WORLD ALLIANCE



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Annex 6: WHO Facility-Level Situation Analysis

Site ID: _____

RESPONSE KEY	
Fully implemented	5
Given priority and there is clear evidence of action	4
Given priority but no action taken	3
Under discussion but there is no decision to act	2
No discussion around this activity	1



	5	4	3	2	1
LEADERSHIP & STRATEGY					
Among top managers, someone is in charge of patient safety					
Patient safety is clearly articulated in the organization's strategy					
There is an infection control committee existing					
The infection control committee regularly meets (at least every 6 months)					
Improved hand hygiene adherence is a priority within the facility					
RESOURCES AND FINANCES					
The facility has implemented infection control guidelines					
The infection control guidelines are based on CDC or WHO or national guidelines					
The facility has implemented hand hygiene guidelines					
The hand hygiene guidelines are based on CDC or WHO guidelines					
There is a dedicated infection control doctor on site	Y	ES		N	10
There is at least one dedicated infection control nurse on site	Y	ES		N	10
There is a microbiology laboratory on site	Y	ES		N	10
The microbiology laboratory is used for infection control activities (screening, outbreak investigation, antimicrobial resistance detection)					
A dedicated budget has been allocated to patient safety activities	YI	ES		N	0
If yes, the budget is used for education and training on patient safety issues					
The budget for patient safety is used for educational material for staff such as e.g. posters and stickers					
The budget for patient safety is used for a campaign to involve patients in patient safety (e.g. patient education material)					
A dedicated budget has been allocated to infection control activities	YI	ES		N	0
If yes, the infection control budget includes salaries for infection control personnel					
The budget includes costs for education and training on infection control of staff					
The budget covers additional costs for infection control interventions and technical material, such as e.g. alcoholic based handrub solution, surface disinfection solutions, closed urinary drainage systems, closed tracheal suctioning systems, etc					
The budget covers additional costs due to isolation precautions, such as additional Personal Protective Equipment					

WHO FACILITY-LEVEL SITUATION ANALYSIS

WHO acknowledges the Hôpitaux Universitaires de Genève (HUG),

in particular the members of the Infection Control Programme, for their active participation in developing this material. October 2006, version 1.

PATIENT SAFETY CULTURE AND CLIMATE, AND PATIENT INVOLVEMENT			
Staff are encouraged to point out Infection Control and Patient Safety needs / failures / mistakes			
Staff can do this without being punished (blame free or "just" environment)			
The facility provides information to patients to help them understand their role as partners in patient safety			
The facility provides information to patients to help them understand the importance of hand hygiene during health care delivery			
If the use of alcohol-based handrub is implemented, potential religious barriers have been taken into account within the implementation strategy			
Patients are encouraged to ask health-care workers to perform hand hygiene			
ENVIRONMENT AND ENGINEERING CONTROLS			
Health-care workers have continuous access to a clean water supply at all outlets			
Running water is available in all departments where patient care/procedures occur			
Health-care workers have access to the necessary facilities to perform handwashing - Water			
Health-care workers have access to the necessary facilities to perform handwashing - Soap			
Health-care workers have access to the necessary facilities to perform handwashing - Paper towels			
Health-care workers have access to the necessary facilities to perform handwashing - Cloth towels			
An alcohol-based handrub is used within the facility			
The alcohol-based handