	684	7	2.5			5	1.5	8
353	15	30	58	2	100153005802W400	670	6.5	2	7	8	5		
354	4	8	58	3	100040805803W400	621	12		10	10	5		
355	9	10	58	3	100091005803W400	598	5	5			4	12	10
356	10	21	58	3	100102105803W400	634							
357	7	26	58	3	100072605803W400	662	11		11	8	5		10
358	8	27	58	3	100082705803W400	662	5	6	5	6			
359	6	30	58	3	100063005803W400	644	7	0	12	4	5.5	11	0
360	7	33	58	3	100073305803W400	647	10		6	11	7.5	8	
361	12	36	58	3	100123605803W400	660	4.5			8	7	4.5	8
362	1	2	58	4	100010205804W400	643	11			9	7		
363	6	6	58	4	100060605804W400	655			6	8	4	20	
364	10	9	58	4	100100905804W400	651	7			8	2		
365	15	11	58	4	100151105804W400	636	8			7	7		
366	15	17	58	4	100151705804W400	721	7	4	9	10	3.5		
367	7	21	58	4	100072105804W400	658	8		6	8	7		
368	5	26	58	4	100052605804W400	659	0	3	3	7	4.5		
369	6	4	58	5	100060405805W400	654	3		5.5	7			
370	16	13	58	5	103161305805W400	670	4		2	7			
371	10	36	58	5	1AA103605805W400	600	2.5	8	15	11	8.5		10
372	7	1	58	6	100070105806W400	684				9	6		6
373	7	19	58	6	100071905806W400	643	2			10	5	15	3.5
374	11	29	58	6	100112905806W400	642	2	8	10	9	6	17	2.5
375	4	5	58	7	100040505807W400	685	4	5	12	10	7	10	15
376	12	24	58	7	100122405807W400	579	4	8	12	6	4	18	16
377	6	26	58	7	100062605807W400	642	3.5	10	10	15	5	21	7.5
378	5	1	58	8	100050105808W400	605	6		4	4	8	7	11
379	5	10	58	8	100051005808W400	655	6		6	7	4	15	1
380	6	12	58	8	100061205808W400	600	6			13	3		1
381	14	16	58	8	100141605808W400	651	1		9	9	3	19	6
382	11	17	58	8	100111705808W400	649	4			8	3	17	9
383	15	18	58	8	100151805808W400	651	8			13	3.5	18	9
384	15	19	58	8	100151905808W400	650	5			6	6	18	1
385	12	21	58	8	100122105808W400	646	5		11	6	3	18	1
386	14	28	58	8	100142805808W400	642	5				6	18	1
387	9	8	59	1	100090805901W400	677	7			6	6	8	15
388	14	16	59	1	100141605901W400	641	6		13	8.5	7	16	12
389	3	19	59	1	100031905901W400	623	5			3	6	16	2
390	11	21	59	1	100112105901W400	612	5	7	7.5	5	9	18	15
391	8	22	59	1	100082205901W400	623	6		6	5			
392	16	31	59	1	100163105901W400	641	7	7		2	5		
393	11	5	59	2	100110505902W400	677	8			8	8		
394	11	6	59	2	100110605902W400	674	8	2.5	3.5	7	7		
395	5	13	59	2	100051305902W400	652			15	10	7		
396	7	15	59	2	100071505902W400	644		3	11	7	10	9	12
397	7	16	59	2	100071605902W400	651				10	6		
398	14	17	59	2	100141705902W400	648	0	0	8	8.5	5.5	7	16
399	14	18	59	2	100141805902W400	651			7	8	6		
400	11	19	59	2	100111905902W400	623	12			10	5	12	

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
401	8	21	59	2	100082105902W400	642			6	6.5	6	7	
402	15	23	59	2	100152305902W400	630	3	11	7	8	4		
403	10	24	59	2	100102405902W400	623	3	10	6	4	4		
404	14	25	59	2	100142505902W400	623	6		3				
405	7	27	59	2	100072705902W400	625	4	2.5	1.5	8	6		
406	7	28	59	2	100072805902W400	617	3	1.5	2	2	6	0	
407	1	35	59	2	100013505902W400	644	4	1	2	3			
408	9	36	59	2	100093605902W400	616	7	3	6	7	2		
409	11	4	59	3	100110405903W400	653		2	11	3.5	8		
410	10	6	59	3	100100605903W400	645	8	2	8	6	6	13	15
411	6	8	59	3	100060805903W400	641		0	15	2.5	5	7	
412	11	21	59	3	100112105903W400	622	5.5			5			
413	5	34	59	3	100063405903W400	621	5.5	6.5					
414	6	9	59	4	100060905904W400	621	1.5			7.5	6	23	
415	6	12	59	4	1AA061205904W400	660	7.5			6	6	7	21
416	10	19	59	4	100101905904W400	621	2			5	6	6.5	21
417	11	20	59	4	100112005904W400	611	3			4.5	6	6	21
418	7	22	59	4	102072205904W400	634	2	2	3	11	6	6	21
419	7	26	59	4	100072605904W400	623	4			5	5	10	24
420	10	30	59	4	100103005904W400	611	4				10	15	
421	10	31	59	4	100103105904W400	588	3	9	7.5	11	6	4.5	9
422	10	33	59	4	100103305904W400	614	2	2	9	4	5	4	21
423	6	17	59	5	100061705905W400	641	6	8.5	15	5.5	4		0
424	2	1	59	6	100020105906W400	671		1.5	5.5	5	4		
425	14	4	59	6	100140405906W400	616				7	3.5	14	6
426	13	5	59	6	100130505906W400	598			10	8			19
427	11	7	59	6	100110705906W400	576	6	6	7	5.5			
428	11	8	59	6	100110805906W400	577	5	2	4	5.5	3		
429	10	9	59	6	100100905906W400	531			3	11	6	12	6.5
430	11	12	59	6	100111205906W400	578	7	6	9	8	6	11	6.5
431	13	13	59	6	100131305906W400	579	3	5	8	6	6.5		10
432	14	14	59	6	100141405906W400	575	2.5		7	8	5	12	7.5
433	4	16	59	6	100041605906W400	580	1.5	4		6			
434	15	17	59	6	100151705906W400	578				7	4		
435	8	18	59	6	100081805906W400	580			8	7	9		
436	11	19	59	6	100111905906W400	585	5	4.5	6.5	7.5	5		
437	2	22	59	6	100022205906W400	584	2.5	7	12	8.5	6		
438	6	27	59	6	100062705906W400	572	5	1.5	11	9.5	6		
439	7	30	59	6	100073005906W400	605			8	8			
440	6	1	59	7	100060105907W400	639	3			7.5	4		
441	5	6	59	7	100050605907W400	640	3	0	8	6			18
442	3	13	59	7	100031305907W400	604	4		6	10			5
443	12	14	59	7	100121405907W400	634			7	8			
444	5	17	59	7	100051705907W400	640			3	4	4	15	0
445	5	21	59	7	100052105907W400	641	7						
446	12	25	59	7	100122505907W400	621	7	3.5			4		
447	9	27	59	7	100092705907W400	622		5.5	2		2		
448	10	31	59	7	100103105907W400	636	7		15	6			0
449	8	35	59	7	100083505907W400	609		5		6			
450	11	10	59	8	100111005908W400	616	5				0	22	1
451	16	17	59	8	100161705908W400	628	2	8	12	4	10	18	7
452	9	30	59	8	100093005908W400	623		12	15	6.5			0
453	12	34	59	8	100123405908W400	642	6.5	9	3		0	27	0
454	5	9	60	1	100050906001W400	608		7	17	9	4		0
455	10	11	60	1	100101106001W400	585	2	4	10	8.5	4	11	15
456	11	29	60	1	100112906001W400	565		3	1	9	4		
457	16	3	60	2	100160306002W400	623	5	4.5	4	3	3.5		

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	LLO
458	5	8	60	2	100050806002W400	603	4.5		5				
459	7	9	60	2	100070906002W400	601	8			7	6	5	8.5
460	5	10	60	2	100051006002W400	600	7.5	4	3	3.5	5	6	10
461	9	15	60	2	100091506002W400	597	8	2	3.5	7.5	5		
462	9	22	60	2	100092206002W400	584	10	1.5	1.5	8	5		
463	13	23	60	2	100132306002W400	576	6	3.5	3	6.5	5	11	
464	13	26	60	2	100132606002W400	569	4	2	4	10	5	9	
465	12	30	60	2	100123006002W400	566	1				7		
466	7	32	60	2	100073206002W400	557	4.5		3	11	5	9	13
467	6	33	60	2	100063306002W400	555	7			6.5	4	12	12
468	5	34	60	2	100053406002W400	557	6			7	4	11	14
469	12	35	60	2	100123506002W400	553	4	5	1	6	5	12	
470	10	22	60	3	100102206003W400	587	7	1					
471	14	27	60	3	1AA142706003W400	569	4			8	6		12
472	6	28	60	3	100062806003W400	565	4		13	12	7		15
473	2	30	60	3	100023006003W400	622	5	7	8	5	6	13	16
474	10	32	60	3	100103206003W400	593	5	8	7	5	6.5		13
475	6	33	60	3	100063306003W400	560	3.5			9	7		13
476	6	34	60	3	100063406003W400	559					6		15
477	10	35	60	3	100103506003W400	573	3.5		5.5	10	5		2
478	6	1	60	4	100060106004W400	616	4	1	8		4	6	19
479	10	5	60	4	100100506004W400	602	5.5	10					
480	9	8	60	4	100090806004W400	596	3	4					
481	10	14	60	4	100101406004W400	618	5						
482	8	15	60	4	100081506004W400	606	3	7	3				
483	12	16	60	4	100121606004W400	596	3	3			5	14	7
484	4	23	60	4	100042306004W400	622	4						
485	14	25	60	4	100142506004W400	590	4						
486	7	29	60	4	100072906004W400	582	3.5	3.5					
487	6	33	60	4	100063306004W400	566	3	2					
488	13	28	60	5	1A2132806005W400	577	4						
489	8	30	60	5	100083006005W400	587	4	2	2	5			
490	10	35	60	5	100103506005W400	563	5	4					4
491	11	2	60	6	100110206006W400	561	3.5						
492	7	9	60	6	100070906006W400	566	5.5	6.5			5		
493	10	18	60	6	100101806006W400	569	9	7	11	3			6
494	6	23	60	6	100062306006W400	579	7			13			9.5
495	10	25	60	6	100102506006W400	577	4	4					
496	10	26	60	6	100102606006W400	584	3	2				15	2
497	10	27	60	6	100102706006W400	592	3		5	3	9.5	2.5	2.5
498	5	30	60	6	100053006006W400	573	3	4	5	3	9.5	2.5	2.5
499	6	36	60	6	100063606006W400	565	3	2.5	10	8			7.5
500	6	1	60	7	100060106007W400	591				4	3	2	
501	9	7	60	7	100090706007W400	577	3.5				4		
502	12	8	60	7	100120806007W400	577	1				5		
503	4	14	60	7	100041406007W400	595				2	4		5
504	12	15	60	7	100121506007W400	551				8	6		1
505	4	22	60	7	100042206007W400	539	5				11		3
506	3	24	60	7	100032406007W400	604	4	4	6	4.5	4		7
507	10	28	60	7	100102806007W400	538	7				10		5
508	3	3	60	8	100030306008W400	613				8.5	14		
509	10	4	60	8	100100406008W400	616				8	7.5	2	20
510	9	11	60	8	100091106008W400	588				8	6	0	
511	10	13	60	8	100101306008W400	540					4.5		
512	16	15	60	8	100161506008W400	618			2	0	14		
513	8	18	60	8	100081806008W400	616	3				8	5	17
514	4	26	60	8	100042606008W400	617				6	8.5	3	



	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	CCL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
515	6	29	60	8	100062906008W400	607			13	7			
516	6	11	61	1	100061106101W400	557	5	8	6.5	7			
517	7	22	61	1	100072206101W400	551				5			
518	2	25	61	1	100022506101W400	546	7						
519	7	29	61	1	1AA072906101W400	540				5	6.5		
520	7	33	61	1	100073306101W400	543	4						
521	4	35	61	1	100043506101W400	562	6						
522	3	4	61	2	100030406102W400	556	5	2	1	7.5	4	6	
523	12	27	61	2	100122706102W400	548	7			7	4	15	4
524	9	28	61	2	100092806102W400	549	4			9	3.5	14	2.5
525	12	31	61	2	100123106102W400	548	5.5	2	4	7	6		
526	3	5	61	3	100030506103W400	605	1		4	4	5.5		3.5
527	6	11	61	3	100061106103W400	564	4		3	7.5	2	3.5	10
528	15	17	61	3	100151706103W400	558	9			7	7		
529	7	22	61	3	100072206103W400	553	9						
530	11	28	61	3	100112806103W400	552	8.5						10
531	6	1	61	4	100060106104W400	584	4	3	3	8	6	11	10
532	14	19	61	4	1AD141906104W400	558	3.5				5		
533	13	20	61	4	102132006104W400	562	4						
534	12	21	61	4	100122106104W400	565			4	8	6		6
535	7	25	61	4	100072506104W400	551	0	7	2.5	7	5	20	7
536	7	26	61	4	100072606104W400	556	3.5						
537	7	27	61	4	100072706104W400	563	0			5	8		3
538	12	28	61	4	100122806104W400	556	5						
539	2	29	61	4	100022906104W400	563	2			7			
540	8	29	61	4	100082906104W400	558	0			9	0		
541	1	30	61	4	102013006104W400	559	1				0		
542	10	33	61	4	100103306104W400	563	4.5	1.5	4.5		3		3
543	6	34	61	4	100063406104W400	558	1.5				4		2.5
544	6	1	61	5	100060106105W400	558	4.5						
545	7	2	61	5	100070206105W400	559	3.5						
546	3	9	61	5	100030906105W400	559	2			4			
547	13	14	61	5	100131406105W400	555	2			0			5.5
548	3	15	61	5	100031506105W400	555	2			4	4		
549	10	22	61	5	100102206105W400	552	4	2.5	4	3	4		2.5
550	3	23	61	5	100032306105W400	552	5.5			7.5	7		6.5
551	5	24	61	5	100052406105W400	557	5			3	0.5		4.5
552	6	24	61	5	100062406105W400	557	1.5			4	2		10
553	8	24	61	5	100082406105W400	551	2.5			5	3	18	5.5
554	6	25	61	5	100062506105W400	551	3			2.5	9	13	5
555	3	27	61	5	100032706105W400	553	5						
556	11	27	61	5	100112706105W400	553	7						
557	7	29	61	5	100072906105W400	561	5	9	14	14	4		0
558	12	34	61	5	100123406105W400	558	3						
559	9	8	61	6	100090806106W400	570	6.1						0
560	6	11	61	6	100061106106W400	551	5	2	5				
561	10	23	61	6	100102306106W400	556	1.5	3.5	4	5	3.5		2.5
562	10	31	61	6	100103106106W400	551	2	3	4	10	2	20	1
563	11	36	61	6	100113606106W400	561	1.5	1.5	3	4	5.5	20	1.5
564	7	6	61	7	100070606107W400	555	3			3.5		13	7
565	10	7	61	7	100100706107W400	573	1			5	8	20	2
566	10	16	61	7	100101606107W400	561	6						
567	9	21	61	7	100092106107W400	557	6						
568	12	28	61	7	100122806107W400	566	8			10			0
569	6	6	61	8	100060606108W400	605	2		5	12			
570	10	10	61	8	100101006108W400	584	10	5		4			
571	10	17	61	8	100101706108W400	581	8			7	4		6

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSO	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	LLO
572	6	22	61	8	100062206108W400	582	2			5			2
573	11	35	61	8	100113506108W400	567	1			6			7.5
574	10	5	62	2	100100506202W400	543	10		5	8	5		7
575	10	8	62	2	100100806202W400	540	6			7	6		
576	14	12	62	2	100141206202W400	534	0				7.5		3
577	7	21	62	2	100072106202W400	540	9	6	11	14	5.5	12	7.5
578	15	12	62	3	100151206203W400	540	7	0	10				0
579	11	31	62	3	100113106203W400	552	4			9	8		2
580	14	32	62	3	100143206203W400	552	5	3	8.5	6	7		1.5
581	11	34	62	3	100113406203W400	540	4				3		0
582	9	35	62	3	100093506203W400	544	2	2	6.5	7			1.5
583	10	13	62	4	100101306204W400	543	4		5	5	4		8
584	10	14	62	4	100101406204W400	556	3.5			7	9		2
585	6	20	62	4	100062006204W400	554	4.5		9	6			0.5
586	6	22	62	4	100062206204W400	556	3.5			11	7.5		1.5
587	11	24	62	4	100112406204W400	556	4		5	5	4		
588	7	32	62	4	100073206204W400	558	1	2	4				1.5
589	16	35	62	4	100163506204W400	550	8			5	7		2.5
590	10	36	62	4	100103606204W400	551	6				5		
591	11	2	62	5	100110206205W400	558	4						3
592	10	14	62	5	100101406205W400	555	6.5		6	10			0
593	10	16	62	5	100101606205W400	555	7.5						
594	7	22	62	5	1AA072206205W400	555	5		1				
595	11	17	62	6	100111706206W400	560	3		6	6	4.5	20	3
596	11	21	62	6	100112106206W400	549	2			5	6		0
597	5	22	62	6	100052206206W400	554	3			9			4
598	7	14	62	7	100071406207W400	564	4.5		11	9			2.5
599	16	15	62	7	100161506207W400	593	2.5	0	4	10			0
600	6	23	62	7	100062306207W400	554	2			10	6	15	1
601	6	26	62	7	100062606207W400	553	5	6	14	15			14
602	10	36	62	7	100103606207W400	554	5					12	0
603	9	13	62	8	100091306208W400	547		1					1.5
604	12	17	62	8	100121706208W400	588	5		6	5	5	17	6
605	2	22	62	8	100022206208W400	552		2	3.5				7
606	12	29	62	8	100122906208W400	594			0	5.5	3	10	4.5
607	11	31	62	8	100113106208W400	582	5	6	14	15			14
608	9	5	63	1	100090506301W400	547	6	1		7.5			0
609	4	11	63	1	100041106301W400	542	2	12	4	9	4.5	6	3
610	5	19	63	2	100051906302W400	545	1	0	18	9	9	15	0
611	3	21	63	2	100032106302W400	550	9		15	14			12
612	12	31	63	2	100123106302W400	547	6	5	10				
613	11	4	63	3	100110406303W400	546	9			15			
614	3	6	63	3	100030606303W400	548	7	0	11	20			14
615	6	7	63	3	100060706303W400	551	0		7	9	4		8
616	15	18	63	3	100151806303W400	559	5			15			7.5
617	7	20	63	3	100072006303W400	551	3	1	8	8			6.5
618	6	23	63	3	100062306303W400	545	2.5			8	14		1
619	11	25	63	3	100112506303W400	552	2.5	0	5	8	5.5	16	
620	3	26	63	3	100032606303W400	549	2.5			2.5			0
621	10	28	63	3	100102806303W400	554	5						
622	2	30	63	3	100023006303W400	549	5	8	20	19	8	18	8
623	7	35	63	3	1AA073506303W400	551	3			6	7		2
624	7	6	63	4	100070606304W400	548	0	5		8	8		2.5
625	10	3	63	3	10010306305W400	559	0	4	7	11	6	8	2.5
626	11	6	63	5	100110606305W400	544	4.5		1.5	6.5	11	7	1
627	7	16	63	5	100071606305W400	550	2	3	14	3	9	16	0
628	11	18	63	5	100111806305W400	557	1.5	5.5	5	5.5	8	12	2.5

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	CCL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	U.O.
629	9	25	63	5	102092506305W400	589	4	3	14				
630	1	29	63	5	100012906305W400	552	3	8			5.5	4	15
631	10	30	63	5	100103006305W400	558	5			9	8	11	8
632	7	32	63	5	1AA073206305W400	562	3			8	7	13	2
633	7	13	63	6	1AA071306306W400	559	3.5			2	3	10	0
634	10	19	63	6	100101906306W400	559	2		1.5	11			3
635	11	20	63	6	100112006306W400	560	3		2.5			3	3
636	8	21	63	6	100082106306W400	561	1.5		9	9	12	8	0
637	16	22	63	6	100162206306W400	563	2					9	4
638	9	23	63	6	100092306306W400	574	2			2	5	9	4
639	3	24	63	6	100032406306W400	569	4			8.5	7	4	1
640	10	29	63	6	100102906306W400	571	1		11	12	10	17	2
641	6	31	63	6	100063106306W400	582	4						2
642	6	32	63	6	100063206306W400	578	0			9	12		3
643	6	33	63	6	100063306306W400	579	3				5	15	3
644	7	34	63	6	100073406306W400	582	3		1	10	9	6	3
645	10	3	63	7	100100306307W400	561	2			9	13	12	2.5
646	7	7	63	7	100070706307W400	560	0	3	6	8			7
647	10	9	63	7	100100906307W400	546	2	3	7	7	5	13	7
648	11	12	63	7	100111206307W400	561	6	8	0	11	16	14	0
649	10	13	63	7	100101306307W400	564	6	5	2.5	12		14	1
650	6	15	63	7	100061506307W400	561	3	6	6	9.5	15	12	6
651	10	19	63	7	100101906307W400	572	6.5	5	3	11	16	15	7
652	10	25	63	7	100102506307W400	570	2.5		1	8	7		9
653	10	26	63	7	1AA102606307W400	566	4	5	3	11	10		8
654	14	36	63	7	100143606307W400	579	4		1.5	9	6	27	12
655	12	1	63	8	1AA120106308W400	568	3	3	2	8.5			8
656	6	2	63	8	100060206308W400	562	1.5	4	4	8		15	8
657	3	4	63	8	1AA030406308W400	569		1					
658	4	4	63	8	1AC040406308W400	567							
659	5	4	63	8	1AA050406308W400	567							
660	6	4	63	8	1AE060406308W400	569		1.5					
661	14	11	63	8	100141106308W400	567	1.5		0	9			0
662	1	13	63	8	100011306308W400	573	7.5	3.5	6				5
663	2	13	63	8	1AG021306308W400	579	7.5	3.5	6	9.5			6
664	6	13	63	8	100061306308W400	577	5.5	3	6				3
665	8	24	63	8	100082406308W400	578	1	2	3				3
666	10	26	63	8	100102606308W400	581	3						8
667	4	27	63	8	100042706308W400	580	4.5		7.5				8
668	6	31	63	8	100063106308W400	584	7			16	10		8
669	5	13	63	9	100051306309W400	598	1.5	6.5	8.5				8
670	6	10	64	3	100061006403W400	548	2		14	9	11		5.5
671	2	15	64	3	1AA021506403W400	554	2			8	5	18	5.5
672	1	16	64	3	1AA011606403W400	564	2			8.5	5	18	5
673	5	16	64	3	1AA051606403W400	556	2			8	5	16	5
674	1	19	64	3	100011906403W400	594	2		10	3	7	13	5
675	10	26	64	3	1AA102606403W400	605	7	2	8	10	5	20	7
676	3	27	64	3	1AC032706403W400	600	3			10			
677	14	35	64	3	1AA143506403W400	643	2			5	8		7
678	12	15	64	4	100121506404W400	587	5	2.5	4	0			8.5
679	10	19	64	4	100101906404W400	597	5	6	6	9	9.5	20	10
680	2	20	64	4	100022006404W400	558		6	4	8	8	18	12
681	6	21	64	4	100062106404W400	575		3	5	11			6
682	10	21	64	4	100102106404W400	580			2	9	2.5		
683	13	21	64	4	100132106404W400	579			2	6.5	8	21	4
684	6	24	64	4	100062406404W400	582				13	16	12	5
685	5	28	64	4	1AA062806404W400	611	6			12		13	5

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSO	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
686	7	29	64	4	100072906404W400	615	4	0	0	5	13		
687	10	29	64	4	1AA102306404W400	621	0	4	8	7	10	19	8
688	11	30	64	4	100113006404W400	617	5			9			5.5
689	15	31	64	4	100153106404W400	627				12	10	15	9
690	7	32	64	4	100073206404W400	624				26	11	19	8.5
691	10	32	64	4	100103206404W400	623							7
692	13	32	64	4	100133206404W400	628						10	8.5
693	11	6	64	5	100110606405W400	571	6.5		7			9	4
694	6	7	64	5	1AA060706405W400	564		4	7	9			
695	8	9	64	5	1AA080906405W400	564		4	7	9			
696	10	17	64	5	100101706405W400	593	5.5		6			14	9
697	3	24	64	5	100032406405W400	570	4		4				4
698	5	32	64	5	1AA053206405W400	639	5		13		15	20	13
699	10	34	64	5	100103406405W400	641	4.5		4.5	12	9.5	17	7.5
700	14	5	64	6	100140506406W400	596			8	15	15	9	1
701	11	6	64	6	100110606406W400	589	3.5		4	11		6	1
702	12	6	64	6	100120606406W400	590	3		7	9	10		
703	16	6	64	6	1AA160606406W400	593	3		4	9.5	8	15	5
704	3	7	64	6	100030706406W400	584	3		7.5	12	20	5	1.5
705	11	9	64	6	100110906406W400	588	6				20	3	2
706	6	11	64	6	100061106406W400	580	2		7	14			3
707	11	14	64	6	100111406406W400	589	2		7	11	5		
708	14	16	64	6	1AA141606406W400	584	4		4				
709	6	18	64	6	100061806406W400	594	0				4		
710	2	21	64	6	1AA022106406W400	590	3			9	14	3	0
711	12	21	64	6	1AA122106406W400	602	5			14	16		5
712	3	22	64	6	1AA032206406W400	591	5						
713	6	23	64	6	100062306406W400	604	2		10	16	15	6	12
714	3	27	64	6	1AA032706406W400	607	5			7	17	8.5	11
715	9	27	64	6	1AA092706406W400	613	4.5			12	15	7	3
716	9	28	64	6	1AA092806406W400	604	4.5			13	17	3	5.5
717	7	30	64	6	100073006406W400	604	2.5	2.5	4.5	12	9.5	9	4.5
718	11	36	64	6	100113606406W400	648	2	3					
719	16	1	64	7	100160106407W400	583	2	3	5	8	7.5	16	4.5
720	7	3	64	7	100070306407W400	575	6		4				
721	4	7	64	7	1AA040706407W400	578	3		5.5				
722	11	11	64	7	100111106407W400	579			7	5.5	18		5
723	8	12	64	7	100081206407W400	582	4			9	22	5	0
724	10	13	64	7	100101306407W400	592			4	11	21	8	0
725	6	15	64	7	100061506407W400	591	5	3	3	8	7	7	1
726	11	16	64	7	1AA111606407W400	587	2			6	6.5	17	0
727	10	28	64	7	100102806407W400	609	8		21	14	8	20	3
728	6	30	64	7	100063006407W400	589	3		9	2	5		
729	15	4	64	8	100150406408W400	596	2		9	11	0		
730	13	7	64	8	100130706408W400	589	3.5		6	7.5	5		10
731	10	22	64	8	100102206408W400	600	0	7.5		9	7.5		
732	10	30	64	8	100103006408W400	596	5			5	5		
733	6	36	64	8	1AA063606408W400	594			6	5.5			
734	6	29	64	9	100062906409W400	655	7	13	14	12			13
735	8	14	65	2	100081406502W400	593	4	5.5	1.5	8	8	17	11
736	7	22	65	2	100072206502W400	601	3	1	1	6	4	27	3.5
737	15	23	65	2	100152306502W400	580	4	1	1	6	4.5	26	4
738	2	3	65	3	102020306503W400	656	5	2	9	11	12	15	3
739	7	8	65	3	1AN070806503W400	606	9	1	3.5	2.5	3.5		
740	3	17	65	3	1AA031706503W400	602	4	2.5	3	3.5	3	20	6
741	10	18	65	3	1AA101806503W400	601	5.5	2	1	4	3.5	25	3
742	6	29	65	3	1AA062906503W400	609	9	4	3	5	7	18	6

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO	
743	6	32	65	3	1AA063206503W400	618	6	1	3.5	1.5	7	29	5	
744	13	1	65	4	110130106504W400	602								
745	5	3	65	4	100050306504W400	614	2				20	15	8.5	
746	1	9	65	4	100010906504W400	619	7	2.5	3.5	8	8	24	5.5	
747	5	10	65	4	100051006504W400	616	7	3.5	5				8.5	
748	5	11	65	4	100051106504W400	602		1	1				9	
749	13	12	65	4	103131206504W400	606			2					
750	1	16	65	4	100011606504W400	607								
751	16	16	65	4	100161606504W400	614								
752	10	21	65	4	100102106504W400	616								
753	12	22	65	4	100122206504W400	615								
754	3	23	65	4	1AA032306504W400	610	9	5			13	17	9.5	
755	2	24	65	4	105022406504W400	611								
756	12	24	65	4	100122406504W400	613							3	
757	9	25	65	4	100092506504W400	628			2					
758	14	28	65	4	1AA142806504W400	611								
759	10	29	65	4	1AA102906504W400	620	4		8	7	18	16	11	
760	1	32	65	4	1AA013206504W400	618	5.5	3					3.5	
761	14	34	65	4	1AA143406504W400	622	6.5		2	3.5	9	25	8.5	
762	7	5	65	5	1AA070506505W400	642	2.5		5	15	20	14	9.5	
763	3	6	65	5	100030606505W400	645	1.5				17	20	0	
764	2	7	65	5	100020706505W400	645	4	5		14				
765	7	8	65	5	1AA070806505W400	642	5	3		15	17	16	6.5	
766	7	9	65	5	1AA070906505W400	646	0		5	13	16	15	4.5	
767	11	14	65	5	100111406505W400	643	1						5	
768	6	15	65	5	1AA061506505W400	660	2.5		2.5	7	15	18	8	
769	9	17	65	5	1AA091706505W400	641	2	2	3					
770	14	18	65	5	100141806505W400	651	5			13	18	17	4	
771	11	21	65	5	1AA112106505W400	648	7.5	2	5		2.5	16	5.5	
772	14	29	65	5	1AA142906505W400	645	4.5		9			15	4	
773	7	30	65	5	100073006505W400	656	8		10	12	15	15	7	
774	7	31	65	5	100073106505W400	650	3	4	6	9		11	4	
775	10	33	65	5	100103306505W400	640	3.5			10	18	12	2	
776	11	1	65	6	1AA110106506W400	654	4.5		7.5	8.5	16			
777	2	2	65	6	100020206506W400	648	4	2.5		13	18	8	4	
778	2	3	65	6	100020306506W400	644	5	5	6	14	15	7	7.5	
779	11	10	65	6	100111006506W400	647	4		6.5	11	11	12		
780	11	11	65	6	100111106506W400	647	5	6	10	13	15	13	7	
781	5	12	65	6	100051206506W400	645	5	5	8.5	13	18	13	3.5	
782	11	13	65	6	100111306506W400	646	5.5	5	6	13	12	14	5	
783	7	24	65	6	100072406506W400	642	6.5	4	9	14	17	17	2	
784	10	25	65	6	100102506506W400	637	4		7	14	8	15	4.5	
785	6	27	65	6	100062706506W400	634	5		5.5	17	3.5	15	7.5	
786	11	30	65	7	100113006507W400	694	6	2	5	9	4.5	13	2	
787	10	30	65	8	100103006508W400	644	3	8	5	6	1.5	12	1	
788	12	6	65	9	100120606509W402	638					17	17	10	
789	11	9	65	9	100110906509W400	607			0	6	0	6	2	
790	10	13	65	9	100101306509W400	618			3	6	10	0	13	0
791	9	16	65	9	100091606509W400	602	2	2	10	7	0	7.5	1	
792	12	5	66	1	100120506601W400	602	6							
793	7	17	66	1	100071706601W400	610						12	4.5	
794	11	4	66	2	100110406602W400	610	3		2	7	3		9	
795	7	17	66	2	1AA071706602W400	613				4.5	17	18	7.5	
796	8	19	66	2	100081906602W400	621	4	4		5.5	15	16	8	
797	6	22	66	2	100062206602W400	620				6	18	18	12	
798	7	26	66	2	100072606602W400	617	4.5	4	2.5	6.5	5	11	4	
799	13	34	66	2	100133406602W400	617		1.5	5	7	16	13	10	

	A	B	C	D	F	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	CCL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEY	LLO
800	5	36	66	2	100053606602W400	617	1.5		1	11	5		5
801	11	12	66	3	1AA111206603W400	611		3	11	13	15	15	7
802	6	24	66	3	100062406603W400	616	3	3	5.5	9	17	17	7
803	13	3	66	4	1AA130306604W400	611	7		2.5				19
804	15	5	66	4	1AA150506604W400	625	8	5					10
805	3	9	66	4	1AA030906604W400	625	7						6.5
806	5	14	66	4	1AA051406604W400	633	3.5				16	15	6.5
807	11	18	66	4	1AA111806604W400	643	0			12	14	12	10
808	7	30	66	4	100073006604W400	656	0.5				19	9	5
809	16	4	66	5	100160406605W400	640	4.5		9	8.5	23	3.5	6
810	10	5	66	5	1AA100506605W400	644	5		6.5	14	8.5	14	6
811	6	6	66	5	100060606605W400	642	5	3	5	9.5	10	5.5	20
812	8	7	66	5	100080706605W400	642	6			12	3	7.5	6
813	12	8	66	5	1AT120806605W400	637	0		8	13	4	8.5	8
814	15	10	66	5	102151006605W400	643	2				20	2	4
815	7	14	66	5	1AA071406605W400	640					18	4	7
816	10	15	66	5	100101506605W400	641	0				5	20	4.5
817	1	16	66	5	100011606605W400	644	5				11	10	9
818	13	22	66	5	100132206605W400	645	5					10	12
819	10	24	66	5	100102406605W400	650	0					9	8
820	7	26	66	5	100072606605W400	652	5.5				4	9	9
821	7	27	66	5	100072706605W400	651	4.5				6.5	12	10
822	6	33	66	5	100063306605W400	646	8						11
823	6	34	66	5	100063406605W400	649	7	4					17
824	10	36	66	5	100103606605W400	665	6.5				2.5	10	8.5
825	7	11	66	6	100071106606W400	635	5				6.5	10	11
826	2	12	66	6	100021206606W400	633	0			12	9	6	21
827	6	13	66	6	100061306606W400	641	4				8	8	19
828	11	15	66	6	100111506606W400	633	5						18
829	6	24	66	7	100062406607W400	631	5.5		7.5	12	9	0	18
830	5	28	66	7	100052806607W400	636	4	11	8	7	10	5	15
831	6	8	66	8	100060806608W400	659	0	4.5	12	9	3	9	3
832	9	10	66	8	100091006608W400	600	4			10	5	0	9
833	8	18	66	8	100081806608W400	650	7						8
834	10	19	66	8	100101906608W400	641	8		6.5				2
835	4	31	66	8	100043106608W400	625	9		5				0
836	12	8	67	1	100120806701W400	613	7					17	12
837	7	8	67	2	100070806702W400	648	7						
838	9	11	67	2	100091106702W400	623	2	2	2	7	12	18	15
839	3	18	67	2	100031806702W400	675		2	4	3.5	25	20	6
840	10	29	67	2	100102906702W400	711	2	3	2	4	15	18	10
841	6	34	67	2	100063406702W400	690	9	4	3.5				
842	11	2	67	3	100110206703W400	663	5.5	8	5				9
843	11	4	67	3	100110406703W400	658	11					11	20
844	11	6	67	3	100110606703W400	676	8	6				10	17
845	10	8	67	3	100100806703W400	678	7						17
846	11	11	67	3	100111106703W400	687	4.5	5	5	9	7	26	4.5
847	10	14	67	3	100101406703W400	701	7					5	25
848	7	22	67	3	100072206703W400	681	7.5					18	5
849	6	23	67	3	100062306703W400	700	6.5				12		
850	11	26	67	3	100112606703W400	692						16	3
851	10	28	67	3	100102806703W400	683	4					17	0
852	6	30	67	3	100063006703W400	674	2	13		12	23	15	3
853	7	31	67	3	100073106703W400	680	5	4.5			11	10	0
854	7	36	67	3	100073606703W400	704	5.5	9.5					10
855	10	2	67	4	100100206704W400	697	1					12	15
856	10	3	67	4	100100306704W400	699	2	13			12	18	15

1	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M	
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	CCL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	PEX	ULO	
857	7	4	67	4	100070406704W400	694	4				13	15	3	
858	10	5	67	4	1AG100506704W400	687	5				16	13	6	
859	10	6	67	4	100100606704W400	675	5				16	13	6	
860	10	7	67	4	100100706704W400	686	6.5				12	13	8	
861	10	8	67	4	100100806704W400	701	3.5				7.5	14	5	
862	9	9	67	4	100090906704W400	704	4				7	12	4	
863	10	10	67	4	100101006704W400	703	2		9	11	14	13	4	
864	2	12	67	4	100021206704W400	683			8	5	6	14	1	
865	6	14	67	4	100061406704W400	698	3	2		9	6	15	4.5	
866	7	16	67	4	100071606704W400	710	7	1	3.5	14	3.5	10	3.5	
867	6	17	67	4	100061706704W400	694	3	10	7.5	15	7.5	10	7.5	
868	10	20	67	4	100102006704W400	700	3				5	6	10	2.5
869	11	24	67	4	100112406704W400	679			7	11		13	0	
870	10	26	67	4	100102606704W400	698						0	13	
871	11	28	67	4	100112806704W400	699	3	4	7.5	5	12	16	7.5	
872	15	30	67	4	100153006704W400	684	3.5	4	6	12	15	7	13	
873	7	33	67	4	100073306704W400	702	2	4	6				3.5	
874	11	2	67	5	100110206705W400	664			3	9	14	4	19	
875	13	3	67	5	100130306705W400	658	7	0					14	
876	6	4	67	5	100060406705W400	650			9				17	
877	6	6	67	5	100060606705W400	668	6			13	11			
878	8	7	67	5	100080706705W400	653	6.5	5.5					13	
879	11	12	67	5	100111206705W400	673	6	6.5				6	16	
880	11	14	67	5	100111406705W400	678	9					7.5	16	
881	6	16	67	5	100061606705W400	660	5					15	10	
882	7	18	67	5	100071806705W400	653	5.5	8				3	16	
883	10	22	67	5	100102206705W400	670	5					9.5	16	
884	7	25	67	5	100072506705W400	678			5			13	16	
885	7	30	67	5	100073006705W400	668	5	11					3	
886	10	33	67	5	100103306705W400	671	2	12	0				3	
887	3	1	67	6	1AA030106706W400	646	4.5				12	10	10	19
888	11	2	67	6	100110206706W400	648	3		7	8	10	6	17	
889	12	3	67	6	100120306706W400	653	4	8	5			5	16	
890	11	5	67	6	100110506706W400	656	3	7	4	8	11	0	18	
891	10	12	67	6	100101206706W400	652	4.5	9	4	7	9	12	17	
892	5	13	67	6	100051306706W400	649	2.5			12	8.5	0	16	
893	5	14	67	6	100051406706W400	658	2					11	16	
894	6	15	67	6	100061506706W400	665							16	
895	7	25	67	6	100072506706W400	670	7		5				15	
896	10	27	67	6	100102706706W400	657	7		5					
897	2	29	67	6	100022906706W400	663	4	3.5				4.5	17	
898	13	1	67	7	100130106707W400	652	2.5		3.5	5	3	1.5		
899	11	5	67	7	100110506707W400	625	2	7	2	4	6	1.5	12	
900	5	18	67	7	100051806707W400	625	2	7.5	2	7	8	1		
901	3	25	67	7	100032506707W400	650	1.5	8					13	
902	12	31	67	7	100123106707W400	609	2		0	12			12	
903	13	34	67	7	100133406707W400	763	1.5		0	14	5.5	5.5		
904	14	1	67	8	100140106708W400	601	3			6	5	2.5	14	
905	6	13	67	8	100061306708W400	651	3		3	7	9	4		
906	12	14	67	8	100121406708W400	622	4			5	6	0		
907	7	22	67	8	100072206708W400	619	0.5		7.5				13	
908	3	25	67	8	100032506708W400	610		1.5	2	12				
909	10	29	67	8	100102906708W400	644	5	6				12	3	
910	8	36	67	8	100083606708W400	613	4	1	8	14	5	7.5	1	
911	11	8	68	1	100110806801W400	670			6	7	12			
912	10	8	68	2	100100806802W400	748			9	0	12			
913	9	11	68	2	100091106802W400	686	12	4	2.5	10				

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSO	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	ULO
914	6	21	68	2	100062106802W400	730		6	0	8			
915	6	15	68	2	100062606802W400	714	2.5	1	4	7.5			
916	11	29	68	2	100112906802W400	729			8	12	13		14
917	9	5	68	3	100090506803W400	709		2					9
918	10	6	68	3	100100606803W400	701	6						14
919	10	8	68	3	100100806803W400	716	8.5	3	4	7.5	10	18	10
920	6	13	68	3	100061306803W400	727	10	4	5	9	7	23	15
921	7	16	68	3	100071606803W400	741	1.5			5.5	7.5	18	8
922	6	26	68	3	100062606803W400	775			2	11	10	16	12
923	10	28	68	3	100102806803W400	753	3.5	4				19	7
924	6	31	68	3	100063106803W400	723	4	4				16	7
925	11	2	68	4	100110206804W400	709	0					17	8
926	7	6	68	4	100070606804W400	691	4.5	5	4	2.5	16	14	7
927	6	9	68	4	100060906804W400	697	3.5		0	5	14	7.5	13
928	11	12	68	4	100111206804W400	724	7	6	3	8	14	19	6
929	13	16	68	4	100131606804W400	705		6				13	5.5
930	6	18	68	4	100061806804W400	695	5	9	4	8	18	15	9
931	7	22	68	4	100072206804W400	726	0	3				13	7
932	2	24	68	4	100022406804W400	727	6					20	11
933	10	26	68	4	100102606804W400	736		3.5				14	8.5
934	6	29	68	4	100062906804W400	715	6	9.5				16	10
935	11	30	68	4	100113006804W400	723	5	7					9.5
936	10	32	68	4	100103206804W400	716	5						11
937	7	8	68	5	100070806805W400	695	7	9				4.5	15
938	11	16	68	5	100111606805W400	688	4	7.5	7	7.5	15	8	9.5
939	15	26	68	5	100152606805W400	717	7.5	4				0	3.5
940	13	27	68	5	100132706805W400	696		4.5				9.5	8
941	11	36	68	5	100113606805W400	714	5					2.5	10
942	7	1	68	6	100070106806W400	676	8			3.5	11	5.5	8.5
943	7	5	68	6	100070506806W400	664		8	4	8	6	4.5	17
944	5	13	68	6	100051306806W400	700	4					6	11
945	7	15	68	6	100071506806W400	697	3.5	9					11
946	8	17	68	6	100081706806W400	689	4						13
947	9	20	68	6	100092006806W400	701	7	8					13
948	10	29	68	6	100102906806W400	699	6	12					13
949	14	5	68	7	100140506807W400	612	4	10	6.5	13	2.5	4	6
950	12	18	68	7	100121806807W400	623	5			11	6	5.5	9.5
951	6	26	68	7	100062606807W400	637	2		7			1.5	8.5
952	10	28	68	7	100102806807W400	666	5					1	7
953	5	29	68	7	100052906807W400	632	6	2				9	9
954	15	5	68	8	100150506808W400	672				15	13	5.5	6.5
955	11	14	68	8	100111406808W400	648	5	6	0	5	6	3	1
956	16	21	68	8	100162106808W400	650		5				10	6
957	1	26	68	8	100012606808W400	606	5.5			13	7.5	12	9
958	13	30	68	8	100133006808W400	732	6					6	7
959	10	27	69	3	100102706903W400	711		6	8				5
960	5	4	69	4	100050406904W400	728	11						5
961	6	6	69	4	100060606904W400	699	2						6.5
962	5	15	69	4	100051506904W400	715	7	6			9.5	2.5	9
963	6	17	69	4	100061706904W400	695	4	4.5					5.5
964	6	19	69	4	100061906904W400	692	4.5	5					5.5
965	6	32	69	4	100063206904W400	670	4	5					4.5
966	6	2	69	5	100060206905W400	695	3.5	2.5				1.5	5.5
967	7	4	69	5	100070406905W400	684	8	8				4	6.5
968	8	9	69	5	100080906905W400	682	8	7				3.5	10
969	7	12	69	5	100071206905W400	693	12						12
970	5	14	69	5	100051406905W400	678	3	10				8	12



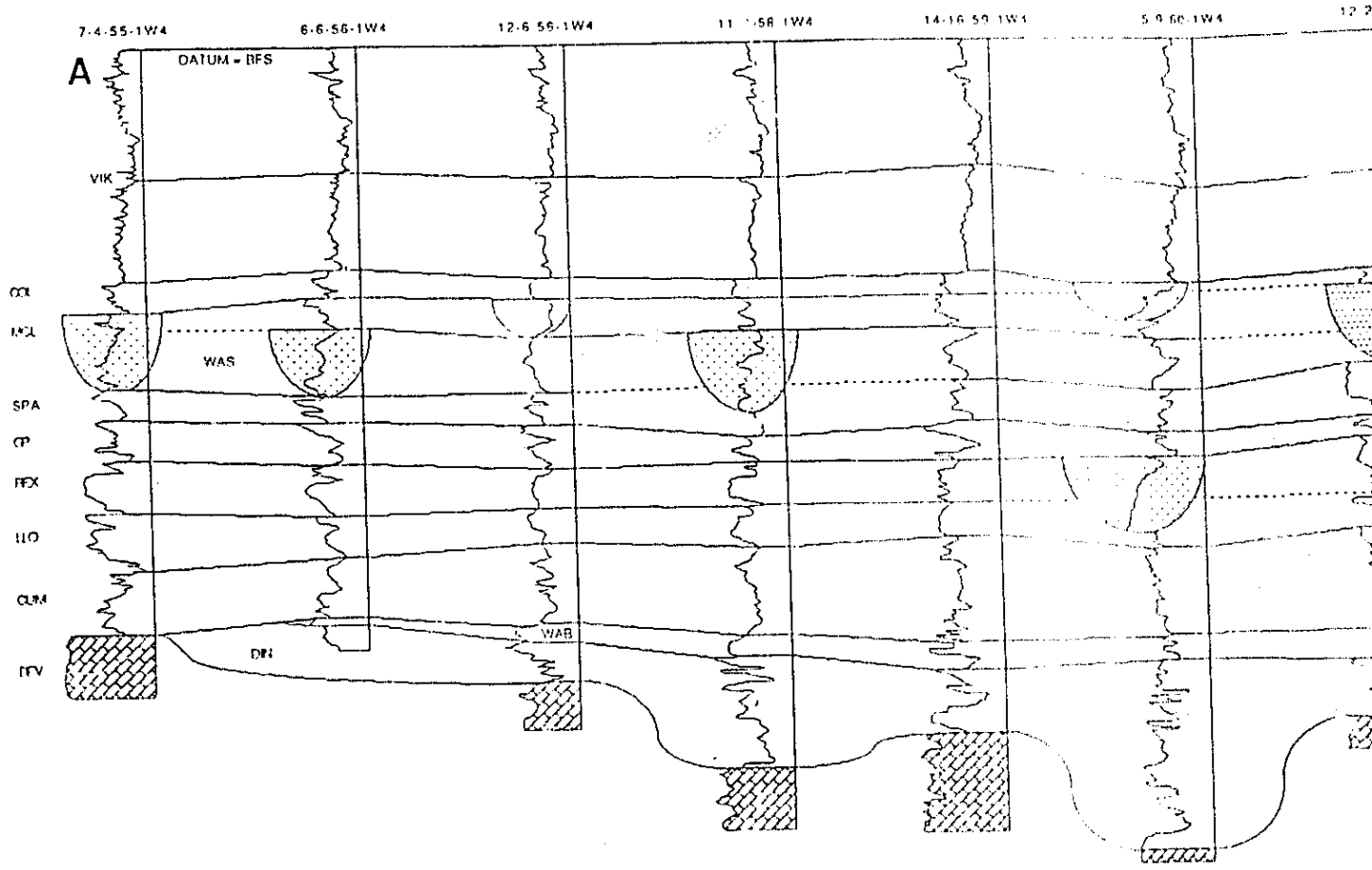
	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	REX	LLO
971	6	20	69	5	100062006905W400	682	9.5	8				6	7
972	6	22	69	5	100062206905W400	674	6	5.5				0	3
973	5	24	69	5	100052406905W400	682	3	3.5					2.5
974	8	26	69	5	100082606905W400	683	5.5	7					4.5
975	8	27	69	5	100082706905W400	678	11	8					3.5
976	11	32	69	5	100113206905W400	672		5				12	4
977	10	34	69	5	100103406905W400	677	7	9				2	6.5
978	8	36	69	5	100083606905W400	692	2	9				13	4.5
979	5	12	69	6	100051206906W400	720	5		0	8.5	13	1	9
980	6	22	69	6	100062206906W400	714	6	6					2.5
981	8	32	69	6	100083206906W400	689	7	10				2	11
982	6	36	69	6	100063606906W400	696	6.5	8.5				5	4.5
983	12	30	69	7	100123006908W400	661	5						
984	8	11	69	8	100081106908W400	619	6.5	4					
985	12	28	69	8	100122806908W400	667	7			15			
986	12	31	69	8	100123106908W400	687	5	9					
987	7	17	70	3	100071707003W400	690	9.5	13	9			8	13
988	7	16	70	4	100071607004W400	681	4		7	20			2.5
989	11	30	70	4	100113007004W400	676	5	14					3
990	8	33	70	4	100083307004W400	664	3.5	7.5					5
991	5	9	70	5	100050907005W400	682	4	8.5					6
992	7	14	70	5	100071407005W400	680	3.5	10					6
993	5	19	70	5	100051907005W400	671	6	13				3	10
994	7	20	70	5	100072007005W400	684	3.5	8.5				3	6
995	6	33	70	5	100063307005W400	658	5	7.5					5.5
996	9	12	70	6	100091207006W400	679	4	8.5				9.5	4.5
997	8	13	70	6	100081307006W400	686	5	11				9	6.5
998	5	23	70	6	100052307006W400	661	5	8		9	3	3	4
999	10	33	70	6	100103307006W400	642	6	13				5	8
1000	9	35	70	6	100093507006W400	668	1.5	5.5				1.5	5.5
1001	7	3	70	8	100070307008W400	644	5	8					4
1002	12	18	71	4	100121807104W400	674	7	19					12
1003	10	14	71	5	100101407105W400	666	4	14					5.5
1004	12	16	71	5	100121607105W400	679	12	8.5					6
1005	6	20	71	5	100062007105W400	682	8				12	0	5
1006	11	23	71	5	100112307105W400	674	7.5	13			10	6.5	7
1007	10	28	71	5	100102807105W400	679	6						11
1008	9	14	71	6	100091407106W400	676	7	5					3.5
1009	5	15	71	6	100051507106W400	672	13	5					3.5
1010	9	24	71	6	100092407106W400	676	7	11				12	13
1011	11	25	71	6	100112507106W400	693	10			8	1.5	6.5	5
1012	5	28	71	6	100052807106W400	672	7						5.5
1013	6	30	71	6	100063007106W400	665	8.5					4	11
1014	11	17	71	7	100111707107W400	664	7				13	0	4.5
1015	7	20	71	7	100072007107W400	664	8.5					6	2
1016	10	30	71	7	100103007107W400	665	2	5.5	5	8	15	2	4
1017	7	32	71	7	100073207107W400	658		3	11	12	17	13	15
1018	14	6	71	8	100140607108W400	657	7.5	7.5					
1019	10	13	71	8	100101307108W400	667	5						
1020	7	17	71	8	100071707108W400	668	5						16
1021	11	26	71	8	100112607108W400	660		6	4	6	6.5	0	1
1022	7	32	71	8	100073207108W400	653	6.5			8.5	8.5	7	1
1023	11	35	71	8	100113507108W400	667	6	6	4.5	11	13	2.5	8
1024	16	36	72	1	100163607201W400	679	7					12	9
1025	6	3	72	4	100060307204W400	680	7					4	5.5
1026	5	5	72	4	100050507204W400	678	7					4	5
1027	11	15	72	4	100111507204W400	685	6	8.5					12

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEX	LLO
1028	7	28	72	4	100072807204W400	702	7	13					12
1029	6	1	72	5	100060107205W400	675	7						7
1030	12	4	72	5	100120407205W400	682	5.5						7
1031	11	6	72	5	100110607205W400	673	5						6.5
1032	12	14	72	5	100121407205W400	718	10						6
1033	8	16	72	5	100081607205W400	702	7.5					12	8
1034	8	18	72	5	100081807205W400	708	5						4
1035	12	26	72	5	100122607205W400	698	6						8.5
1036	12	28	72	5	100122807205W400	720	5						4
1037	11	2	72	6	100110207206W400	674	5						8
1038	12	4	72	6	100120407206W400	695	6.5						7
1039	9	6	72	6	100090607206W400	678	7						3.5
1040	7	14	72	6	100071407206W400	707	4				13	14	3.5
1041	8	16	72	6	100081607206W400	716	8.5						9
1042	3	18	72	6	100031807206W400	689	7					10	13
1043	12	26	72	6	100122607206W400	718							7
1044	12	28	72	6	100122807206W400	718							
1045	2	29	72	6	100022907206W400	736					15	5.5	9.5
1046	9	30	72	6	100093007206W400	736	9						9
1047	10	1	72	7	100100107207W400	667	5.5	3.5	3				8
1048	10	3	72	7	100100307207W400	668	10	3	5.5				
1049	10	13	72	7	100101307207W400	686	10	5	4			12	4
1050	10	16	72	7	100101607207W400	704	12	5	4				4
1051	10	17	72	7	100101707207W400	693	6	3	3				0
1052	10	23	72	7	100102307207W400	693	5.5					10	0
1053	10	25	72	7	100102507207W400	722	8						
1054	10	26	72	7	100102607207W400	701	7		2	15	4	12	1
1055	10	27	72	7	100102707207W400	697	8					6	1
1056	10	29	72	7	100102907207W400	699	8	7					0
1057	11	30	72	7	100113007207W400	685	7	5.5	3				0
1058	11	31	72	7	100113107207W400	686	8	5	4.5				0
1059	10	33	72	7	100103307207W400	690	7.5					9	0
1060	11	34	72	7	100113407207W400	704	6.5						0
1061	10	1	72	8	100100107208W400	680	6.5	5	4.5	6			2.5
1062	10	3	72	8	100100307208W400	688	8	5	3.5				0
1063	10	5	72	8	100100507208W400	667	7.5	4.5	3	6.5	11	2	2
1064	6	12	72	8	100061207208W400	679	7.5	6	4				2.5
1065	10	15	72	8	100101507208W400	687	7.5	4.5	4				5
1066	11	26	72	8	100112607208W400	684	6	5					0
1067	10	27	72	8	100102707208W400	691	6	5	4				3
1068	8	4	73	4	100080407304W400	708	6			6	6	6	5
1069	7	6	73	4	100070607304W402	719	6				6	6	5
1070	11	2	73	5	100110207305W400	693	3						1.5
1071	11	5	73	5	100110507305W400	708	5						2
1072	7	12	73	5	100071207305W400	704	5.5		1	13	13	5	7.5
1073	8	2	73	6	100080207306W400	708	5.5						
1074	6	5	73	6	100060507306W400	716	6					13	4
1075	6	7	73	6	100060707306W400	716	9					7	4
1076	6	8	73	6	100060807306W400	705	7					8	4
1077	11	9	73	6	100110907306W400	689	5	11	0	14	6	8	2.5
1078	10	11	73	6	100101107306W400	705	6						
1079	6	12	73	6	100061207306W400	705	7.5	0	5	5	6.5	13	5
1080	6	13	73	6	100061307306W400	698	6					8	4.5
1081	11	14	73	6	100111407306W400	697	6						
1082	11	15	73	6	100111507306W400	681	6.5						
1083	11	17	73	6	100111707306W400	681	4					10	0
1084	6	18	73	6	100061807306W400	686	5	2.5	4				1.5

	A	B	C	D	E	F	G	H	I	J	K	L	M
1	LSD	SEC	TWP	RNG	IDENTIFIER	K.B.	COL	MCL	WAS	SPA	GP	FEK	LLO
1085	10	3	73	7	100100307307W400	724	4.5	5		8	10	6	0
1086	10	5	73	7	100100507307W400	686	7	2	6.5				
1087	11	7	73	7	100110707307W400	685	7.5	0	1.5				
1088	10	9	73	7	100100907307W400	721	4.5						
1089	10	11	73	7	100101107307W400	729		3	6				
1090	10	13	73	7	100101307307W400	698	5						
1091	10	14	73	7	100101407307W400	716	5						
1092	6	16	73	7	100061607307W400	733	4						
1093	10	17	73	7	100101707307W400	726	7						
1094	10	3	73	8	100100307308W400	706	6.5	0				5	5
1095	10	4	73	8	100100407308W400	696	5.5	0	4				1.5
1096	10	5	73	8	100100507308W400	701	6.5	2	4	5.5	10	8.5	3.5
1097	6	10	73	8	100061007308W400	706	6	7.5					1
1098	10	13	73	8	100101307308W400	697	6						0
1099	10	14	73	8	100101407308W400	708	7						0
1100	10	15	73	8	100101507308W400	714	6	1.5	2.5				0
1101	10	17	73	8	100101707308W400	694	2.5	1.5				3	2

**APPENDIX 2:**

**STRATIGRAPHIC  
CROSS-SECTIONS**



12-27-61-2W4

7-21-62-2W4

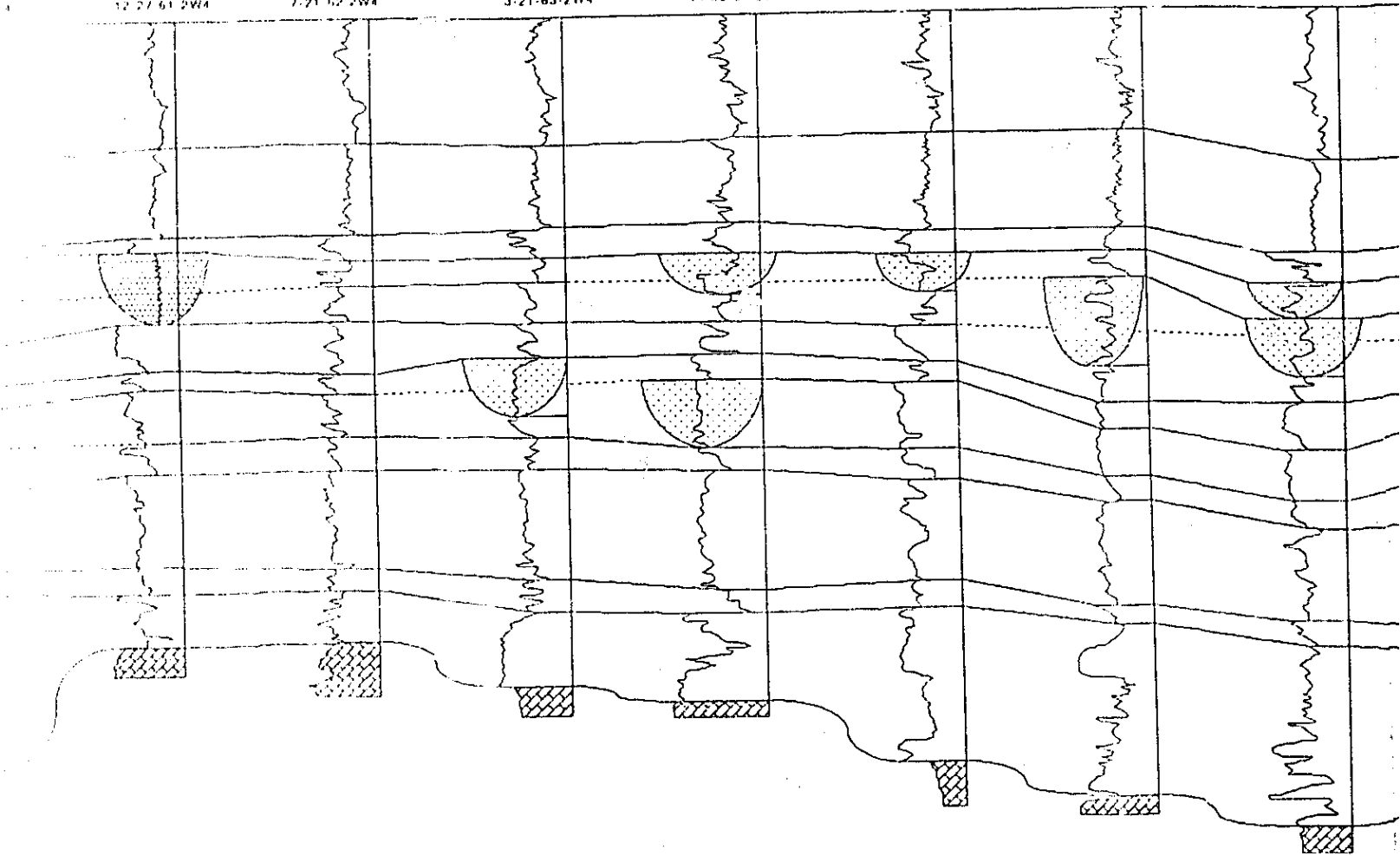
3-21-63-2W4

14-35-64-3W4

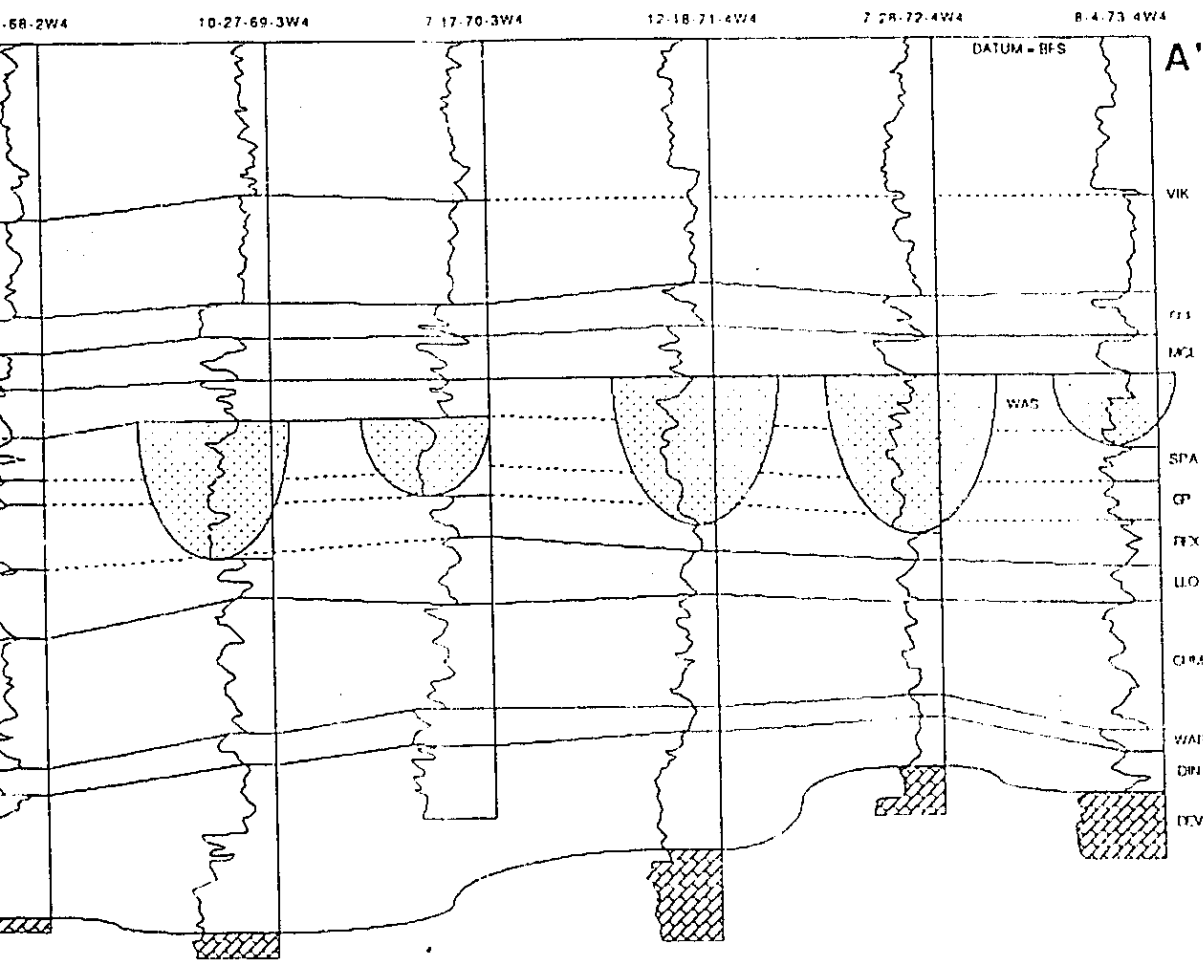
15-23-65-2W4

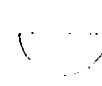
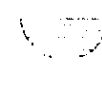
8-19-66-2W4

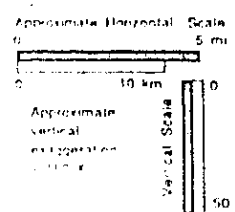
10-29-67-2W4



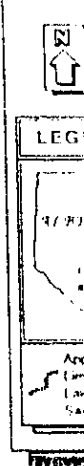
# FIGURE 1 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION COLD LAKE



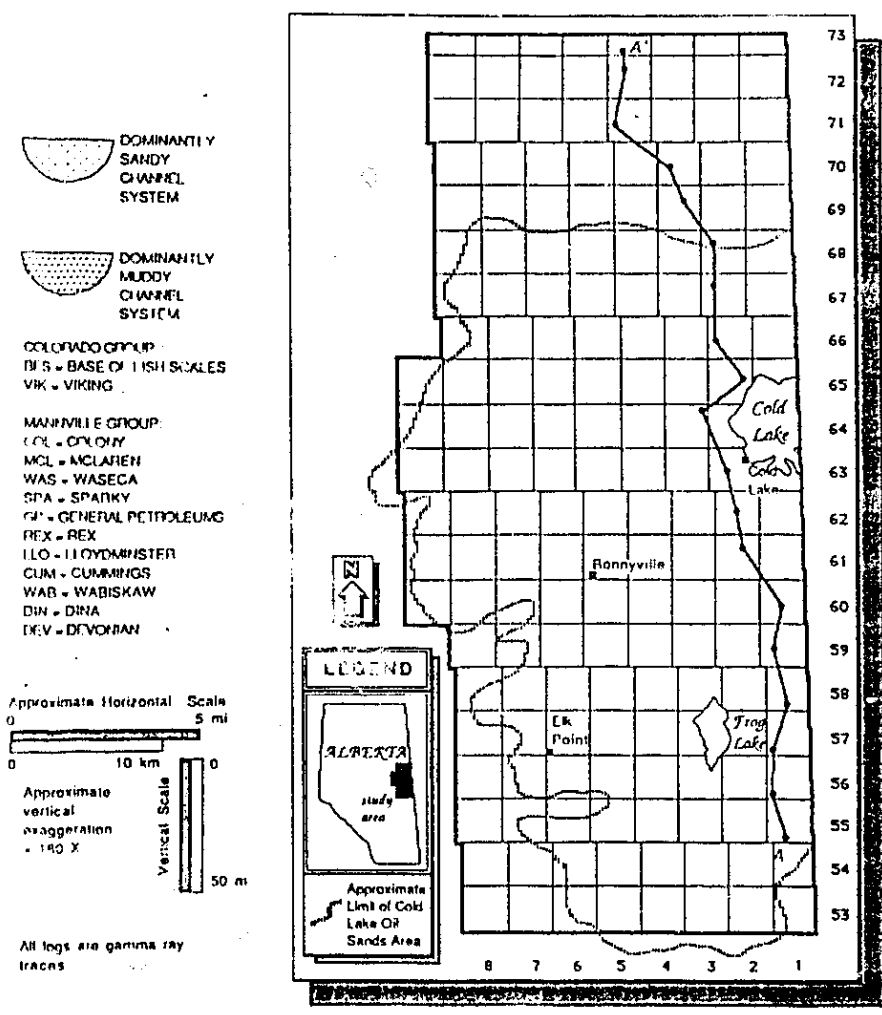
-  DOMINANTLY SANDY (WAS) SYSTEM
-  DOMINANTLY MUDY (MCL) SYSTEM
- Q13 - QUATERNARY DEPOSIT
- MCL - MIDDLE CRETACEOUS (WAS) SYSTEM
- WAS - WABUSKAW
- SPA - SPADY
- CP - GENERAL PETROLEUM
- FEX - FLOERKISTEN
- LLO - LORRANS
- CMA - CARRABONGS
- WAN - WABUSKAW
- DIN - DINA
- ITV - INVERMAN



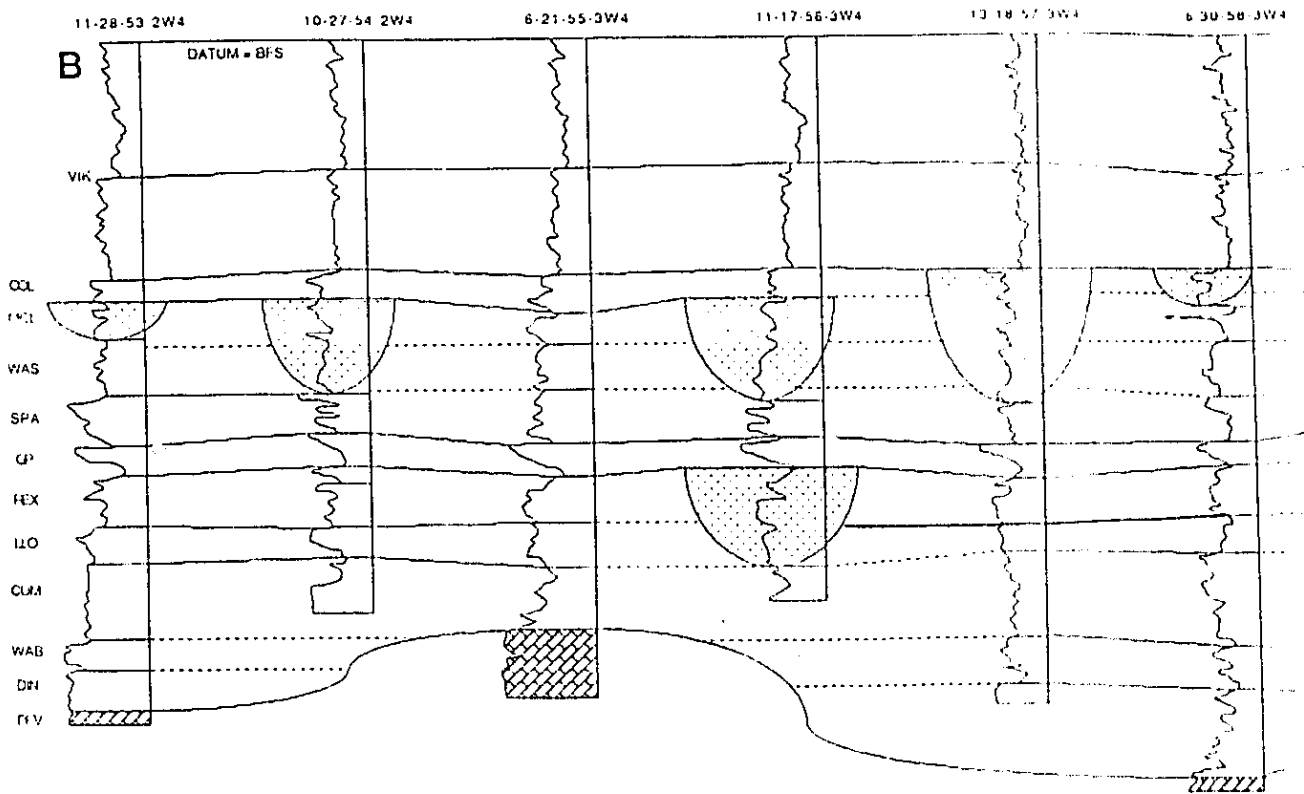
All logs are gamma ray traces.



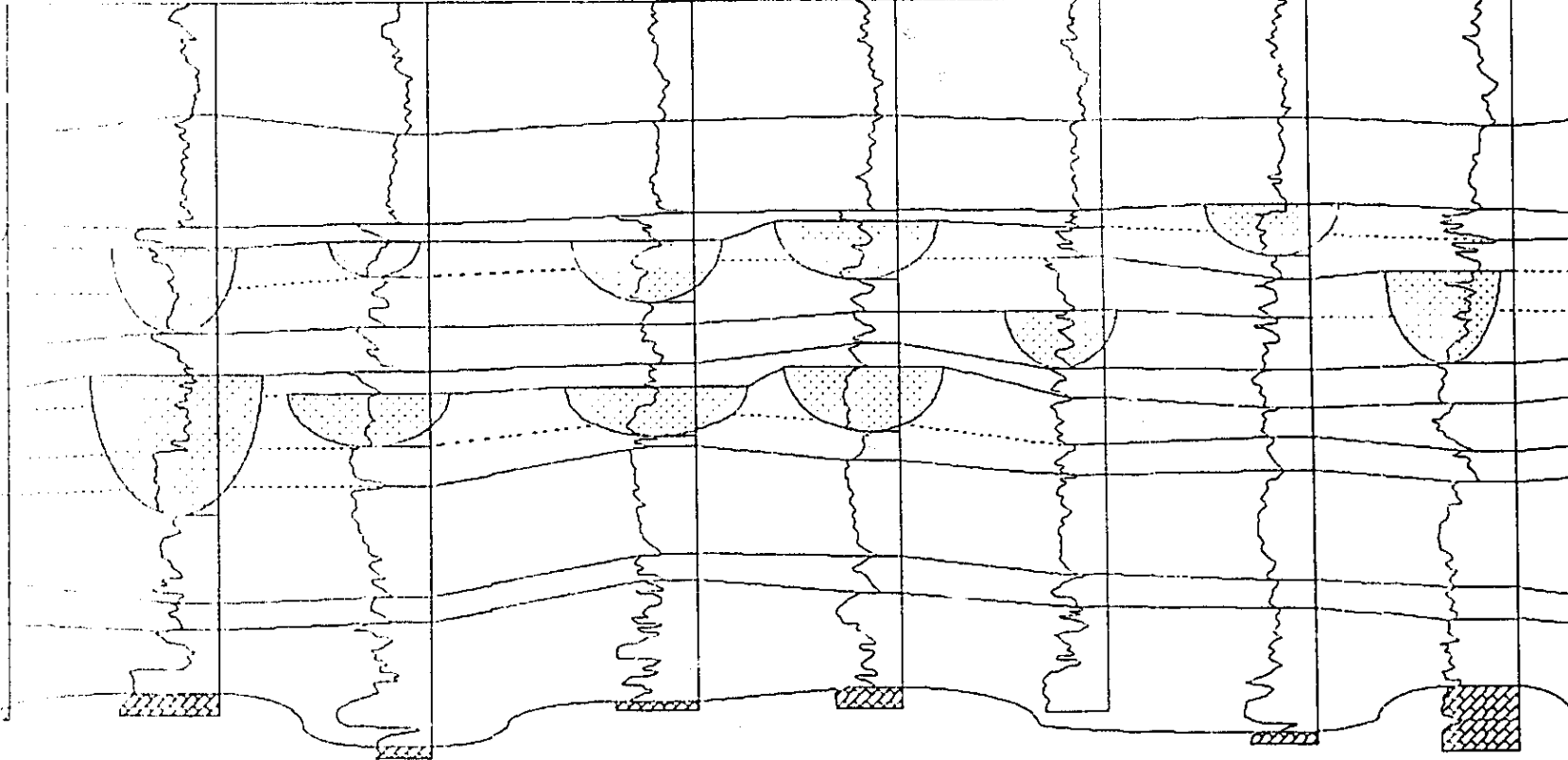
# FIGURE 47 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION A-A': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA







1974 11-21-59-3W4 6-28-60-3W4 15-17-61-3W4 11-31-62-3W4 2-30-63-3W4 6-24-64-4W4 3-23-65-4W4



C  
COLL

11-18-66-4W4

10-20-67-4W4

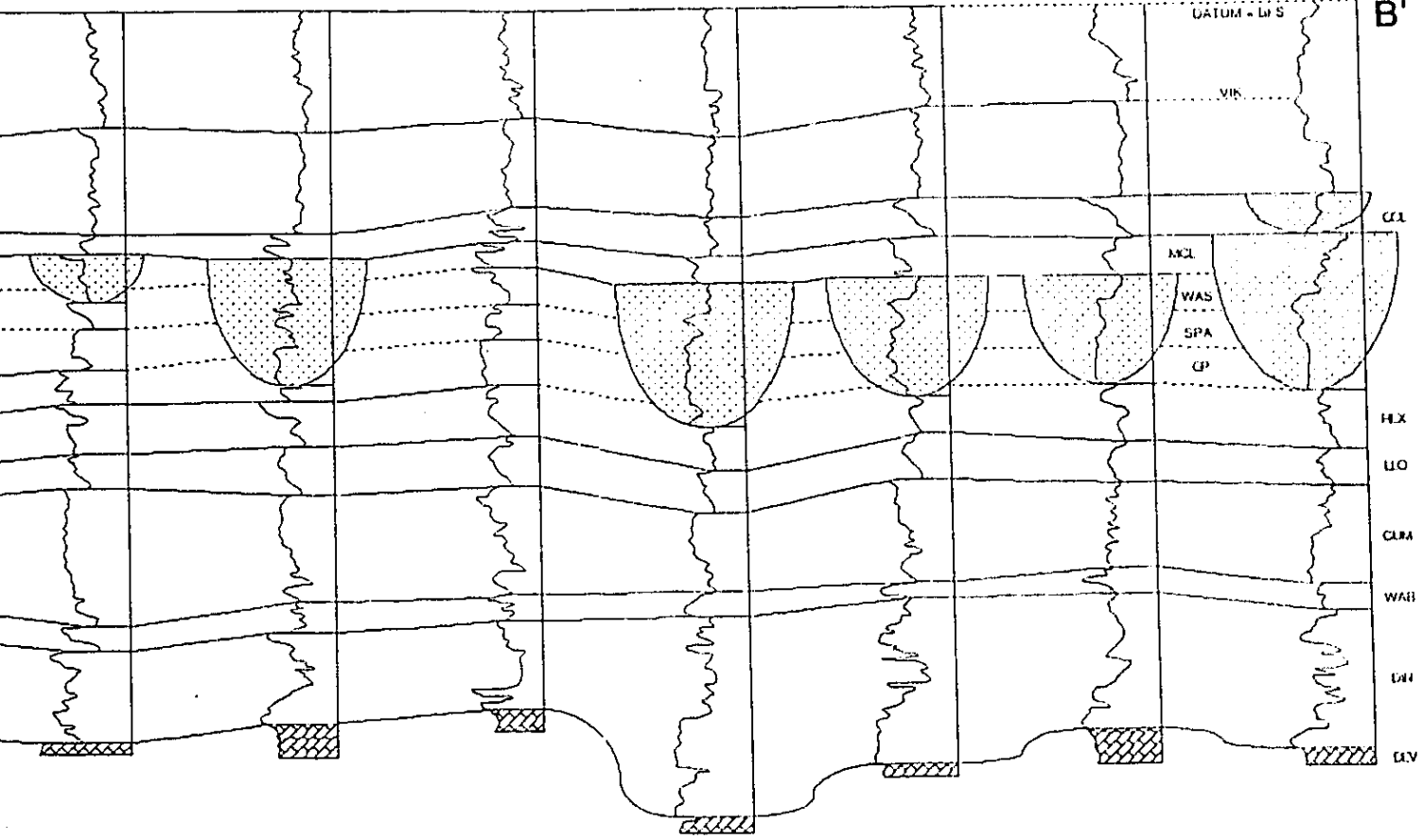
6-18-68-4W4

5-14-69-5W4

5-19-70-5W4

9-24-71-6W4

5-20-72-6W4



CCL = CLAY  
VIK = VIKING  
MCL = MCLAY  
WAS = WASH  
SPA = SPARK  
CP = CLAY  
HLX = HILL  
LLO = LLOYD  
CUM = CUMBER  
WAB = WAB  
DIR = DIRA  
LRV = LRV

Approximate  
vertical  
exaggeration  
= 180 X

All logs are  
true

# FIGURE 48

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION B-B':

### COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA



DOMINANTLY SANDY CHANNEL SYSTEM



DOMINANTLY MUDDY CHANNEL SYSTEM

COLORADO GROUP:  
BFS = BASE OF FISH SCALES  
VK = VIKING

MANVILLE GROUP:  
COL = COLONY  
MCL = MCLAREN  
WAS = WASECA  
SPA = SPARKY  
CP = GENERAL PETROLEUMS  
REX = REX  
LLO = LLOYDMINSTER  
CUM = CUMMINGS  
WAB = WABISKAW  
DIN = DINA  
DEV = DEVONIAN

Approximate Horizontal Scale  
0 5 mi

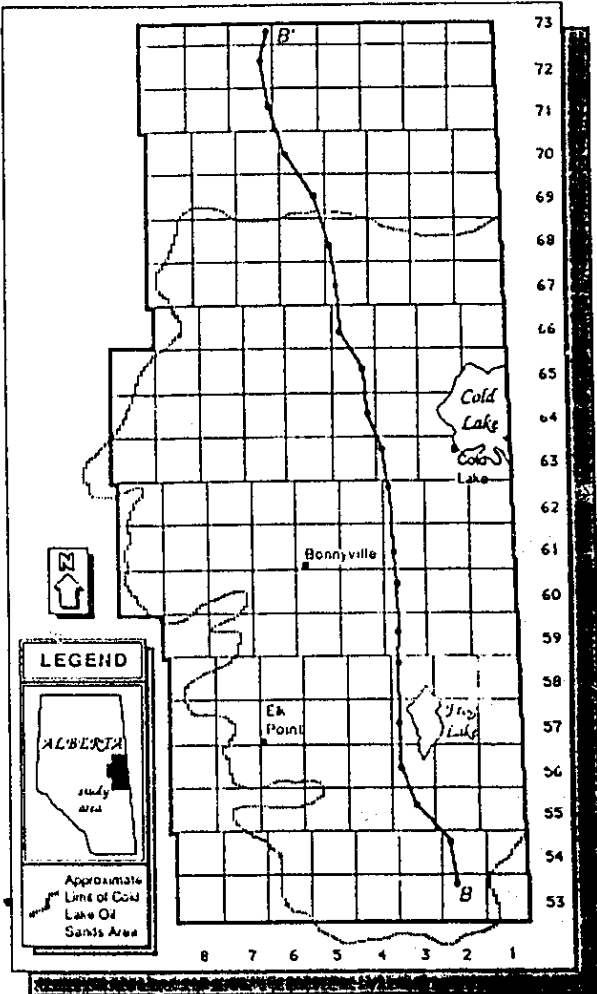
0 10 km

Approximate vertical exaggeration = 180 X  
Vertical Scale  
0 50 m

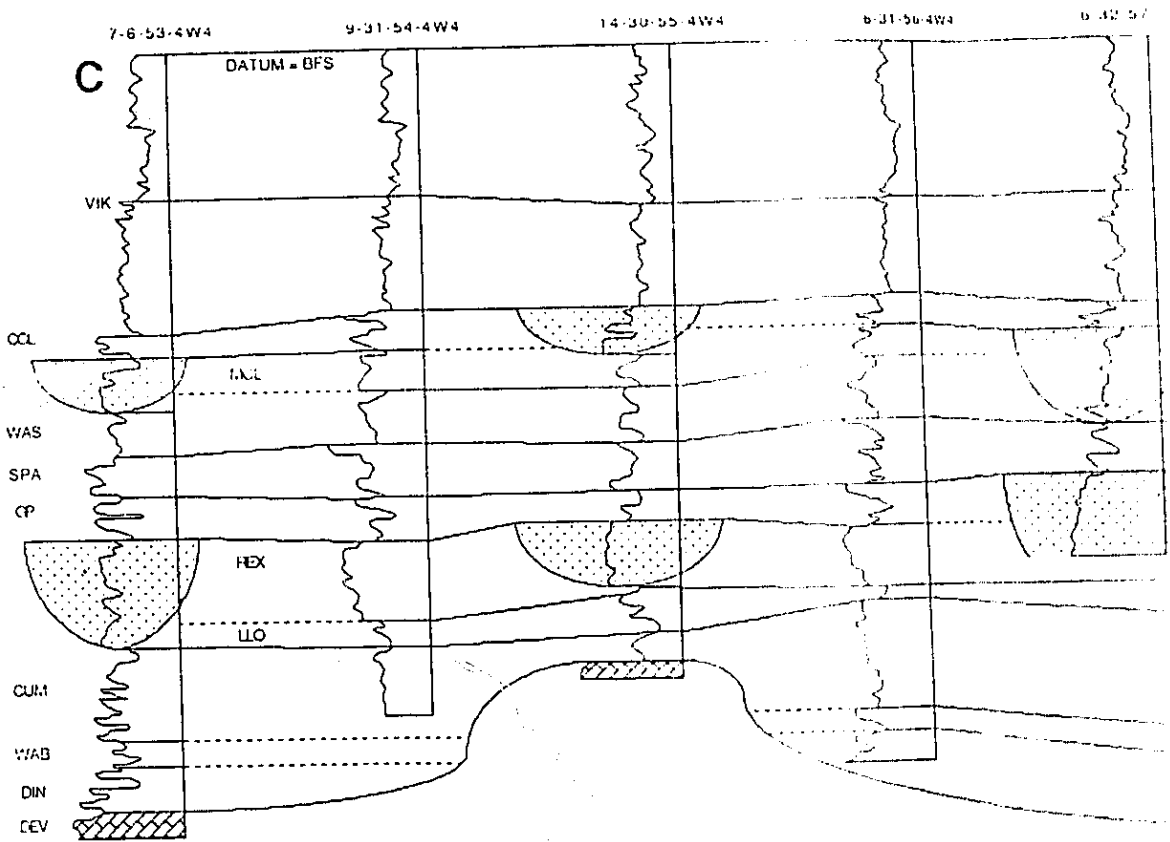
**LEGEND**

ALBERTA  
study area

Approximate Limit of Cold Lake Oil Sands Area



All logs are gamma ray traces



10-17-57-5W4

10-36-58-5W4

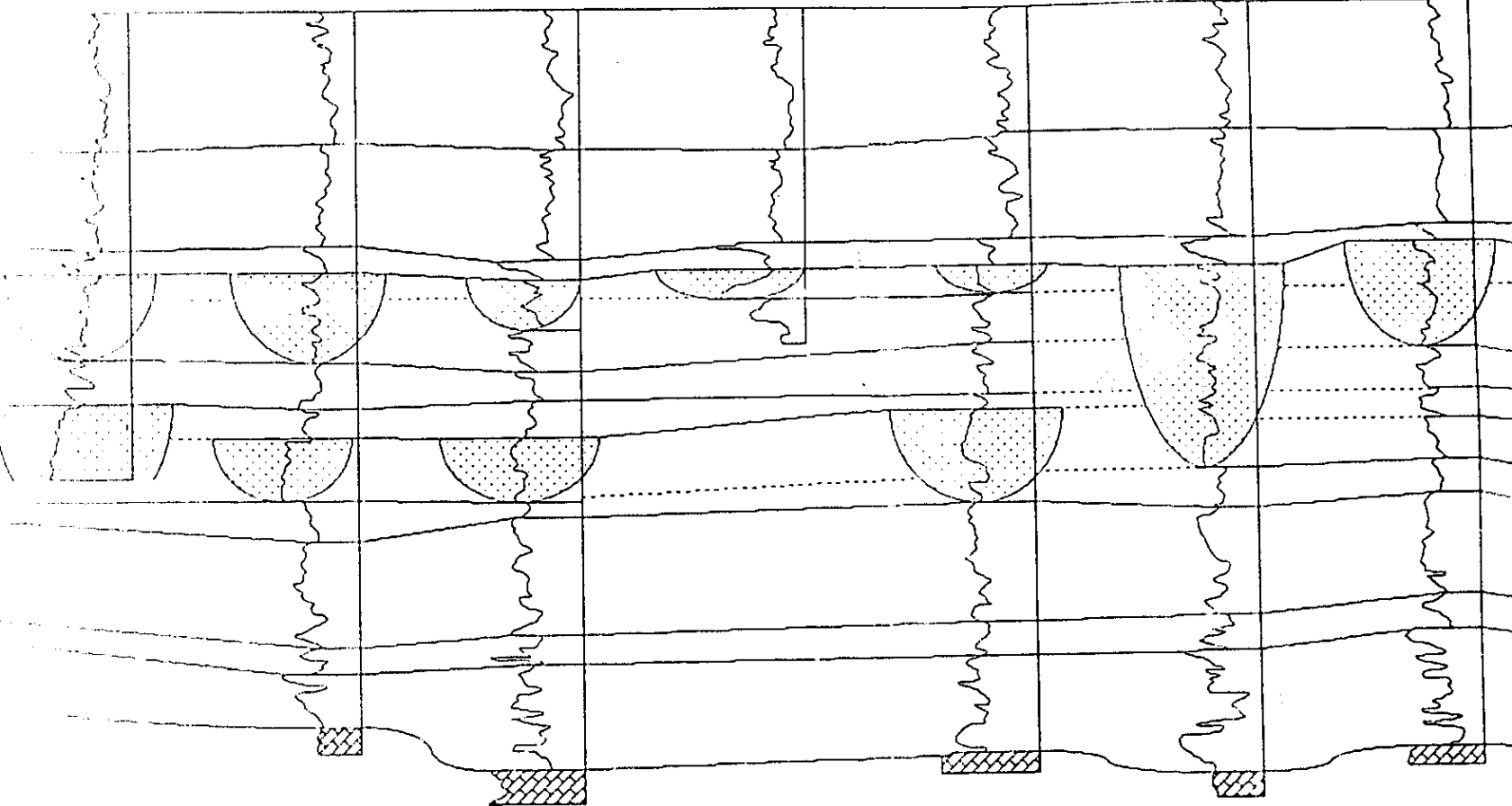
6-17-59-5W4

13-28-60-5W

7-29-61-5W4

10-16-62-5W4

10-30-63-5W4



5-32-64-5W4

7-30-65-5W4

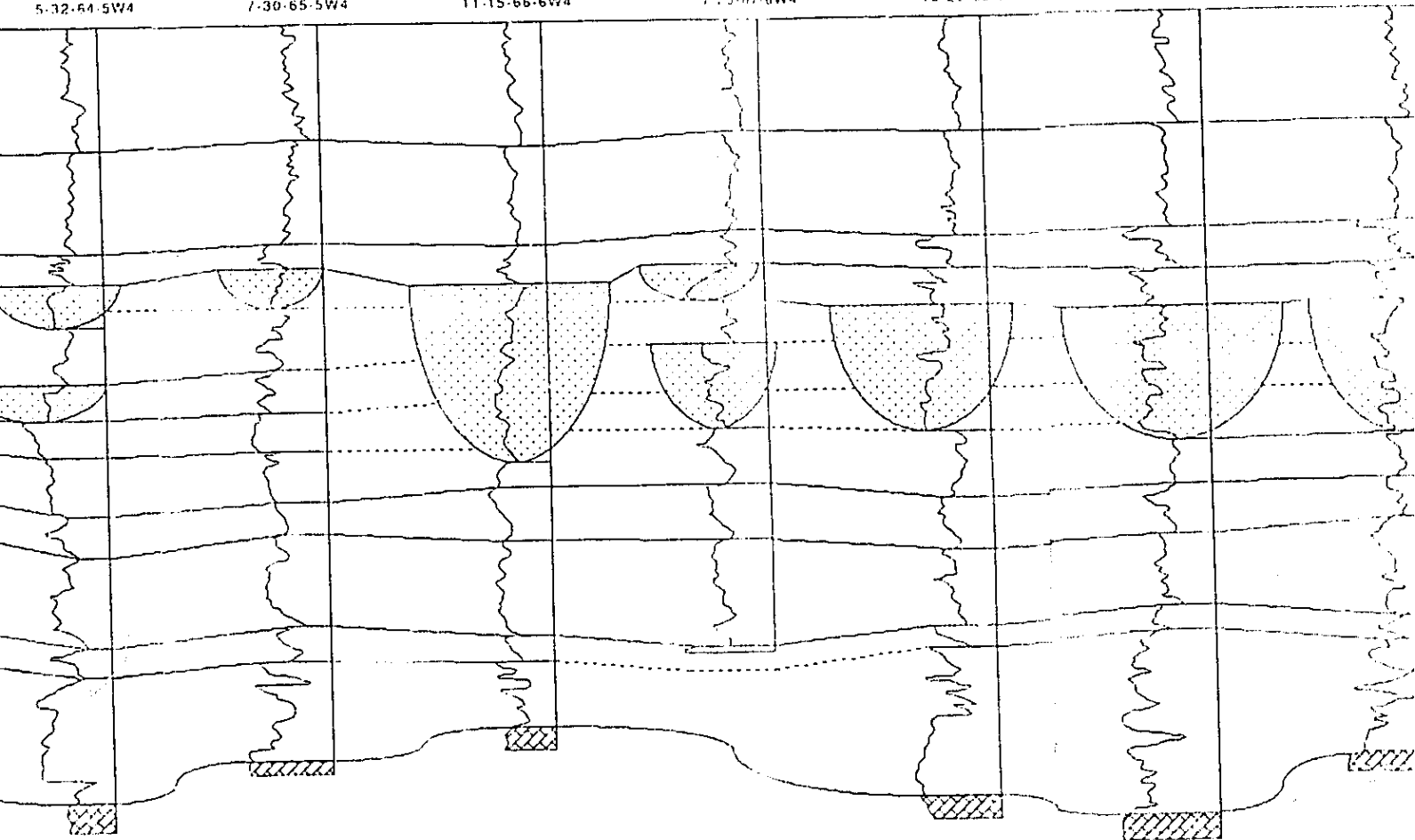
11-15-66-6W4

7-25-67-6W4

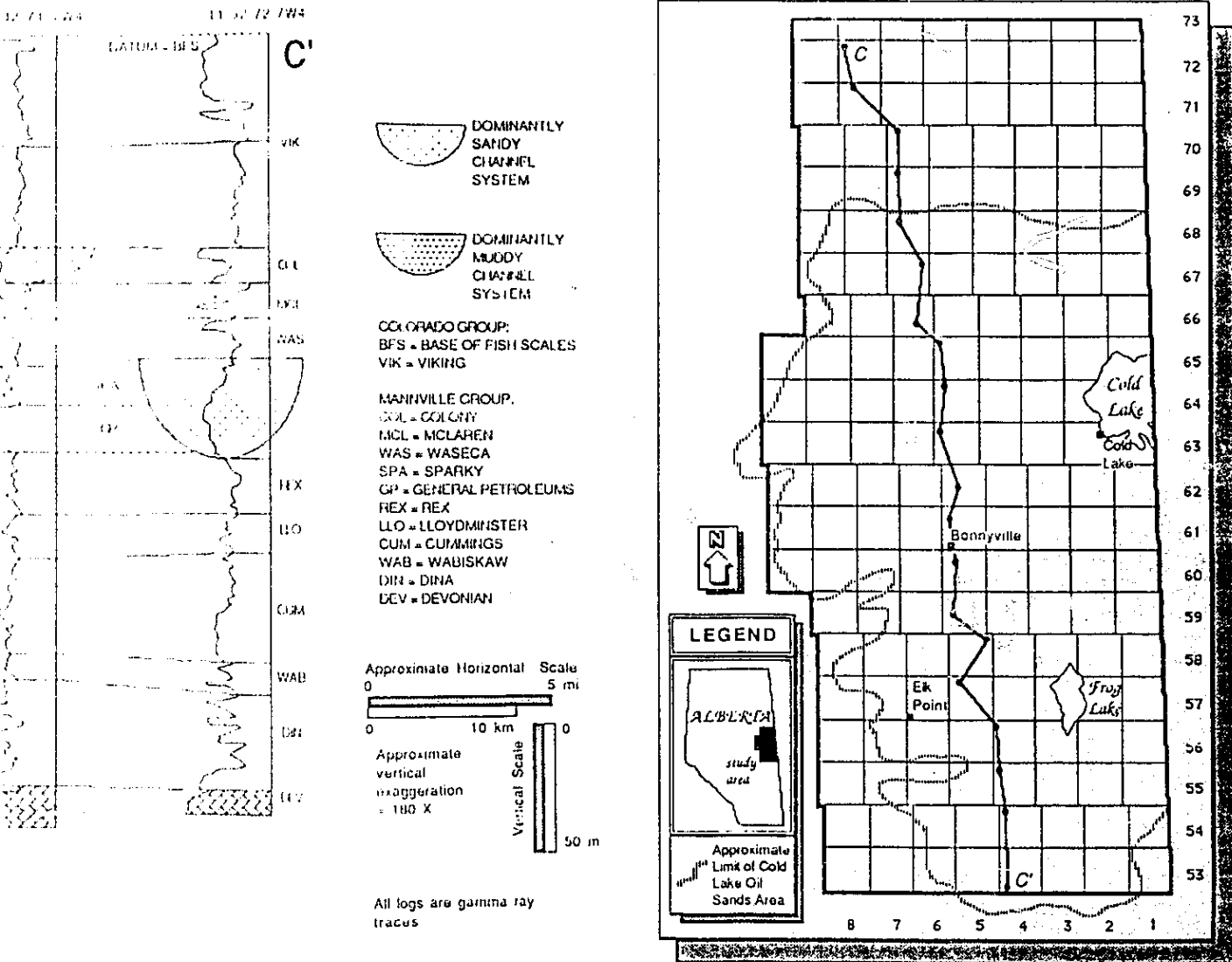
10-29-68-6W

8-31-69-6W4

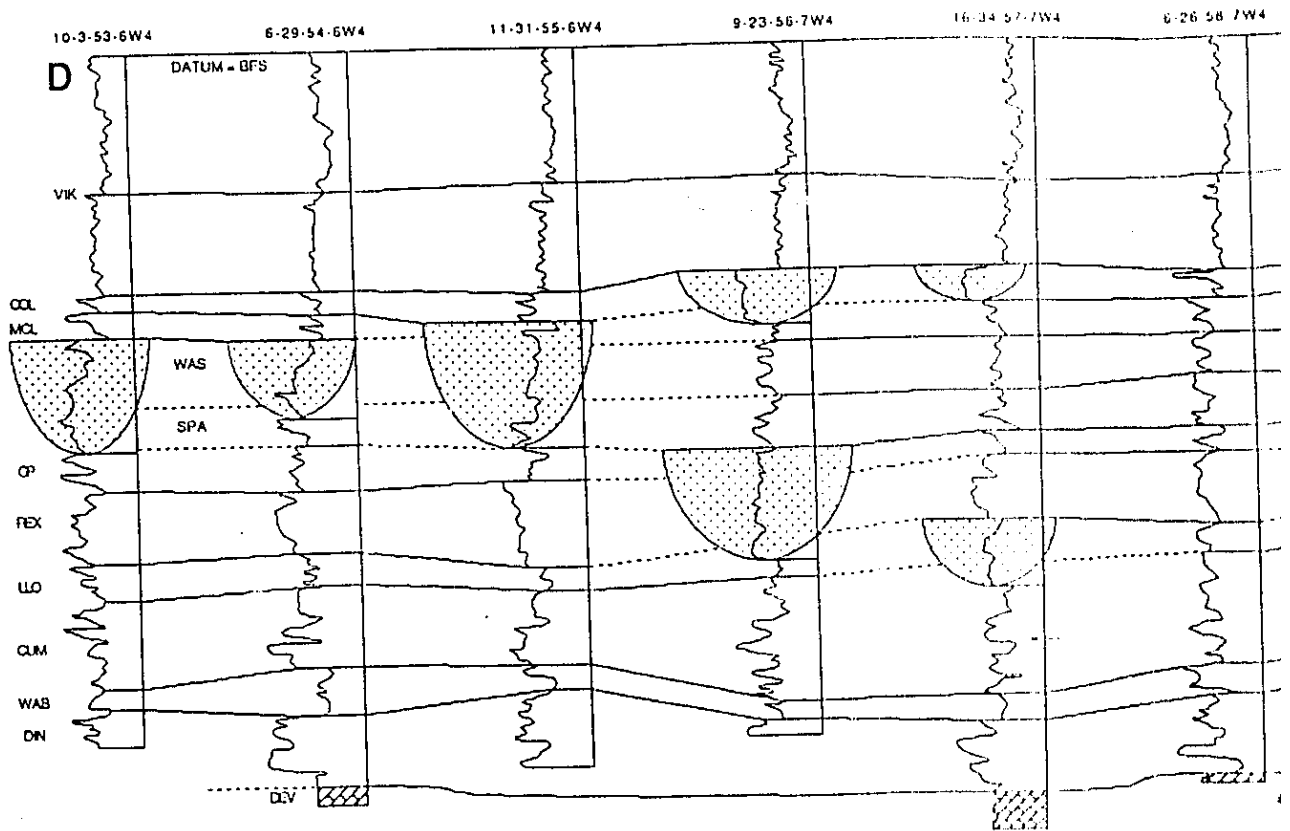
10-33-70



# FIGURE 49 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION C-C': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA







6-26-58-7W4

10-31-59-7W4

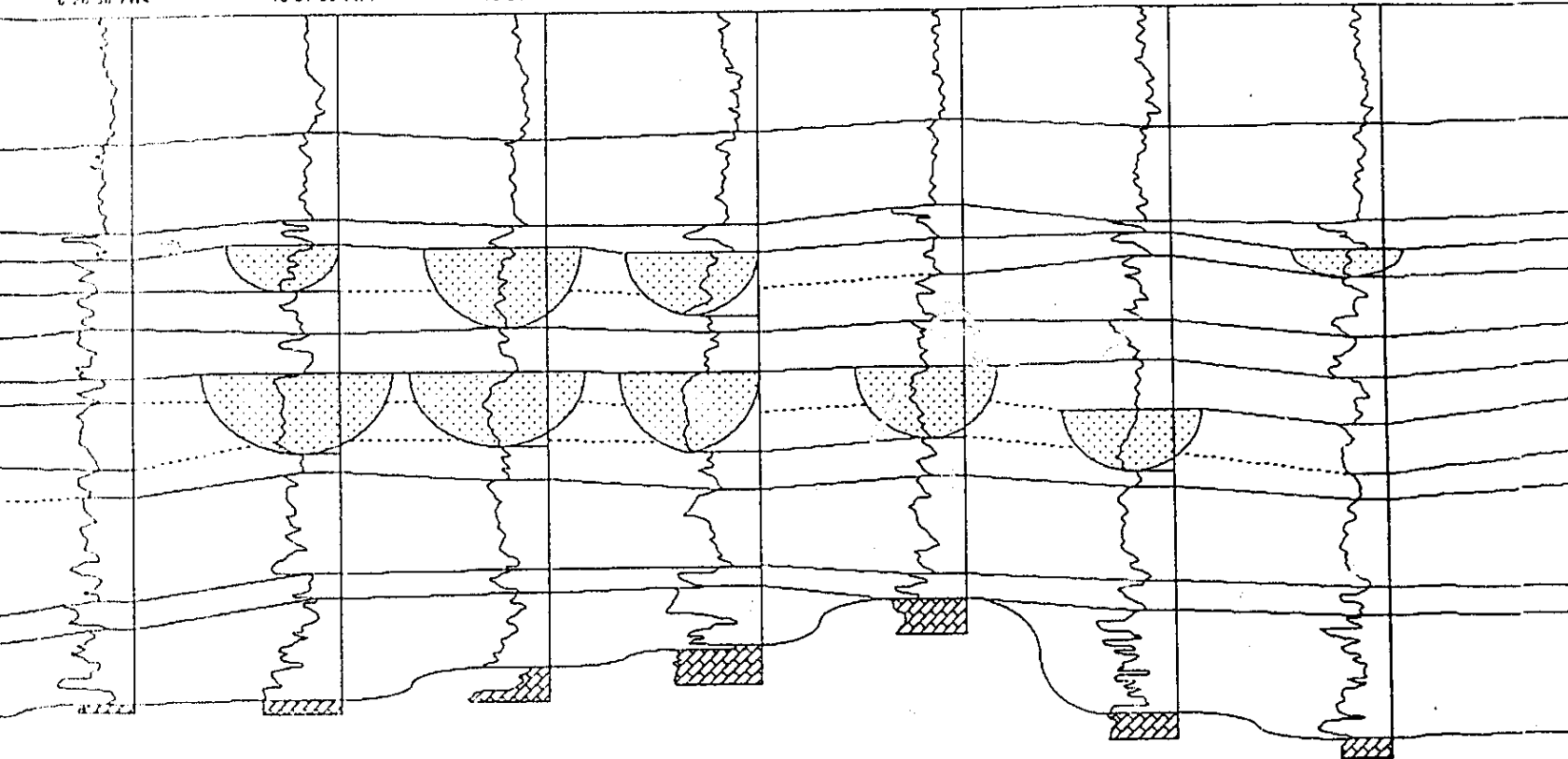
10-28-60-7W

12-28-61-7W4

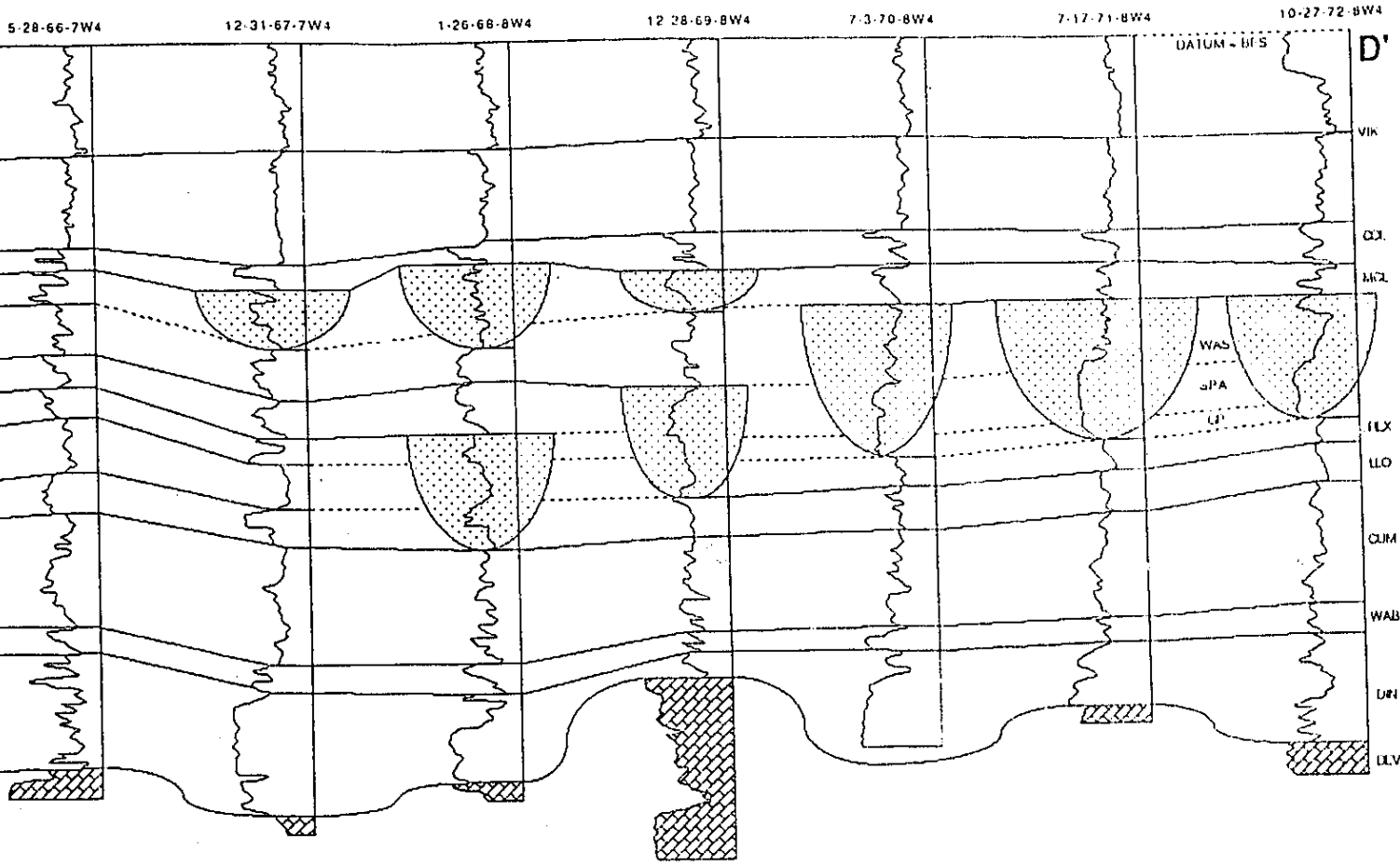
6-26-62-7W4



10-26-63-7W4

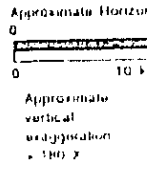
10-28-64-7W4



# C COLD

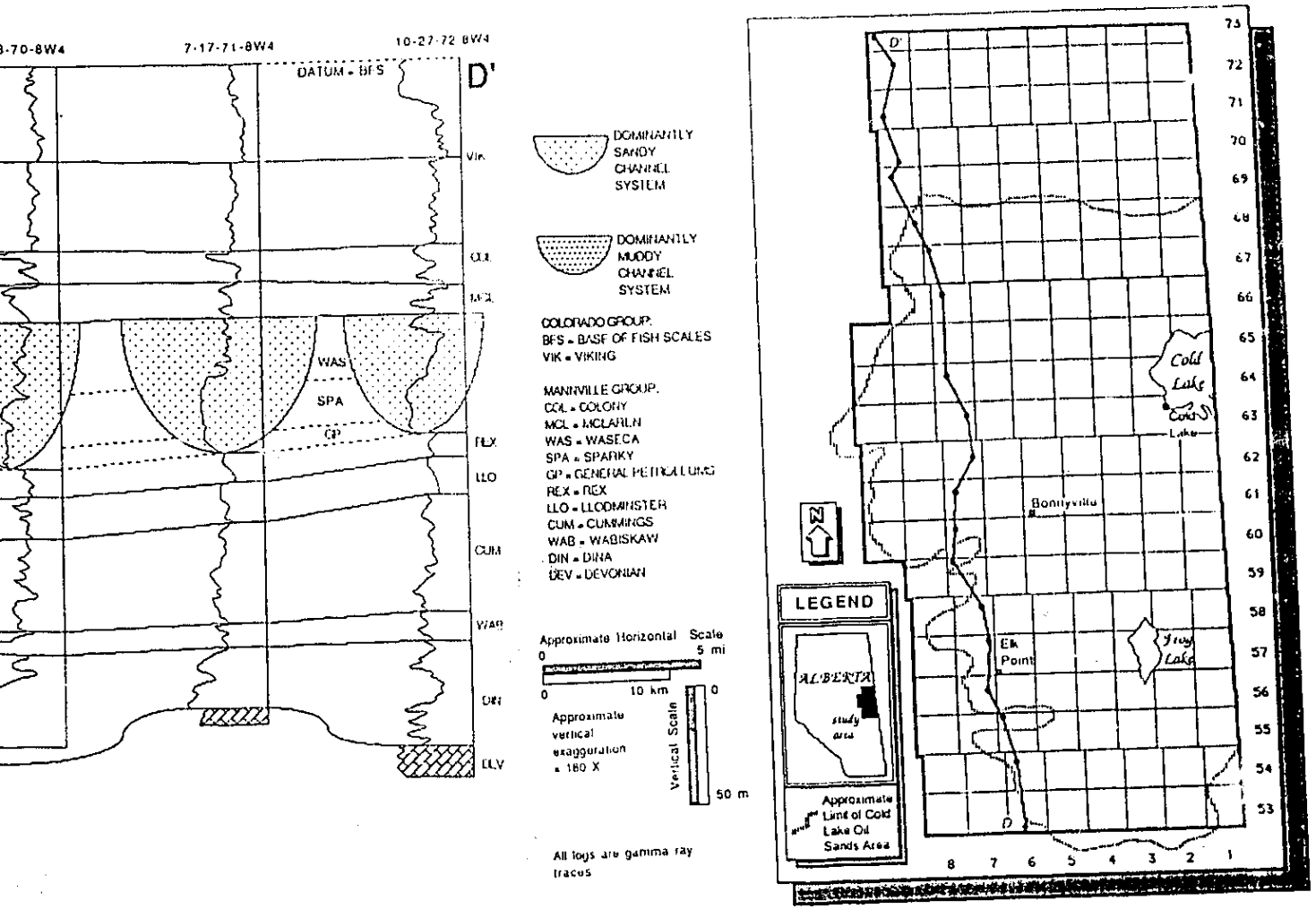


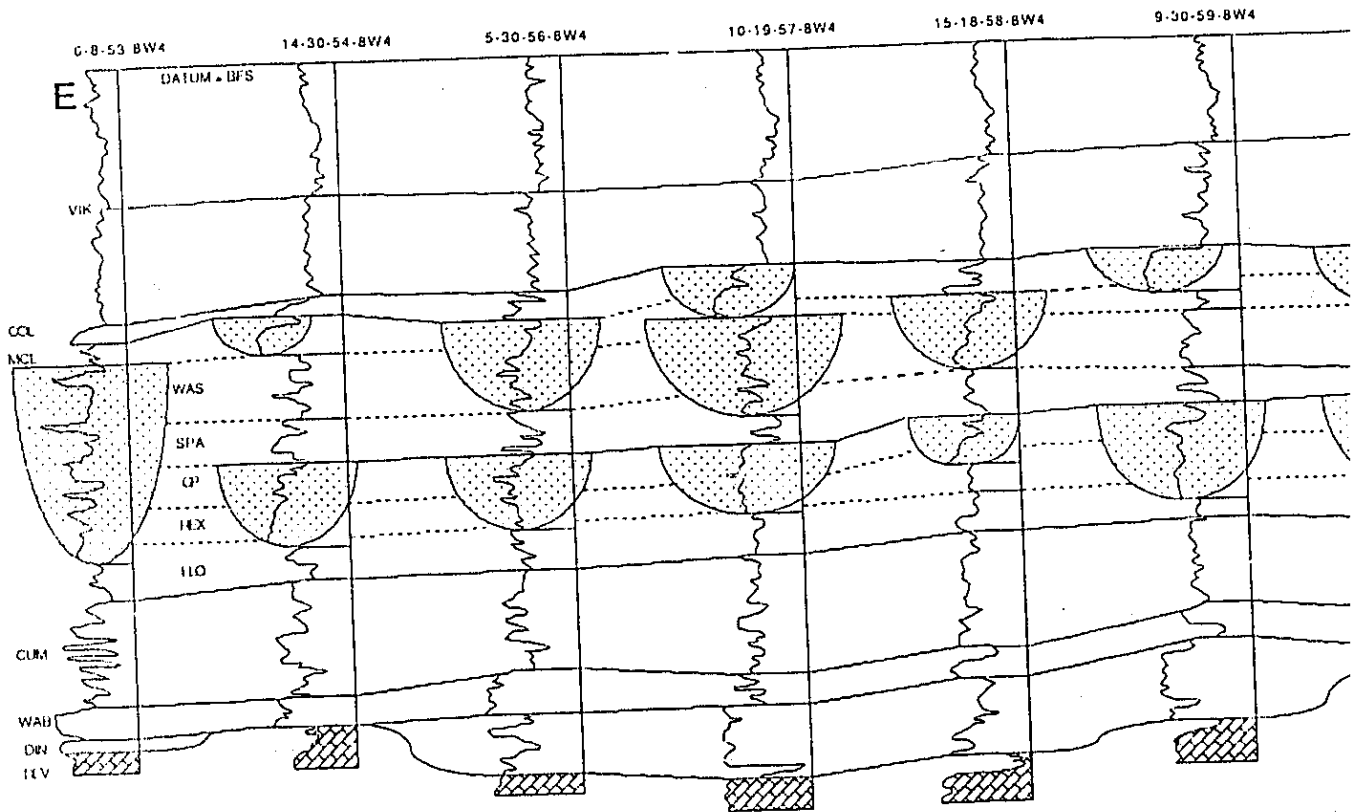
-  DOME  
SANDY  
CLAY  
SYSTEM
-  DOME  
MUD  
CLAY  
SYSTEM
- OVERLAIN  
B.S. - BASE OF FLEX  
VIK - VIRGIN
- MANNVILLE GROUP  
CO - CAROLINA  
MCL - MICHIGAN  
WAS - WASHITA  
SPA - SPARTAN  
FLEX - FLEX  
LLO - LUGBURN  
CUM - CUMBERLAND  
WAB - WABASKAN  
DIN - DINN  
DLV - DEVONIAN



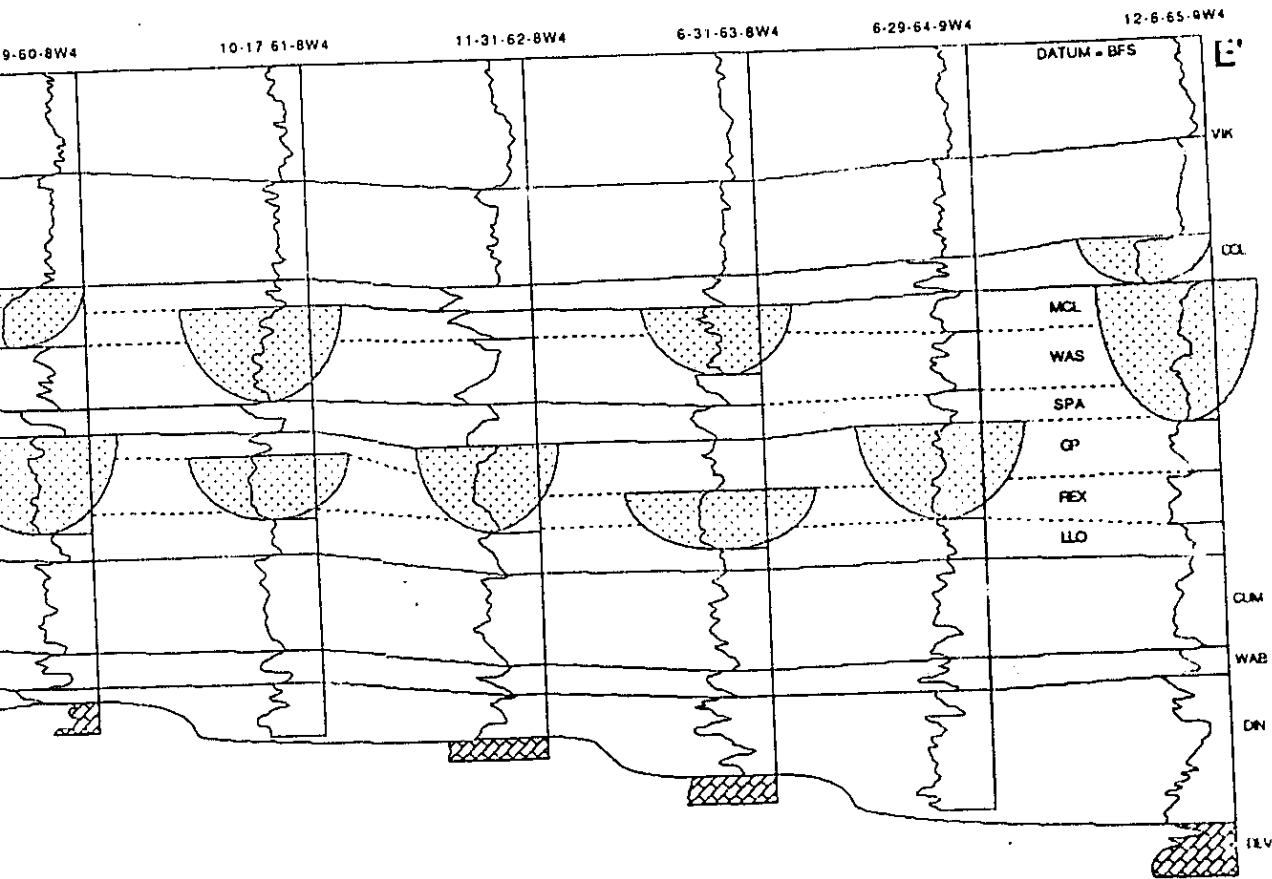
All logs are gamma traces

# FIGURE 50 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION D-D': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA





# FIGURE 1 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION COLD LAKE OILFIELD



DOMINANTLY SANDY CHANNEL SYSTEM

DOMINANTLY MUDDY CHANNEL SYSTEM

COLORADO GROUP  
BFS = BASE OF FISH SCALES  
VIK = VIKING

MANVILLE GROUP  
CUL = COLONY  
MCL = MCLAHEN  
WAS = WASEGA  
SPA = SPARKY  
GP = GENERAL PETROLEUMS  
REX = HEX  
LLO = LLOYDMINSTER  
CUM = CUMARINGS  
WAB = WABISKAW  
DN = DINA  
DEV = DEVONIAN

Approximate Horizontal Scale  
0 5 m

0 10 km

Approximate vertical exaggeration = 180 X

Vertical Scale  
0 50 m

All logs are gamma ray traces

LEGEND

ALBERTA

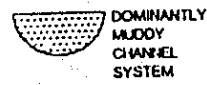
Study Area  
Approximate Location of Lake Oils  
Surrey

ALBERTA

# FIGURE 51 STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION E-E': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA



DOMINANTLY SANDY CHANNEL SYSTEM



DOMINANTLY MUDDY CHANNEL SYSTEM

COLORADO GROUP:  
BFS = BASE OF FISH SCALES  
VIK = VIKING

MANNVILLE GROUP:  
COL = COLONY  
MCL = MCLAREN  
WAS = WASECA  
SPA = SPARKY  
GP = GENERAL PETROLEUMS  
REX = REX  
LLO = LLOYDMINSTER  
CUM = CUMMINGS  
WAB = WABISKAW  
DIN = DINA  
DEV = DEVONIAN

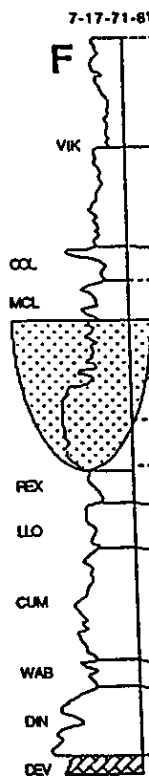
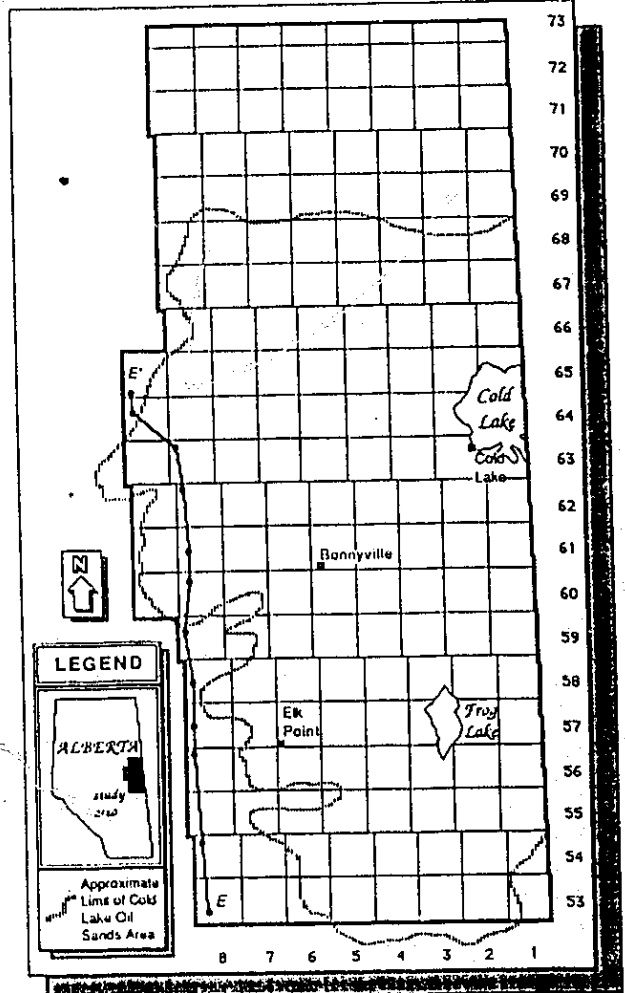
Approximate Horizontal Scale  
0 5 mi

0 10 km

Approximate vertical exaggeration = 180 X

Vertical Scale  
50 m

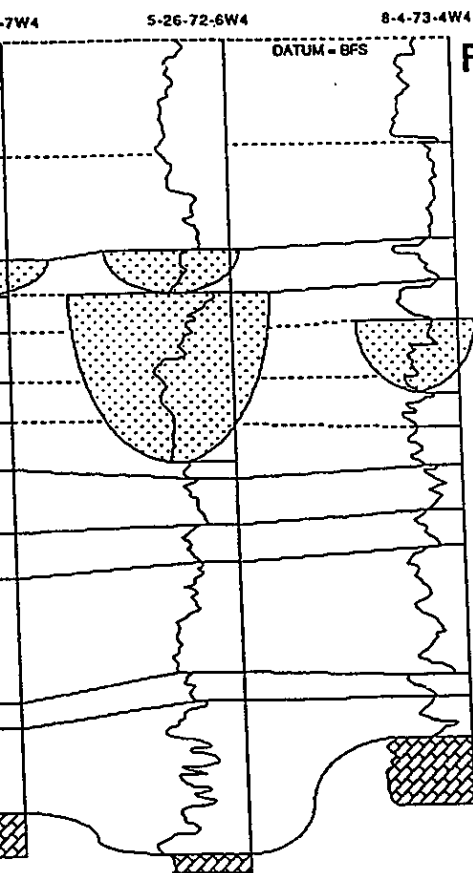
All logs are gamma ray traces



7-17-71-81

# FIGURE 52

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION F-F': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA



DOMINANTLY SANDY CHANNEL SYSTEM



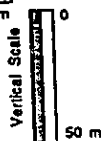
DOMINANTLY MUDDY CHANNEL SYSTEM

**COLORADO GROUP:**  
BFS = BASE OF FISH SCALES  
VK = VIKING

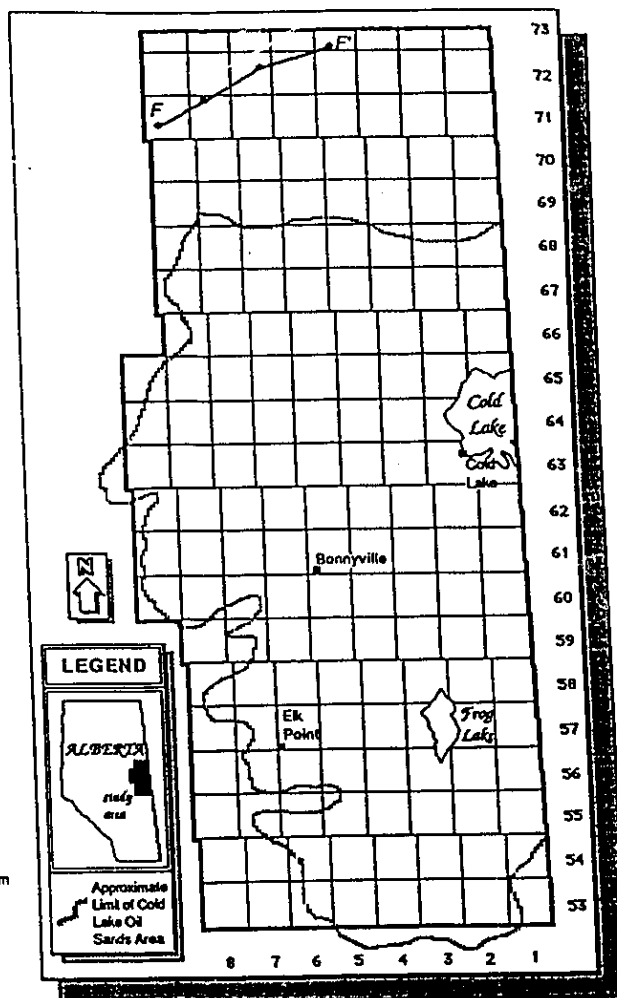
**MANNVILLE GROUP:**  
COL = COLONY  
MCL = MCLAREN  
WAS = WASECA  
SPA = SPARKY  
GP = GENERAL PETROLEUMS  
REX = REX  
LLO = LLOYDMINSTER  
CUM = CUMMINGS  
WAB = WABISKAW  
DIN = DINA  
DEV = DEVONIAN



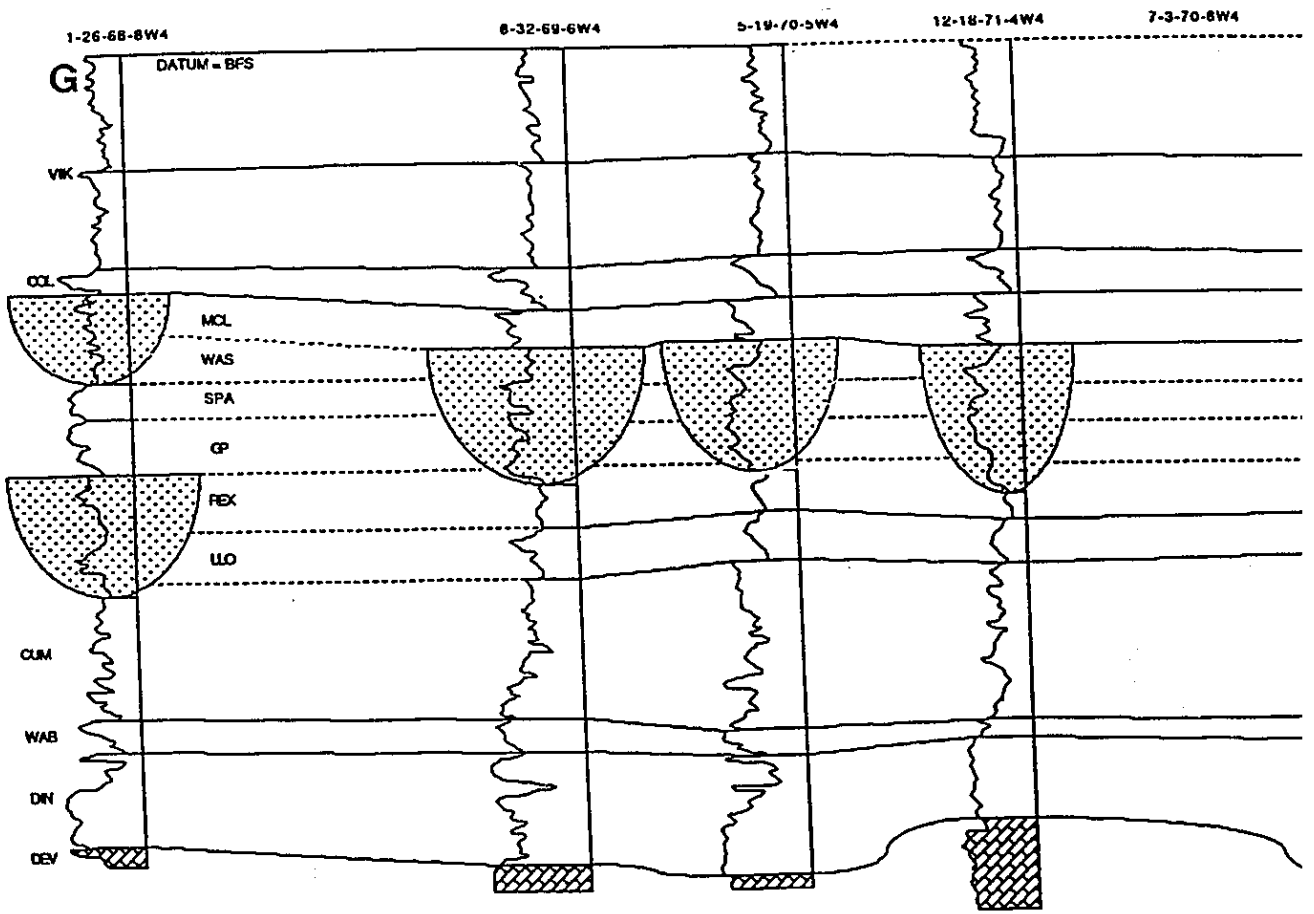
Approximate vertical exaggeration = 180 X



All logs are gamma ray traces

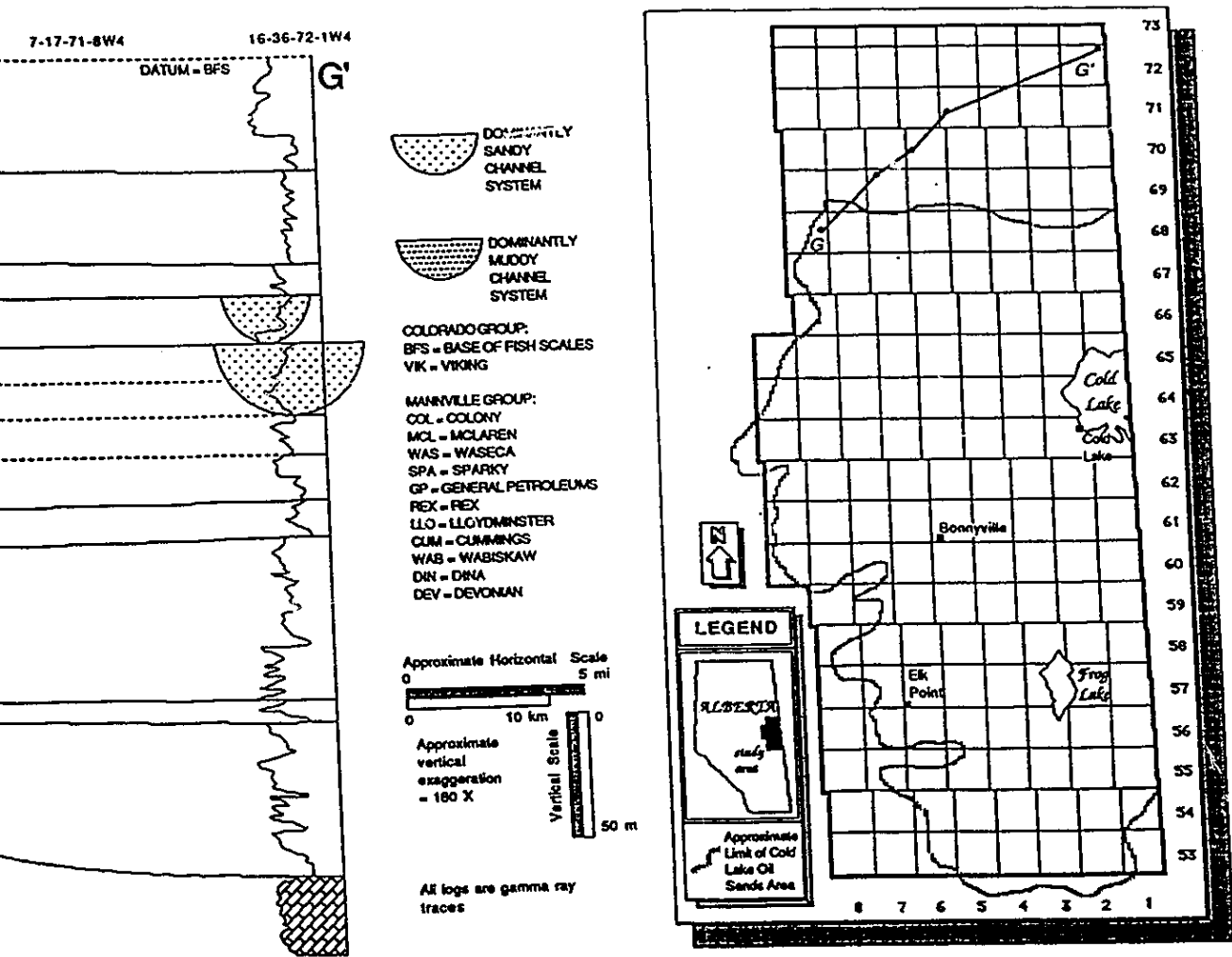


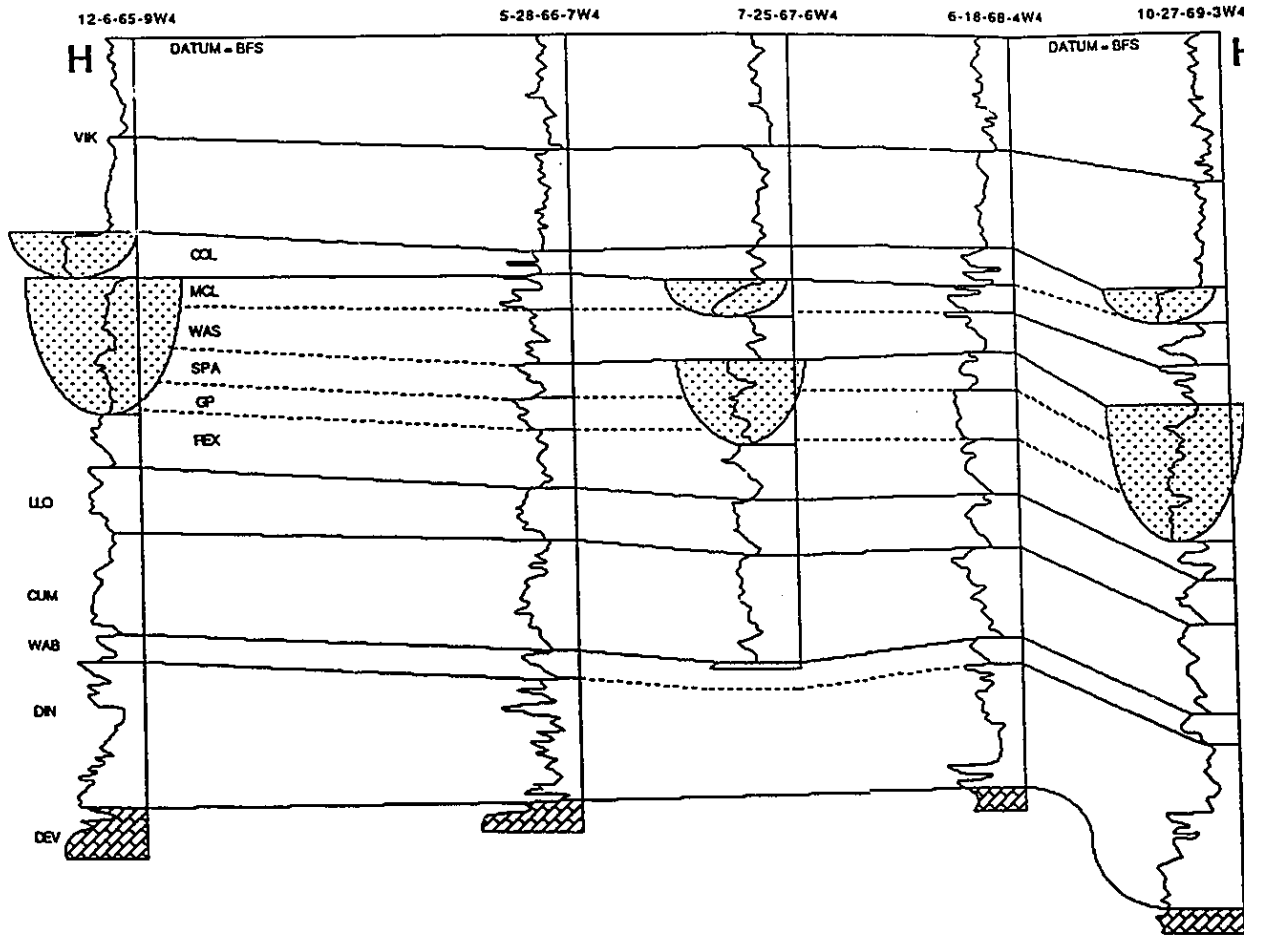




# FIGURE 53

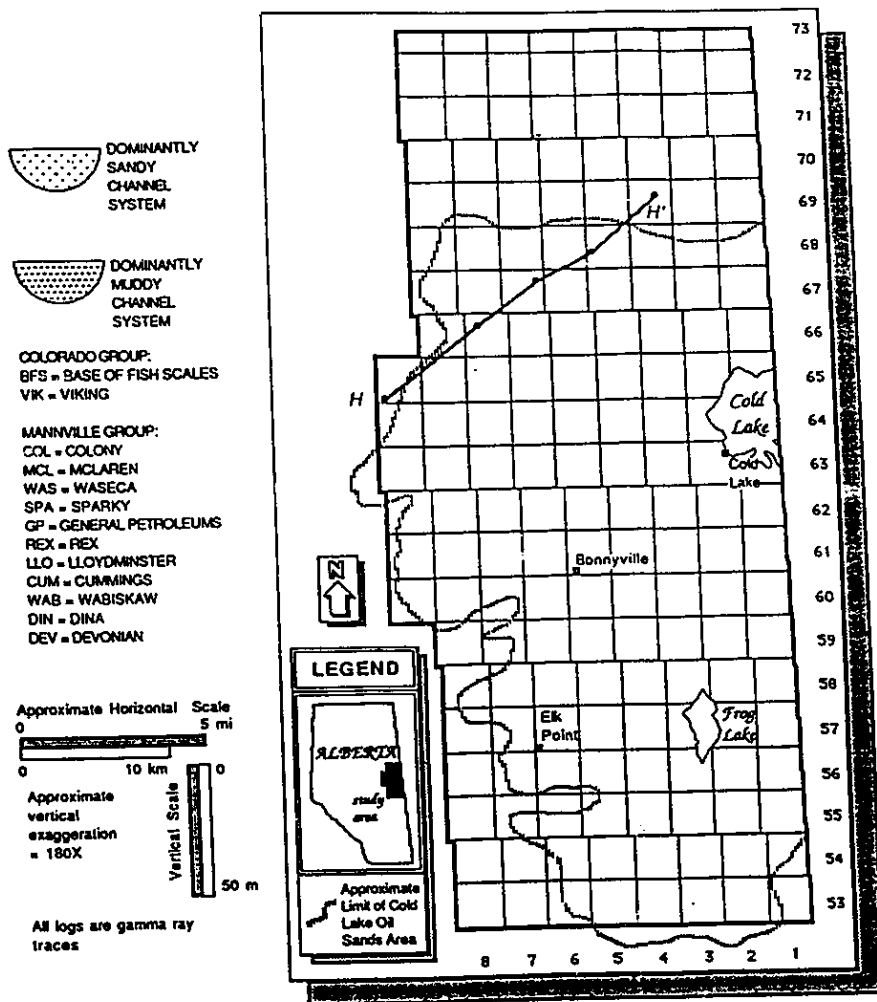
## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION G-G': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

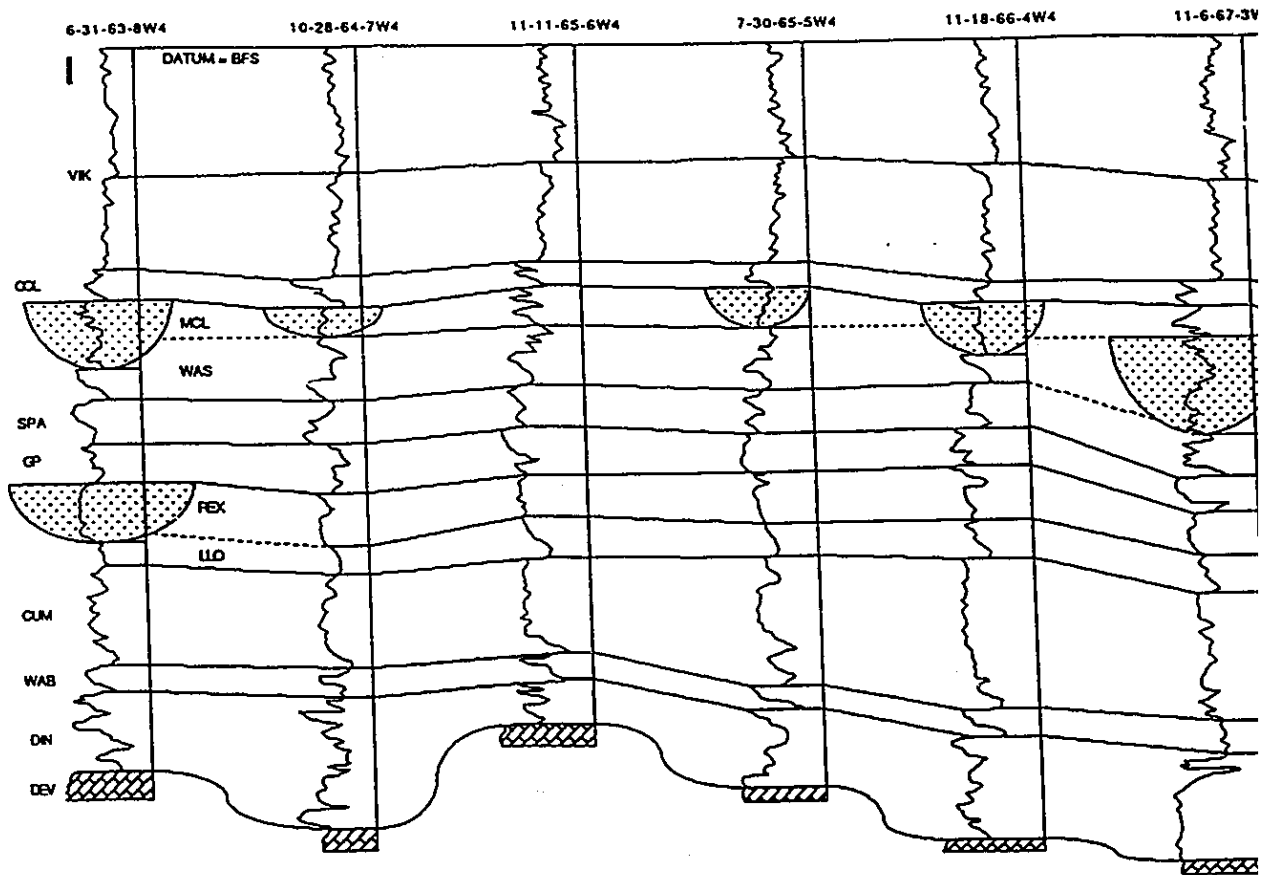




# FIGURE 54

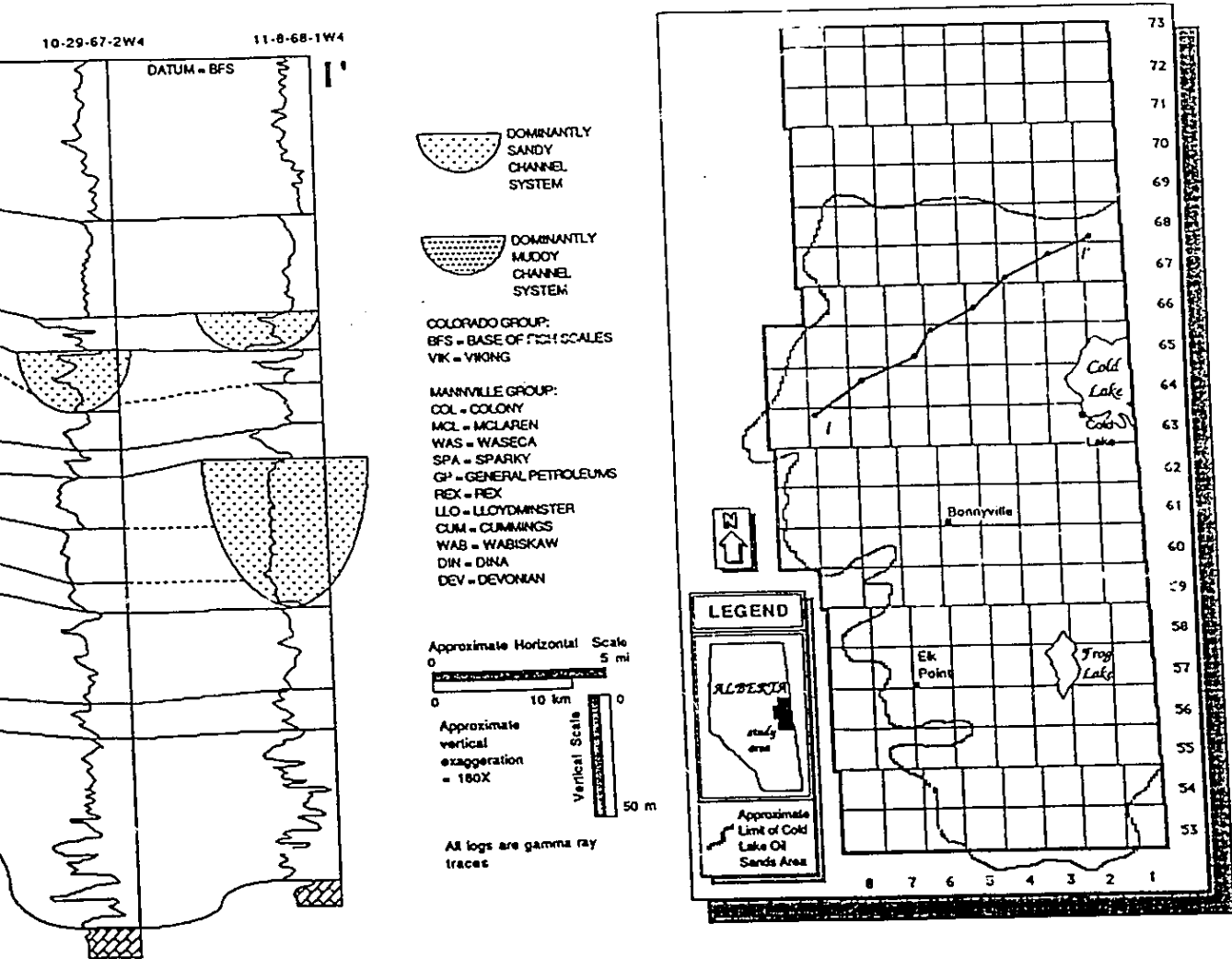
## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION H-H': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

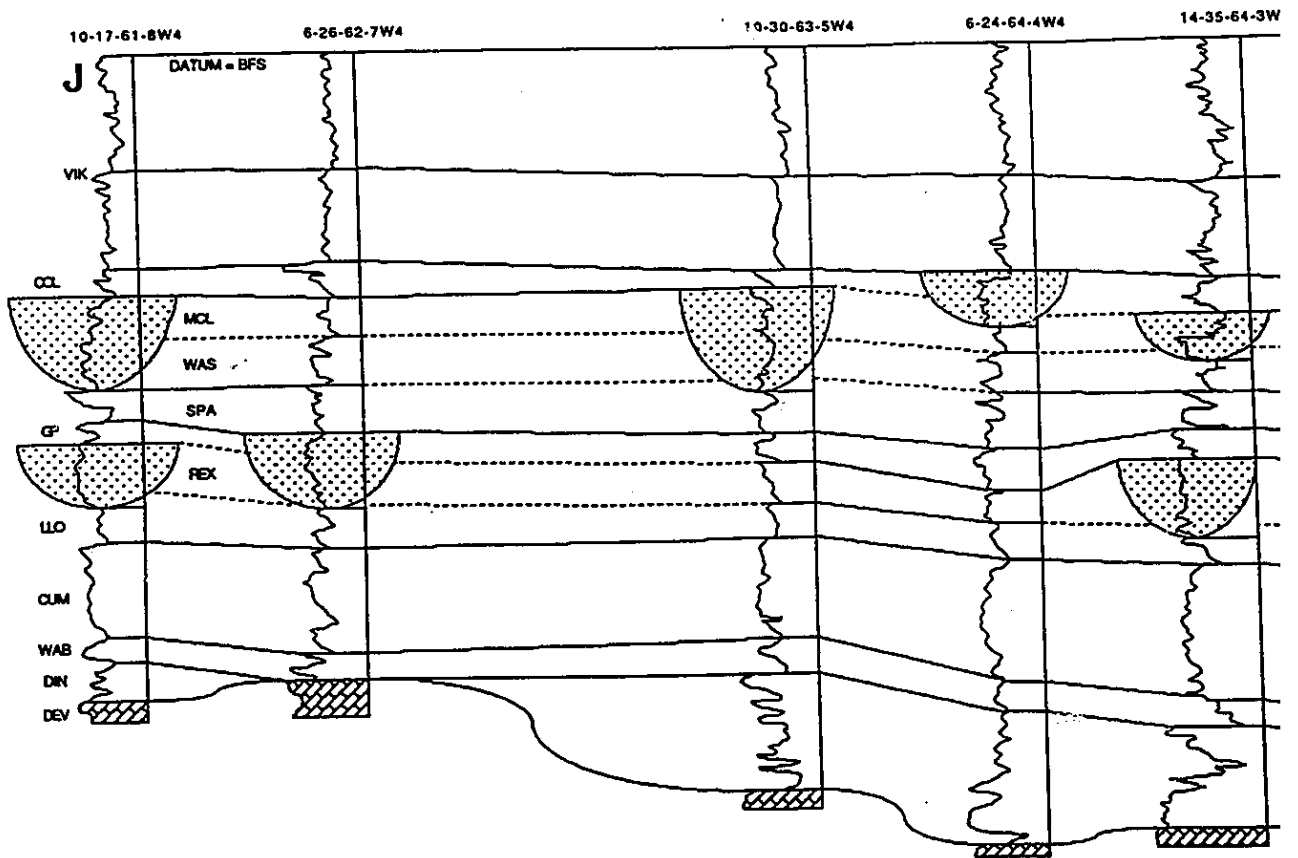




# FIGURE 55

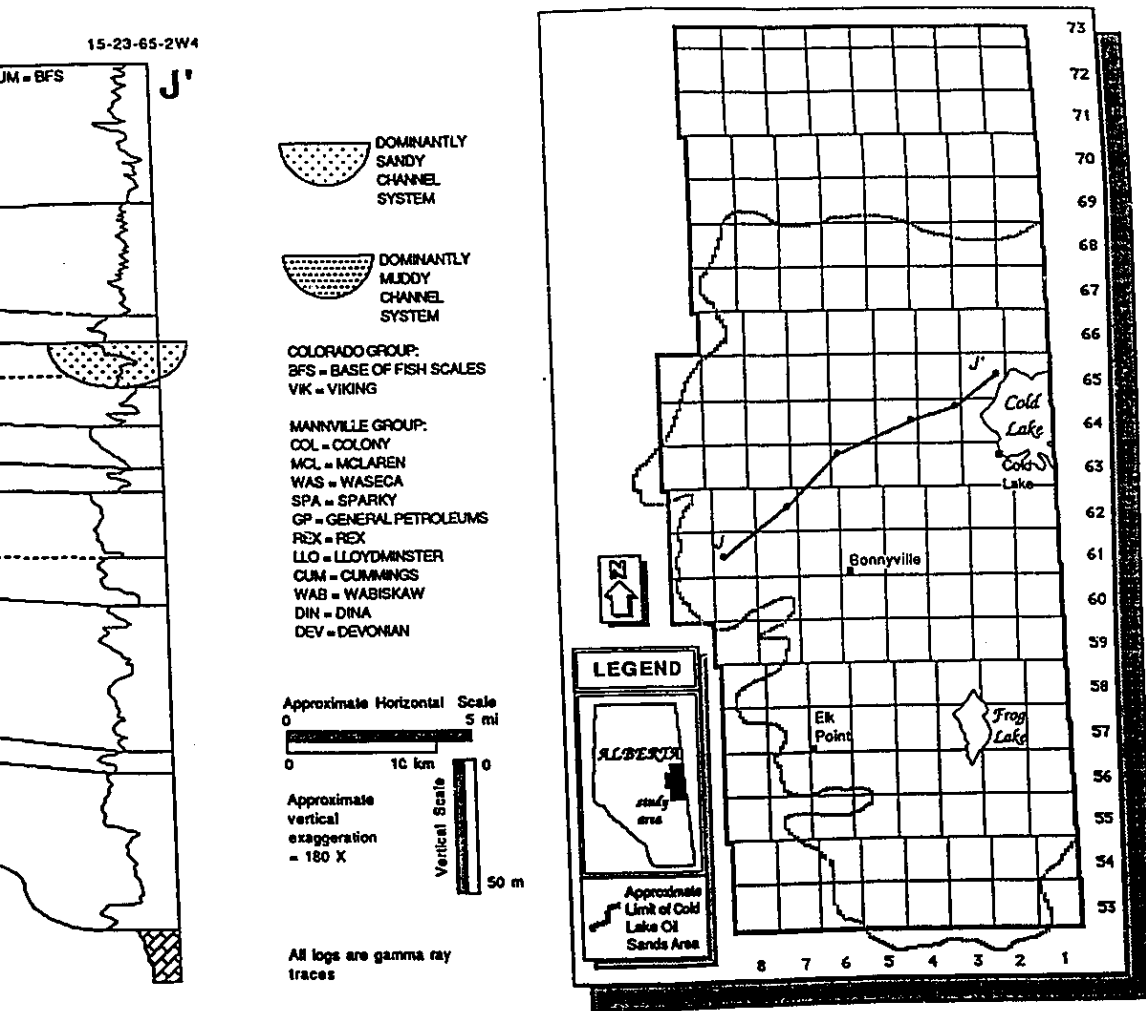
## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION I-I': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA



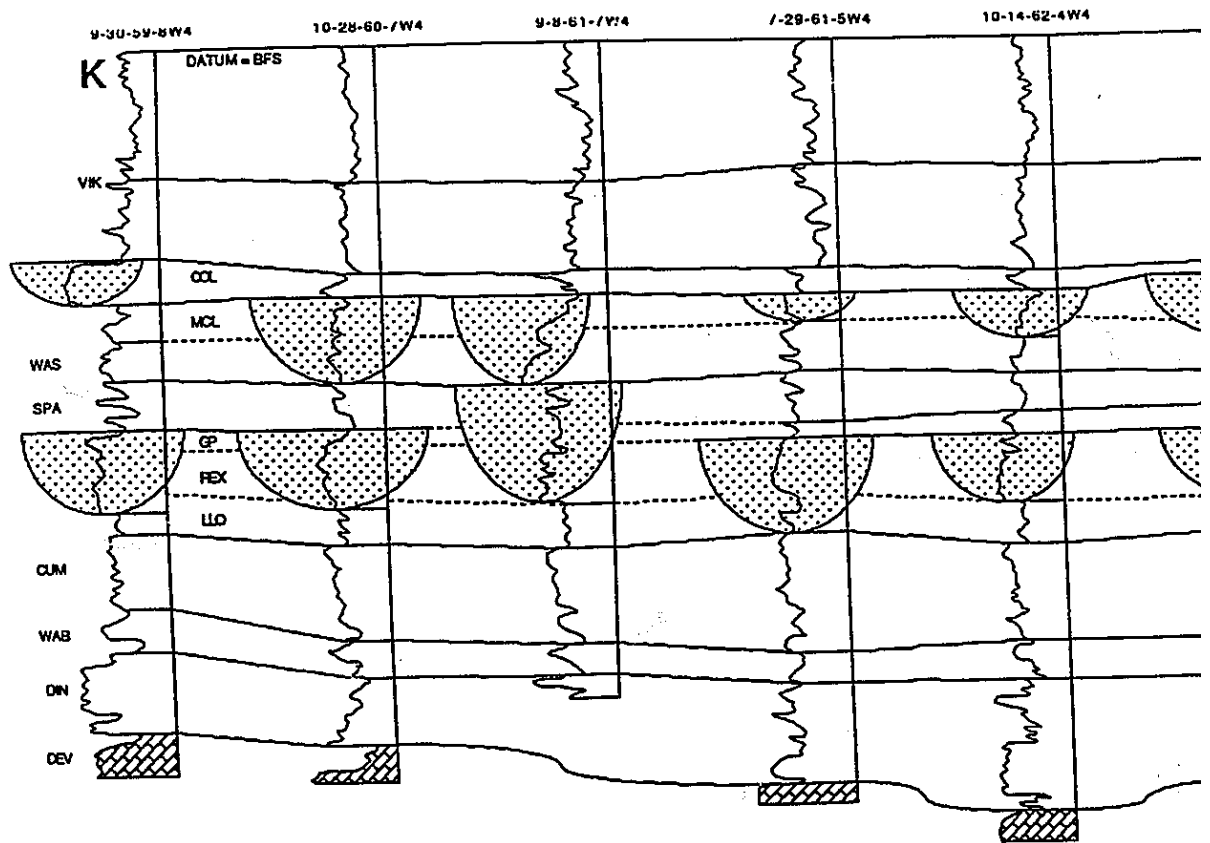


# FIGURE 56

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION J-J': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

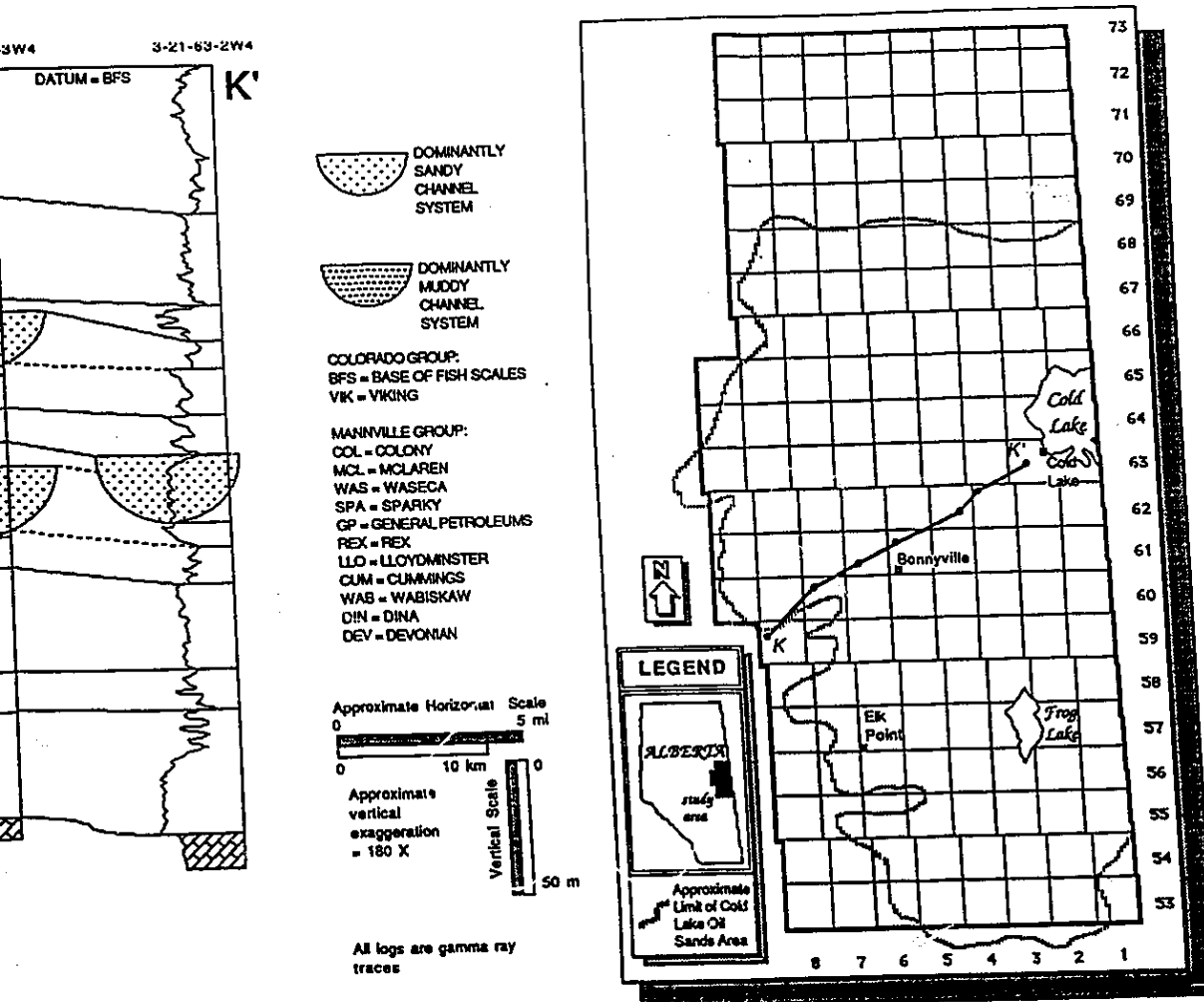


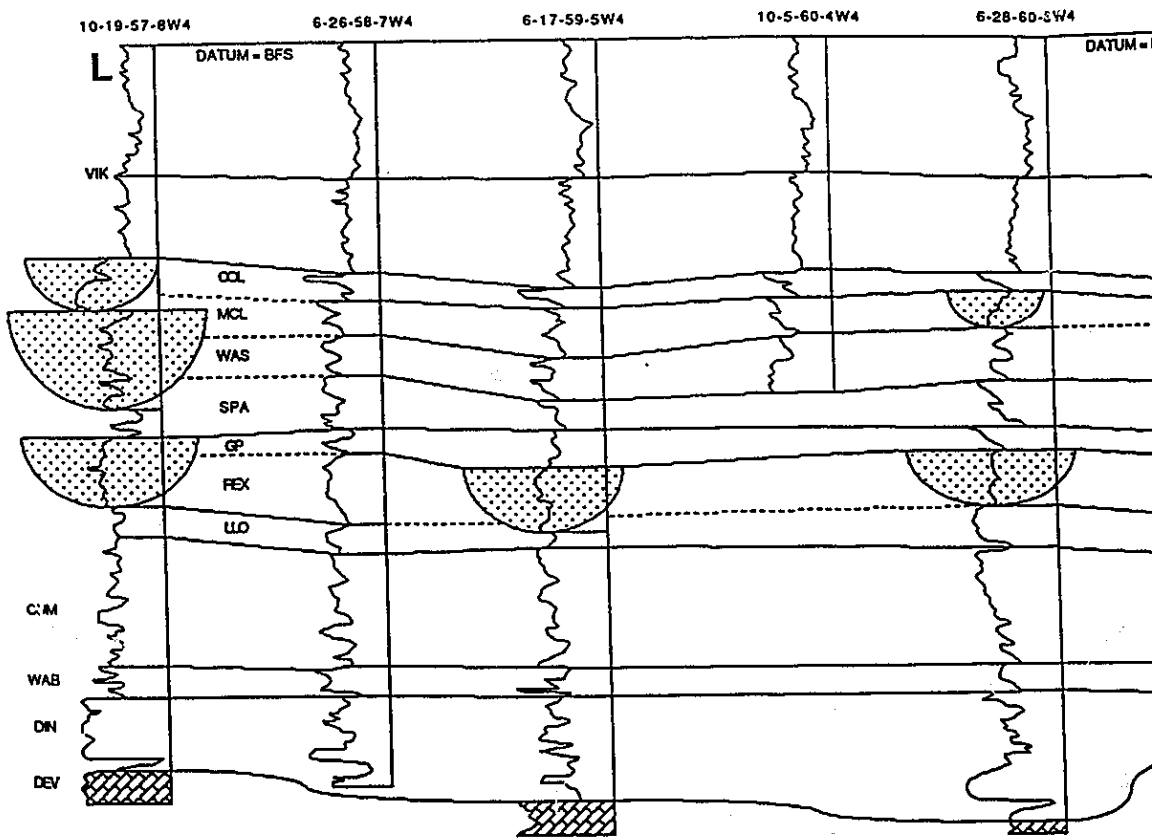




# FIGURE 57

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION K-K': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA





# FIGURE 58

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION L-L': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA

61-2W4

L'



COLORADO GROUP:  
BFS = BASE OF FISH SCALES  
VRK = VIKING

MANNVILLE GROUP:  
COL = COLONY  
MCL = MCLAREN  
WAS = WASECA  
SPA = SPARKY  
GP = GENERAL PETROLEUMS  
REX = REX  
LLO = LLOYDMINSTER  
CUM = CUMMINGS  
WAB = WABISKAW  
DIN = DINA  
DEV = DEVONIAN

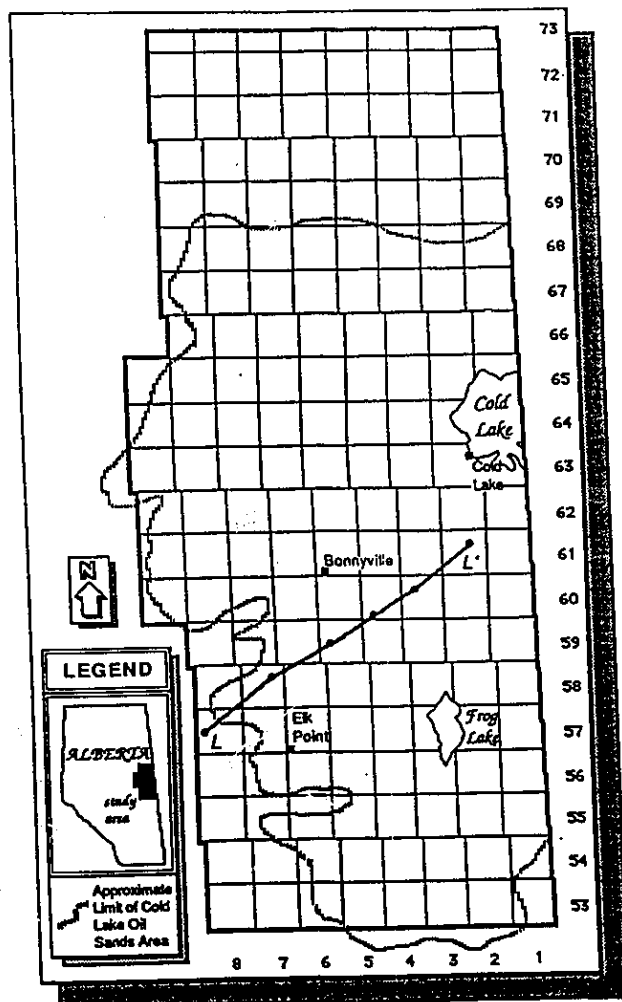
Approximate Horizontal Scale  
0 5 mi

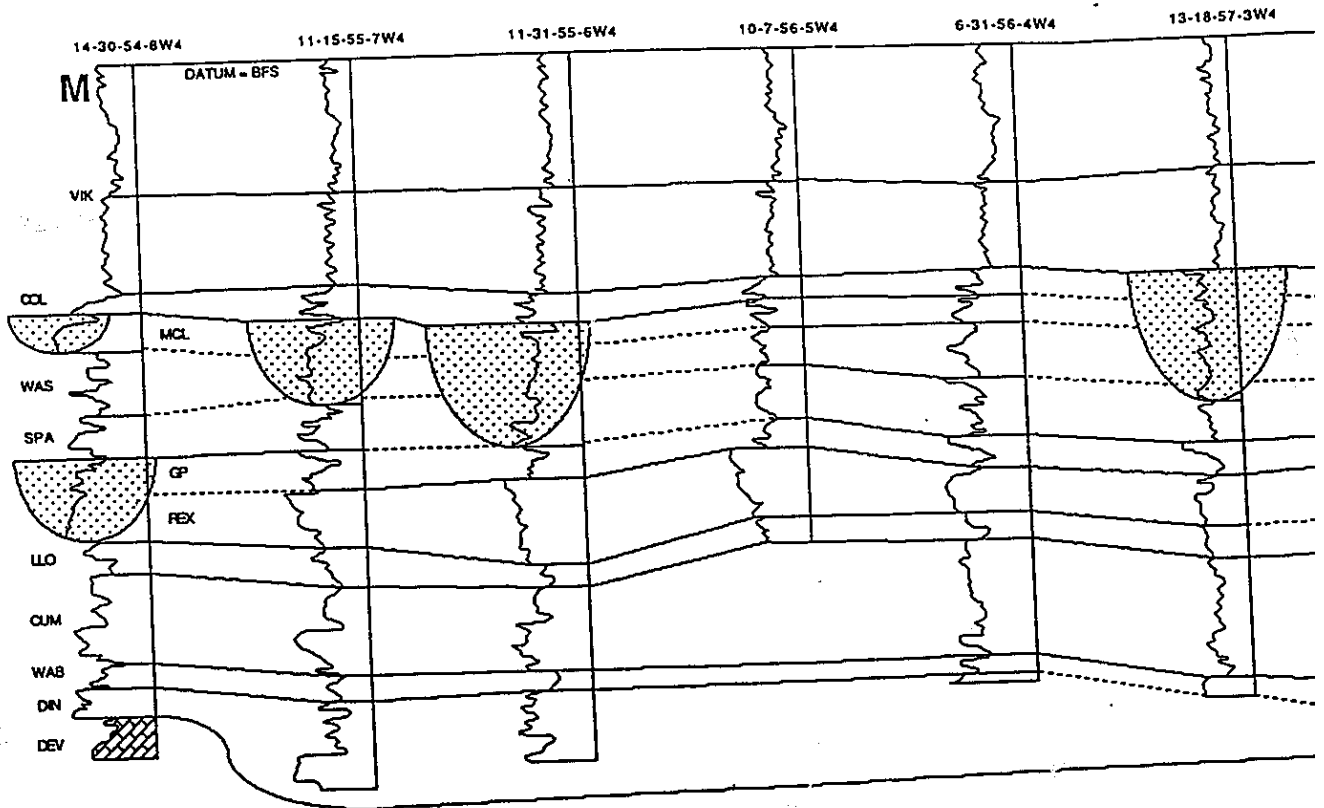
0 10 km

Approximate vertical exaggeration = 180 X

Vertical Scale  
0 50 m

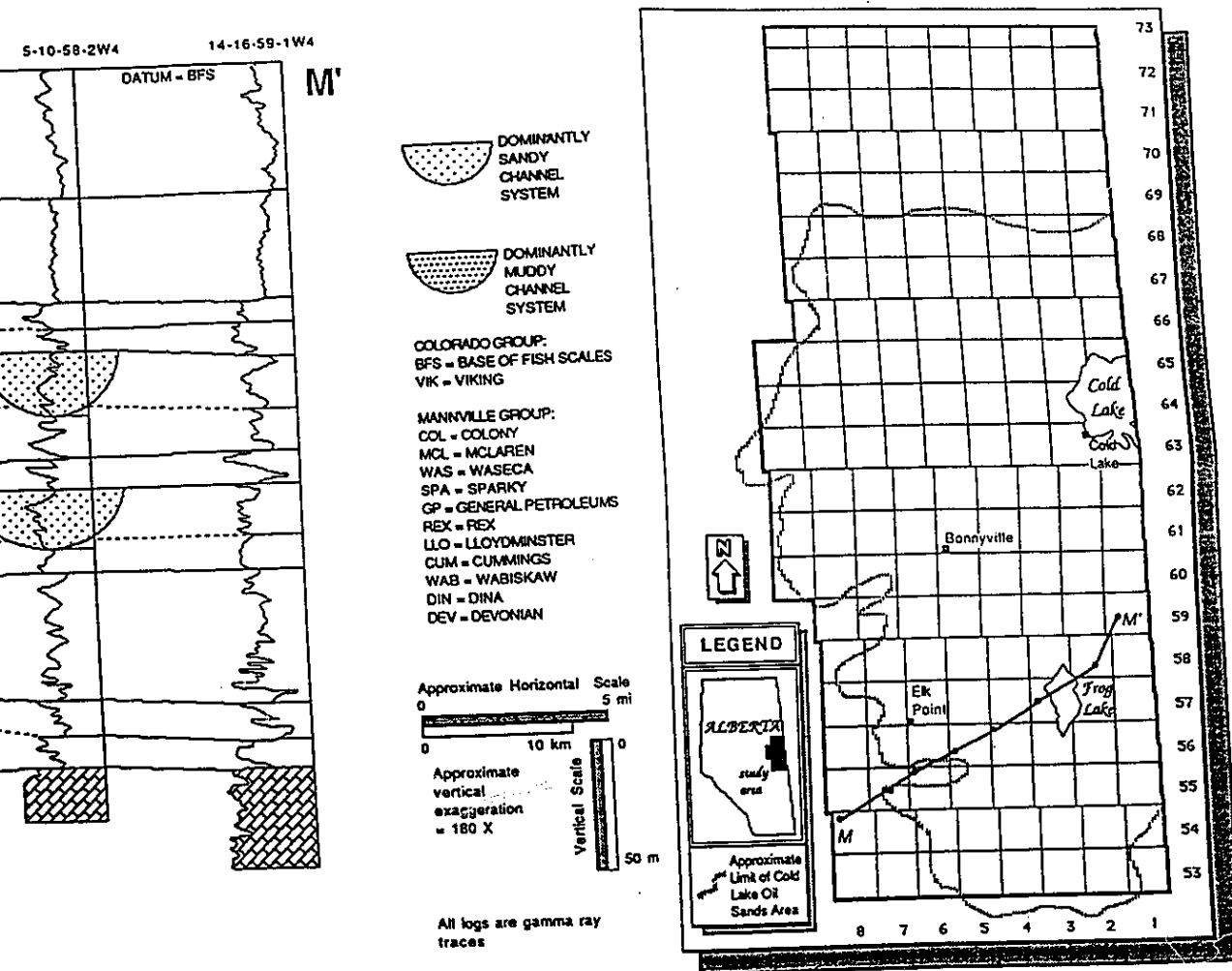
All logs are gamma ray traces

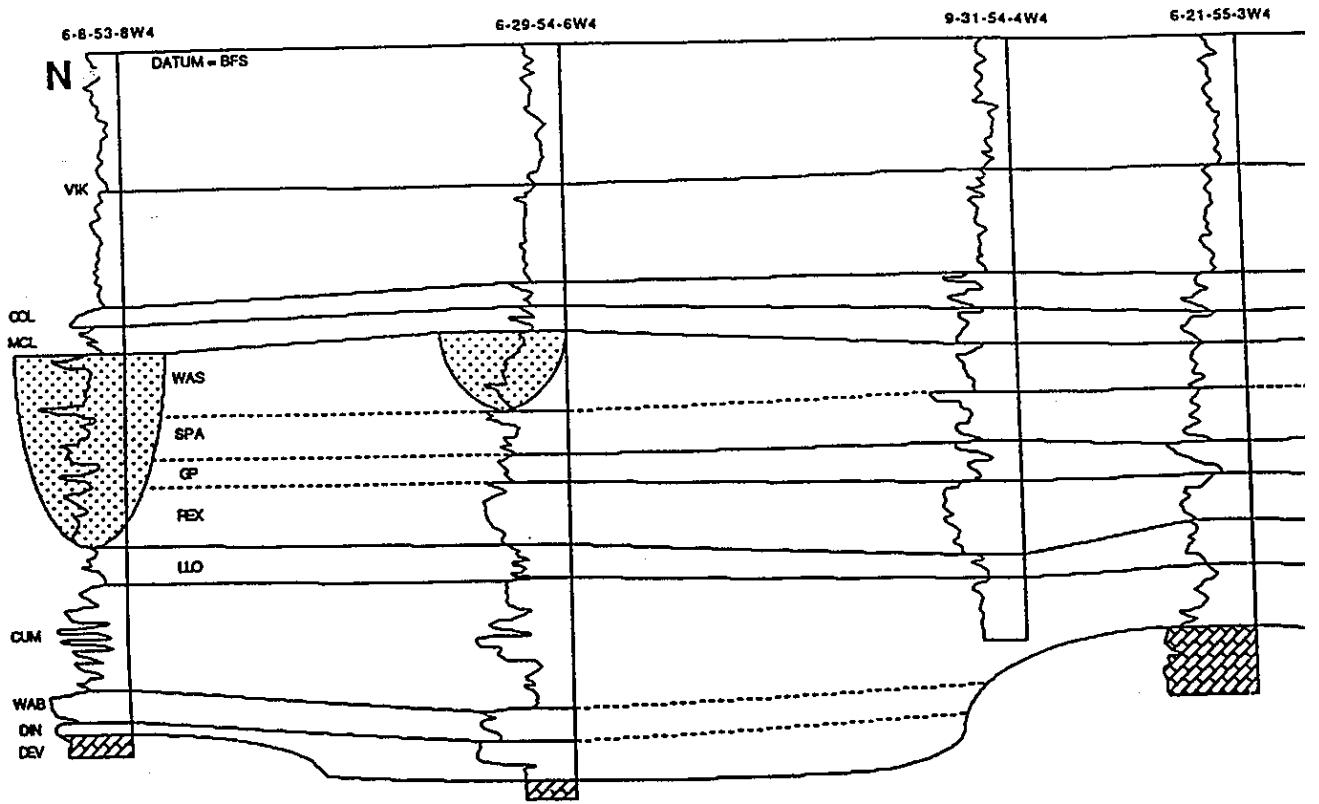




# FIGURE 59

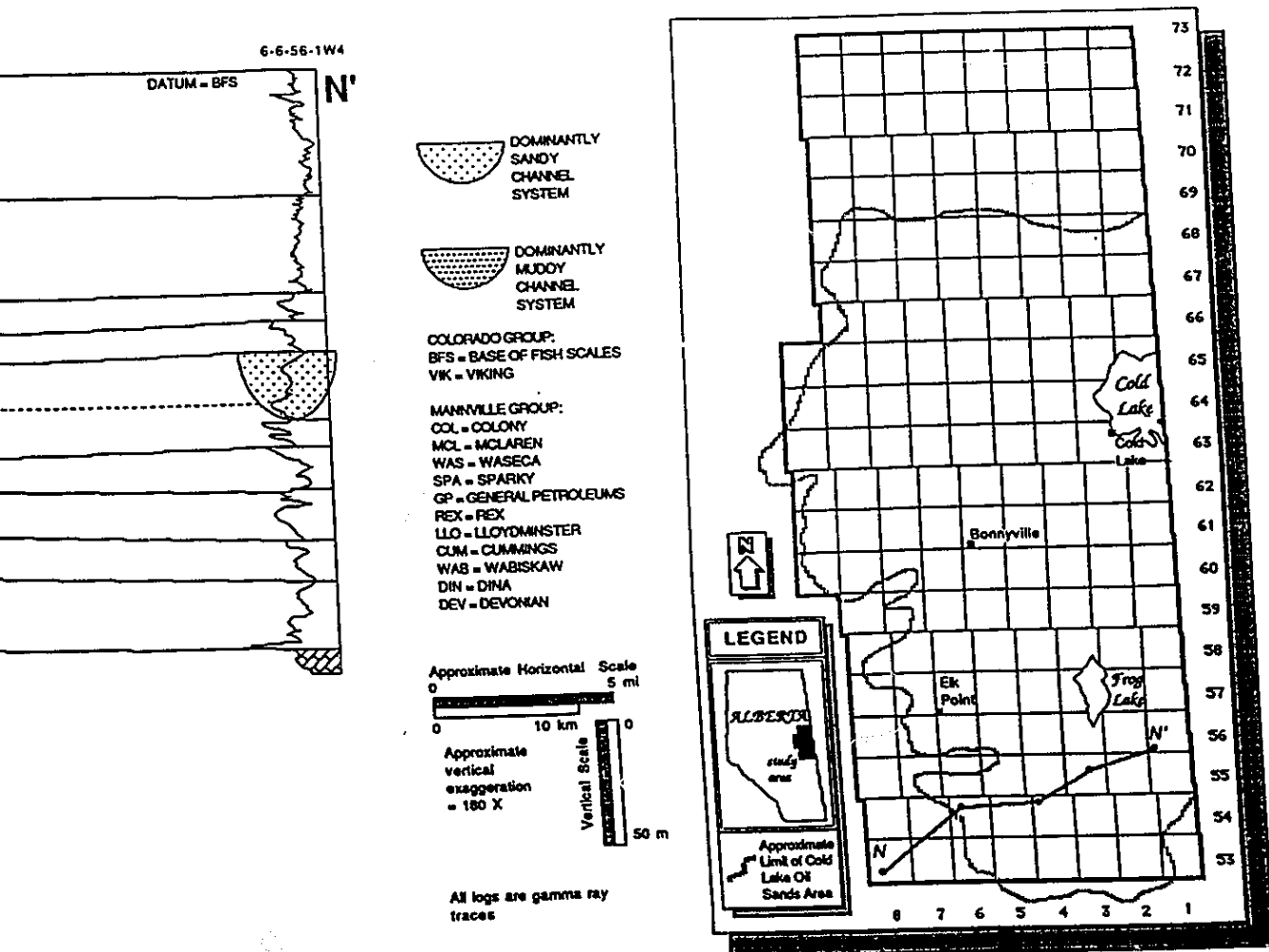
## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION M-M': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA





# FIGURE 60

## STRATIGRAPHIC CROSS-SECTION N-N': COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA





THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS  
OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS:  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA, EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA  
(Appendix 3)

BY  
BLAIR WILLIAM MATTISON



A THESIS  
SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES AND  
RESEARCH  
IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF  
DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY  
EDMONTON, ALBERTA  
FALL, 1991

# TABLE OF CONTENTS

## VOLUME II

CHAPTER

PAGE

APPENDIX 3: DRILL CORE LOGS

**APPENDIX 3:**  
**DRILL CORE LOGS**

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		I.E.		PAGE		
				as recorded at the time well was spudded				kelly bushing		1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGIST						CONTACTS	BIOTURBS	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
		grain size chart										
		mud	silt	sand		f	m					
STRATIGRAPHIC UNITS												coal
abbreviations:												laminated muds (or silts)
JF: JOLIFOU												dark grey to black muds
COL: COLONY												mud drapes
MCL: MCLAREN												soft sediment deformation
WAS: WASECA												highly burrowed muds (or silts)
SPA: SPARKY												cross-bedded silts
GP: GENERAL PETROLEUMS												cross-bedded sands
REX: REX												oscillation ripples
LLO: LLOYD-MINSTER												current ripples
CUM: CUMMINGS												trough cross-stratification
BM: black shale marker bed												low angle inclined stratification
												massive sands with no apparent stratification (often highly bioturbated)
												interbedded bioturbated muds with admixed sands
												interbedded silts and sands both containing oscillation ripples
												interbedded cross-bedded silts and sands
												interbedded silts and sands both containing current ripples
												interbedded highly bioturbated silts and current rippled sands
												interbedded highly bioturbated silts and oscillation rippled sands
OTHER SEDIMENTARY FEATURES												
A roots S synaeresis cracks S soft sediment deformation Δ flaser bedding H climbing ripples ●●●● mud clasts						c scattered carbonaceous debris g glauconitic — detrital coal w detrital wood Fe siderite present as bands or nodules py pyrite						
FOSSILS												
☉ gastropods						B bivalves						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-15-53-2W4		HUSKY MARWAYNE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD		443.0-456.0 m	604.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
C O L	STFACE	lower	[Lithology: wavy pattern]			P. Ch! near bottom		
	BAY							
M C L	STFACE	lower	440					
	BAY					lg Sk		Sk ichnofacies?
	SHORE FACE	coal upper	445					
		lower						
	BAY		450			Gy, Cy, Ch, P		
			455					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
8-22-53-2W4		WESTMIN LINDBERGH		WESTMIN RESOURCES LTD		483.0-501.0 m	625.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	SFACE							
	COASTAL PL LAGOON	485				lg Te at top, Cy, Sk, P		
	SHOAL					Cy, Gy, As, P, Sk		
	BAY							
S P A	SHOAL st dep	490				Gy, P, Sk		
	BAY					Pa, Cy, crypto		detrital coal on top
	SHORE FACE upper	495				Gy zone, Sk (Tr) assoc		
	SHORE FACE lower					Gy zone		
BAY	storm/post-st	500				Gy zone		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-26-53-2V4		HB VGAS MARYAYNE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS, NY UTILITIES, WESTMIN		457.0-465.0 m	601.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
								COAST L PL
V A S								
	460				(lg Sk: "Sk ichnofacies")		this shoreface sequence is probably low energy: development of true Sk ichnofacies.	
beach upper					Ch?, P, Pa, Cy			
coal upper	465				Ch, Gy?			





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE						
9-31-54-4Y4		WESTMIN LINDBERGH		WESTMIN RESOURCES LTD.		428.0-446.0 m		613.0 m		1 OF 1						
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOSTRAT		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
C O L	S'FACE	lower?														
	S'FACE-BAY		430	Core removed						Ch, Sk, Cy						
	BAY	norm									Ch, Sk, Cy, Ar (rare)					
		storm														
	COASTAL PL		435													
SHORE FACE	upper															
M C L	COASTAL PL		440													
	SHORE FACE?	upper								Cy, Ch						
	BAY	norm														
storm beds			445							P, Te					b = green bentonitic clay layer 2 cm thick	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-15-54-5W4		HUSKY LINDBERGH		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		473.0-485.0 m	633.2 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
								COL
FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	ob	[Lithology symbols]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	
	ch fill							
	475							
SFACE BAY	ob	[Lithology symbols]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	
	lower?							
	480				Sk, Cj, P P, Ch, Fe			
					Cy, Sk, fug			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
11-16-54-5V4		HUSKY LINDBERGH		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD		471.0-505.3 m		645.3 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES				
JF	475	B B B									
COL	480	Py			Cy, P						
	485	C			Cy, P						Py present as dispersed flecks and as nodules
	490	Fe			P, Cy						
ACL	495	2 stage ch fill									
	500	g			Be, P, Sk						
VAS		g			P, Sk, Ch??						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-19-54-5W4		HUSKY LINDBERGH		HUSKY OIL CO. LTD.		503.0-521.0 m	630.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SFACE-BAY TRANSITION	505	S S S					
	BAY norm				Ch, P, Cu			
	SHORE FACE beach							
	SHORE FACE upper?	510	o M M c M					
	FLUV/FLOOD PLAIN altern. ch fill/ob.	515			P, Sk			
	LAGOON							
GP	SHORE FACE coal muddy, wave dom.	520	c					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
11-29-54-5Y4		SULPETRO LINDBERGH		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		447.5-470.5 m		626.9 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFOALUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
COL	450	altern. ch fill/ ch mgn					cemented zone at top				
	455						P, Sk P, Sk P, Sk				
FLUV CHAN/ FLOOD PLAIN	460	ch fill									
	465										
	470	ob									



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-28-55-3W4		DEAL ET AL FROG LAKE		DEAL RESOURCES MGMT.		386.0-416.5 m	585.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							COL	BAY
M C L	FLOOD PLAIN	ob	390	TS	P in silt		siderite in nodules and bands	
			395	UNCORED INTERVAL				
W A S	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	410					
	STACE-BAY		415		motting, P		thin green clay	
	BAY				motting, P			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-34-55-3W4		DEAL ET AL FROG LAKE		DEAL RESOURCES MGMT. LTD.		442.0-454.4 m	576.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
R E X	FLUV/ FPLAIN	ob				p		
		445						
		ch fill						
	BAY	norm				Te, P, Sk, Zo?		
	dysaer	450						
EST. CHAN	chan fm							
	ch mgn					mottling		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
6-6-55-4W4		DOME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM & OTHERS		473.0-484.0 m		618.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
W A S  S P A	SHORE FACE lower	475			P, Cy		coal rip-ups at base		
	COAST PL								
	SHORE FACE	480			Te (Zo?)				
	STAGE-BAY				Te (Zo?), Ch, P				
BAY					Te (Zo?), Ch				
					Gyl, Trl (association)				





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-20-55-4W4		DOME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM AND OTHERS		441.0-450.0 m	603.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	ob							
	EST?? CHAN?	ch fill	445			y sm P and Sk		syn. cracks are in sd!!!!
	ob?		450			P, Ch?, Te		some silt flasers



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-30-55-4V4		DOME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM AND OTHERS		416.0-434.0 m	590.4 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	SHORE FACE					Cy, P, motting		
	BAY					lg P, Sk, Te?		
	COAST'L PL	420	Fe					lots of coaly zones, few roots, mostly planar laminated sands
BAY	425	Fe			As?, Te, P, Cy			
S P A	SHORE FACE	lower				Ch		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					Ch, Cy		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
4-11-55-5W4		DOME CDA ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM AND OTHERS		457.0-487.0 m	600.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
Y A S	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.	460	s		Ch, Cy		THE TOP OF THIS SAND CORRELATES WITH THE TOP OF THE BOTTOM SAND OF 14-30-55-4W4	
	BAY norm				P, Ch, Cy			
S P A	SHORE FACE	465						
	SHOREFACE- BAY		s		mottling, Ch, P, Te, Cy			
	BAY storm dom.	470	Fe		Cy, P			
SHORE FACE	coast pl				Cy, P			
	upper	475	s					
BAY	lower				Ch, P, Cy			
	norm				P, Cy			
BM	BAY du saer							
G P	SHORE FACE	480						
		485						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-13-55-5W4		BRASCAN LINDBERGH		BRASCAN RESOURCES CAN.		429.0-446.0 m	627.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
COL FLUV/ FLOOD PLAIN	430	[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]		[Contact: wavy line]	[Bioturb: wavy line]	[Ichnofauna: Ch, P, Cy]	[Bit. Sat: solid black]	
	435	[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]						
MCL SHOAL/BAY		[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]		[Contact: wavy line]	[Bioturb: wavy line]	[Ichnofauna: Ch, P, Cy]	[Bit. Sat: solid black]	
EST? CHAN	PB	440	[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]					
WAS BAY	445	[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]		[Contact: wavy line]	[Bioturb: wavy line]	[Ichnofauna: Cy, P, Sk, rare Gy]	[Bit. Sat: solid black]	sid bands
			[Lithology: wavy lines, horizontal dashes]					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE		
16-13-55-5W4		WESTMIN LINDBERGH		WESTMIN RESOURCES LTD.		456.0-474.0 m		613.4 m		1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES					
S P A	SHOAL	small shoaling up seqs	460			Be	extensive sss at top faulting?					
	BAY	fresh'ns upward				Be Cy, P Cy, P mottled						
	FLUV? CHAN	ch fill	465									
	BAY	norm dysaer	470			Ch, P, Te (Zo?) P. possible Zo, As @ top						
GP	SFACE											







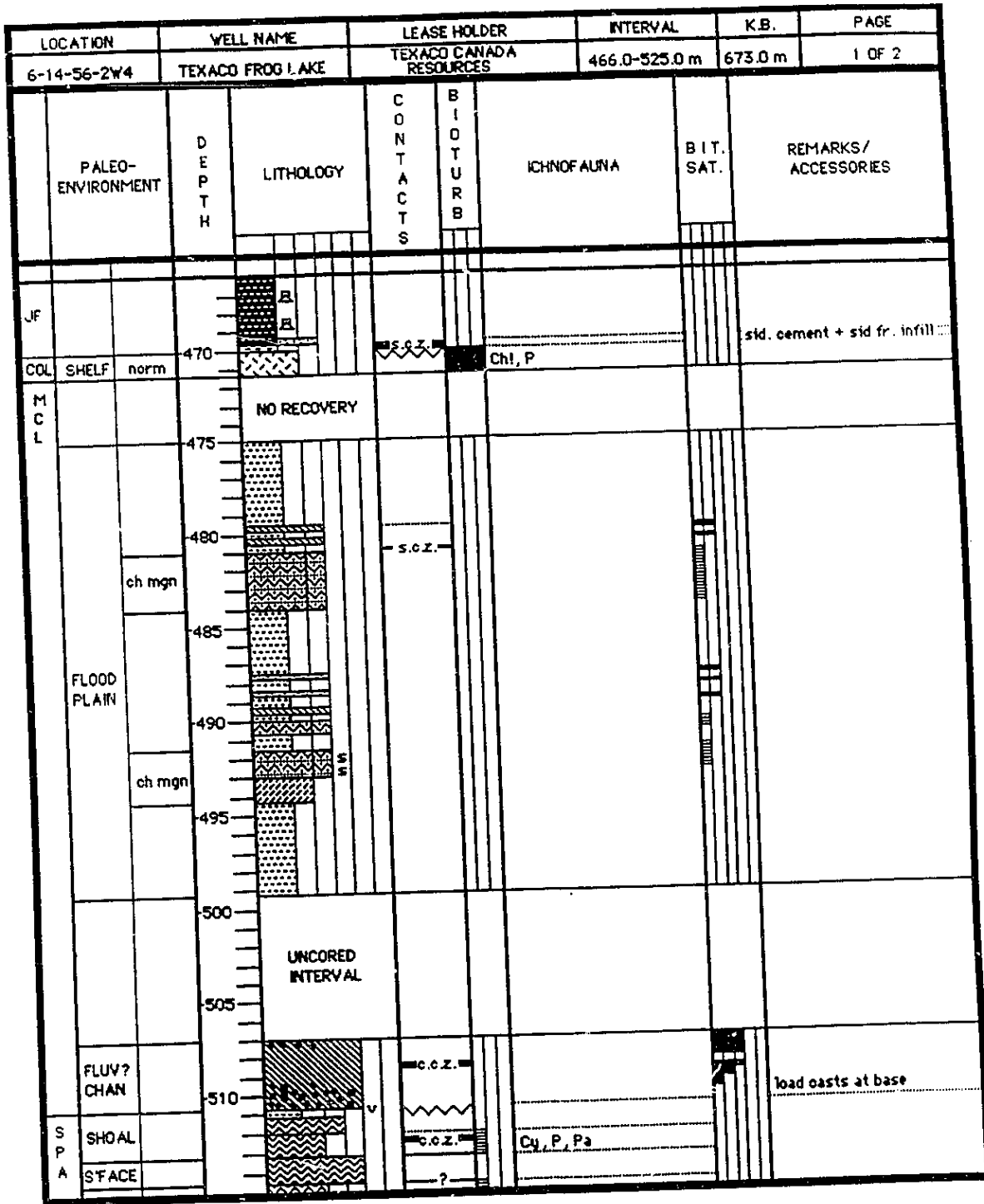
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE		
14-34-55-5Y4		D/ME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM AND OTHERS		451.0-467.5 m	610.2 m	1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPT H	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
S P A	SHORE FACE	lower								
	BAY									
	SHORE FACE	lower							455	Te, Cj - Tel, Cy
	LAGN?									mottling at top, P
	SHORE FACE	coastal upper storm? dom.							460	Ch, Te, lg Sk, Te (Zo?), P
BAY	norm di saer			root mottling??						
BM G P	SHORE FACE	upper	465							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-13-55-6W4		WESTMIN LINDBERGH		WESTMIN RESOURCES LTD.		456.0-483.0 m	641.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
J F	460	B B						
C O L	BAY				Chil Ch, P, Sk, Cy Ch, P, Sk Ch, Ar, Sk, P			sid cement at top
	soil?							
	SHORE FACE? upper?							auth sid nodules
	470							
M C L	soil/ coal ch fill							
	FLUV/ FLOOD PLAIN							white lam silts siderite bands
	ob							
	475							
	BAY ???				P, Sk P, Sk, Cy, Ig, Ar, As			
	480							
	485							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-29-56-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		449-480.5 m	658.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL	FLUV CHAN/ FLOOD PLAIN	ob	450	Fe				green and white clay sld bands and nodules
	CH fill	ob	455		~?~	Cy, P		green and white clay
WAS	BAY		460	UNCORED INTERVAL				
	SHORE FACE?		465	CORE REMOVED				CORE REMOVED
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		470			P, Ch		CORE REMOVED
	SHORE FACE?	st dep	475	CORE REMOVED				
	BAY	st dom				G.P.Z.	Gy zones, P, Cy	
	S'FACE	st dep		480				



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-31-56-1W4		TEXACO JOHN LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		441.5-459.5 m	641.76 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL FLUV.	ob							white unbiot. claystone
WAS BAY	445				P, Cy, sm Te			
	450				P, Cy, Ch			
SHORE FACE?	455				mottled texture			
					mottled texture			
					mottled texture			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-14-56-2V4		TEXACO FROO LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		466.0-525.0 m	673.0 m	2 OF 2
S P A	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
	SHOREFACE-BAY FLUV CHAN					P, mottling		
	BAY norm FLUV CHAN??					Ch, P, Gy, Fe		
	SHOREFACE upper	520						coaly zone at top
	SHOREFACE lower							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	525				Cy, P		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
15-26-56-2Y4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		441.0-461.5 m		635.7 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES			
M C L	ob?										
	ch fill										
	ob?										
FLUV CHAN	ch fill	445									
	ob?										methanogen. or bad coring?
	ch fill	450									
EST? CHAN	ch fill	455				Cj, P					mottled appearance
	ch mgn	460				P, Cj, crypto					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-36-56-2W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		438.0-498.0 m	645.01 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C L	FLUV CHAN	ch fill/ ch mgn	440					
	SHOAL?				Ch, P			
B A Y			445		Ch, P, Te?			
	norm				Cyl, Chl, P			
	storm		450		1 Gy near bottom of int.			
W A S			455		P in 30 sfts			
	SHORE FACE	upper?	460					some wafer bedding
		lower?	465					
S P A	FLUV CHAN	ob ch fill	470		D.O.Z.			
	BAY	st dom			Cy, P			
			475					
		UNCORED INTERVAL	480					
	BAY				??			
	COASTL PL				Ch, P, Sk, Gy			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-36-56-2W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES	438.0-498.0 m	645.01 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
SPA BAY	norm				P. Sk. +?		
	storm				Cy, P, Ch		
BM	norm						
	dy saer	490			Ch, Cy		
GP	SHORE FACE				Gy zones		
	BAY storm dom.	495			scattered Ch		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
14-3-56-3W4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		422-436.75 m		582.4 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
S P A	WAS SHELF?	storm norm				P, eupto, Cy, Cy?		cg sds admixed w carb md.			
	FLUV? CHAN	ch fill				P, Cy, Ch					
	BAY??					P, Fe, Ch		biot + roots! core break			
	EST CHAN.	ch mgn				P, Cy					
	FLOOD PLAIN	swamp									



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-4-56-3W4		DEAL ET AL FROG LAKE		DEAL RESOURCES ET AL		394.0-486.5 m	605.5 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	395						
	ch fill				P. Co., Ch			
	ob				P			
	ch fill							
	ob	400						green and white clays
MCL		405	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		410						
	BAY storm norm	415			Cu			
WAS	SHORE FACE lower?	420			Ch, P, Cu, sm, ls			some wafer bedding
		425	UNCORED INTERVAL					
SPA		430						
		435						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-4-56-3W4		DEAL ET AL FROG LAKE		DEAL RESOURCES ET AL		394.0-486.5 m	605.5 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	445	UNCORED INTERVAL						
	450							
GP	FLOOD PLAIN swamp?	455	Fe					muds become less carbonaceous towards bottom; sid bands increase toward bottom
		460						
		465	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		470						
		475						
	EST? CHAN	ch mgn	480			Cyl, P, sm S, lg Co		
		ob						sid nods, ssd, "no" blot.
REX	BAY					P		
	SHORE FACE	upper? lower	485			Te, Zo?, Ma?!!		lg isolated Te's and Zo's

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
16-5-36-3W4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		395.0-466.0 m		60; 2 m	1 OF 2
PALED-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
C O L M C L	SHORE-FACE-BAY TRANS.					Ch, P			
	FLUV. CHANNEL SYSTEM	ob				Ch, P, Te			
		ch fill	405						waxy sh w sid nodules
		ob							
ch fill								core break	
		410							
W A S	LAGOON								
	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	415			Ch in wavy lb slts P, Te, Cy			
	BAY	storm dom.				some Gy horizons; Cy, P, As			
		420							
		425							
		430	UNCORED INTERVAL						
		435							
S P A	COAST. L PL								
	SHORE FACE	upper?	440						
	SHORE-FACE-BAY					Ch, Te, Zo			
	BAY	fill	445			Ch, Te, Zo P, Sk, Ch?, crypto			
		coal/ob							
		ob							
	EST. CHAN.	ch mgn				P, Cy			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
16-5-56-3W4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		395.0-466.0 m		607.2 m		2 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT			DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
SPA	EST. CHAN.	pb									
G P	BAY?	ch lag									
		dysaer.					P, Ch; 1 Te (Zo?) at top				
	SHORE FACE	upper?	455				Gyl zones; Cy, P				
		lower st, dom		460			Cy, P				
	BAY	norm					Ch!, Cy, Te (Zo?), P				
	dysaer.					Ch!, Cy					
	norm		465			Te, P, Zo					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
8-7-56-3W4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		423.0-441.0 m		597.7 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
MCL	rew st										
	storm	425									
WAS	BAY OR LAG'N										
	ABANDONED CHANNEL?	430									
		435									
		440									

Cu, P  
 Cu, Mo, Cu, P, Fe  
 rare fug.

Fe, Zn at base. P, Sk  
 P, Fe, crypto

rooted and bioturbated zone

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
14-7-56-3Y4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		443.0-459.25 m		609.4 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
V A S	SHORE FACE	lower	445			P. Sk. crypto P. Sk. crypto					
		coal									
	SHORE FACE	upper									
		lower									
	BAY	norm	450				Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?) Ch. sm Cu				very thin storm bed
		disaer									
	norm					Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?)					
S P A	STACE	storm	455			Gy, Ch, Sk, P					
		norm									
	storm										
	BAY	norm				Chl, Gy, P, Cy, Pa					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
B-8-56-3Y4		DEAL ET AL FROG LAKE		DEAL RESOURCES ET AL		389.0-473.0 m	606.45 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL MCL	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	390						
	FLUV. CHANS.	395			Ch, P, Cy			with sid logs
YAS SPA	UNCORED INTERVAL							
		400 405 410 415 420 425 430						







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-9-56-3Y4		PCP FROG LAKE		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		397.0-463.0 m	606.7 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
WAS	FLUV CHAN	ob	[Lithology: wavy lines]	[Contact: wavy line]	[Bio: vertical lines]	[Icho: ]	[Sat: ]	
	ch fill							
SPA	SFACE	coal	[Lithology: wavy lines]	[Contact: wavy line]	[Bio: vertical lines]	[Icho: ]	[Sat: ]	
	SFACE-BAY	450						
	BAY	norm/ storm norm dysaer						
EST CHAN.	ob	455	[Lithology: wavy lines]	[Contact: wavy line]	[Bio: vertical lines]	[Icho: ]	[Sat: ]	ob probably fresh water influenced
	ch fill	460						
GP	BAY	norm dysaer	[Lithology: wavy lines]	[Contact: wavy line]	[Bio: vertical lines]	[Icho: ]	[Sat: ]	P, Ch

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-13-56-4Y4		SASKOIL RANGER LINDBERGH		RANGER OIL LTD. SASKOIL RESOURCES		452.5-488.5 m	616.65 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHNOFOALNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL-CHAN.								
GP BAY anoxic	455							
BAY MOUTH BAR	460							
SHELF norm	465				P, Ch, Cy Chl, P, Cy		syn cracks only at top	
BAY anoxic					P, Ch			
BAY norm					P, crypto (poor bed.)			
BAY anoxic					P, Ch! at top P, Ch			
BAY MTH BAR	470				P, Chl, Te, Te (Zo?)			
BAY norm								
BAY anoxic								
REX FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	475	chan fill						
	480	chan fill						
	485	chan fill						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-15-56-4Y4		SASKOIL RANGER LINDBERGH		RANGER OIL LTD. SASKOIL RESOURCES		429-455.75 m	582.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHNOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
GP	EST CHAN.	point bar	430			lg Sk, P		
		fill				Ch, P, Sk		
	BAY	coa	435			lg P + crypto? (poor bed.)		
		fill				lg Ch, P, Cy		
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar	440			P, Ch, Te		
point bar		445						
L L O	BAY	fill	450			Te, P, Ch		
	STFACE	upper?	455			blot. at top		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-25-56-4W4		SASKOIL RANGER LINDBERGH		RANGER OIL LTD. SASKOIL RESOURCES		437.0-473.0 m	614.19 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
S P A	swamp							
	ch mgn							
	ch fill	440				P, Sk P, Sk		
	ch mgn	445				P, Sk		
	ch fill	450						
	ch lag ch mgn					P, Ch, Cy, Sk		core break
G P	storm?	455				lg Gy		
	norm					P, Te, Cy, Zo, 1 Ar		
	BAY? dy saer					v sm P, Sk		
	norm	460				lg P		all shells are convex down sm. disarticulated bivalves indicating some transport
	storm norm	465				Ch, Zo, Te, Sk, Cy, P		core break
R E X	BAY anox?							
	ch mgn EST CHAN. ch fill	470				P, Sk, crypto		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
B-36-56-4W4		SASKOIL RANGER LINDBERGH		RANGER OIL LTD. SASKOIL RESOURCES		448.0-484.0 m	614.55 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES		
S P A  BAY	norm				Chl, P, Sk P, Sk, Mo				
	storm	450							
	norm				Chl, Gy, P				
	storm				Chl, Gy, Gy, P				
	storm deps. anox.	455			Te, P in ib slts				
G P  SHORE FACE	storm shoal	460			Ig Gy, Sk; Ro at top of sd				
	storm/ norm				Gy, Sk, Ch, P				
	storm				Ch, Gy			v wh, v porous slit at top	
	CORE BREAK		465						
	BAY	norm				P, Te (Zo?)			
anox.									
norm		470			Ig P, Te (Zo?)				
SHORE FACE	storm				P			anox sh at base	
	lower	475							
R E X  EST. CHAN	ob								
	ch fill	480			P, Sk in mud drapes				

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-2-56-5V4		DOME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME PETROLEUM AND OTHERS		443.0-461.0 m	602.89 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	STFACE ????							
	BAY	445			Ch, Te (Zo?), P			
GP	norm							
	storm							
	norm?				cryptoll, P, Ch			
	swamp	450						
		CORE BREAK						
	ch mgn	455			sm As, Cy			
	ch fill				As, Cy, crypto			
	ch fill	460						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-4-56-5W4		DOME ET AL LINDBERGH		DOME OIL AND OTHERS		453.5-471.5 m	607.94 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	455						
	LAGOON							
	SHOREFACE? lower?	460			P, Ch, As, Cy			loading at basal surface
	BAY norm? dysacr		CORE BREAK		P, Ch, Te (Zo?)			
B M								
G P	SHOREFACE upper?	465						
	SHOREFACE-BAY	470			Ch, P, Cy			
	BAY				Ch, P, Cy, Te (Zo?)			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-19-56-5Y4		PCP LINDBERGH		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		414-419.3 m	585.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFOALNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SFACE	coal	415					
	SHORE	coal						
	FACE	upper						
	BAY	norm						
					Ch! P. 1 As			

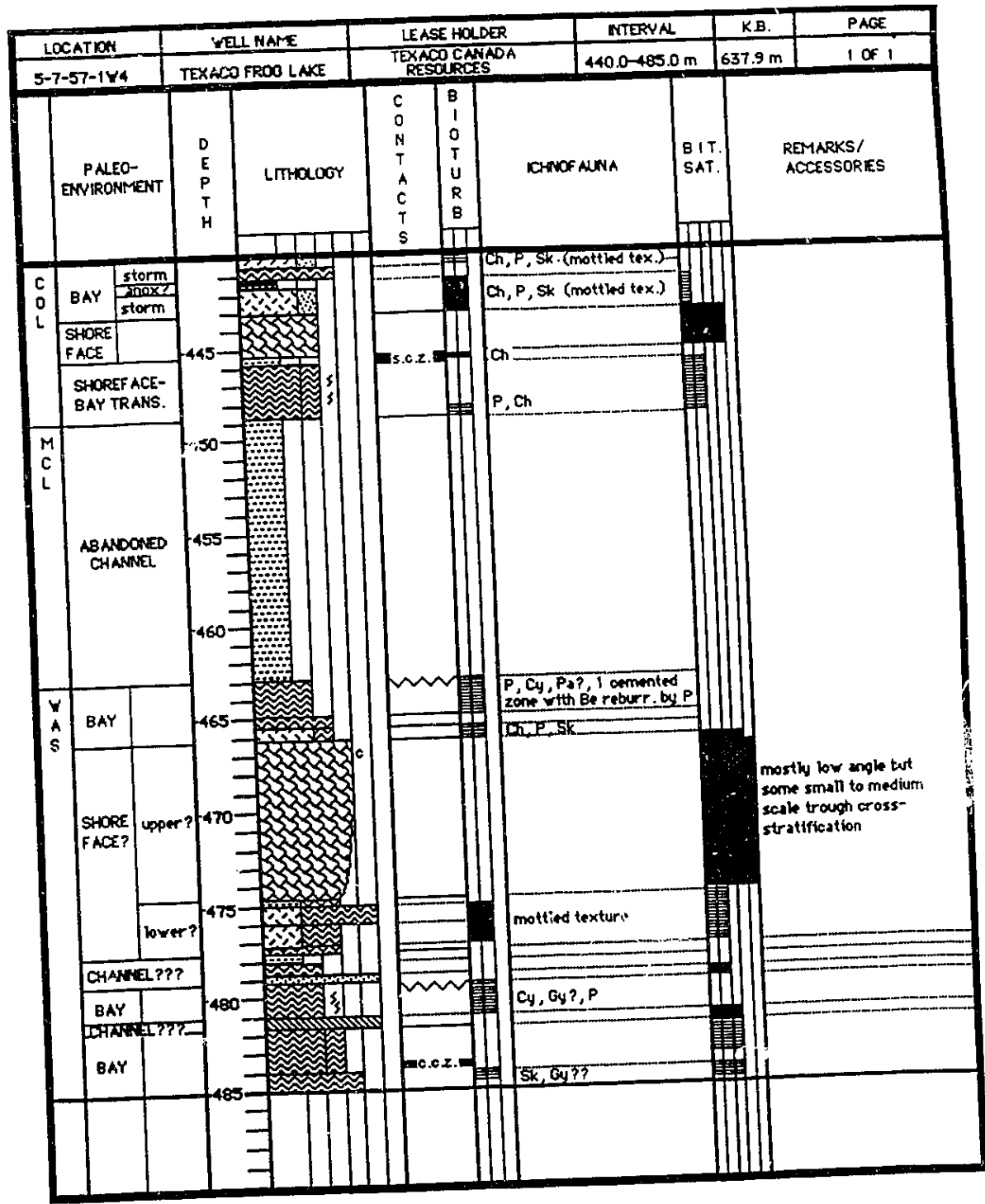
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-19-56-5Y4		PCP LINDBERGH		PANCANADIAN PETROLEUM		420.0-437.2 m	584.4 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					Ch, Te (Zo?)		Ch, Zo, synaeresis zone!
	BAY					lg Te (Zo?), P, Ch		
	SHORE FACE lower	425						
	SHORE FACE coal upper							
	SHORE FACE lower	430		o.o.z.		Ch, P		
	SHOREFACE-BAY coast pl			?				muddy coal
GP	SHORE FACE upper							
	SHORE FACE lower	435				Ch, P		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
9-12-56-7W4		AMOCO ST PAUL		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		487.5-505.5 m		624.8 m		1 OF 1					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS S P A	SHELF	norm													
	BRACK BAY	storm?	190							Zo, Te, Ch, P					
		norm													
	EST? CHAN	ch fill	495												thin coal at top
		norm													
	SHORE FACE	storm dom.?	500												
		norm													
		storm	505							Ch, P, Pa, Cy, Zo?					
										Ch					



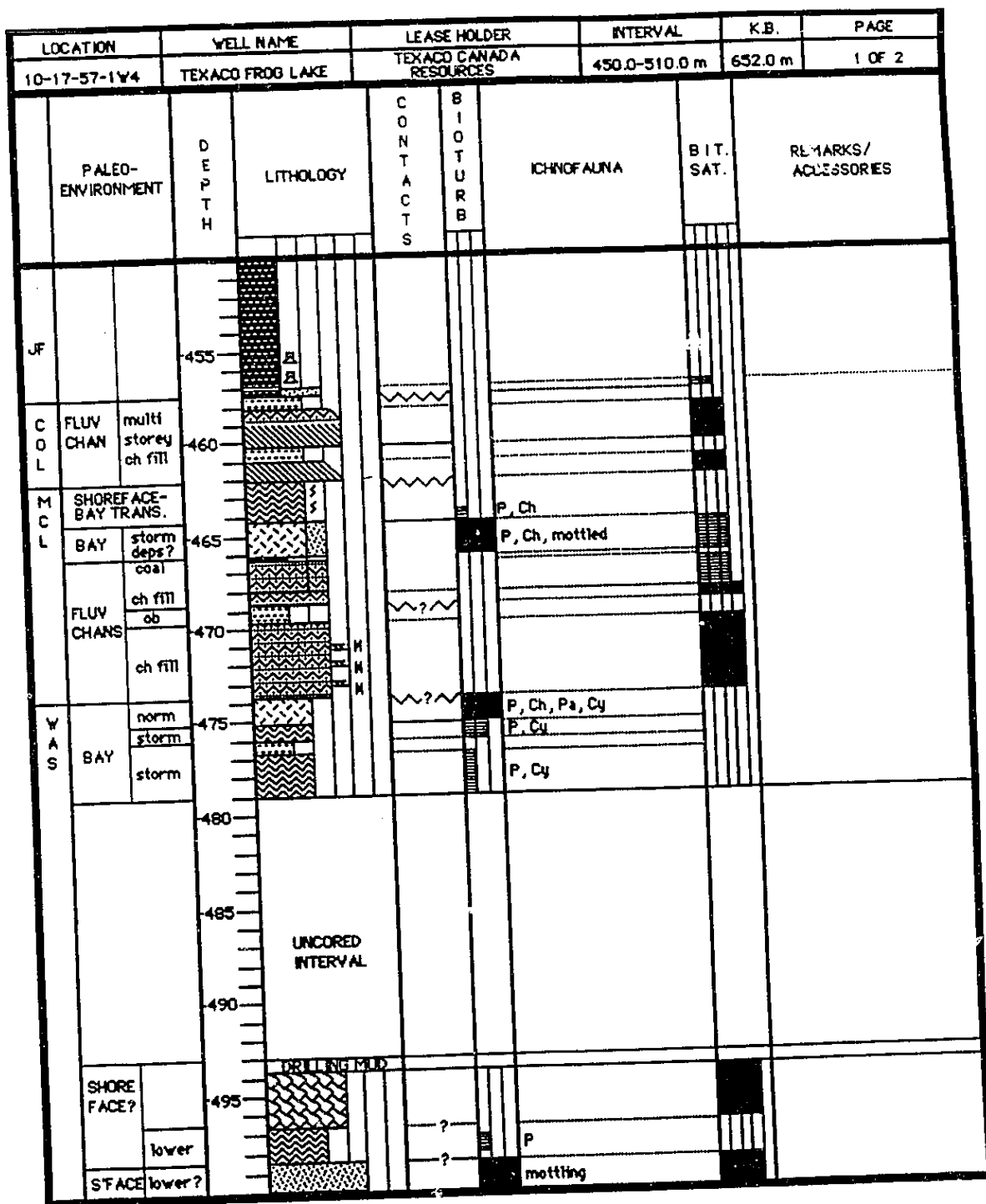
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-5-57-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		466.0-504.0 m	672.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL STFACE lower	470	[Lithology pattern]	s.c.z.	[Bioturb pattern]	churned	[Bit. Sat. pattern]	gry muddy sand at top	
					Ch, Sk			
SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					P			
BAY					Ch, P, Gy Cy, P		biot. green clay at top	
MCL EST CHAN?	475							
VAS								
	480	UNCORED INTERVAL						
	485							
BAY storm dom.?	490	[Lithology pattern] Fe			Cyl, P, Pa, rare Gy		some sid bands and nod	
COAST'L PL					1 Sk		storm washovers?	
SHOREFACE upper	495							
	500							
lower					P, crypto (mottled)			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-6-57-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		475.0-516.0 m	670.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
M C L  W A S	FLUV CHAN.							
	ob ch fill							
	BAY	480				P, Cy, Gy P, Ch		cemented pebble congl.
		485 490 495	UNCORED INTERVAL					
S P A	SHORE FACE	500				mottling c.c.z.		
	BAY					Gy zones, P, Cy		
	SHORE FACE	505				Cy, P		
	BAY					P, Pa, Ch, Zo?		
	TIDAL CH.?					P, Te		
	COAST L PL	510						coal at top
GP	SHORE FACE	515				Cy, P		
	upper lower							





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-16-57-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		450.0-482.25 m	634.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C L	FLUV CHAN.	455			Ch, P			
		460						
		465	UNCORED INTERVAL					
	FLUV? CHAN	470						
	multi storey chan fill	475						
W A S	SHORE FACE	480			mottled			
	lower				P, Pa, Sk			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-17-57-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		450.0-510.0 m	652.0 m	2 OF 2
S P A	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
	BAY storm?							
	SHORE FACE?					Cy, P		wood at top
	SHORE FACE?	-505	W g c g			Cy, P		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-18-57-1W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		432.5-468.75 m	635.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
COL	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	435	S S			P		
	BAY?					P, Ch mottling Sk?		
MCL	FLUV CHAN	440	A A			P, Ch		
	FLUV CHAN	445	H H					
V.S.	SHORE FACE	460	stacked shore faces?					
	SHORE FACE	465	lower?			P mottling!, P, Cy		
						P, Pa, Cy		cement has destroyed sedimentary structures
UNCORED INTERVAL		450-455						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-32-57-1W4		NVX NEWPORT FROG LK		UNLEASED		467.0-480.3 m	671.94 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L  FLUV CHAN	ob	Fe						
	470	H						
	ch fill							
	point bar	475						
	ch lag							
ob	480							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-1-57-2W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		459.0-485.4 m	656.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL	ob	460						
	ch fill	465	CORE REMOVED					
WAS	ob	470	Fe					
	norm							Cy, Tb?, P, Sk
	storm norm							Cy, P
	upper	475						
SHORE FACE		480						P, mottling ?, mottling
	lower	485						g sd may be slumped in



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
15-12-57-2V4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		420.0-478.5 m	626.37 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							COL	STFACE
M C L	lower				P, Ch, Sk		CORE BREAK	
	ob and ch fill	425						
	ch fill	430						
	point bar	435						
V A S	ch lag	440						
		445						
		450	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		455						
S P A		460						
	STFACE				Gy zones, P			
	BAY	norm dysacr	465					
	SHORE FACE	upper			Cy, P, Te			
	lower							
	STFACE				Gy, P at top			
	BAY	norm						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
15-12-57-2Y4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		420.0-478.5 m	626.37 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	BAY	norm dysaer				P, Ch, Te, Cy, Gy zones		
	SHORE FACE	475				P, Ch, Cy, rare Gy		
	BAY	norm dysaer				P, Ch, Te (Zo?) P, Ch?		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
10-13-57-2W4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		429.0-477.0 m	636.0 m	1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
C O L	SHORE FACE lower	430							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	435			P, Cy				
M C L	SHORE FACE	440			Sk, Ro				
	ob	440			P, Ch				
		445			P, Ch				
	FLUV CHANS	ch fill + some ob	450						
		point bar	455						
	ob	460							
ch fill	465								
W A S	ch lag	470							
	ob fill	475							
		UNCORED INTERVAL							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-13-57-2V4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		429.0-497.0 m	636.0 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA		UNCORED INTERVAL						
	BAY	storm	480			Cy, Sk, P mottled @ bottom		
		norm				Cy, Sk, P		
		norm/storm				Gy, °, churned?		
		n/st	485			P, Te?, Sk, churned?		
		norm				P, Ch, Cy, Gy		
	GP SHORE FACE?	storm	490			Ch, Gy		
		storm						
	BAY	norm				Cy, Zo?, Ch, P		
		dysae				1 lg Sk, churned?		
norm		495			P, Ch, Te, B?, Gy?			
	storm				Cy, Gy			
	norm				Gy!!			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
15-23-57-2V4		TEXACO FROG LAKE		TEXACO CANADA RESOURCES		438.0-445.5 m	651.85 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
EST. CHAN	435				Ch, Cy			
	440				Cy (rare)			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
S-16-57-3W4		HUSKY SHELL EOR FROG LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS SHELL CANADA LTD.		411.5-445.35 m	636.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
C O L BAY	storm dom.	415			Ch, Gy l			
	ch mgn	420	AA H S		Ch, P Ch, P, Te long linear Sk's P			
M C L EST. ? CHAN.	ch fill	425 430 435 440						
	ch lag	440						
	norm	445	g		P, Ch, Cy Ch, Cy in fb silts			
W A S SHELF	storm	445						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-17-57-3W4		HUSKY SHELL EOR FROG LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS SHELL CANADA LTD.		412.75-439.75 m	633.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
C O L	BAY	storm dom.				Ch, Gy		
	FLUV CHAN	ch fill				Ch, P, Sk		
M C L		ob ch mgn.						
	FLUV CHAN	ch fill						
W A S	SHORE FACE	lower						
	BAY					P, Ch, Cy		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
1-18-57-5W4		MURPHY ET AL LINDBERGH		MURPHY OIL CO. LTD.		372.0-399.0 m		594.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF COL	BAY	storm dom.	375	AA		P, Ch		siderite cement at top?	
			380	ob ch mgn		P, Ch		very waxy slts (paleosol?)	
MCL	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	385						
			390	ch lag					
			395	storm dom. (shoal?)			Cy, Gy, P (Cy lg & well developed), Tb (Zo?)		
WAS	BAY	norm				Ch, P, Tb (Zo?)		thin storm sd in mid of unit	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
5-36-57-7W4		SUNCOR ELK PT		UNLEASED		484.85-493.85 m		671.41 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	485	A							
	490	SHOREFACE coal				P, Ch			cemented zone at top
SHOREFACE-BAY norm		S				Ch, P, Cy			
						Ch, Cy			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
7-26-58-3W4		SUNCOR ET AL REITA		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		432.5-442.2 m		662.9 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BITURB		ICHOFAUNA	
COL	BAY	norm/ storm	435							Gy	
		-ob								P, Sk, crypto	
MCL	EST CHAN.	chan fill	440							carbonaceous mud drapes	





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-13-58-5W4		MURPHY 65631 LIND		MURPHY OIL CO. LTD.		447.0-540.0 m	670.0 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
J F C O L	BAY	norm	450			Ch, P, Pa, Cy Ch, Pl, Ig, Te Ch, E, Te, LAF		upper 30 cm is cemented but not with carbonate
	COASTL PL							
	SHORE FACE	upper	455					
M C L	ABAND CHAN?		460					distinctive white silt with some sid bands and some minor osc. ripples
	BAY					Ch, P, Pa, Te (Zo?)		
W A S			465					
			470					
			475					
			480					
S P A	BAY	storm dom.	485			Cy, Tb (small) Pl, Ch crypto		
	SHORE FACE	upper						
	SHORE FACE	lower	490					
	BAY	norm				Ch, P		
								UNCORED INTERVAL

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-13-58-5W4		MURPHY 65631 LIND		MURPHY OIL CO. LTD.		447.0-540.0 m	670.0 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA								
	GP	chan aband.	500-505					6.2 m of shell beds!!! mostly hash but there are some very well preserved gastropods present some zones are cemented very sharp contact at top
chan fill		510						
ob								
chan fill		515-540						
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX								





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE						
3-19-59-1W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		434-478.5 m		622.5 m		1 OF 1						
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOSTRAT		ICHTHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
S P A	BAY	norm	435							Te, P, Ch, sm Sk						
		STFACE-BAY									Te at top					dysaerobic?
	BAY	rew st									Te, Cy, P, Gy					
		norm		440							Te (Zo?), P, Ch, Te					
		norm/st									Gy					
		norm									Cy, P					
		norm/st									Ch, P, Cy, Te (Zo?)					
		norm		445							Gy in sds, Ch & Cy in sfts					
	B P G P	SHORE FACE	storm								Ch, P, Cy!					
			rew st		450						Te (Zo?) at bottom?					
BAY		rew st								P, Ch near bot in 16 sfts						dysaerobic?
		norm		455						P, Ch, Ar						
R E X	SHORE FACE	storm								multiple Gy horizons						
		rew st								Ch, Gy, P						
	BAY	rew st								Te (Zo?), Ch, P, Cy, Te + 1 Do						
		norm		460						Gy zone in mud drapes						
		storm														
L L O	SHORE FACE	storm?								Te (Zo?), P						
		storm?		465						Te, P						
	BAY	storm?		470							Te (Zo?)					
storm?										lg Pa, O, long fin Te						
L L O	BAY															
				475							Be, P					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-31-59-1V4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		469-505 m	640.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	BAY	470	[Lithology: multi-storey ch fill]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]	Ch, P, Cy	[Bit. Sat.]	this channel may be replacing a shoreface
	FLUV? CHAN	475				P Ch, P, As, Te, Cy		
S P A	SHOAL	475	[Lithology: norm]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]	Ch, P, As, Te, Cy	[Bit. Sat.]	
	BAY	480				P, Ch?		
	??	485				P, Ch, Cy, As		
		485				P, Ch P Ch!, P, Te, 1 Co, Gy?		
G P	SHOAL	490	[Lithology: norm/storm]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]	Ch? lg P	[Bit. Sat.]	all traces mud in sd matrix
	BAY	495				lg Te (Zo?), lg P Ch, P, Te (Zo?) Cy, Pa, Ch		
	SHOAL	500				Ch, P, Te (Zo?)		
	SHELF	500	[Lithology: norm/storm]	[Contacts]	[Bioturb]		[Bit. Sat.]	
		505						





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
15-23-59-2W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		435.5 - 474.0 m		630.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.					P, Sk, Cy, crypto			
	BAY norm	440				Ch!, P, Pa, Cy, Te, Gy			
G P	SHORE FACE	upper							
		lower	445						
R E X	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.					Gy, P, Ch, Sk			
	BAY norm	450				Ch!, P, Pa Ch!, P, Pa, Te (Zo?)			
R E X	EST. CHAN.	chan fill				P, Sk			very closely spaced mud drapes (mud drapes increase in frequency twd bottom)
	BAY norm	455				churned! Te (Zo?)			
R E X	EST. CHAN.	ch fill ch man	460			Cy!, P			oil bleeding
		ch fill	465						
R E X	FLUV? CHAN.	pb+ob	470						
		over bank							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
14-25-59-2W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		385.0-455.0 m		623.0 m		1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ZONOF AUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES				
M C L	BAY				P, Sk Ch, sm Sk		fairly thick black coal or into biot carb. black muds strange green clay layer.				
	LAG'N				P, Te? Ch, P <sub>2</sub>						
	SHORE FACE upper	390									
W A S			UNCORED INTERVAL								
		395									
		400									
		405									
		410									
	SHORE FACE lower?	415				P, Sk, Cy, Te P, Pa, Cy, Ch crypto Te, Zo, syn zone					
BAY norm? dysacr.											
S'FACE lower											
SHELF-S'FACE							Core break				
S P A	BAY ch fill	420			Ch G.C.Z.						
	ch mgn	425			Ch, P, Sk, Cy Ch are sd filled						
	ch fill/ ch mgn	430			fb slts contain P, Sk or P, Cy		some concealed bed junction preservation also evident				

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-25-59-2V4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		385.0-455.0 m	623.0 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	ch fill/ ch mgn							
	440							
	ch fill/ ch mgn					fb slts contain P, Sk or P, Cy		
	445							
	450				←Zo, Te			
	ch fill				Zo???, Te			
	??							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
7-28-59-2W4		AMOCO BEVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		401.0-446.5 m		617.1 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
W A S  BAY	norm					Ch, sm P, Cy, sm Te, Sk, Pa					
	storm										
	norm										
	norm/storm	400					Gy, Cy, Pa, As, Te, P all sm forms				
											core break
	norm/storm					Gyl, Ch, P					
	norm					Ch, P, Cy					
	410										
S P A	SFACE	lower?	CORE BREAK								
	SHORE FACE		415			P, Cy					
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					P, crypto, Gy!					
	BAY	norm	420			Chl, Cy, P, Te					
G P	SFACE	sm ll shoal? coal	425								
	SHORE FACE	upper									
		lower	430			Ch, P, Sk					
	BAY					Te, Chl, P, Pa, Cy					
						Te, Chl, P, Pa, Cy					
	SFACE	lower	435			crypto					
R E X	BAY	dysaeer	440								thick walled molluscs (hash)

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-35-59-2W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		396.6-490 m	643.7 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF								
COL	BAY				Ch, Tr?, Gu @ top of lb sds			
	COAST'L PL				Ch			
	SHORE FACE							
	upper							
	?							
MCL								
	400							
	405							
	410							
	415							
	420	UNCORED INTERVAL						
	425							
WAS	430							
	435							
SPA	440							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-35-59-2W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		396.6-490 m	643.7 m	2 OF 2
P A L E O - E N V I R O N M E N T	D E P T H	L I T H O L O G Y	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T . S A T .	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S	
S P A	BAY dusaer.							
	SHORE FACE lower							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	450						
B A Y	norm?	455						
	storm dom?	460						
G P	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch mgnv						
		ch fill	470					
		ch fill	475					
	point bar	480						
	ch lag	485						
EST CHAN COMPLEX	mg/fill	485						
	channel aband. and fill	490						
	ch fill	490						

Zo, Te  
Zo, top, P, Ch  
Ch, P, Gy?, Zo?

P, Cy  
Ch, P?

P, Ch in muds  
sfts are more highly  
burrowed containing  
P, Ch, Sk

P in sd, P, Ch in silt,  
P in mud

irreg. biot? basal contact

small-scale fus's: highly  
biot sd to highly biot silt to  
poorly biot. mud

P, Sk in both muds and  
sands



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
9-36-59-2W4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		401.0-455.5 m	615.5 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
W A S	SHORE FACE							
	lower S.FACE-BAY	405	ss		P			
S P A	norm/storm dysaer			g	Ch, P, Cy P, Te			
	norm/storm	410			P, Gy, Ch, Cy			
	norm/storm dysaer	415			P, Ch			
	norm				Gy!, P, Ch!			
	dysaer				Ch, P Ch, P			
	SHOAL	420			Te (Zo?) Gy P, Te (Zo?) Gy?			
BAY	norm				Ch!, P			
SHOAL		425	ss					
SHOAL			ss					
BAY	norm/storm	430			P, crypto			
G P	SHOAL	435			P, Be, Ch			
	BAY (low O2??)	440			Ch, P, Sk, Do?, Te Note: traces only found in coarse silts or w sds			
R E X	ch fill	445			P, crypto			
	ch lag							
	ch fill							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
9-36-59-2Y4		AMOCO BEAVERDAM		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		401.0-455.5 m	615.5 m	2 OF 2
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T. S A T.	R E M A R K S/ A C C E S S O R I E S	EST
								ch fill
								ch lag
	455							clasts are angular= channel collapse breccia

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-9-59-4W4		PACIFIC ET AL MUREL		PETRO-CANADA, ABERFORD, CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		448.97-467.25 m	610.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	450					
	BAY	storm dom.	455		1 Sk, 1 Be lg P, escapes			
G P	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	460					
			465					

LOCATION			WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-20-59-4W4			PACIFIC ET AL MURIEL		PETRO-CANADA, ABERFORD, CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		428.97-447.25 m	610.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
SPA	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	430					1 Sk, 1 Be	
	BAY	storm dom.						1g P, escapes	
GP	SHORE FACE	storm dom.	435						
			440						
			445						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-22-59-4W4		PACIFIC ET AL MURIEL		PETRO-CANADA ABERFORD, CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		410.68-453.0 m	633.65 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	storm				Gy, Te, P, Sk			
BAY	storm/ rew st				P, Ch, Gy			
	norm				P, Ch, Gy			
W A S	st/horm				P, Ch, Gy			
	SFACE lower				Te, Ch, P, Pa			
SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.								
BAY	norm?				Te (Zo?), P, Ch			
	COASTAL							
SHORE FACE	upper							
	lower							
BAY	norm				Ch, Cy, P, Pa			
	coastal							
S P A	SHORE FACE							
	upper							
SHELF-SFACE	lower				Ch, P, rare Gy			
	BAY				P, Cy, Ch, Te (Zo?)			
SHORE FACE	upper?				Te (Zo?)			
	lower?				0			
BAY	storm dom.				0			
	lower?				0			
GP?	SFACE				Te (Zo?)			
	???						some red and green shale	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-30-59-4V4		PACIFIC ET AL MUREL		PETRO-CANADA, ABERFORD, CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		415.79-473.18 m	610.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
SPA	BAY					P, Sk		
GP		420						
	SHORE FACE					O		
	storm dom.	425				P		
		430						
			CORE BREAK					
BM	BAY	435				crypto		black sh as well as red and green sh
REX	SHORE FACE							
		440						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-31-39-4W4		PACIFIC ET AL MUREL		PETRO-CANADA, ABERFORD, CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		425.19-443.48 m	588.23 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower?						Te (Zo?) (both lg) Te (Zo?) Te (Zo?)
		lower	430					Te (Zo?), As, P Te (Zo?), Pa, P zone lg P, sm Sk
	BAY		435					lg P
L L O	SHORE FACE	storm dom	440					







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-30-59-6Y4		ALGAS ET AL KEHWIN		INDIAN RESERVATION 123		390.0-394.8 m	604.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL FLUV CHAN.	ob							
	collapse							
	385							
	ch fill							
	ch lag							
	390	<b>CORE BREAK</b>						
MCL	BAY				Chl, rare Sk and P			
	norm							
	FLUV?							very waxy, coaly muds
	swamp							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-8-60-2W4		RENAISSANCE ANGLING		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA	436.0-454.0 m	603.15 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
SPA	norm				Te (Zo?), P P, SK, crypto! at top.		
	point bar?	440					
REX				c.c.z.			cemented and saturated!
	storm dom?	445			O, P, Pa, Tb Te, O crypto		
LLO					crypto		
	fill	450			crypto		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-30-60-2W4		RENNAISSANCE ANGLING		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		385.5-404.5 m	565.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
GP	SHOAL	tide infl?						
R E X	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	chan fill				1 Sk, 1 Ro?		
			<p>390</p> <p>395</p> <p>400</p>					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-28-60-3V4		WECO BUTTES CHARL		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS BUTTES RESOURCES CANADA		389.0-411.5 m	564.97 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
R E X	EST CHAN?	chan fM	DRILLING MUD					
L L O	BAY				highly mottled, P, Te, Sk			
	SHORE FACE	storm dom?			P			
	SHELF	dysae			P, Pa, crypto P, crypto, lg Cy Ch(only)			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-33-60-3V4		WECO BUTTES CHARL		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS BUTTES RESOURCES CANADA		393.0-420.0 m	567.92 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
R E X	EST. CHAN.	drilling mud						
		395		c.o.z.	Sk, P			
L L O	SHORE FACE	400		c.o.z.				cemented and saturated!
		405	drilling mud					
		410						
S H E L F	upper	415			P, crypto			fb carb sh and fg sds
		420						
C O A S T L P L	CHAN							
		fm						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-35-60-3V4		WECO BUTTES CHARL		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS BUTTES RESOURCES CANADA		397.0-414.0 m	572.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
G P	400	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX  multi- storey chan fill	c.c.z.	P	P in some mud drapes	[Pattern]		
	405							
L L O	410	SHELF  shoal?	c c c	P	thin P zone at top	[Pattern]	highly carbonaceous sh	
	415							
	420							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-22-61-1Y4		AQUIT BEAV X EV		CANTERRA ENERGY LTD.		332.84-366.97 m	550.75 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
C O L	FLUVIAL CHANNEL point bar	340-345	[diagonal hatching]				[solid black]	
		NO RECOVERY						
S P A	FLUVIAL CHANNEL channel aband. or over-bank BAY? lag storm dom.	350-360	[dotted pattern] c c o Fe Fe					
		360-370	[wavy pattern] Fe g g g c		Ch, P Cy, Ch, P, Pa, Gy Ch, P		poor recovery disrupted core	

LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
7-29-61-1W4		AQUIT BEAV X EX	CANTERRA ENERGY LTD.	329.18-369.11 m	539.9 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
C O L	fill/lag	330					
	fill	335	CORE BREAK				
	chan aband. lag	340					
	fill						
	lag	345	NO RECOVERY				
	mgn					P, Sk	
	fill						
	fill/mgn	350					P, Sk
	mgn						
	chan aband.	355					
	360						
fill?							
fill							
lag	365						
S P A	storm						Cy, Ch
	norm						Ch, P
	CHAN MGN??						P, Sk



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-19-61-4V4		KOCH FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		329.0-364.5 m	556.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	EST(?) CHAN.	ch lag 330 ch fill	[Lithology: Dotted pattern]	[Contact: Wavy line]			[Sat: Solid black]	
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch aband?	335 [Lithology: Diagonal lines]		[Bio: Horizontal lines]	Sk. P. Ch	[Sat: Vertical lines]	
			340 [Lithology: Diagonal lines]					[Sat: Vertical lines]
		ch fill 345 350	[Lithology: Diagonal lines]				[Sat: Vertical lines]	
		ch lag 355	[Lithology: Dotted pattern]	[Contact: Wavy line]			[Sat: Vertical lines]	
		ch fill 360 ch lag	[Lithology: Diagonal lines]	[Contact: Wavy line]	C.C.Z.		[Sat: Vertical lines]	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-20-61-4V4		WECO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		339.36-352.65 m	560.2 m	1 OF 1
PALED-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C C	aband chan?	340			crypto		v. poor rec. lithol. uncert.	
		345		?	crypto			
	ch fill	350		c.c.z.				
		355						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-21-61-4Y4		WECO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		349.2-373.5 m	565.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY	storm	350			Ch, P, Cy		
		storm?						
SPA	SHOREFACE	norm?	355			Ch, P, Cy, Te		rooted coal at top
		upper						
	lower	360						
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.							
	BAY	norm/st	365				P, Cy, Ch	
norm						P, Cy, Ch		
storm?						crypto, Ch, P		
	norm	370				Ch, P, Cy, sm Te		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE							
7-25-61-4W4		KOCH FT. KENT		KOCH EXPLORATION CANADA		318.0-354.0 m		547.4 m	1 OF 1							
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFOUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES								
V A S	BAY	storm							to med gry slts and sds							
		storm depts.							2 stacked fus's							
	S'FACE	lower														
	BAY	storm dom.														
	S'FACE	lower														
	BAY															
	S'FACE	lower														
	S P A	BAY														
		SHORE FACE							upper							
									lower?							
EST. CHANS.?																
GP	BAY	norm storm														
	S'FACE	upper?							slts brn rooted & bioturbil							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-28-61-4W4		SUNCOR WECO M60 FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		344.0-390.75 m	556.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C F	FLUVIAL(?) CHANNEL COMPLEX	multi storey point bar	345					
			350					
S P A	BAY	storm storm/norm	355		Ch, P, Cy, Gy			
		norm			Te, P, Ch, Sk			
EST (?) CHANNEL COMPLEX	multi storey point bar		360		Sk			
			365		Te, P			
FLUVIAL(?) CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill ch lag		370		Te, P			
	collapse fill/lag						spot. e.g. of bank collapse	
EST CHAN	aband. & fill		385		Sk, P			
	ALT. TIDAL CHANNEL/BAY		390		Ch, Te, P		roots + extensive biot!	



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
00/2-29-61-4V4		WECO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		337.0-363.5 m	562.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
C L								
		NO RECOVERY						
	aband. and fill							
	lag ob							
	lag							
S P A	point bar							
	BAY							
	SHORE FACE (TIDE DOM?)							
	upper							wafer bedding
	lower							good mud drapes
	SFACE-BAY							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
AC/2-29-61-4W4		SUNCOR CVVE NSD BEAVERDAM		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		368.5-381.5 m	555.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
FLUVIAL(?) CHANNEL COMPLEX	lag	370						
	point bar	375						
	lag	380						
EST?? CHAN	ch mgn	385			P, Cy?			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
8-29-61-4W4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		313.0-340.0 m	357.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C J	FLUV? CHAN	fill/lag	315					
		fill/lag		???				
			320	CORE BREAK				
	FLUV? CHAN		325					
			330					
				NO RECOVERY				
			335					
WAS	BAY	st/norm		Fe		Ar, P, Ch, Gy, Cy		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-33-61-4W4		VECO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. CAN. WORLDWIDE ENERGY		339.85-351.12 m	562.94 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
								DEPTH
V A S	SHORE FACE	upper						
		lower						
	S'FACE-BAY				P, Pa, Cy			
	BAY	norm			SK, P, Ch			
					Zo, Ch, P, Cy, As?			
S P A	FLUV CHAN	ch fill						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
13-14-61-5W4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		327.0-354.5 m		555.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFOAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES		
M C C	over-bank	330							
	point bar	335							
	ch flm breccia	340 345 350					rounded silt clasts in vfg sand matrix		
S P A	BAY norm				Chi, P, Sk, Cy		dark grey muds with some starved sand ripples		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
00-3-15-61-5W4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		AMOCO CANADA PETROLEUM		343.0-372.0 m		555.0 m		1 OF 1					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL	FLUVIAL CHANNEL	point bar	345	[Hatched pattern]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	low angle X-laminated sands with large mud clasts at bottom (erosional contact)	
			350											[Wavy bedded pattern]	
	SPA	BAY	norm	355	[Dotted pattern]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	black shale at top grading into bioturb. silt	
				360	[Carbonaceous sandstone pattern]									Pa, P, Te, Sk Gy, Ch Gy, Ch	
		SHORE FACE	storm dom lower	365	[Cross-hatched pattern]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	some carbonaceous detritus	
	BAY	norm	370	[Cross-hatched pattern]		Gy, Be, Sk, Pa, P, Cy (all traces are small)								-	
GP	BAY	storm dom.	370	[Cross-hatched pattern]		-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	P, Sk (mostly large traces)	
			st/pst	372	[Cross-hatched pattern]									P, Ch, Pa, Sk, Cy	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE		
02-3-15-61-5W4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		SUNCOR ET AL.		327.0-345.0 m		552.3 m		1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFOAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES					
FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	330						massive sand with large number of rounded silt clasts, some siderite, and soft sed. def'm. clasts have carbonaceous material				
	point bar	335						rippled sands				
	over-bank	340						flasers siltstone with starved sand ripples				
		345						silts				





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-23-61-5V4		SUNCOR AMOCO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC., AMOCO CANADA LTD.		339.0-357.0 m	552.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L  FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	340	ch fill						
	345							
S P A  BAY	350	norm	(weath.)		Ch			weathered top (sampled)
	355							Ch, P

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
5-24-61-5W4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		SUNCOR ET AL		327.0-362.75 m		556.8 m		1 OF 1	
M C L	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES			
M C L	over-bank	330	[stippled pattern]						some siderite bands		
	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX point bar	335 340 345 350	[diagonal hatching]						carb. detritus common on foresets		
S P A	LAGUN	355	[stippled pattern]			Chl, P, Cy heavily rooted!			coal stringers at top		
	SHORE FACE shoal?		[wavy pattern]			Gy, Ro (small)			coal stringers		
	BAY lagoon	360	[stippled pattern]			P, Chl escape at top, P, Sk			fb. silts and sands. some sid		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-24-61-5Y4		SUNCOR AMOCO FT. KENT		SUNCOR INC. AMOCO CANADA LTD		338.0-362.0 m	556.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C L	o.b. 340 point bar 345	[Cross-hatched lithology]	C.C.Z.				calcite cement	
S P A	350 355 360	[Various lithologies]			Ro, P, U (one, small) P rooted at top, Ch Cy at top Ch, P Ch, P, Cy Ro (small), Sk, Ch, P		fus rooted siltstone with some starved ripples	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
8-24-61-5V4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		SUNCOR ET AL		331.0-358.0 m	559.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	over- bank 335						some sid. nodules	
	ch mgn 340							
	point bar 345						mostly trough cross- stratified to rippled sands occ occ	
	350							
S P A	BAY 355				roots, Ch P, Cy		thin coal at top of interval	





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-25-61-5V4		SUNCOR AMOCO FT. KENT 73		SUNCOR INC. AMOCO CANADA LTD		324.0-353.0 m	550.6 m	1 OF 1
PALED- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C C	FLUVIAL CHANNEL	over-bank						
		ch fill						syn. cracks
	BAY				P, Chl, Cy			
	FLUVIAL CHANNEL	point bar and chan. fill						small mud rip up zone
								calcite cement, unsaturated
								mg. sands with carb detrit.
S P A	BAY				Chl, P, CyI			
					ChII, P			muddy blot. sand

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-27-61-5Y4		SUNCOR ET AL FT. KENT		SUNCOR ET AL		342.0-372.0 m	553.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
L C M  FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	EST CHAN???				Ch (large) in muds Gr, Md (rare) in sands		transitional to fluvial	
	point bar to over-bank						inter laminated planar x-bedded silts and vfg sands (pinstripe lam.)	
channel fill and point bar (multi storey fill)								
				c.o.z.				





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
7-29-61-5W4		SUNCOR AMOCO FT. KENT		SUNCOR AMOCO		344.5-374.0 m		560.9 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES				
W A S  BAY	norm	345			P, Sk						
	storm			C.C.Z.	Ch, P, Pa						
		350			Sk, P, Gy, Cy						
	norm				Ch, P, Cy except for thin black sh. w. only Ch Gy!						
		355	DRILLING MUD								
S P A  SHORE FACE  BAY  SHORE FACE  BAY					P, Ch						
	norm	360			Chl, P, Sk, Cy, Pa, Tb					non-bioturb. zone!	
	lower	365			Sk at top Rg P, Cy						
	norm	370			Cyl, Te, Gy, P						
GP					Ch, As, Sk, P						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
11-36-61-6Y4		MOBIL LIZA LAKE		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		315.12-324.12 m		560.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	BAY	norm				Gyl, P, Sk		DRILLING MUD	
MCL	BAY	dysaer				P, Ch		black shale some silt	
		storm	 c			P, Cy, Sk, Te, Gy, Ch			
		norm	 Fe			Gy, Ch, P, O P, Ch, Sk		sid nodules	
		-325							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-31-62-3Y4		AMMIN KENT		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		335-371 m	532.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	STFACE-BAY					Ch, Cy		
	norm					Te (Zo?), P		Fe, sulphur-rich at base
	storm					crypto		
	BAY	340				Ch, P		
	norm					Cy, P		
G P	STFACE	345				Cy, P, Ch		
	upper?					Te		
	lower					crypto heavily disrupted		
	BAY	350				Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?)		
S H O R E F A C E	SHORE					Biogenically reworked top		
	FACE							
	lower	355						
R E X	SHORE							
	FACE							
	SHELF	360				P		good double mud drape sets throughout
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	365				P, Te		mud drapes often ripped up
	multi-storey ch fill	370				P in mud drapes		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-32-62-3Y4		AMMIN KENT		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		307.5-369 m	551.7 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	BAY	norm				Ch, P, Te		
	SHORE FACE	upper	310					
		lower	315				P, Cy	
SFACE-BAY			CORE BREAK			cryptoll		
W A S	SHORE FACE	upper?	320					
		lower						
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.			325			Cy, Ch	
	BAY	norm				Ch, P, Ar, Te(Zo?)		abund. carb. detritus
SHORE FACE	lower		330			P, Cy, Ar, Tb		
BAY			CORE BREAK					
S P A	SHORE FACE		335			crypto		
			340					distinctive marker
	SFACE-BAY						Ch, P, Cy	
		norm	CORE BREAK					
		storm				crypto		
		norm	345			lg Sk		
G P	BAY	alt. norm/storm				P, Ch, Cy		
		norm	350			Ch, Cy, Sk		
	norm				P, Ch, Te			
	BAY		storm	CORE BREAK				
		norm				Cy, Sk		
		norm				Ch, P		





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-34-62-3W4		AMMIN KENT		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		301.0-362.1 m	539.7 m	2 OF 2
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
R E X	EST. CHAN.	active ch fill				P, crypto		
	EST. CHANNEL COMPLEX	aband. ch fill		?		P		
		active ch fill						
		355						
		360						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-13-62-4W4		AMMIN KENT		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		317.0-355.5 m	542.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
W A S	BAY	storm				Cy, As		
			320 NO RECOVERY 325					
S P A	BAY	storm						
		norm						
	SHORE FACE	upper	330					
	lower							
	SHORE FACE	lower	335			Ch, Cy		distinct gry slit into wh slit both with syn cracks
			340 UNCORED INTERVAL 345					
G P	BAY					P, crypto		
	SHORE FACE	lower	350			Ch, P, Cy		
	BAY	norm				Te (Zo?), P		
	SHORE FACE	upper				P, Sk		
	lower	355						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
10-14-62-4Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		333.0-387.3 m	535.9 m	1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
W A S	SHORE FACE	335	[Lithology: wavy pattern]	[Contact: c.c.o.z.]	[Bioturb: -]	[Ichnofauna: Ch, P, Sk, P, crypto]	[Bit. Sat: -]		
	BAY	lower norm 340							
S P A	SHORE FACE	345	[Lithology: wavy pattern]	[Contact: -]	[Bioturb: -]	[Ichnofauna: Zo, Cy, Ch, lg Te, P]	[Bit. Sat: -]	angular contact	
	SFACE-BAY	norm							
	BAY	storm							350
		norm							
		rew. storm beds							355
		storm							
G P	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	360	[Lithology: wavy pattern]	[Contact: -]	[Bioturb: -]	[Ichnofauna: P, Sk, Ch, P, crypto, Zo, Ch, Cy]	[Bit. Sat: -]	CORE BREAK	
		rew st.							
		storm							
		norm							
		ch fill							365
		fill/lag							
ch fill	370								
								coal at top	
		375							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-24-62-4W4		AMMIN FORT KENT		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		370.0-380.0 m	556.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	[Cross-hatched lithology]	G.C.Z.		Pa			
			c.c.z.		lg P, Pa (Pa zone?)			
	375							
	380				lg P, Pa + Sk, Cl			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-36-62-4Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		347.0-380.0 m	550.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BI? SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
GP	SHORE FACE	lower			Sk, P			
	BAY	norm			Te (Zo?), Ch, P crypto (rooting?)			
R E X	EST. RINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	chan. mgn.	350		cy, crypto			
			355		P			good double mud drapes
		ch fill	360					
		ch lag	365					good double mud drapes
		ch fill	370			Sk, P		
L L O	SHELF?		375					
			380					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
11-2-62-5W4		MOBIL BIG MEADOW		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		303.0-326.5 m		557.7 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY				CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
JF	303							Chl, Te rare Pa in silt lams.		light grey mudstone shell hash (Ostrea?)	
	305										
COL	310	UNCORED INTERVAL									
	315										
	S'FACE							P			
	SHOREFACE BAY TRANS.							P, Cy			
	325							P, Cy			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-16-62-5Y4		MOBIL BIG MEADOW		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		308.5-329.8 m	555.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	COAST'L PL							coal clasts
	SHORE FACE lower	310						low angle to rippled sands 2 fus near bottom of interval
	BAY SFACE lower					Gy!		
CCM		315	CORE BREAK					
		320						
	FLOOD PLAIN	325				P, roots some burrows are mineralized (hematite?)		rooted silts with siderite nodules and carbonaceous debris
		330						





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
7-22-62-5W4		MOBIL BIG MEADOW		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		354.0-410.0 m		554.9 m		1 OF 2	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	L O C			
								UNCORED INT.			
SHELF	405				Ch? (rubby)						
					Zo, Ch, Te (Zo?), Pa?						
MCC	410				Ch? (rubby)						
					Co (v. lg.), Pa, P						

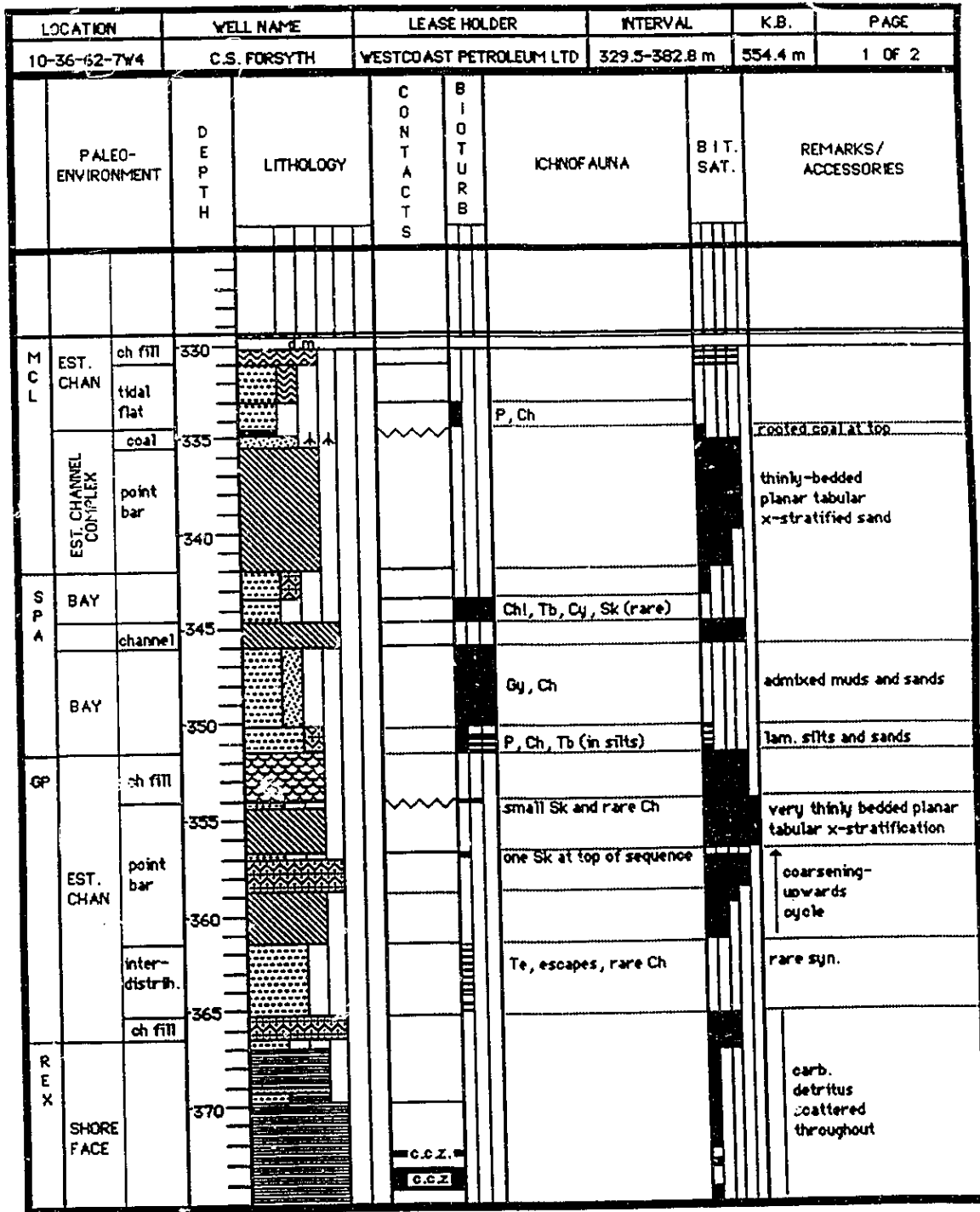
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-21-62-6W4		CS WESTCOAST SUGDEN		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD.		318.0-363.0 m	549.2 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL DELTAIC	interdis. distrib. channel				P			
	inter-distrib.							
SPA SHORE FACE	upper				rooted coal			
	BAY				Ch, P, Sk			
GP SHORE FACE	upper				Gy			
	BAY				Gyl rooted coal P, Sk			coal at top
	BAY				Ch, P, escapes			
REX EST. CHAN.	channel				Te, P			
	channel				P			fl. silts and sands
	chn. mgn.				P			syn.!
	chn. mgn.				large Ro, Sk			
	channel				Ch, P, Te			
	channel				Ro			very poorly saturated sands

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-22-62-6W4		WESTCOAST FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD		313-340 m	553.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	BAY?	315			P, Ar P, Ch, Sk P, Ch, Sk P, Ch, Te, Cy			
	EST CHAN	320						
		325		G.C.Z.				
Y A S	BAY?				P, Sk, Cy Cy, Ar, P, Cy, Te, Ch Pa, P, Te		syn. glauconitic	
S P A	BAY?	335			Te, Cy, Ch Te, Cy, Ch Te, Cy, Ch		coarsening up sequence highly carb. shale	
		340						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-14-62-7V4		CS WESTCOAST FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD		338.0-385.0 m	564.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
V A S BAY	340				Ch, Cy Ch, Te, Cu		wavy lam. silts biot. fl. silts and sands unbiot. fl. silts and sands glauconitic (marker?)	
	345				Ch, Cy		carb. detritus at top	
SHORE FACE	350						x-bedding mostly low angle (some dip reversals)	
S P A BAY	355				P, Cy (both rare) Ch, Cy, Te (small)			
	360				P P, Ch Gy (at bottom) P, Ch		admixed sands and silts carb. detrit. on foresets	
		CORE BREAK						
SHORE FACE	365							
BAY	370				Te, Cy, Ch Sk (lined), Ch, P, As			
	375							
GP FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX point bar	380						poorly saturated x-bedded sands, some dip reversals	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-15-62-7W4		WESTCOAST FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD		372.0-398.5 m	592.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	SHORE FACE lower	375						
	S'FACE-BAY						fb. rippled sands and silts	
BAY	norm	380			very diverse assemblage including: large Te, Ch! P, small Sk, Cy, Ar, Tb		highly mottled admixed vfg sands and muds	
		385			Te, P, Ch!		unbiot. muds	
GP	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX							
	tidal flat						biot. muds and sands	
	ch mgn	390			P, Cy (sands) Ch (muds)			
	ch fill				P, Sk, Ar			
	ch fill	395			Te, P		stacked channel sequences	
	ch fill							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-23-62-7W4		WESTCOAST FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD		301.5-320.0 m	554.4 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURBS	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
M C L FLUV? CHAN BAY ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX tidal flat	305						abundant carb. detritus at top as well as on some foresets	
	310				P, Cy, Ch Ch, P, Tb, Cy, Te Ch, Sk		sun.	
	315				Ch, multiple Sk, Cy		churned, abundant carb. detritus	
	320				P		more laminated than above no visible carb. detritus minor siderite	







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
S-19-63-2Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		315.5-390.45 m	544.5 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHNOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
W A S	SHORE FACE	storm dom. lower		c.c.z.		rare Cy, P, Lo		
		320						
S P A	CORE BREAK							
	SFACE	lower?				Ch, Cy		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.							
BAY	storm norm	330				Te (Zo?), Pl		
			UNCORED INTERVAL					
			335					
G P	BAY	storm dom. deps.				Ch, P, Sk		
						340		
						Ch, P		
						345		
						Ch, P		
Ch, P, Sk, Te (Zo?)								
			CORE BREAK					
			UNCORED INTERVAL					
			350			P, Ch, Te (Zo?)		
						Te (Zo?), Sk		
						Ch, Be, P, Te (Zo?)		
R E X			UNCORED INTERVAL					
			355					
			360					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-19-63-2Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		315.5-390.45 m	544.5 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
		UNCORED INTERY.						
REX	SHORE FACE?				O, Ro			
LLO		370						
		375	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		380						
CUM	FLUV? CHAN.	385	ch fill ch lag	CCZ			wood chips at base	
		390						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-21-63-2Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		345.0-395.8 m	549.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
GR ESTUARINE CHANNEL BAY	ch fill				P			
	ch fill				Cy, P			
	ch mgn	350			P, Sk			
	ch fill				crypto: sm P		dk gry highly carb. mds	
	dysaer				crypto			
	t-flat							
	ch fill	355						
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar	360						
	ch lag	365						
	fill/lag						wood chips at base	
R E X SHORE FACE (low energy)	upper	370	NO RECOVERY					
	middle				O		this could possibly be a shoal/shoreface	
	lower	375			lg Ro, P, As lg Ro, P, As, Te (Zo?)			
L O BAY	?		CORE BREAK		Ch, Te (Zo?) Ch, Te (Zo?)			
	norm				Ch in both mds and slts		oxygen deficiency cycle: Ch at both top and bottom of black mds but not within	
	storm	380			rare Ch near base			
	dysaer. to anoxic							
	norm							
	storm	385	NO RECOVERY					
	norm					CO, crypto		
	storm					Te, Sk, Ch, P		
C U C EST. CHAN.	ch fill	390			O Te, P, crypto			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
11-4-63-3V4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		305.0-364.0 m	545.7 m	1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
COL	BAY	norm				ChII, Cy, Te (Zo?)			
	M C L	ch mgn	NO RECOVERY	c.c.z.					lg amt of c debris on foresets in sds
			CORE BREAK						
		mg/lag					crypto		
		ch mgn					lg P, lg Sk, crypto		
	S P A	point bar	CORE BREAK						
				c.c.z.					
		ch lag							
	GP	lower							
		BAY	norm				Ch, Cy, P		
GP	BAY-FILL?		CORE BREAK			Te (Zo?), P			
	EST. CHAN.	ch mgn						dist dk gry biot shale w. coal	



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-6-63-3W4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		329.0-367.6 m	547.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A BAY	norm	330	S S g		Chl, Cyl, P Te (Zo?), Chl P, Te (Zo?)		distinctive marker	
		335						
G P P	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	340	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		345						
		350	ch fill ch fill ch lag					
		355	ch fill					CORE BREAK
		360	ch fill ch lag					
		365	ch fill ch lag					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-7-63-3W4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		294.0-366.5 m	551.2 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
ESTUARINE CHANNEL	channel aband. and fill	295	Fe			Ch, P, Cy		
		300						
WAS	UNCORED INTERVAL	305						
		310						
		315						
		320						
		325						
SPA	SHORE FACE	lower						wafer bedding
	BAY	norm				Te (Zo?), Ch		





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE						
7-20-63-3Y4		ESSO 81 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		335.0-368.0 m		550.7 m		1 OF 1						
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
BM G P	BAY	norm?													possible firmground	
		ch fill	340			?										
	ch mgn															
	ch fill	345														
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	350													
		ch fill	355													
		ch fill	360													
	ch fill	365														

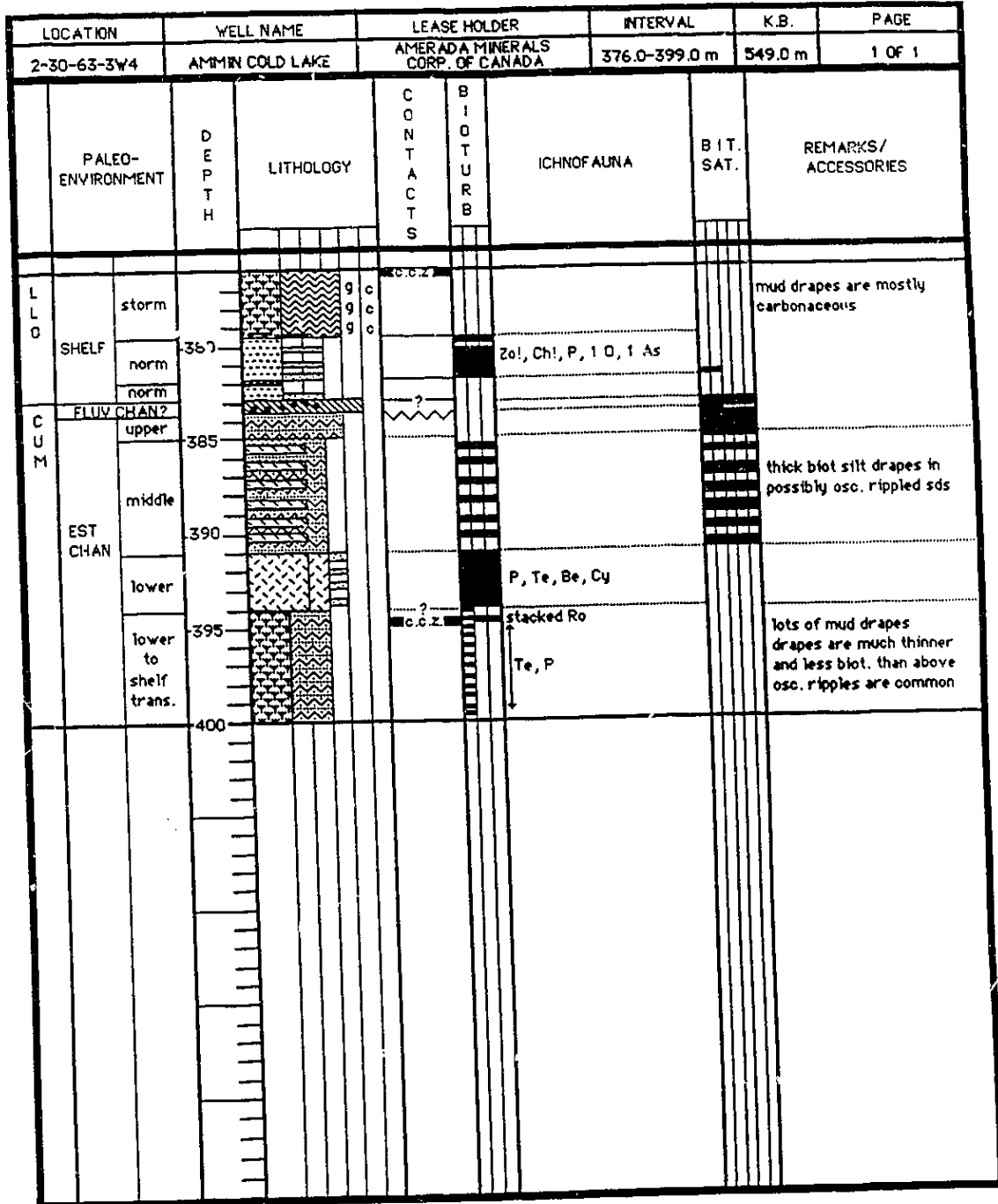
(e. P. crypto  
P, Cy  
P, Cy, Ch  
P, Cy, Ch, Te?  
total disruption

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-23-63-3W4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		296.0-345.0 m	545.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
I C L	ESTUARINE? CHANNEL	channel aband.	Fe Fe			v. rare Cy, P		
		fill/lag						
S P A	SHORE FACE	coal upper						
		lower						
	SFACE-BAY					Chl, P, Cy		
	BAY	storm norm				Te (??), P		
storm norm					Te (??), Cy, P, Ch			
storm/ rew. st					Dyl, zone			
G P	BAY-FILL					P, crypto		flasers and biot. and coaly
	SHORE FACE	upper?				Ch, crypto		
					P, Cy			
					P, Dj			
R E X	EST. CHAN.	lower bay- fill???				P, possible Co		
		ch lag						
		ch fill				possible O		
					c.e.z.			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-25-63-3Y4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		300-360 m	551.7 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
R E X								
		NO RECOVERY						
BAY	norm	355			Ch, Te (Zo?)			
	storm				Te (Zo?), P, Pa			
L L O	FLUV							
	CHAN?	360						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-26-63-3W4		AMMIN COLD LAKE		AMERADA MINERALS CORP. OF CANADA		309.06-333.0 m	548.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	fill/lag	310						
	FLUV? CHAN.	fill/lag						
		fill/lag						
		fill/lag						
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	315			Ch, Cy, Sk, P in ib slts			
		raw st			Ch, Cy, Gu			
	BAY	storm			Te (Zo?), P			
		norm			Gy zone			
		storm			Ch, P!			
		norm			Ch, P!			
		storm						
		norm			P, Te			
GP	EST. CHAN?	325						
		norm			?			
	BAY-FILL?	330			Ch, Cy, crypto			
		amalg. storm depts.					mud drapes increase in number twrd bottom of interval	
		335						
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar						
		ch lag						
		340						
		ch fill						
		345						
		ch fill			c.o.z.			
		350			ly P, Te			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
7-35-63-3W4		ESSO 81 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		392.0-437.0 m	551.2 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
L L O  C U M	SHELF	norm				Ch		dysaerobic to anoxic conditions	
		storm	395			Ch at top, Ch, Zo, P below			
		norm				Te, Zo, P, Ch			
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill					O, P, Ro?		carb. cemented & oil sat!
		ch fill	400				Ro, P		
					c.c.z.				
			405				P		
					c.c.z.			Te, P	
			410				O		
					c.c.z.				
SHELF	norm	425	UNCORED INTERVAL			Te, P, As			
		430		c.c.z.		P, O, Pa			
						Zo!, O!, Ro, Ch, P			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-6-63-4W4		PACIFIC HAROLD		PETRO-CANADA INC.		398.62-413.3 m	559.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
L L O	anoxia?	400						
	storm?							
	SHELF	norm	405	g		P Zo, Ch, P Zo, P, Sk, Ch Tel, Zo, Ch, P		lg no. of Zo in bth md + sd
		shoal?						
		norm		g		Te, Zo, Ch, Pa		
C U M	SHORE FACE	amalg. storm sands	410					chert pebble horizon at top of sand
			415					
			420		c.o.z.			





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
11-6-63-5W4		MOBIL HAROLD LAKE		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		331.0-354.0 m		543.7 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
V A S	BAY	norm			As, Te, Ch, P						
		norm		✓???	Sk, P						
S P A	SHORE FACE	storm			Sk, Cy, Te		old coal over leached sd large scale troughs gr. up to ripples capped by carb. detritus syn! black shale at top				
		norm			Te, Chl						
	coal upper?			P, rare Ch							
	lower			Chl, Te, Cy, Te (Zo?)							
	SFACE-BAY										
BAY	norm				Chl, Te, P						
	storm										
		norm									
		storm									
		norm									

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
11-18-63-5V4		MOBIL HAROLD LAKE OV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		336.0-358.0 m		549.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICING/AUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
V A S	BAY	storm				P, Sk		syn! glauconite- scattered as well as in burrows	
		norm				Chl, Te, rare Sk, Te (Zo?)			
	storm	340				Te, Ch, Sk, As, Pa, Ar		biot. variable, non-biot. silts are laminated (higher energy deposits) glauconitic at bottom	
	norm					Chl, Te, Sk		coal at top underlain by rooted, leached sand multiple coaly zones	
S P A	SHORE FACE	beach upper						syn!	
		lower	350					highly biot. muds wood (or coal?) at bottom	
	BAY	norm				Chl, Tb, Fc, Te! Te (Zo?)		unbiot. silts sid. nodules	
						Cy, P		NOTE: THIS HOLE CORRELATES VERY WELL WITH 11-6-63-5V4	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-29-63-5W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		308.25-377.4 m	551.6 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL BAY	norm							
	storm	310			Ch, P lg Sk			
	rew st.				Gy!, Sk! Gy!		Gy, Sk ichnocoenose	
MCL SHORE FACE	storm? f'shore	315						
				C.C.Z.				
BAY	storm or rew st.	320			Cy, P Gy			
	rew st.				Cy, P Gy, P, crypto			
YAS		325	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		330						
		335						
		340						
		345						
		350						

LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
1-29-63-5W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	308.25-322.75 m 355-377.4 m	551.6 m	2 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
V A S	channel aband. and fill				F P		
	360						
	365	NO RECOVERY					
G P	ch fill ch lag						
	f'shore upper						
	370						
	lower				v lg escapes		distinct. lt gry slts il w dk gry mds
	375				P		
	BAY				Te, O, As		distinct. lt gry biot mdy sds
	shoal						
R E X	SHORE FACE?				P, Sk, Cy		
	380						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-30-63-5W4		MOBIL HAROLD LAKE 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		351.0-360.0 m	558.4 m	1 OF 1
MCL	FLUV? CHAN	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
		355				rare Ch		syn.
	norm					Te (Zo?)l, Chl, P, rare Sk and Cy		
	storm	360				Ch, Dl, Gu		muddy sands
						Gy, Sk in fb. muds		wavy to trough x-strat

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-13-63-6W4		MOBIL MANITOKAN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		314.8-364.0 m	558.8 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
C O L	S'FACE lower	315				Gyl in fb. silts, Sk (small)		fb. silts and rippled sands
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					Ch, P, Cy		
M C L	FLUV. CHAN.	320				Ch, P at top		very black, very carbonaceous shale
	TIDAL FLAT mud flat	325				rare Ch, P		
		330						
		335				CORE BREAK		
	TIDAL FLAT							as above
	FLUV. CHAN.	340				scattered carb. detritus		
		345						coarsening up sequence
		350				tips of silt, shale, coal (highly disrupted bedding)		
S P A	S'FACE					P		biot. fb. muds and silts
	BAY	355				P, Cy, Gy near top		x-bedded unbiot. silts

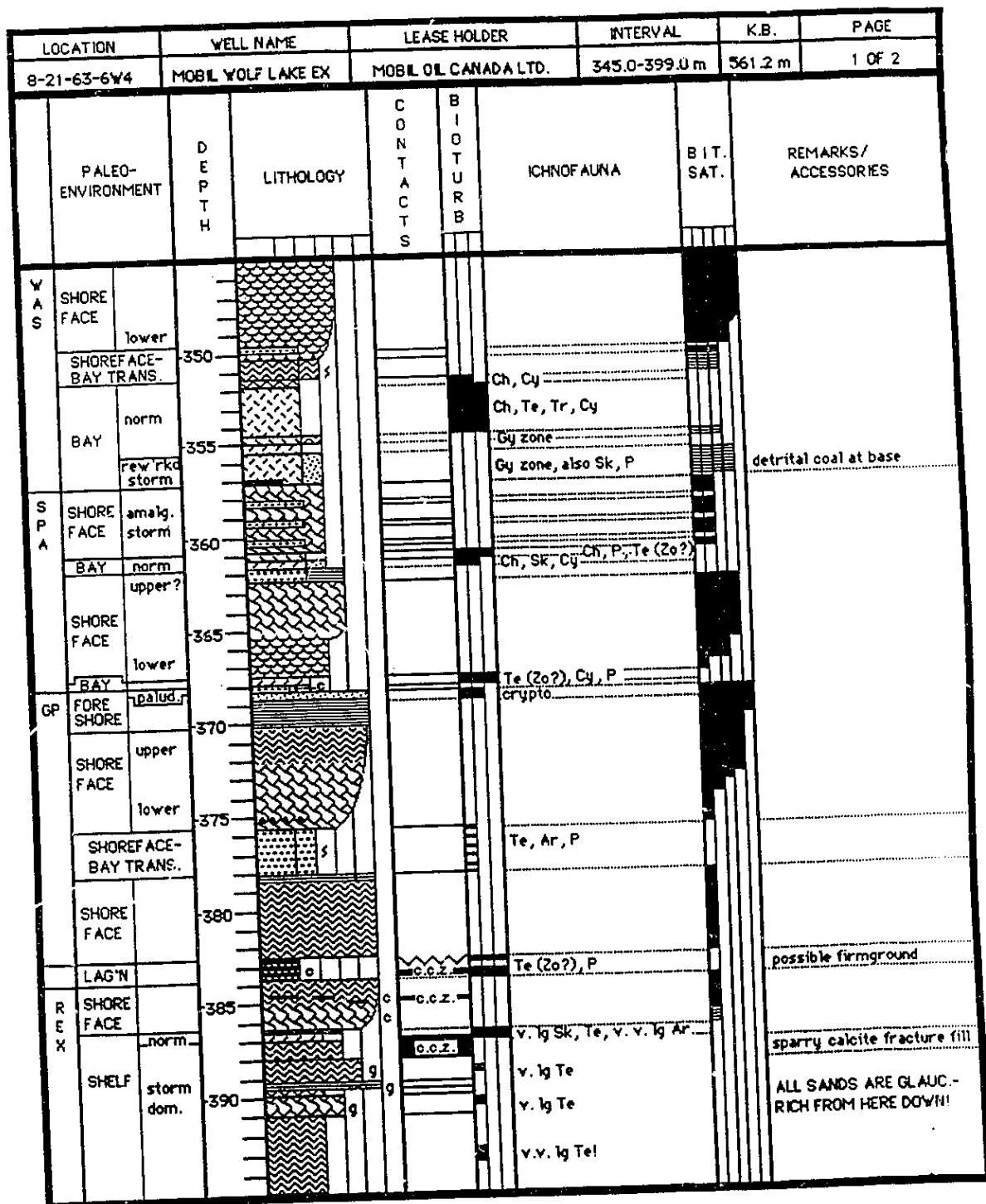




LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
10-19-63-6W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE EX	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	332.5-386.5 m	559.0 m	1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
W A S P A	BAY				Cy, P		some indur. bands
	SHORE FACE	upper			P, Ch, Sk		
		lower					
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.				Te (Zo?), Ch Te (Zo?), Ch, P, Cy Be?		
	BAY	norm slump? norm amalg. storm norm			Ch, P Sk, Cy in lb s/its Ch P, Ch, Tb, Cy Sk, Ch, Te		
		MISSING CORE					wafer bedding
GP	SHORE FACE	CORE BREAK					
R E X							
	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	nb multi-storey point bars		c.o.z.			
		ob multi-storey point bars		c.o.z.			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-19-63-6W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		332.5-386.5 m	559.0 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFOF AUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
R E X	FLUV CHAN	point bar						
L L O	SHORE FACE	storm	385	g	c.c.z.			

LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
11-20-63-6Y4		MOBIL GARTH	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	335.0-380.0 m	559.9 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	340						
	345						syn.
K A S BAY	350				Te (Zo?), Ch, Gy, Cy, P Gy, Ch Ch		
	355				Ch, P, Sk Gy		admixd muds and sands
	360				Ch, P, Cy		
S P A FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	365	ob					
	370	pb					
	375	ob					
	380	pb					wood chips





LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
16-22-63-6W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	325.0-374.55 m	563.3 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
MCL ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	mud flats				P, Sk (both rare and found only in mixed sds and mds)		
	330						
	mixed flats				P, Sk, H?, 1 Mo		
	335						
channel margin	340				P, Sk, H?, Cy Note: Sk and Cy become larger twds bottom of interval		sharp contacts and var. lithology indicate episodic sedimentation
point bar?							md sds are sid'tzd (also c debris at bot.)
	345	NO RECOVERY					
CHANNEL ABANDONMENT AND FILL	350	Fe					poorly sid'tzd nodules
	355						
ESTUARINE CHANNEL	ch fill						
	360						
	ch lag				P, Sk, H		
	ch mgn				P, Sk		
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar						
	365						
	ch mgn				P, Sk		
	ch fill						
	370						
ch lag							
ch aban							
ch fill					P, Sk		mostly all slumped material
ch mgn							
ch fill							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
9-23-63-6W4		MOBIL GARTH 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		359.0-375.8 m	573.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C C T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	point bar	360 365						
FLUV CHAN	over bank	370 375						carb. debris near bottom  siderite bands some thin sand stringers

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-24-63-6W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		332.0-337.0 m	569.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L  ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	mixed flats				P, Sk, Cy, Be?			
	335				P, Sk, Cy (lg'r than above)			
	ch mgn				P, lg Sk, Ch			
	340							NO RECOVERY
	?				P in mds P, Sk in mixed sds & mds			
	channel aband. phase? or mud flats							
	345							
	350							
	355							
	ch fill							
ch lag	360							
S P A  SHORE FACE	S'FACE-BAY				P, Cy Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?) P, Te (Zo?) lg Sk, Ch			dysaerobic?
	BAY norm							v. mottled appearance
	365							
	storm							
	370							
BAY rew st. storm	375				Sk, P, Ch, Gyl			






LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-29-63-6W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		336.0-399.0 m	571.2 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower		G.C.Z.		Sk, Pa lg Sk, Pa, Zo?, Co (Sk and Pa thickly lined)		
	? FLUV CHAN.	? channel fill	390 CORE BREAK 	?				distinctive "salt and pepper" sds
	BAY	storm deps.	395 			Be, P, Sk (all rare)		distinctive fb glauc sds and sfts

LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
6-31-63-6W4		MOBIL GARTH	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	351.5-400.0 m	581.8 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
C C M							
	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	355-360			He		scattered carb. debris on trough laminae
	BAY	365			Cy, Te, Ch, Sk some halo burrows (Ch)		syn. lam. muds and silts
	EST. CHAN. COMPLEX	370-375			escapes P, Pa, Sk Cy, P, Ch, Te P, Pa, Sk		biot. silts (some admixed sands)
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	380-395			Sk, Te, P		scattered carb. debris wood chips
	395				Sk, Te, P		dirty sands (poor oil sat.) (altered feldspars) double mud drapes

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
6-32-63-6W4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		348.5-402.0 m		578.5 m		1 OF 2					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHTHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY?	norm	350	g						Ch, P, Cy, Te (Zo?)			some glauc. sd. in burrows		
	SHORE FACE	storm								rare Ar, P, small Sk			rip up clasts at top		
SPA	BAY	norm	355							Te, P, Ch					
	SHORE FACE	storm	360												
			365							Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?)			syn.		
	BAY	norm								Ch, Te (Zo?)					
GP		storm								Ch + ? (churned)			mottled biot. sds and silts		
		normal	370							P, Ch					
	SHORE FACE									P, Ch			MCS		
	BAY		375							P, Ch			syn in fb silts		
REX	SHORE FACE		380							Te, P			mottled biot. sds and silts as above grading into low angle sands		
			385										scattered carb. debris		
	EST CHAF COMPLEX		390										altered? dirty sands		
													altered? dirty sands		
													scattered carb. debris		

LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
6-32-63-6W4		MOBIL GARTH	MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.	348.5-402.0 m	578.5 m	2 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
R E X  EST CHAN COMPLEX	400				Th, O, large escapes  Te (Zo?), Th, Ch, P		continuation of above to biot. slts and rippled sds rounded mud clasts at top dirty sands, mostly low angle x-beds but with double mud drapes burrowed top with sand (M)
LLO - BAY							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
7-34-63-6W4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		353.0-393.75 m		582.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
WAS BAY	norm				P, small Ar, Cy, Sk, Ch		muddy glauconitic sd		
	storm dom.				Cy, Sk, As in sds & muds Te, P, Gy (all rare)				
SPA COAST'L PL					roots at top		biot. muddy glauc. sand leached (soil?) zone at top		
	SHORE FACE						carb. laminae in ripple troughs		
BAY	storm								
	norm				Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?)				
	storm				mottling				
	norm				Gy				
	storm				Ch! (sand filled)				
	norm				Ch, Pa, Sk				
GP SHORE FACE									
	norm				Cy, Te, P, Ch!				
REX SHORE FACE	upper				Sk (long, lined)		coal at top grading into high angle x-strat, into biot. sand		
	FLUY CHANNEL				Sk (long, lined), O, Te, P		carb. det. c.c.z.		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
7-7-63-7W4		C.S. WESTCOAST SUGDEN		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD		330.0-372.25 m		560.3 m		1 OF 1					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY	storm	335	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	Cy (rare)	[Remarks]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	
		norm								Ch, P					Te (Zo?)
SPA	FORESHORE	norm	340	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	Ch, P	[Remarks]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	
		norm								Ch, P					coal at top NOTE: THIS COAL MAY CORRELATE WITH THAT OF 7-34-63-6
	SHORE FACE	upper	345	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	lower	350	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	syn!	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		
	BAY	beach?	355	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	low angle sands with tb mud lenses (sid. at top)	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		
GP	BAY	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	360	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	P, Sk	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		
		BAY	365	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]	Ch, Cy, Pl, Te, Sk Te (Zo?)	[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		
			370	[Lithology pattern]	[Contact]	[Bioturb]	[Ichnofauna]	[Bit. Sat.]	[Remarks]		[Accessories]	[Accessories]	[Accessories]		





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-12-63-7W4		C.S. FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD.		336.0-355.0 m	560.5 m	1 OF 1
FACIES	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY norm				Ch, P, Te (Zo), Cy		muddy glauc. sd.	
	SHORE FACE upper	340			rare P, Te		unbiot. shale? "coaly" zone at top	
SPA	SHORE FACE beach to upper	345					carb. det. in trough lams.	
	lower	350					synl	
	BAY norm				Te (Zo), Ch, P, Cy, Sk		some scattered glauc.	
	BAY storm	355		?			rubby at bottom	
GP	BAY norm				Chl, P, Cy, rare small Sk			
	anoxic? storm	360			rare Ch, P		black shale (anoxia?)	
	norm storm				P, Sk P, Ch, Te (Zo)			
	storm				P, Ch, Sk/Do, Te, Ch in slit			
		CORE BREAK						
GP	SHORE FACE lower storm dom.	365					std. lens	
	norm storm	370			Te, P			
	norm storm	375			Te (Zo), P			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-13-63-7W4		C.S. WESTCOAST FORSYTH		WESTCOAST PETROLEUMS		336.25-396.0 m	564.2 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS BAY	norm				Ch, Te (Zo?), Cy		muddy glauc. sd.	
	storm dom	340		?	Te, Ch, P		ssd	
	norm				Te, Ch, P			
		345			P, Ch, Sk		muddy glauc. sd.	
SPA SHORE FACE	beach to upper	350					carb. detritus in trough lam.	
	STFACE-BAY	355			Chl, Te, Sk, P, Te (Zo?)			
BAY	norm/storm				Ch, P, Sk			
	?				Chl, Te (Zo?)			
	norm/storm	360			Ch, Te, P, Cy, Ar			
GP		365			Ch, P, Cy			
					large Ch, Cy			
					P, Ch			
EST? CHAN		370			Pa			
		375						
REX SHORE FACE	marsh?	380						

SEDS ARE MOSTLY SEMI-CONSOLIDATED FROM HERE DOWN (ALSO VERY POOR IN OIL SATURATION)



LOCATION		WELL NAME	LEASE HOLDER	INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
10-19-63-7Y4		C.S. SUGDEN	WESTCOAST PETROLEUM LTD.	340.0-395.0 m	571.8 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
BAY	storm				P, Ch		
	norm				Chl, P, Cy, Te (Zo?)		muddy glauc. sd.
SHOREFACE	storm						
	norm	345			P, Ch, Te (Zo?), Cy		
SHOREFACE	beach to upper	350					
SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		355			Chl Chl Ch, Sk, Tb, P, Zo		syn! syn!
BAY					P, Ch, Gu, Sk Ch		
BAY		360			Ch, P		CORE BREAK
BAY		365			no lams, no visible traces (churned?)		some std. bands
BAY					P, Ch, Sk		admbcd muds and sands
SHOREFACE	lower	370					rippled to low angle sands interbedded with bioturbated muds
		375			bioturbated mud interbeds contain P, Ch, and some minor Sk and Cy		
BAY		380					
BAY		385			P, Ch		
SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	lower				P, Ch, Sk		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
10-25-63-7W4		MOBIL WOLF LAKE EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		305-395 m	569.6 m	2 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHO NOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	BAY	norm				Gy at top Gy @ top of slts P, Ch, Cy P, Ch, Sk, Cy, crypto			
GP	SHORE FACE?	upper							
		360	CORE BREAK					wafer bedding	
	SHELF	lower				Cy, Pa near base Zo, Te			
R E X	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	multi-storey channel cut and fill							
			370		c.c.z.				
			375	CORE BREAK	c.c.z.				
	FLUV CHAN								
		380							
		385	CORE BREAK	??		long vert Te, O			
L E O	SHORE FACE	storm				Be, Sk, Zo, Te, O, Th?			
		norm						pretty much glauconitic throughout	
	SHELF	storm				one very large Te (Zo?)			
		395							





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
10-26-63-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		306-315 m 349-374.6 m		569.1 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHORE FACE	beach to upper						as above	
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		DRILLING MUD						
		360				P Te (Zo?), Ch!, P, Cy, Gy			
	BAY					Sk, Cy, Ch, P Cy, Ch			
GP	SHOAL					Ch, P, small Sk			admixed shale and sand grading into light grey bioturbated mud grading into dark grey unbioturbated mud (disaerobic-aerobic cycle?)
	BAY	norm				Ch first to appear			
		dysaer							
		370							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-01-63-8W4		CDN OXY WOLF LK		CANADIAN OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM LTD.		347.0-391.0 m	569.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS / ACCESSORIES	
SPA	SHORE FACE							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	350			Ch			
BAY	norm?	355			Ch, P, Tb large Te, large P, Ch Gy zone at top, P			
		360			Ch, P, crypto Sk, P, Cy		vertical microfractures!	
GP	over-bank	365						
	chan fill							
	point bar	370			Ch, P, Ig			
	ch lag	375						
	ch fill				Cy, Ch, P Cy, Ch, P			
	?	380						
		385	NO RECOVERY					
EST CHAN		390		o.c.z.	two large Te		wood frags.	



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
4-4-63-8W4		AMOCO ET AL PL-5 SUGDEN		AMOCO ET AL.		310.0-342.5 m	567.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF C O L  FLUV CHAN	chan lag							
	point bar	315						
		320	CORE BREAK					
		325						
	ch lag	330					sid. nods. shell beds	sid. nods.
	ob							
		335	NO RECOVERY					
M C L BAY	storm norm? n/st				Ch		LAS	
	storm norm?	340			Ch, Ar, Tb, Te (20?) Ac, Te, Ch Te, Ch, Tb Ch, Tb		LAS	mottled admixed sds & sits



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-4-63-8W4		AMOCO ET AL A1WD1 GUGGEN EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		308.0-338.0 m	566.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF	310	dk gry sh w bivalve hash (samples of <i>Ostrea</i> )						dk gry sh w bivalve hash (samples of <i>Ostrea</i> )
C O L	T-FLAT				Ch			sid. band at top
	315	over bank						
	320	FLUV CHAN						
	325	point bar to chan fill						
	330	shell lg						abund. snails (well pres.)
M C L	BAY	storm			Ch			sid. bands
	335	norm			Ch, P, Te			
		storm						
		norm			Sk, Ch, P, Te			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-11-63-8V4		WESTCOAST SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		340.0-385.0 m	567.2 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
W A S	BAY	norm?			Ar, Te, Cy, P P, Cy, I, P, Ch, Cy lg Cy, Gy, P			
S P A	SHORE FACE	lower						
	BAY	norm			Chl, Tb, Cy, Te (Zo?) Cy, Ch Chl, Tb, Cy, Te (Zo?) Cy, Ch Chl, Tb, Cy, Te (Zo?)			
	SHORE FACE	lower?						
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	tidal flat to chan. mgn.			P, Cy crypto?			
G P	point bar							
	point bar				P, Cy, Sk P, Cy, Sk			
	chan fill							
	point bar?				mud caps have Cy, P, Sk P, Cy, Sk			multiple mud drapes stored exp. 15
	chan fill							



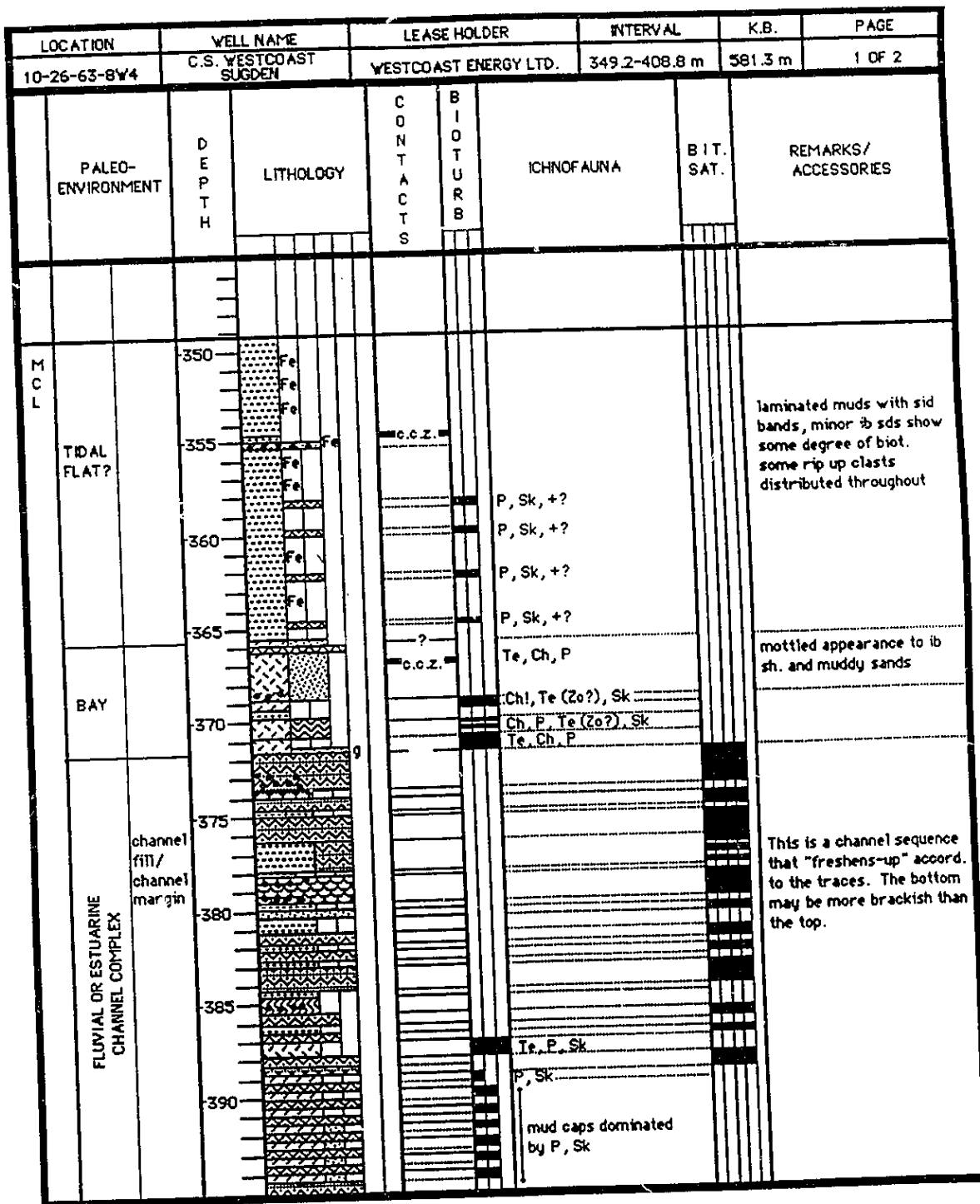
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-13-63-8W4		CONOXY SUGDEN		CANADIAN OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM		352.0-387.0 m	572.2 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S P A	BAY	norm				Ch, Tb, Gy, Te (Zo?)		
	SFACE	lower?				Te (Zo?), Ch		
		tidal flats?	355	g		Chl, Te, Cyl, P		
						P, Ch, Sk		
			360			P, Cy, Ch		
		amalg. point bars				lg Sk, P		
						Sk, P, Ch		
						P, Ch, Sk		
						P, Ch, Sk		
			365			P, Ch, Sk		
					sm Sk, Ch			
					P, Sk, Ch			
					P, Sk, crypto			
		370			P, Sk, Ch?			
					P, lg Sk			
					P, Sk			
		375			P			
	channel fill							
						P, Sk		
	point bar	380						
						P, Cy, Sk		
	point bar	385						
	chan fill							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-13-63-8W4		CDNOXY B13 WOLK LK		CANADIAN OCCIDENTAL PETROLEUM LTD.		358.0-375.0 m	578.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPT H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
W A S	SHORE FACE	storm sands	360				Sk, Cy, Te, Ch, Tb, Te all rare but diverse ass.	
	BAY	norm?					crypto? Ch, small Sk P, Ch, Te, Tb small roots at top	
S P A	SHORE FACE	upper?	365					
		lower?	370					
	S'FACE-BAY		375				Ch, Tb, Sk, Cy!	



LOCATION			WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-13-63-8W4			C.S. WESTCOAST SUGDEN		WESTCOAST ENERGY LTD.		337.0-390.0 m	576.7 m	2 OF 2
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT			DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	EST CHAN COMP.	chan. fill p-bar							
			390						





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-26-63-8Y4		C.S. WESTCOAST SUGDEN		WESTCOAST ENERGY LTD.		349.2-408.8 m	581.3 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	FLUVIAL OR ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill				P, Sk		This is a channel sequence that "freshens-up" accord. to the traces. The bottom may be more brackish than the top.
						P, Sk		
		400						
		405						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-13-63-9W4		AMOCO SUGDEN		AMOCO CANADA LTD.		340.0-394.0 m	598.1 m	: OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
COL	BAY	norm				Chl, Te (Zo?), Cy		
						Ch, P in muds		
						mottling		
						intense mottling		
COL	BACK BARRIER	lacust.		?		P, Cy?		waxy whit muds w. sid bands
		lagoon				roots at top		
WAS	SHOREFACE	upper						
		lower				Cy, Gy, Ch		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS. BAY					Ch, P, Gy, Te (Zo?)		
		360	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		365						
		370						
		375						
WAS	BAY					mottling		
	SHOREFACE							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS. BAY					Ch, P, Te (Zo?), Cy		
	BAY	norm				Chl, Te (Zo?), Cy, Tb		
SPA	storm					Ch, Cl, Pa		







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-15-64-3V4		NORCEN YBR ETHEL LK		NORCEN ENERGY RES. YELLOWKNIFE BEAR RES.		385.0-412.0 m	552.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS / ACCESSORIES
L L O	SHORE FACE	lower				Ch in mud drapes		
	BAY	anoxia norm?				390		
C U M		upper? mark	395			G, P		
	SHORE FACE	lower?	400			P, Te, crypto		mud clasts and wood debris may represent storm lags
			405	c.c.z.				
			410			P, Te, crypto		
			415					NOTE: THIS SHOREFACE SEQUENCE MAY BE OF A SLIGHTLY LOWER ENERGY THAN OTHER SHOREFACE SANDS EXAMINED BEFORE
			420					
			425					
			430					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-16-64-3W4		NORCEN YBR COLD LK		NORCEN ENERGY RES. YELLOWKNIFE BEAR RES.		393.0-438.0 m	564.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS / ACCESSORIES	
L L O BAY	storm	g						distinct. dk gry sh and lt gry ib slts
	norm				P, Ch, Cy (all rare)			
T C C ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	norm				lg Sk, Ch!, Te!, As, P			
	slumped ?							
	ch lag	400			Te, crypto			
	ch fill			c.c.z.				
		405			c.c.z.			
		410			c.c.z.			
	multi-storey ch fill							
		415						
		420				Te, P, Sk Sk, P		mud clasts are rip-ups, not bank collapse
	ch lag							
ch lag	425							
ch fill				c.c.z.				
ch lag	430							
SHORE FACE lower					O!, Te, Be, lg P, lg Sk			
	435							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-26-64-3Y4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		335.0-450.0 m	605.3 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
JF COL BAY	upper							sid cement at top
	storm					Gy horizons		
	norm					P, Ch, mottling		
	norm					Ch, sm P		
	dysaer					Gy horizons!!!		
	340							
	345							
	350							
		CORE BREAK						
MCL	COAST L PL							green-wh shales dark grey shales
	SFACE bar??					rare Gy, sm P		
	BAY norm?					P, rare Cy		
	355							
	360							
	365							
		CORE BREAK						
WAS	SHORE FACE lower							
	SFACE-BAY					Ch, P, Cy, P		
	BAY norm storm?					Te, Cy, P, Ch		some sid as well as calcite
	SHORE FACE upper?					P, Te! at bottom		
	370							
	375							
	380							
SPA	COAST PLAIN					sm P, Sk		
	SHORE FACE upper							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-26-64-3Y4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE DY		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		335.0-450.0 m	605.3 m	2 OF 3
S P A	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	SHORE FACE	lower				sm P		
	SHORE FACE-BAY					Te!!!, P		
	BAY					P, Ch, Cy?, mottling		
	SHORE FACE							
		390						
			CORE BREAK					
		395						
	BAY					P, Sk, Ch??, mottling		
BM	COASTAL PL.							thin coal at top
G P	SHORE FACE	upper				P, Sk, Te		
		400						
						P		
		405						
		lower						
R E X	SHORE FACE	storm dom						
		410						
		415						
						Ma		
		420			c.c.z.			
		425						
L L O	SHORE FACE	lower				Te, fug Ma		
		430						
			CORE BREAK					
	SHORE FACE	lower						
	SHORE FACE	lower						no apparent bedding











LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-15-64-4V4		HALB TUCKER LAKE		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		313.0-391.5 m	565.8 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	365	UNCORED INTERVAL						
	370							
GP	ESTUARINE CHANNEL DEPOSITS	point bar						
		channel fill			mostly crypto but some escapes, Sk, P		distinc. mol'd cur. rip'd sds fb w blot mud, carb debris assoo w blot mud	
		ch lag						
		tid. flat			P, rare Ar			
		ch fill/ ch lag						
		ch fill/ ch lag/ ch fill						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
10-19-64-4V4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		330.0-384.0 m		597.3 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
JF COL	TRANS. SD.								
	BAY	335			crypto, Ch, P in muds lond. Sk, sh. Cy, Pa in sds Gy!! Ch			very thin sd w. pebble horizon	
	SHORE FACE	340			Ch dominant, P Gy				
	BAY	345			multiple Sk in slts Gy!!! assoc w. v. thin sds Ch!, P, Cy				
MCL	SHORE FACE	350		c.e.z.	Cy, Gy, Sk, P Gy, Sk, Ch				
		355			Ch			g sd only at base	
	BAY	360			P, Ch, Sk P, Te, Ch Cy, Sk, P			g sd only at base	
		365			rare P, Ch, Cy, Gy P, Ch, Pa Ch, Te, Cy, Sk			low degree of biot. may be due to high depo. energy & high degree of turbidity	
		370			Pl, Ch, Cy!, Ar?, Zo?, Tb			extreme amt. of carb. debris btwn laminae assoc w orange authigenic clays	
		375						is this a coal????	
WAS	SHORE FACE	370		c.e.z.	Cy, Gy, P, Pa				
	BAY	375			Ch!!!, P P Cy, P P, Sk, Te P, Cy, Ch				



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-20-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		295.0-303.0 m	558.0 m	1 OF 1
C O L	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	FLUV. / (EST?) CHAN.	point bar ch. fill ch. lag						
	SFACE BAY	lower norm				crypto, Ch!		
M C L	SFACE BAY	storm? norm				Gx(lil), Sk crypto, Ch		
	LAG'N?	anoxia? norm		TS		Ch, Sk, Ts roots at top		
	FLUV. CHAN.	ob ch fill/ ch lag						carb debris and orange authigenic clays
WAS	BAY	storm						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-21-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		355.0-382.0 m	574.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA BAY	norm				Te (2o?), P			
	storm				crypto!!, P, Sk			
	norm				P			
	storm?	360			crypto, P			abundant coaly debris
	?		CORE BREAK					
GP FLUVIAL CHANNEL SYSTEM	storm	365			Sk			
	norm				Te!!!, P			
		370			roots			
	stacked chans.	375						
		380						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-21-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		309.5-373.0 m	580.1 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	FLUV.? CHAN.	ch fill/ ch lag			P, Sk, crypto			
	EST. CHAN.	over bank ch fill/ ch lag			P			
	BAY	norm			Ch, P, Tb, 1-15 cm Sk		disrupted sand	
		?						
	LAGOON	ob			distinct Gy, Tr zone crypto zone Ch, P, Sk		very coaly mud w roots	
	EST CHAN	point bar			Gy but just at top			
BAY	storm?			-Gy -P, Gy -Cj, Ch	Sk, Ch, Tb			
W A S								
S P A								

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
10-21-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		309.5-373.0 m		580.1 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SFACE	lower							
		storm							
	BAY	norm?				Zo, Ch, Sk			
		360				Zo, Ch, Sk			
						Zo, Tel, P			mottled fb sd and slt facies
						Gy!! , crypto			
G P ?		storm?				Gy!! , crypto, lg Sk, P			mottled fb sd and slt facies
		norm				P + ?????			
		365							
		370							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
13-21-64-4Y4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		304.0-420.0 m		578.5 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO-TURB	ICHOFOALNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
JF	305						cemented at top		
COL	FLUV. CHAN.	channel fill							
		storm norm			ChII, P, Cy				
	BAY	storm			GyII, SkII, Cy		the ubiquitous Gy infestation		
		norm?			ChII, P, Ch, crypto, Ch small P and Sk roots!!!		sid nodules near base abundant carb. detritus and assoc. orange auth. clays		
MCL	LAGOON	ob							
COL	FLUV. CHAN.	ch. fill/ ch. lag			Cy, P, Sk (all rare)		sid bands common		
		altern. storm/ norm cond.			Gy, Cy, rare Ch (1 good O)				
	BAY	storm			P, Ch				
		norm			? Ch, P Te, Ch				
		amalg. storm beds			P, Ch, Cy Sk, Cy		abundant sid bands and nods.		
		norm?			rare Gy, Cy, P				
	WAS	SHORE FACE?	storm			rare Cy, Ch Ch, Ch, P, Zo?		slumped muddy sands	
			norm			P, Ch, Te Te, P, Ch, Te (Zo?), Sk		scattered coaly debris in unbioturbated shale at top may indicate emergence & the presence of a TS	
		BAY	storm						
			norm			Sk, P			
	storm				crypto, P, Ch				



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-21-64-4V4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		304.0-420.0 m	578.5 m	3 OF 3
R E X	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
L L O	SHORE FACE	upper	[Lithology symbols]	c c c e	-	As, P, Zo, Cy		some minor sid bands in this interval
		lower				0 Ch		
		SHORE FACE	upper	[Lithology symbols]			Te, O	
		lower	Zo, As, Te, Ch, P, O? crypto					
C U M		SHELF	dysaer			P, Te, Zo, Ch		
			[Lithology symbols]					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-24-64-4V4		ESSO 86 COLD LAKE		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		319.0-335.0 m	581.3 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	chan. mgn.	320					highly oversteepened ib silts and sds. trace fossil assemblage totally dominated by suspension feeding ichnofauna skumped and distorted muds
			325			Sk, Cy		
MCL	SHELF	ch. lag norm anoxia? norm	330			Sk, Cy		
			335	CORE BREAK		Te, Tb, P P Te (Zo?), Ch, Sk		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
7-29-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		380.0-406.5 m		614.9 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
SPA BAY	storm				Ch, P in lb muds						
	norm				Te (Zo?), P						
	amalg. storm sands	385			Ch, Gy?, Sk						
	amalg. st. sds + silts	390			Te, Ch						
	norm				Te, Sk, P, Te						
st. norm					Te (Zo?), P						
FORESHORE	395				crypto, Te, P, Co?						thin coal at top
GP SHORE FACE	upper?										
SFACE #2?	400										
SFACE #3?	405										abund. md & coal chips

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	P. DE
10-29-64-4w4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		383.0-410.0 m	580.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	385	g			Ch, P, Sk, Cy		interestingly, no Ch
	BAY norm		g			Te (Zo?), P Te, P, Ch?		
	SHORE FACE	390	amalg. storm sands			Ch, Sk		
			amalg. storm sds & silts		?	rare Sk in ib silts		
	BAY	395	norm storm	g		Rh, Te, P, Te (Zo?) crypto!, Co, Te heavily rooted		
G P	SHORE FACE	400	c					
		405	e	c.c.z.				
	BAY SHORE FACE	410	c					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE	
7-32-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		343.0-431.0 m		624.2 m	1 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
COL	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	aband chan.	345					poorly bedded (loaded and slumped) muds and silts with abund. sid nods and bands		
			350							
			355							
			360							
			365							
			CORE BREAK							
BAY	norm		370					Tb, Te, P, rare Ch Ch, P, Te, Cy		
SPA	SHORE FACE	storm	375							
			380							
									carb debris on foresets	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-32-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		343.0-431.0 m	624.2 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHORE FACE upper	390	c	c.c.z.				
		395						
G P	SHORE FACE lower	400						
		405						
R E X	SHORE FACE upper	410						
		415						
	lower	420		c.c.z.		no traces except O!		
		425		c.c.z.				
L L O	SHORE FACE upper?	430			O, P			
					O!, Sk			



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-32-64-4W4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		388.0-415.0 m	627.2 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	tidal flat	390			Ch, Te, P P, crypto			
	point bar	395	c		P, Cy, crypto possible rooting			
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch lag?				Cy, P			
	pb				Sk, P			
	lag?	400						
	point bar							
	lag?	405						
	CORE BREAK							
		410						
		415						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
6-7-64-5V4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		324.0-333.0 m		564.34 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES		
JF MAR.									
FLUVIAL? CHANNELS	325	paleo-sol mon. chan.			roots!				
	330	chan. ob chan. ob							

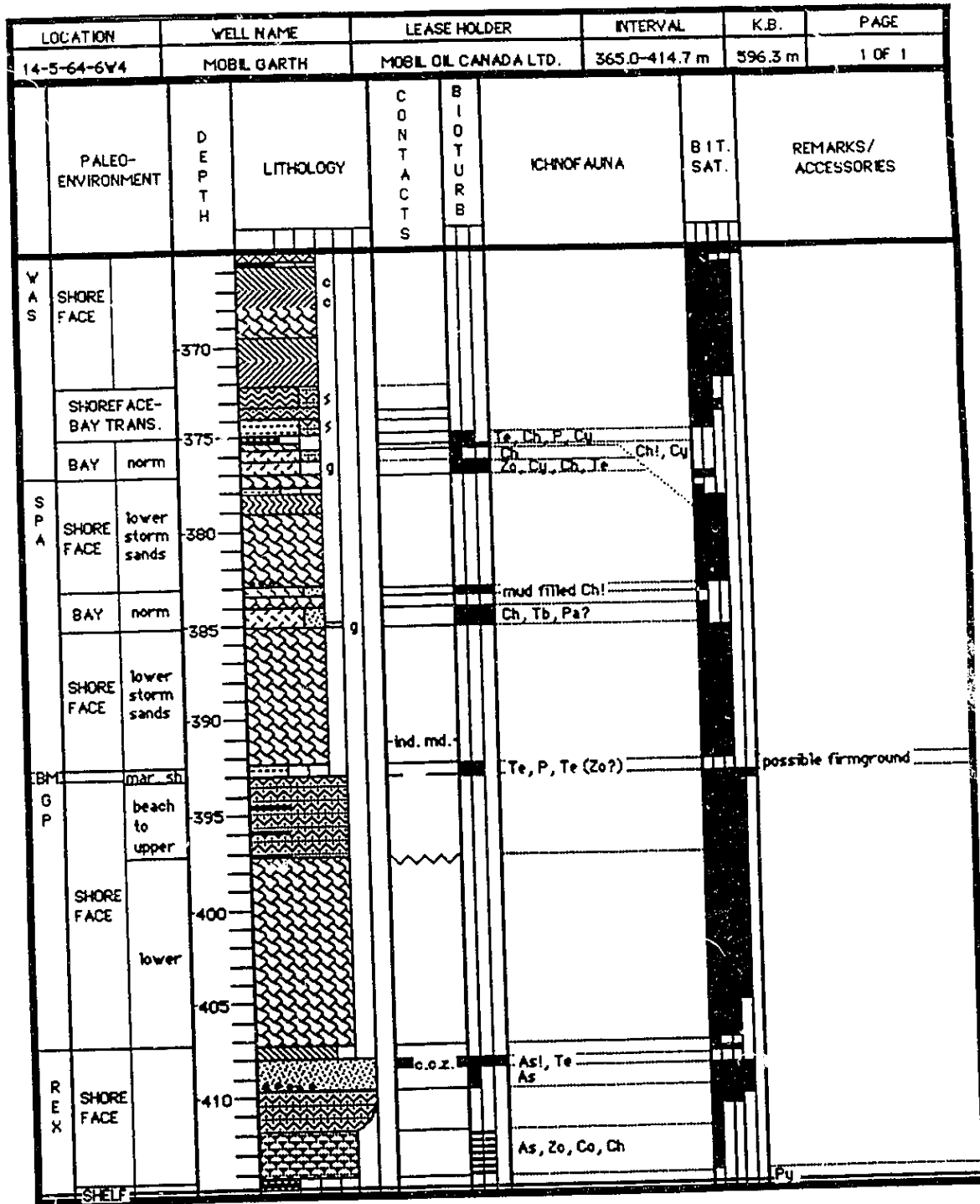
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
8-9-64-5W4		MOBIL HAROLD LK QV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		350.0-381.7 m		564.09 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
Y A S	BAY	storm deps?	g Fe			P, Ch rare Ch at base					
			355								
			DRILLING MUD disrupted sand								
	SHORE FACE?		360			rare Ch, Te Ch, Te, Cy					
	SFACE-BAY	norm				Ch, Tb, Cy, Sk, Ar?, Te! (good Te at base)					
BAY	shoal		365	g	Gy, Ch, Sk small P, Sk						
	norm?				Ch!, Tb, Cy					lots of carb. laminae	
	storm			c	rare Ch						
			370								
S P A	SFACE										
	BAY	norm?			Ch!					distinctive mud drapes	
	storm		375		Te (Zo?), P, Ch, Pa, Cy					biot. slts b w. ripp'd slts	
	storm +norm										
SHORE FACE?	beach to upper		380		O, Ro, Te						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
3-24-64-5W4		HUSKY COLD LAKE		PETRO-CANADA		312.42-327.66 m		569.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
C O L	SHORE FACE	??	315						NOTE: VERY RUBBLY CORE; DIFFICULT TO MAKE ANY ENVIRO. INTERPRETATIONS
	SHELF	norm	320		Ch?				
M C L	FLUVIAL CHANNEL	pal'sol							
		point bar?							
		mgn	325						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-32-64-5Y4		MOBIL MARGUERITE LAKE 0Y		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		377.0-431.0 m	639.26 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
C O L	BAY					P, Ch one rare Co?		good wave & current rip'ls some climbing rip'ls distinctive mottled zone (Gy)
	norm	380				Gy', Ch, Cy		
M C L	ob marsh					Cy roots!		possible paleosol
	channel fill ↓ ?	385						
W A S		390						
		395						
		400	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		405						
		410						
	SHORE FACE fore-shore	415						herringbone? swash zone x-lamination?
	BAY	420				rare Ch, Cy		some oversteepened lams. (ssd?)
S P A	EST? CHAN ch fill					P, Te, Ch (overbank)		







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-6-64-6Y4		MOBIL OBS WOLF LK EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		317.0-409.0 m	589.4 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF	320	BR						
COL	storm	Fe			Te (Zo?) Ch, Ib, Gy?, Ar			slump'd slts w lg. sid nods
	norm				Ch, Sk, Ar, P			
BAY	storm	CB						
	alt. storm/norm	CORE BREAK						
MCL	over bank	Fe						
	point bar							
BAY	storm							
	norm				Sk, Chl, P, crypto			mottled appearance
WAS	storm				Ch, Cy, P, crypto in slts			mottled appearance
	norm				Sk, Chl, P, crypto			
BAY	storm							
	norm				Ch, Cy, Ig, Fe, P, Ch, Cy			
SHORE FACE	lower				Te, P, Ch, Ch, Cy, sm Te?			
	norm?				Ch, P, crypto, Ar			
SPA	lower							
	norm?				Gy, Cy, P, Ch crypto, Gy			
		MISSING CORE						
					Cy			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
11-6-64-6W4		MOBIL OBS WOLF LK EX		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		317.0-409.0 m		589.4 m	2 OF 2
S P A	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					Ar, Ch, Cy			
	BAY norm	370				Cy, crypto, Te, P Ch!, crypto!, P			
	SHOREFACE					one Sk			
	S'FACE-BAY BAY	375				Cyl, in v. thin fb silts Cyl, Ch!, Tb! Cy, P			Gy infested fb silts indicate lower energy conditions
G P P	EST? CHAN	380							
		385							
		390							
		395							
		400							
S H E L F	tidal ridge?	400				Sk, Ro			g sd, cl-sp md drap. /c-rich
	anoxia					P			
	sand ridges?	405				Cy, P			
S F A C E?	upper								
	lower					lg. crypto, P, Sk, O			





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-6-64-6V4		MOBIL GARTH 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		366.0-407.5 m	591.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
V A S	SHORE FACE lower	rubble						
	S'FACE-BAY				rare Sk, P			
S P A	BAY				Ch, P			
	SHORE FACE storm sands				Te (Zo?), Ch			
					Ch!			
					Ch!			
B M	SHORE FACE storm sands				Ch!, crypto			
					Ch, Cy, crypto			
G P	S'FACE mar. sh				Te, P, Ch			
			NO RECOVERY					
	SHORE FACE storm sands							
R E X	FLUV? CHAN				As, Be, Cy, P (large traces)			
	SHELF				P, Zo, Ch			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE										
3-7-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		354.0-396.5 m		587.6 m		1 OF 1										
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA		B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES											
W A S	SHORE FACE?	355							wafer-bedded LAIS with rippled tops, some concave-up laminations and rare scour surfaces											
		360																		
S P A	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.	365					Cy, Sk, P Ch (rare) Ch, P    Cy, Sk, Chl Zo, Chl, Te Chl, Sk, +??		distinctive mottled admixed unit											
	BAY	storm sands										370				Tel Chl, P, Tr Ch, Tb Chl, P Ch, P Chl, P, +?		mostly thin storm units with LAIS capped by ripples and thoroughly blot'd sits and admixed sds. (sharp bases and tops)		
												375								
B M G P	SHORE FACE	380							possible firmground											
	mar. sh	385																		
	SHORE FACE	390																		
		395																		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-9-64-6Y4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		355.0-400.75 m	588.4 m	1 OF 1
	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	muddy chan. or over-bank	360					laminated mudstones (with some silt) occasional poorly develop'd sid bands and nodules
			365					
W A S	BAY	ob	370					
			375				Ch, Te, Sk, Cy, Te (Zo?) Ch, P, Tr, +?	
S P A	EST. CHAN.	channel fill	380					
			385				roots in thin ob muds Ch, P, +? Ch, P, +?	
B P	SHORE FACE	upper?	390					thin coal detr. zone at top
			395					almost all LAIS
			400					







LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-16-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH CV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		373.5-385.0 m	583.96 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
S P A  EST? CHAN	ob/mgn ch. fill	375					carb debris	
	ob ch mgn	380			rare P		micro-faults and sss common carb debris	
		385						



LOCATION			WELL NAME			LEASE HOLDER			INTERVAL			K.B.			PAGE		
6-18-64-6W4			MOBIL WOLF LAKE EX			MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.			357.0-411.0 m			593.7 m			2 OF 2		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT			DEPTH	LITHOLOGY			CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES						
REX	CHAN	tidal?															
L	LAG'N		410	g					rare O		possible firmground sands are glauconitic						
L		storm/norm							some rare Sk and Ch								

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
2-21-64-6Y4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		370.0-399.0 m		590.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I G T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
S P A	BAY					Ch, Cy, Sk, P, Gyl		LAIS with rippled tops capped by biot. silts	
	SHORE FACE	375						LAIS	
BM	SHELF	mar. sh						possible firmground	
G P	SHORE FACE	sand ridge	385						
			390						
			395						
						rare P		water sands	



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
12-21-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		371.0-413.0 m		601.6 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES				
MCL WAS	FLUV? CHAN SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS. BAY				Ch						
					Ch, Gu, Cu, Sk						coal at top
					Te (Zo?), Po, Ch, P						small rip ups
S P A	SHORE FACE beach to upper										
	BAY alt. storm/norm				Tr, Ch, Gy Ch, P, Sk Gy, P, Ch						distinctive mottled sds (Gy)
	SHORE FACE storm										good LAIS
BM GP	BAY norm				Te, P, Ch						
	SHORE FACE lower?				Te						
REX	EST. CHAN channel fill				Pal (or D2), Te						distinctive Pa unit dirty carbonaceous sds



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
3-27-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH DV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		372.0-407.5 m		606.9 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT			DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
MCL	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	channel fill	375								
		point bar	380								
WAS	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		385				Ch Chl, Tr, Tb?, Cy Chl, Te (Zo?), Gy, Cy				
SPA	SHORE FACE	upper?	390								trans. lag?
	BAY		395				Gy, Ch, crypto Gy, Ch, crypto Chl, P, Cy, Gy				mottled admixed sands and muds w/ current ripple sands
	SHORE FACE	upper?	400								mostly high to medium angle x-strat. topped by ripples some LAIS near the top rubbly shale (firmground)
RM	LAGN?	normal					Zo?, Ch, Sk, Cu				
GP	SHORE FACE	storm sand	405								mostly low angle sands

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
9-27-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH OY		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		390.0-408.0 m	613.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
MCL FLUV? CHAN								
VAS SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					rare Ch, P			
BAY	395				Te, P, Zo?			
SPA SHOREFACE	lower				mottled zone Cy, P, ?			
	400				rare Cy			
	405							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE		
9-28-64-65		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		365.0-383.0 m		604.2 m		1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFOAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES					
M C L	FLUV CHAN	channel fill or point bar	v c	c.c.z.				mostly trough x-bedded to high angle planar x-stratified fine to medium grain sds with some calcite cemented zones and a lot of coal rip up clasts (especially at the base of the unit)				
		lag										
W A S	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.				Ch, Sk, Gy Te (Zo?), Ch, P, Cy cry to in sds			rip'ld slts and biot. muds grading into biot. glauc. sd.				

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-29-64-6Y4		HUSKY TUCKER LAKE		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS LTD.		383.0-410.0 m	580.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.	385	g			Ch, P, Sk, Cy		interestingly, no Ch
	BAY norm		g			Te (Zo?), P Te, P, Ch?		
	SHORE FACE	390				Ch, Sk		
	amalg. storm sands					rare Sk in fb silts		
	BAY	395	g			Rh, Te, P, Te (Zo?) crypto!, Co, Te heavily rooted		
G P	SHORE FACE	400	c	A A				
		405	c					
	BAY SHORE FACE	410	c					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-36-64-6W4		MOBIL GARTH		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		379.0-460.0 m	648.0 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COLL	SHELF	380			Ch + ? Sk			
		385			Chl + ? Ch, P, Sk Ch, Sk		minor amts of pyrite rooted(?) coal at top	
MCL	SHORE FACE	upper or beach						
	BAY/LAG'N							
WAS	EST CHAN COMPLEX	390						
		395			Gyl + ? P, Ch, Te Te, Sk, Ch, Pa, Cy, Gy?		mottled admixed sds & slts. mottled admixed sds & slts	
		400			in slts: Sk, Cy, Chl		to rip'ld sds and blot. slts	
		405			roots?			
		410					scattered carb debris oil sat'n good but spotty in places	
		415						
		420						
								UNCORED INTERVAL







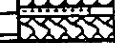




LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-1-64-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		342.0-395.5 m	582.7 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFOAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
W A S	SHORE FACE							
	BAY	345				Te, Ch, P Chl, Te (Zo?), P P, Ch, Sk - Te (Zo?)		muddy glauc. sand
S P A	SHORE FACE							swash c.o.z. at top
	BAY	355				Te, rare Ch		syn
	SHORE FACE							
	BAY	360				Gu, Ch, P Te (Zo?), P, Ch Ch, P, Sk		
G P	SHORE FACE	365				Ch, Gy		stacked storm sands capped by wave ripples
	BAY	370				Ch, Gy in ls. muds Chl, Sk, P Te (Zo?), Ch, Th?		ls biot. muds and sds. muddy glauc. sd. carb. detritus at top of sequence
	SHORE FACE							
	BAY	375				Te, Ch, P		muddy glauc. sand
R E X	SHORE FACE	380 385						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-3-64-7V4		MOBIL SUGDEN CV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		351.0-378.0 m	575 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
MCL WAS	TIDAL FLAT		Fe			mottling		
	SHORE FACE beach to upper	355	g c	?		possible roots at top		
		SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	360	s			Ch, Cy, P	
	BAY SFACE		s			Ch, Cy, Te Ch, Cy escapes at top		
SPA	TIDAL FLAT	365				Ch, Tb, Te ripups at top		
		370				Ch, Tb, Te, Cy		
EST CHAN		375				Ch, P + ?		partially ind. sands with lb muds sds con: sin g and lithic frags.
						mot'ld sds w Ch, P + ? Sk, P in mud drapes		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
4-7-64-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		351.0-366.2 m		577.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES		
V A S BAY?	355	  			Ch, P		cap. sd. cap. d. by coal		
		DRILLING MUD			Cy, Sk, P muds contain Cy, Tb, Sk, + possible Rh and Te				
BAY	360	  			Ch, Cy, Ro? Ch, Cy, P Ch!, Cy, Tb		alternating brackish & marine conditions		
	wash overs	365							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-11-64-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		352.0-400.0 m	578.5 m	1 OF 1
C O L	P A L E O - E N V I R O N M E N T	D E P T H	L I T H O L O G Y	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T. S A T.	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S
	BAY?					P, Te		reworked top correlates with 6-15-64-7W4 thinner glauc. sd
	SHORE FACE storm	355						
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	360		40°		Ch, Sk Ch, P Ch, Zo Ch, GJ, Tr, Te (Zo?)		fault contact?
	BAY norm skump? norm	365				Te (Zo?), P Chil		
	SHORE FACE storm sands	370				Te (Zo?)		
	BAY norm storm	375				Ch, P, GJ near top Zo, Ch, Te (Zo?), P single As Te (Zo?), P, Ch		
	SHORE FACE amalg. storm sands	380				large Te in sands		
		385						
		390						
		395	NO RECOVERY					
REX	EST. CHAN.				G.6.2.	Pa zone		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
8-12-64-7Y4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		344.0-389.5 m	582.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY	345			Cy, Ch		muddy glauc. sd at base v. thin sid. cemented zone at top, underlain by rippled sands with carb. debris	
S P A	SHORE FACE beach to upper	350						
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	355			rare Cy, Ch Ch, P Ch, Cy, Pa, Te		syn syn black biot. shale. dysaer?	
BAY		360			Ch, Cy, Gy, cryp.		lam muds at top of sand beds are unbiot. with syn.	
		365			muds: Ch, Ar sands: common Gy		highly biot. muds at top of rippled sand beds	
		370			mostly crypto. Te, P, Zo?		black shale at top mdy. glauc. sd. carb debris	
G P	storm	375						
	norm	380			Te, Ch, P		rippled silt	
SHORE FACE	storm	385						
					Pa?		carb. detritus above Pa zone	






LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-13-64-7V4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		316.0-415.0 m	592.0 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
J F								
C O L	FLUV? CHAN		?					rip-ups of wavy silt beds
								rip ups are mostly angular
W A S		<p>UNCORED SECTION</p>						
	SHORE FACE BAY							rippled sds w. mud drapes tidal influence?
					Pa, Cy			





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
6-15-64-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		371.0-415.25 m		590.5 m		1 OF 1					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY	norm	375	g					Ch, P, Cy		dark grey shale w. Py nods				
			375	g					P, Pa, Te (Zo?) P, Te (Zo?) P, Pa, Te (Zo?), Ar? Ar, As, Cy? P, Pa, Te (Zo?)						
				CORE BREAK											
SPA	SHORE FACE	norm	380	g					Ch		top of interval reworked				
		storm	385												
	norm	390							Chl, Te (Zo?), P Ch, P, Te (Zo?)		mottled admixed mds & sds				
	brack?	395							rare Ch		wavy silts w syn cracks				
				NO RECOVERY											
GP	SHORE FACE	norm	400						Ch, P						
		storm	405						Ch, Te, P						
	norm	410	g						Pl, As, rare Ch P		muddy sands grading down into lam. muds				
	SHELF	{idal? sand ridge	415	H					Asl, Te, rare P (all large) one large Dal		dk gry biot. muds ib w rip. sds (double) mud draped sds mud drapes are v. carbonaceous				

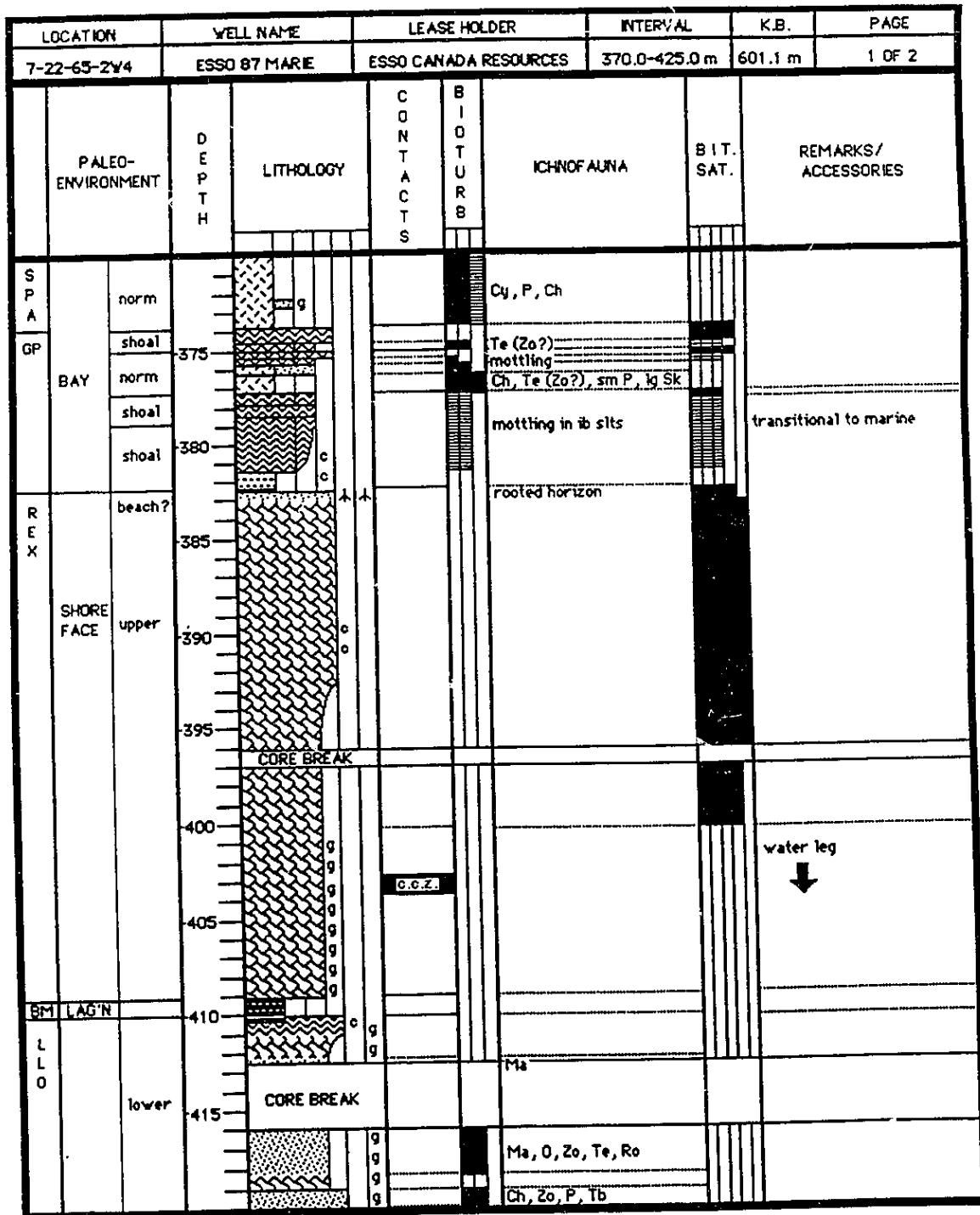
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE		
11-16-64-7W4		MOBIL OSBORNE CV		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		327.0-385.7 m		586.9 m		1 OF 2		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES				
J F		330						abundant shell hash				
C O L		335				Gy   Chl, Gy		finely fb. cur. rip'd sds and silts.				
B A Y		340				Gy		sulphurous coal				
M C L		345	UNCORED INTERVAL									
		350										
		355										
		360										
V A S		365										
L A G ' N		370						rare P, Sk				
S P A												
S H O R E F A C E												

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
11-16-64-7Y4		MOBIL OSBORNE 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		327.0-385.7 m		586.9 m		2 OF 2	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES			
S P A	SHORE FACE								alternating syn cracked and biot. silts (alt. brack. marine conditions?) biot. silts grad. down to biot. muddy sands - traces change		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.	380				Ch, P, Cy in biot. zones					
	BAY	385				Ch, P, Cy Te (Zo?), Ch Ch, Mo, Pl, Sk in muds					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
10-28-64-7W4		MOBIL SUGDEN 0V		MOBIL OIL CANADA LTD.		357.0-396.0 m		608.6 m		1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES			
M C L	BAY	norm?				Te, Gy, Cy, Ch!		lam. waxy muds with sid.			
	SFACE		360			rare Ch, Sk		lam to rip'd silts grading down into biot. glauc sds			
W A S	BAY	alternating storm/norm	365			Te, P, Ch!, Sk		churned muds and silts ib with storm sands (alternating stable shelf and storm conditions)			
	SHORE FACE		370			muds silts and sds are churned Ch, P, mostly with some large Sk					
W A S	BAY?		375			P, Te, crypto		high angle trough x-strat sds with coarse carb. debris on trough lams totally unbiot silts			
			380					NO RECOVERY			
W A S	SHORE FACE	upper	390					overall coarsening up sequence with some small breaks			
	SHORE FACE	lower	395								
	SFACE-BAY					Ch, Ib, Cy, Te (2?)					





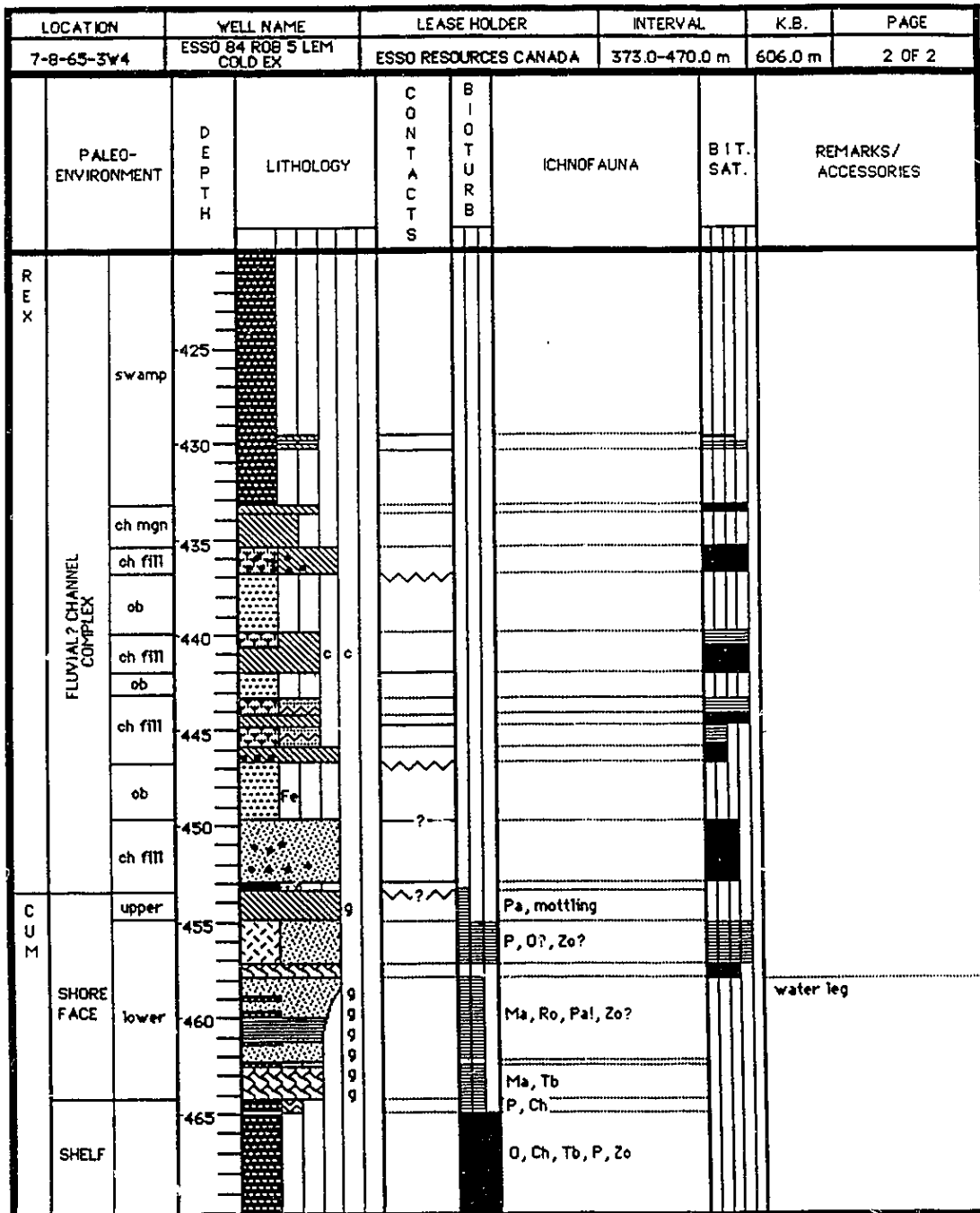




LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-22-65-2V4		ESSO 87 MARE		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		370.0-430.0 m	601.1 m	2 OF 2
L L O	PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
	SHELF	dysaer				Ch, Zo		
		425				Ma, Zo rare Ch		
C U M		430						

LOCATION			WELL NAME			LEASE HOLDER			INTERVAL			K.B.			PAGE		
15-23-65-2W4			ESSO 86 COLD LAKE			ESSO CANADA RESOURCES			395.0-400.0 m			580.3 m			1 OF 1		
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT			DEPTH	LITHOLOGY			CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES						
LLO	BAY	norm		LITHOLOGY							REMARKS/ACCESSORIES						
CUM	SHORE FACE	lower	400						P, Ch, Te (Zo?)		very glauconitic sand						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
7-8-65-3W4		ESSO 84 ROB 5 LEM COLD EX		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		373.0-470.0 m		606.0 m		1 OF 2					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHTHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
MCL		S'FACE-BAY								mottling, Sk, Cy, P in slts					
WAS		SHORE FACE lower		375						Cy, P Cy, P					
		S'FACE-BAY								P, intense mottling					
		BAY storm dom		380						Gy, Tr association					
		BAY dysaer								Ch, P, sm Cy P, Ch?				black sh marker	
		FLOOD PLAIN		385						P, +?				green-white shales	
SPA		SHORE FACE upper								fug at top					
		SHORE FACE lower													
		BAY		390											
		BAY								P, Ch					
		FLOOD PLAIN		395											
GP		shoal?		400											
		shoal?		405						P, Te (Zo?)					
		shoal?								P, Cy, Ch					
		BAY								P, Cy, Ch lg Sk, Ch				CORE BREAK	
		shoal?		410											
		shoal?		415											
REX		FLOOD PLAIN swamp								P, Ch					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-17-65-3W4		ESSO 84-01 ETHEL LK OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		410.5-420.0 m	602.2 m	1 OF 1
L L O	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
	SHORE FACE							
	SHELF	415				Ma, Te, As, Ch, P, O Ch Ch, P, As, Tb Cr P, Ch?		S = sandstone dike???
C U M		420						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE					
10-18-65-3W4		ESSO 87 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		410.0-420.0 m		602.4 m		1 OF 1					
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHOFAUNA		BIT. SAT.		REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
L L O	SHFACE	lower													
	SHELF	dysaer	415							Q	lg Sk, P, Ch, As				
C U M			420								P, Ch				

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-29-65-3Y4		ESSO 85 COLD LAKE OY		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		362.22-420.0 m	609.3 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							DEVIATED WELL	
SPACE	lower				P, Sk			
	BAY				P, Sk rare Gy, Tr horizons			
GP								
	TIDAL FLAT				mottling			
REX	upper							
	SHORE FACE				c.c.z.			
LLO	lower				O, Zo, Ma, Ch			
					O, Zo, Ma, Ch			
		UNCORED INTERVAL						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-29-65-3W4		ESSO 85 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		362.22-420.0 m	609.3 m	2 OF 2
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
							DEVIATED WELL	
L L O C C U M	SHELF	UNCORED INTERVAL						
		415						
	420							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
6-32-65-3W4		ESSO 85 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		401.0-430.0 m		617.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower ????	405						
			410						
L L O			415	UNCORED INTERVAL					
			420						
	SHELF	dysaer	420						
M C M			425						
			430						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-1-65-4W4		ESSO 85 D24-13 COLD LAKE 13-1		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		342.0-435.0 m	601.5 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
C O L	BAY	345	Fe	c.c.z.	Ig Cy, Te, P			
	SHOREFACE- BAY TRANS.				Ch, P			
M C L	BAY	350	g		P, Ch, Cy			
	S'FACE???????				Te (Zo?), P, Ch, Cy			
	tidal flat	355		c.c.z.	Cy, Te, P			
	ch mgn/ ch fill	360			Ch, P, Gy (rare)			
	tidal fl	365			P, Sk in slt interbeds			
	ch fill				P, Sk			
	ch fill	370			P, Sk, sm Te			
	channel aband.	375	Fe		P, Sk, sm Te			very small sid nods
ch brec								
channel aband.	380				P, Sk, fug?			no shell beds in this int.
channel aband.	385				P!, Ar, Sk in ib sds.			shell beds only in ib sds gastropods = <u>Goniobasis?</u>



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
5-10-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		320.0-435.0 m		616.2 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES		
JF COL	SHORE FACE				P, Sk, mottling				
		325							
MCL									
		330	NO RECOVERY						
WAS	BAY?				sm P, sm Cy rare Gy				
		340			P, mottling P, Cy, Te?				
WAS	SFACE lower								
	????	345	CORE BREAK						
WAS	SFACE-BAY				P, Cy				
		350			lg Te (Zo?), P				
WAS	BAY				P, Te, churning				
	SHORE FACE								
WAS									
		355			P, Sk				
WAS									
		360	NO RECOVERY						
SPA	EST CHAN.								
	ch fill	365							
















LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-16-65-4W4		ESSO 98 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		310.0-435.0 m	606.7 m	2 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							TYD WELL 10° DEVIATION	
Y A S  S P A	S'FACE							
	BAY				churned or dysaer.			
		365	CORE BREAK					
	upper							
	S'FACE	370			mottling in shales			
	lower							
	BAY	375			lg P, spreiten structures Tel!			fairly thick coal
G P	SHORE FACE	380						
		385	CORE BREAK					
	BAY				P, Ch, Te (Zo?)			
R E X	SHORE FACE	390						
	upper	395						
		400	CORE BREAK					
	SHORE FACE	405						
			CORE BREAK					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-16-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		310.0-435.0 m	606.7 m	3 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							TYD WELL 10° DEVIATION	
R E X  L L O	SHORE FACE lower				O, Ch in shale drapes, As			
					O, Ch in shale drapes, As Ma Ma			
					Zo, Ch O, Ch in mud drapes			
SHELF								
M C M								

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-16-65-4W4		ESSO 84 J7-13 COLD LK		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		323.0-450.0 m	614.3 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
							NOTE: DEVIATED WELL	
JF								
C O L	BAY							thick cemented zone @ top
	SHORE FACE	upper					P, Cy, fug	
		lower						
	BAY?						Ch, Tr, Gy	
	S'FACE	lower?						
M C L	BAY						Gy, Tr horizons P, Ch Ch	black shale marker green-white shale marker
	FLOOD PLAIN							
	SHORE FACE	upper						
		lower						
W A S	BAY						P, Cy P, Cy, motting	
		UNCORED INTERVAL						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-16-65-4W4		ESSO 84 J7-13 COLD LK		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		323.0-450.0 m	614.3 m	3 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							DEVIATED WELL	
R E X		UNCORED INTERVAL						
L L O								
	SHELF dysaer				Ch, P, +?			
C U M								

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-21-65-4W4		ESSO 84 H2-13 COLD LAKE		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		340.0-420.0 m	615.7 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
							DEVIATED WELL	
JF								
COL	BAY norm?				Zo, Ch in sds: at base			Py at base
	SHORE FACE lower				Ch!, P, Co, Gy, sm Sk Gy horizons at top of sds			very sharp upper contact cemented at top
	SFACE-BAY				P, Sk			
	SFACE lower				Pl, Sk, Te, Ch?			
		CORE BREAK						
MCL	BAY norm dysaer				P, Ch, Sk, Cy			distinctive MCL gr-wh sh.
	EST/FLUV CHANNEL fresh ob est ch margin fresh ch fill				Cy, P in lb shales			highly fluctuating salinities shales in "fresh ch fill" are unbioturbated
		CORE BREAK						
BAS	SFACE lower							
	BAY fresh brack.				P, Cy, Sk Cy, P, Ch?, Sk P, Sk			
		BAY fresh brack.				Cy, P P, Cy		
	BAY-MTH BAR							
BAS	BAY very brack.				Cyl, P, Ch, Te			
	BAY-MTH BAR							cemented and sat zone!
	BAY? fresh brack				rare Gy, Cy, P, rare Te			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-21-65-4Y4		ESSO B4 H2-13 COLD LAKE		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		340.0-420.0 m	615.7 m	2 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIO TURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
V A S								DEVIATED WELL
BAY?	brack		Fe			P, Cy lg P, lg Te		thin coal at base
			UNCORED INTERVAL					
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	395				P, Cy		
	channel aband. or tid fl.	400				P, Cy		
	ch fill							
	ch mgn	405				P, Sk,		
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch fill	410						
	point bar	415						water leg?
		420						
		CORE DEPTHS DID NOT MATCH LOG DEPTHS FOR THIS WELL (21 M OFF FOR EVERYTHING ABOVE 395 AND 9 M OFF FOR BOTTOM CORED INTERVAL) CORRECTED FOR MISMATCH						





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-22-65-4W4		ESSO 84 J2-13 COLD LK		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		321.0-455.0 m	615.2 m	2 OF 3
	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOSTRAT	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
								DEVIATED WELL
L O C A L		375	UNCORED INTERVAL					
		380						
		385						
		390						
E S T U A R I E S	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch mgn				P, sm Sk, mottling		
		point bar						
	EST. CHAN.	tidal fl. ch fill				P, mottling		
R E G I O N	BAY?					P, Te (Zo?)		
	SHORE FACE	upper						
		410						
		415						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-22-65-4Y4		ESSO 84 J2-13 COLD LK		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		321.0-455.0 m	615.2 m	3 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							DEVIATED WELL	
SHORE FACE								
	-430							
	-435							
	-440							
	-445							
	-450							
lower					Ch, Zo, P			
dysaer					Ch			
					Ch, P			
	-455							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-23-65-4W4		ESSO 87 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		380.0-402.5 m	612.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
G P	SHORE FACE upper?	385						
		390		C.C.Z.				
		395						
		CORE BREAK						
	lower	400			Pa			
					0			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
2-24-65-4W4		ESSO 84 B68 COLD LK 2-24		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		321.0-455.0 m		611.0 m		1 OF 1	
PALED- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY		C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES			
								DEVIATED WELL			
JF	C O L	FLUVIAL CHANNEL/ FLOODPLAIN	ob	315	Fe						
				320	Fe	sc					
			ch fill	CORE BREAK							
			ob	325	Fe						
			ch lag	330							
		MARINE INFLUENCED FLOODPLAIN		335	Fe					P, Pa, Cy	
				340							
						DEVIATED WELL: CORE DEPTHS DO NOT MATCH LOG DEPTHS recorded depths are from core boxes					

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-24-65-4W4		ESSG 58 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		312.5-425.0 m	612.9 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
JF COL FLUV CHANNEL COMPLEX								
	ob	315						cemented zone at top incipient sid nods
		320	CORE BREAK					
	ch fill							
	ch fill							
	ch lag	325						
	ch fill							
	ch lag	330	CORE BREAK					
	ob							
	fill/lag	335						
		340						
		345						
		350	NO RECOVERY					
		355						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
12-24-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		312.5-425.0 m	612.9 m	2 OF 3	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL		NO RECOVERY							
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	tidal flat	365				P (sm & lg), Sk, Te, H		
		ch mgn	370				P, Sk in fb sfts		
			375						
		tidal flat	380				P, Sk, H		
		point bar?	385						
		ch mgn	390				P, Sk in fb sfts		
			395						
		point bar?	400						
		FLUV? CHAN COMPLEX	basal chan sed.	405					
ch lag									

110





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-28-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE OY		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		341.8-510.0 m	610.6 m	1 OF 4
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
							TYD WELL 45° DEVIATION	
COLL	SHORE FACE upper							storm-dominated
	SHORE FACE lower	345			P, Sk			
	BAY				P, Sk			
	SHORE FACE lower			c.c.z.				
		350	CORE BREAK					
	BAY storm dom?				Gy, Tr horizons			
	BAY dusaor				sm P			
MCL	FLOOD PLAIN	355						green-white shales
	FLUV? CHAN	ch fill	360					
		mud	365			Sk, P, Cy		
		mixed				P, Sk, Cy		
		mud			Fe			
			370	CORE BREAK				
	TIDAL FLATS	mixed				P, Sk, mottling		
		sand						
			375	CORE BREAK				
		mud				P, Cy		
		380	CORE BREAK					
	mixed				P, Cy			
	mud	385			mottling			
					P, Ch, Cy			
	mixed		CORE BREAK					

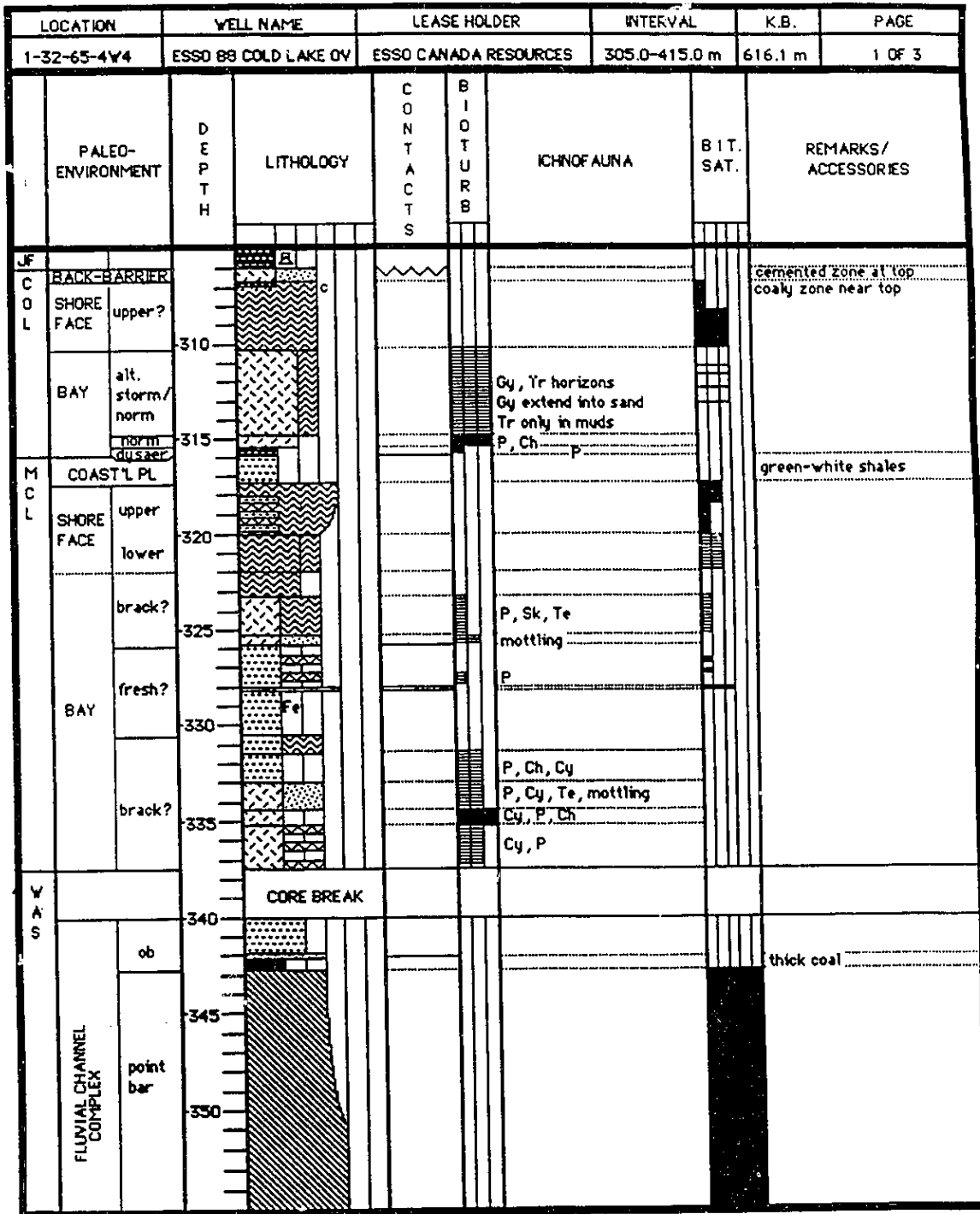


LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
14-28-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		341.8-510.0 m		610.6 m		3 OF 4	
M C L	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES			
								TYD WELL 45° DEVIATION			
		445									
	point bar	450									
	EST?? CHAN	455									
		460			c.c.z.						
	ch lag	465									
		470									
		475									CORE BREAK
	point bar??	480									
	ch lag	485									
	ch lag										
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower			G.C.Z.						0, As, Ro

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE		
14-28-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		341.8-510.0 m		610.6 m		4 OF 4		
P A L E O - E N V I R O N M E N T	D E P T H	L I T H O L O G Y	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T . S A T .	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S					
							TVD WELL 45° DEVIATION					
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower	CORE BREAK					O, As, Ro, Zo				
	BAY?							Te				
L L O	SHORE FACE	lower					Ch in shale beds D, Ma in sands					
			500	CORE BREAK								
M C C	SHELF		505									
			510	CORE BREAK								

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-29-65-4Y4		ESSO 86 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		345.0-425.0 m	619.7 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
V A S	SHORE FACE	lower				Cy, P		
		350				Sk, Cy, P, mottling		
S P A	SHORE FACE	upper				Sk, Cy, P, mottling		
		355				Sk, Cy, P, mottling		
	BAY	lower				Intense mottling		
		360				Ch, P		
B M	BAY	norm storm				Ch, P		
		365						
G P	SHORE FACE	upper						
		370						
		375						
		380						
R E X	SHORE FACE	upper						water leg
		385						
		390	UNCORED INTERVAL					





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-32-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		305.0-415.0 m	616.1 m	2 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar						
		ch mgn						
		point bar	360					
		ch lag						
		point bar	365					
		point bar						
		ch mgn	370					
	channel aband. or flood plain	375						
TIDAL CHAN		380						
		385						
		390						
CORE BREAK								
		395						
L L O	SHORE FACE	lower				O, As, Ro, Ch		
						Ch in some black muds		
						Ma, Zo?, Sk?		tidally influenced????
	SHELF?					Ch, Tb, Zo, P, Te		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
1-32-65-4Y4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		305.0-415.0 m	616.1 m	3 OF 3	
LLO	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
	SHELF	norm. dysae							
			410				45 above Ch		
ICC			415						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
14-34-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0Y		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		311.0-425.0 m		622.1 m	1 OF 3
P	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL	S'FACE								
	BAY??					P, lg Sk, intense mottling			
	SHORE FACE	storm dom. lower?	315			P, v sm Sk			chert pebbles at top
	BAY	storm dom	320			Gy, Tr horizons P, Ch?, mottling			black shale green-white shale
MCL	FLOOD PLAIN		325						
			330						
WAS			335						NO RECOVERY
	BAY?		340			P, Ch, Cy, sm Te P, Sk, mottling P, Ch, Cy, sm Te			
			345						CORE BREAK
	BAY								
SPA	S'FACE	lower	350			Sk, mottling			
	BAY					mottling			very shallow stacked coarsening upwards assemblages
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		355						
	BAY					Te!!! mottling			
	S'FACE					P, Sk in ib muds			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-34-65-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		311.0-425.0 m	622.1 m	2 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
SPA	SHORE FACE							
		CORE BREAK						
BAY					P, mottling Te (Zo?) Te (Zc?), P, association Te (Zo?)			
GP	SHORE FACE upper?							
REX		NO RECOVERY						
	SHORE FACE upper?							
LLO	SHORE FACE lower				Zo, Ch, O, sm Ma?, As			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-34-65-4V4		ESSO 38 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		311.0-425.0 m	622.1 m	3 OF 3
LITHOLOGY	D E P T H	P A L E O - E N V I R O N M E N T	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T . S A T .	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S	
								g
L L O  S H O R E F A C E   S H E L F	lower				Zo, Ch, O, sm Ma?		nearshore bars and interbar troughs	
	dysaer				rare Ch, Zo			
	lower	415			Ma in sds, Ch in shales			
	dysaer	420			Ch, Zo, 1 lg vert Th, Th totally black shale Ch Ch, P			
T C C I								
	425							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
7-5-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		395.5-437.5 m	642.1 m	1 OF 1	
I	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
WAS	BAY	shoal'n upward cycles	400	Fe			Cy, P, Sk Sk, P Cy, P P!		
	SHORE FACE		405						
	S'FACE-BAY						P		
SPA	BAY		410				Cy, Sk, Ch, P, Pa?		porous grey silt marker
		upper	415				Te   Sk		
	SHORE FACE		420				fug, Sk, sm rzre Gy Gy?		
		lower? storm dom.	425						
BM	LAG'N						Ch, Sk, P, Cy, Te (Zo?)		black sh (firmgd?) marker
GP		upper	430				Zo?, Sk		
	SHORE FACE		435						water leg ↓

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
3-6-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP PETROLEUM CANADA PETRO-CANADA INC.		405.0-445.0 m	644.33 m	1 OF 1
M C L	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
	ch fMl							
	ch/ob							
	ch brecc	410		?				
	FLUV CHAN (multi stage ch fMl)	415		c.c.z.				
		420						
		425						
BM	LAG'N					trac. at base into sd=Te		possible firmground
G P	SHORE FACE upper	430						minor fb wave-rip'ld muds
		435						
		440						
		445						



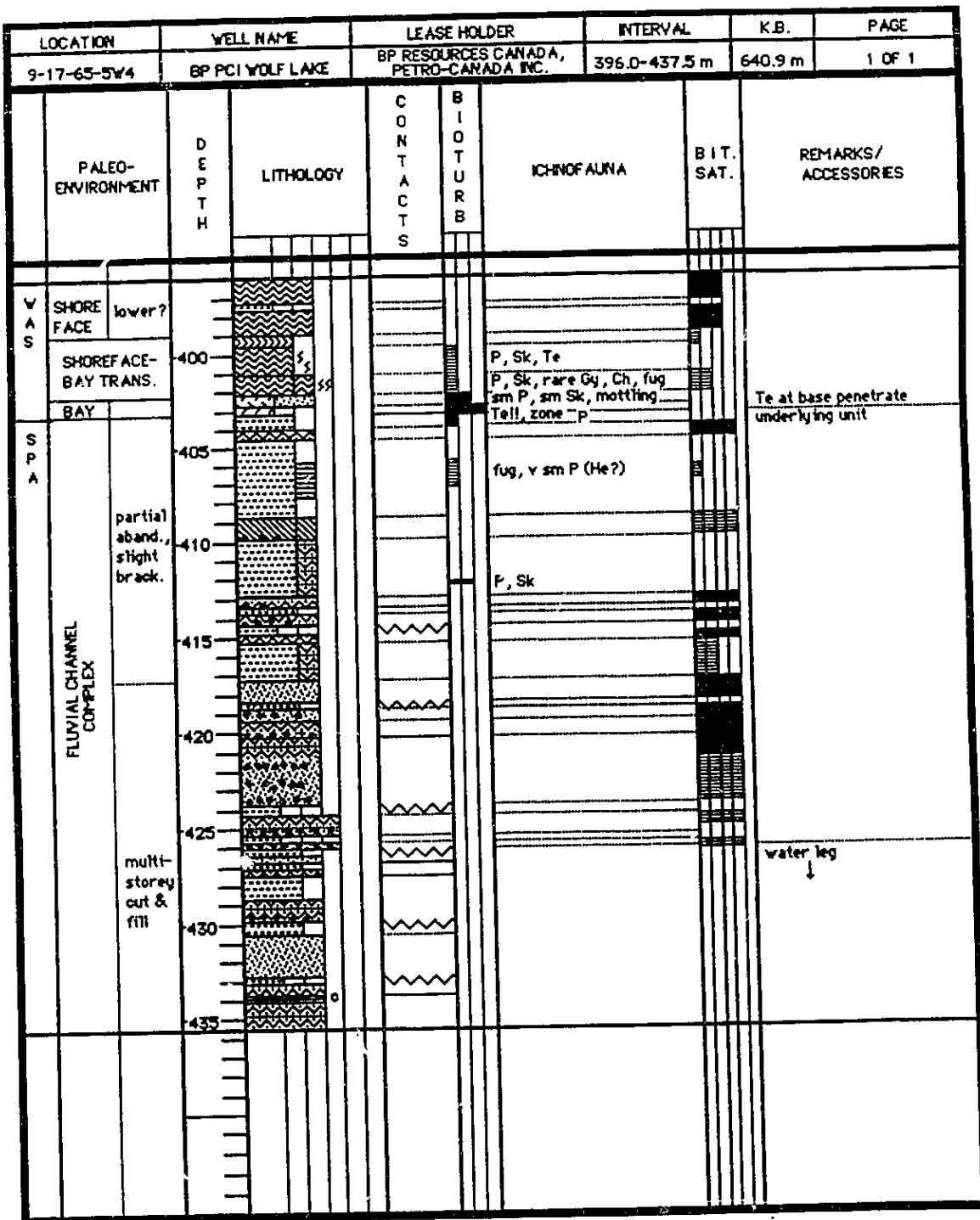
LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
AC/7-8-65-5W4		BP PCI 2 WOLF LAKE EX		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		378.0-450.0 m	642.1 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
W A S  FLUVIAL CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch mgn (slight brack.)	380			Sk, P Sk			
	point bar / ch fill	385			sm Sk			
	point bar / ch fill	395						
		400						
S P A BAY		405			rare P, Sk, Ar? Ch, P, Cy Tel			
	wash-overs?				Cy, Cy, P			
SHORE FACE	upper	410						
	lower	415						
LAG'N		420			? Ch?, Te at base			black sh (firmgd?) marker
S H O R E F A C E	upper							carbonaceous mud
	lower							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
AC/7-6-65-5V4		BP PCI 2 WOLF LAKE EX		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		378.0-450.0 m	642.1 m	2 OF 2
G P	PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T. S A T.	R E M A R K S/ A C C E S S O R I E S
R E X	SHORE FACE	lower						
	FORE- SHORE	beach dunes?						
	SHORE FACE	upper?						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-15-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		407.5-443.75 m	656.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
S P A	BAY SHORE FACE	upper	[wavy pattern]			rare P, Fe	[black bar]	
	lower	410						
	SPACE BAY TRANS.	storm dom.	415	s		P, sm Fe?		
	BAY	fresh water	[dotted pattern]			rare Gy Rh (rafted in ?), P P, Gy at top		sid present as nodules
		????	420	Fe		v sm P		
			425	Fe				
			430	Fe				
B M L A G N	SHORE FACE	upper	[cross-hatch pattern]			Rhll, Te at base		black shale (firmgrnd) mkr
G P			435					
			440					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-21-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		390.0-407.0 m	648.45 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	BAY?					P, mottling		like most other cus's except fb sfts and sds are dominated by current ripples rather than oscillation ripples
	SHORE FACE	395						
S P A	BAY?		Fe			sm P, sm Sk		shales are darkish grey with abundant carbon. detritus
	FLOOD PLAIN	400	Fe c c c					
	FLUV? CHAN	405	Fe c c c					
	swamp ?????							
	ch mgn							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-29-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		378.5-409.25 m	644.04 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
W A S B A Y	S <sup>+</sup> FACE CR SPIT	380						
	upper?	385						Cy, P; P, Te at base
	SHORE FACE	390						Gy, Cy, P Te, Cy, Ch
	lower?	395						Gy, Cy, P Te!!!!, Cy, P, Rh!!!
S P A B A Y	ESTUARINE CHANNEL CC-IPLEX	400						lg Cy, P, Sk, Ar, fug
	ch mgn point bar	405						sm P, sm Sk
	ch lag							Cy, Te (2o?), P

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
7-30-65-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP PETROLEUM CANADA PETRO-CANADA INC.		393.0-440.0 m	655.86 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
Y A S	BAY	norm?				Te, P, crypto			
	STFACE	lower?				395			Cy (some lg)
	BAY	storm dom.				400			Cy, 1 Gy, P, 1 fug
	SHORE FACE	lower?							
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.					405			syn cracks only in fb muds
BAY	storm dom.	410	Ch, Te, Cy, P						
	norm?		Gy, Ch, P						
S P A	COASTAL PLAIN??	storm wash overs				Te, P, crypto		mud caps dominated by Cy, P, Sk	
	SHORE FACE	beach upper				415			
		lower				420			
RM	COASTAL PL	425	firmground burrows = i.e.?	burrows only at base					
G P	SHORE FACE	upper						NOTE: THIS SEQUENCE REPRESENTS A LOWER ENERGY SHELF-SHOREFACE CYCLE (POSSIBLY TIDE DOMINATED) WITH "TRUE MARINE" CONDITIONS EVIDENT IN THE SHELF TRACES	
									430
									435
									middle
	lower		P, As, Ro, Sk (all lg)	(LOOKS VERY MUCH LIKE THE UPPER MCMURRAY)					
			Sk, O, As, Ro, P, Te						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-31-65-5W4		BP LEMING		BP PETROLEUM CANADA PETRO-CANADA INC.		389.4-417.5 m	650.4 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	SHORE FACE	lower	390			P, Te, Gy, Cy		
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		395			Te, Gy, P, Sk		this unit much thinner than in 7-30-65-4V4
S P A	COASTAL PLAIN??	storm wash overs	400			very sm Gy?, mottled?		
	SHORE FACE	lower?	405					
G P		rip zone	410					
	FLUV? CHAN	ch fill	415					



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-1-65-6V4		BP MARGUERITE LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		405.0-450.0 m	653.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
W A S	SHORE FACE	lower	[Cross-hatched lithology]					
	SHELF-SURFACE BAY							
S P A	SHORE FACE	upper	[Cross-hatched lithology]					
	BAY	lower						
	SHORE FACE	upper						
	BAY	lower						
BM	LAGN?	lower	[Cross-hatched lithology]					possible firmground
G P	SHORE FACE	upper	[Cross-hatched lithology]					
	SHORE FACE	lower						
REX	EST CHAN COMPLEX		[Cross-hatched lithology]					

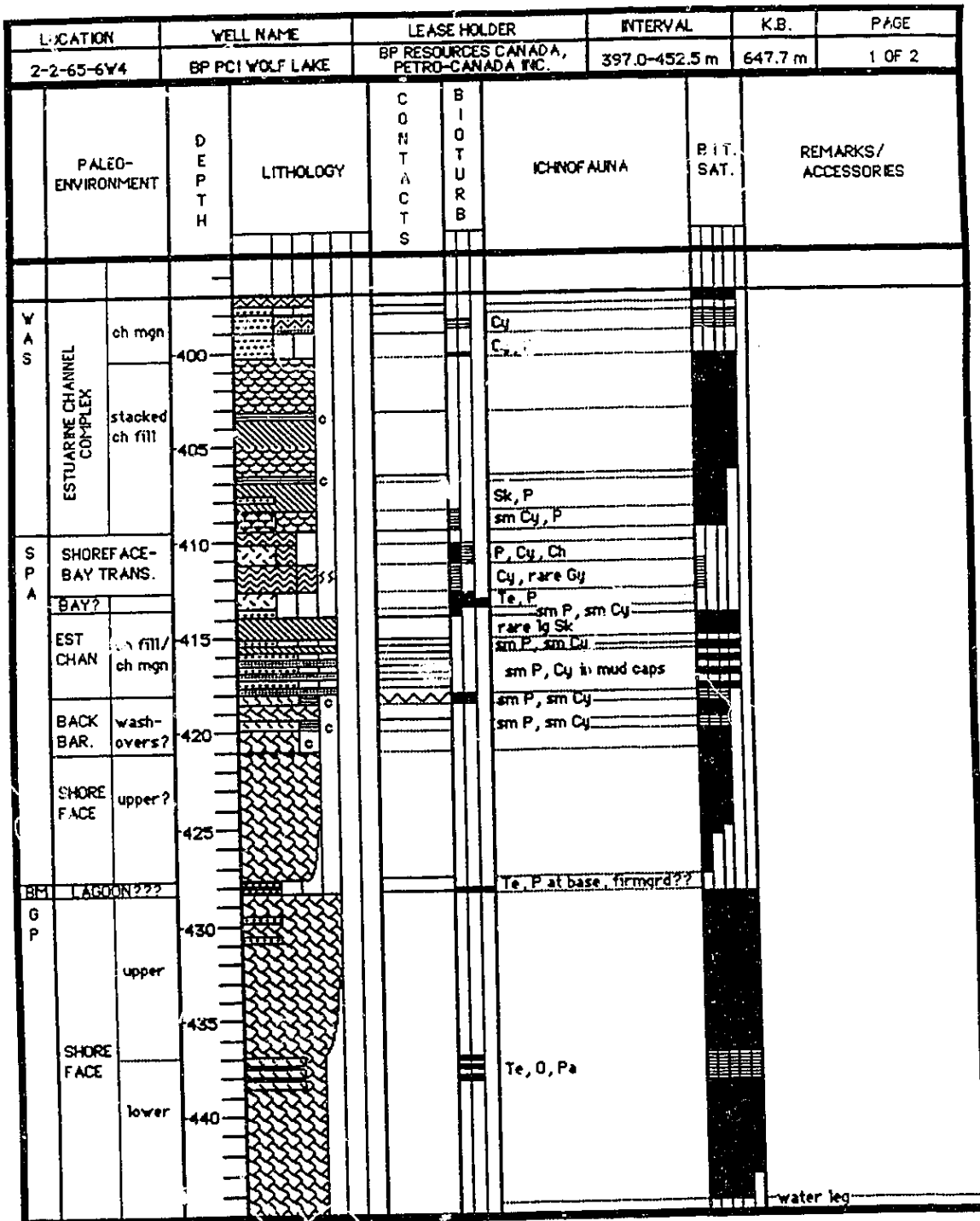
Te (Zo?) Gy, P  
Gy, P, Te  
P, sm Sk

P, Sk, mottling  
intense mottling

intense mottling

Sk, Te (Zo?)

Pa horizons, Ma





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
2-3-65-6W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		393.0-438.2 m	644.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
W A S SHORE FACE	tidal fl beach?							
	upper				rare Pa, Cy root mottling??			
	lower							
	S FACE-BAY				Gy, Ch, Te Cy, Gy, P, Sk			
	BAY?				Tell, P Sk, Cy			
S P A SHORE FACE	BACK-BAR? wash-overs?							
	upper				scattered Gy, P, random mottling, lg Sk in lower to mud laminae			
	lower				Cy, P Ch, P			
	SHORE FACE							
	upper							
	lower				? Sk, Te (Zo?)			possible firmground??
G P SHORE FACE	upper				Sk?, random mottling			
	lower				lg Pl, Pa, O, Sk			
	SHELF				Tb, Pa, Ro?, Chll, Te (Zo?)			
R E X SHORE FACE	upper							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-12-65-6W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		391.5-445.25 m	644.6 m	1 OF 2
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
WAS	BAY							
	beach							
	SHORE FACE	upper	395					uncommon sid staining
	lower	400			Sk, P			
BAY?								
SPA	SHORE FACE	upper	405					Te marker bed
	lower	410						slumped bedding
	BAY?							
	SHORE FACE	lower	415					
LAGN			420					possible firmground??
GFI	SHORE FACE	upper	425					burrows from overlying shale penetrate sand
	lower?	430						
	SHELF?	norm						
	SHORE FACE	upper?	435					water leg
BAY?								
EXIST FACE	upper							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-13-65-6W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		395.0-436.0 m	644.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
V A S	SHORE FACE	upper	[Lithology: wavy pattern]			random mottling		
		lower?						
	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.		[Lithology: wavy pattern]			Ch, Cy, Te (Zo?),		
	BAY					405		
S P A	S'FACE-BAY		[Lithology: wavy pattern]			P, rare Gy		
	SHORE FACE	upper				410		
		lower?		415	Sk, Cy, mottling, Gy	carbonaceous shale		
		SHORE FACE	upper	420	Ch, Te, Cy	very thin coaly zone		
BM	LAGN		[Lithology: wavy pattern]					
G P	SHORE FACE	upper	[Lithology: wavy pattern]			Te		lg skl clast
		lower				425		
		SHORE FACE	lower	430	Sk, P, Pal!			
	SHORE FACE		[Lithology: wavy pattern]			Pal!, Te (Zo?), Ro, Sk, O?		
	SHELF					435		
						Ch, Zo?		
						Ma, Ch		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-24-65-6Y4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		380.0-413.0 m	640.1 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
Y A S	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.				P, motting, sm Cy		part of core misplaced 390 should be at 399 corrected!	
					P, motting, sm Cy			
	beach?				Gy (1 with syn crack) Cy, P			
	upper				P, root? motting			
S P A	SHORE FACE				Cy			
	lower				P			
S P A	SHOREFACE-BAY TRANS.				Te, P, rare Gy P, fug			
	upper?				Cy, P			
	SHORE FACE				motting Cy, P			
	lower							
	SHORE FACE							
	upper							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-6-65-9Y4		BRASCAN ET AL SUGDEN		BRASCAN AND OTHERS		376.0-393.5 m	637.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURE	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
COL FLUV CHAN	point bar	[Hatched Lithology]	c			[Black Bit. Sat.]		
	point bar		c					
	-380							
	-385							
	-390							

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
8-19-66-2Y4		ESSO 86 MARIE 8-19		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		381.0-412.0 m	621.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
V A S	EST CHAN	tidal flat			P			
	COMPLEX	ch fill			P, Sk, Te P, Sk			
S P A	LAG'N				Chl, Sk, Te			
	SHORE FACE	lower storm dom						
	STAC-BAY				Te! Te!			
	BAY				P, Te P, Sk P, Sk, rare Te			
GP	BAY MOUTH BAR							









LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
13-3-66-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		298.0-410.0 m	610.7 m	3 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
L L O	SHORE FACE	lower	400	CORE BREAK	g	c.c.z.	Ma, O, P, Zo, As, Ro?	
								SHELF
M C C	410	CORE BREAK	g	g	g	Ch		



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
15-5-66-4W4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE OY		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		310.0-420.0 m	625.0 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES
JF COL	SHORE FACE	upper						"boudinaged" slit inject. structure! cement at top
		norm				Ch, mottling Gy Tr!!!!		
	BAY	alt. storm/norm				Gy horizons!!!!!! Tr		
		norm dysacr				P, Te, Ch P		
MCL	FLOOD PLAIN							green-wh shales Py nods
	SHORE FACE	upper?						
	SHOREFACE BAY-TRANS.					rare Gy Cy, P		
	BAY					P, mottling P, Sk, intense mottling		
			CORE BREAK					
	SHOREFACE BAY-TRANS.					P, Ch, Cy		
	BAY	norm				P, Ch, Te, Cy		shelf sediments may be restricted owing to the sm size of the constituent infauna
		storm deps				Gy, Cy		
KAS	FLUVIAL CHANNEL SYSTEM	ch mgn						
		point bar						
		ch lag ch mgn do						



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
15-5-66-4V4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		310.0-420.0 m	625.0 m	3 OF 3	
L C M U M	PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		D E P T H	L I T H O L O G Y	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T. S A T.	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S
	MID SHELF?	dysaer							
			415	9 9 9 9 9			Chl, Zo, Tb, As, P, Pa, rare Ch only P, Ch, Te?		most diverse of all ichno- facies encountered, mid- section may be anaerobic
			420						

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
3-9-66-4Y4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE DV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		311.0-424.0 m		624.8 m	1 OF 3
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
JF C O L	SHELF-SFACE					P, Jvg		boudinage silt injection pipes	
	SHORE FACE	upper	315			P, Sk			
		lower				P, Sk, Ch			
	SHELF	norm				Gy, Tr horizons			
storm dom.		320			P -churned?				
M C L	FLOOD PLAIN	north dysaer.	325					green-white waxy shales	
	TIDAL FLAT					He, sm P			
				330			P, Cy		
	EST. CHAN. MGN.		335			P, mottling			
TIDAL FLAT			340			P, Sk			
						P, Cy			
			345			P, Cy, Ch			
EST?? CHAN	sh fill		350			Te, F, mottling			
			355			P, Cy, Ch			
						larger Cyl, P			
						P			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.		PAGE	
3-9-66-4Y4		ESSO 88 COLD LAKE OV		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		311.0-424.0 m		624.8 m		2 OF 3	
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH		LITHOLOGY		CONTACTS		BIOTURB		ICHTHOFAUNA	
										REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
EST?? CHAN		365									
		370									
		375									
EST?? CHAN		380									
FLUV? CHAN		385									
FLUV? CHAN		390		CORE BREAK							
FLUV? CHAN		395									
		400		CORE BREAK							
FLUV? CHAN		405									
LLO SPACE lower										0? Ma, O, Ch, As	



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
11-18-66-4Y4		ESSO 85 COLD LAKE 0V		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES		399.0-416.9 m	642.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
GP	SHORE FACE lower	400						
BM	LAGN	405			Chl, P, Te (Zo?)			possible firmground
REX	SHORE FACE upper	410			metting, Te?, P, O?			
	lower	415			Ma, O, Zo, As Zo, lg Pa, O, Tb, As			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
16-4-66-5Y4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETROCANADA INC.		369.5-401.5 m	642.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFOUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
MCI FLUV	370	WAS SHORE FACE			motting			
	375	storm dom			P, motting			
BAY	380				sm P, Cy in fb slts			
S P A BAY	385	wave dom			Te!!!!!!!!!!!!!! Gy Gy horizons, Ch, Cy			
	390	SHORE FACE			Gy Gy horizons, Ch, Cy			
	395	upper			Gy Gy horizons, Ch, Cy			
	395	lower			p			
BM LAG'N	400							possible firmground
G P	405							
	410							





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
15-10-66-5Y4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		SP RESOURCES CANADA, PETROCANADA INC.		364.5-400.0 m	642.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	FLUV? CHAN	point bar						
	TIDAL FLATS							
	ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	point bar						
		ch mgn. ch fill						
B M								
G P	TIDAL SAND RIDGE							possible firmground

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL		K.B.	PAGE
7-14-66-5V4		ESSO 86 WOLF LAKE 0V		ESSO RESOURCES CANADA		387.0-395.0 m		639.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	CHAN?	ch fill				sm Sk, P, Cy			
	EST CHAN?	mud flat?							
GP	S'FACE	395				lg Te			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
10-15-66-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETROCANADA INC.		359.3-400.75 m	640.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT		DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
M C L	TIDAL FLAT	360	wave influen.			Cy, P		shallowing upwards?
		365	norm			Cy, Gy, Te (all rare) Cy, P, Te P, Te		
	CHAN (EST?)		point bar?					
	TIDAL FLAT	370				P P, mottling		
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch mgn	375				P, Sk, Cy		
	mgn/fill	380				Ch, P, Sk		
	ch mgn	385				Cy, P Cy, P Cy, P		
	mgn/fill	390				Cy, P, Pa		
	point bar	395				Cy, P Cy, P Cy, P Cy, P Cy, P		
	bank collapse							
			CORE BREAK					
EST CHAN	ch mgn	400				Cy, P		

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
1-16-66-5W4		BP PCI WOLF LAKE		BP RESOURCES CANADA, PETRO-CANADA INC.		366.0-404.25 m	643.5 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
M C L	TIDAL FLAT	g			P, Pa, Cy, Sk			
	EST CHAN	ch fill	370	c				
	ch mgn				P, Te, sm P, Cy			
	marsh		375					
		NO RECOVERY						
			380					
ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	ch mgn		385		P, Cy, rare fug			
	ch fill		390					
	ch mgn		395		P, Cy mottling in fb sits			
	point bar		400					
	ob							











LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
12-31-67-TW4		ESSO AEC FISHCK 12-31		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES, ALBERTA ENERGY		300.0-308.5 m	608.9 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY			C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
COL BAY	norm								
	305						P, Ch, Gy horizons!, Tr horizons, Cy, Sk		possible storm/norm conditions (abundant Gy)
MCL	FLOOD PLAIN						P		thin coal at base

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
14-1-67-8W4		ESSO AEC 85 FISHCK		ESSO CANADA RESOURCES, ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		413.0-430.75 m	650.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHTHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
CUM SHELF	norm	415				Chl, Te, Tb		
	dysaer					?????? totally churned?		some small sized shell hash (thin shelled bivalves?)
	?????	420		g		lg Sk, intense mottling		unbiot. marine shale???
	norm	425				TeI, ChI, Tb, Zo, lg Cy		
SHORE FACE		430			c.c.z.			





LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
S-12-69-6V4		HUSKY AEC FISHER		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS, ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		365.0-383.0 m	719.6 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	CONTACTS	BITURB	ICHOFOALNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ACCESSORIES	
JF								
COL	SHORE FACE	lower			Ch, Te mottling			
	SHORE FACE	upper		c.c.z.	Ch, Cy, P, Gy at top		storm dom.	
		lower			P, Cy			
	BAY	storm dom. dy saer			Ch, P, Te at top Gy, Tr association			
M C L	FLOOD PLAIN						green-white shales	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
7-16-70-4W4		HUSKY AEC FISHER		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS, ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		305.0-321.0 m	680.5 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY			CONTACTS	BIOTURB	ICHOFAUNA	BIT. SAT.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
JF COASTAL PL BAY storm dom.	325	Py			Py	Py	Gy, Tr association	Py	Py in rooted coal
		CORE BREAK							
INNER SHELF	330	disacc					Ch, P		
MCL FLOOD PLAIN	335								thin coal zone

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
5-9-70-5W4		HUSKY AEC FISHER		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS, ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		321.0-334.5 m	681.7 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY		C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHTHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
C O L	BAY	325				Gy II horizons		"coal" at 324 m; may have been deposited following erosion
	SHORE FACE storm dom			-cement-		P, Ch, Tr in lb muds		
M C L	BAY storm dom	330				Gy, Tr association, Ch!		black shale marker green-white shales
	FLOOD PLAIN							



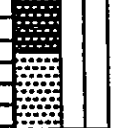

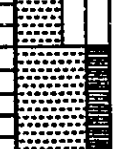


LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE	
5-23-70-6Y4		HUSKY AEC FISHER		HUSKY OIL OPERATIONS, ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		305.0-322.0 m	660.6 m	1 OF 1	
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY			C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES
JF									
C O L	SHORE FACE	310							"coaly" zone at top coal is pyritic
	BAY	315					Gy, Tr association, Ch		
	ST. FACE						P, Cy, Sk in fb shales		
	BAY storm dom dysaer	320					Gy, Tr association, Ch Ch, P, Cy		black shale marker
		330							



LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
6-1-72-5V4		AMOCO AEC IPIATIK		AMOCO PETROLEUM, ALBERTA ENERGY		315.4-332.3 m	674.8 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
L C M ESTUARINE CHANNEL COMPLEX	bay ?				P		gas leg? sands look sulphurous in places	
	ch fill				P, Cy			
	bay ?							
	ch fill	320 	Fe		P			
	bay ?		Fe		P, Cy			
	ch fill	325 	c o c		P, Cy			
	330				P, Cy			
	bay ?		Fe		P, Cy ?			

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
7-14-72-6W4		AMOCO AEC PIATIC		AMOCO PETROLEUM, ALBERTA ENERGY		332.5-351.4 m	706.9 m	1 OF 1
PALEO-ENVIRONMENT	DEPTH	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	ICHOFAUNA	B I T. S A T.	REMARKS/ ACCESSORIES	
U C O L	BAY norm				Gy horizons, Tr horizons, Ch, P		thin coal near top with rooted massive silts above  (very shallow due to biot. plus "coal" and roots?)	
M C L	FLOOD PLAIN				P		characteristic waxy gr-wh shales with silty bands	

LOCATION		WELL NAME		LEASE HOLDER		INTERVAL	K.B.	PAGE
12-26-72-6V4		AMOCO AEC IPIATIK		AMOCO CANADA LTD. ALBERTA ENERGY CO.		353.0-579.0 m	718.0 m	1 OF 1
PALEO- ENVIRONMENT	D E P T H	LITHOLOGY	C O N T A C T S	B I O T U R B	I C H N O F A U N A	B I T. S A T.	R E M A R K S / A C C E S S O R I E S	
							COL	MCL
FLUV? CHAN	ch fill							ripple cross-stratified sets with reactivation surfaces
FLOOD PLAIN	swamp ????	-360  Fe						green-white shales dark grey shales with abundant organic material
		-365 						
TIDAL FLAT?	mbxed flat	-370 			P, Cy			
	mud flat	-375 			P, Cy			

THE UNIVERSITY OF ALBERTA

STRATIGRAPHIC AND PALEOENVIRONMENTAL ANALYSIS  
OF THE UPPER AND MIDDLE MANNVILLE SUB-GROUPS:  
COLD LAKE OIL SANDS AREA, EAST-CENTRAL ALBERTA

(Appendix 4)

BY

BLAIR WILLIAM MATTISON

A THESIS

SUBMITTED TO THE FACULTY OF GRADUATE STUDIES AND  
RESEARCH

IN PARTIAL FULFILMENT OF THE REQUIREMENTS FOR THE DEGREE OF  
DOCTOR OF PHILOSOPHY

DEPARTMENT OF GEOLOGY

EDMONTON, ALBERTA

FALL, 1991

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

### VOLUME III

CHAPTER	PAGE
APPENDIX 4: MAPS	in map pocket

### LIST OF FIGURES

FIGURE	DESCRIPTION	PAGE
FIGURE 61.	Structure contour map: top of the Devonian.	in map pocket
FIGURE 62.	Structure contour map: top of Dina unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 63.	Structure contour map: top of Wabiskaw unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 64.	Structure contour map: top of Cummings unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 65.	Structure contour map: top of Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 66.	Structure contour map: top of Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 67.	Structure contour map: top of General Petroleum unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 68.	Structure contour map: top of Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 69.	Structure contour map: top of Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 70.	Structure contour map: top of McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 71.	Structure contour map: top of Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 72.	Isopach map: thickness of Lower Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 73.	Isopach map: thickness of Middle Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 74.	Isopach map: thickness of Upper Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 75.	Isopach map: thickness of Dina unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 76.	Isopach map: thickness of Wabiskaw unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 77.	Isopach map: thickness of Cummings unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 78.	Isopach map: thickness of Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket

FIGURE 79. Isopach map: thickness of Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 80. Isopach map: thickness of General Petroleums unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 81. Isopach map: thickness of Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 82. Isopach map: thickness of Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 83. Isopach map: thickness of McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 84. Isopach map: thickness of Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 85. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Lloydminster unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 86. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Rex unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 87. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; General Petroleums unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 88. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Sparky unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 89. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Waseca unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 90. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; McLaren unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 91. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Colony unit.	in map pocket
FIGURE 92. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Middle Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 93. Net sand map: shoreface-offshore successions; Upper Mannville sub-group.	in map pocket
FIGURE 94. Channel trend map: Lloydminster incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 95. Channel trend map: Rex incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 96. Channel trend map: General Petroleums incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 97. Channel trend map: Sparky incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 98. Channel trend map: Waseca incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 99. Channel trend map: McLaren incised channel systems.	in map pocket
FIGURE 100. Channel trend map: Colony incised channel systems.	in map pocket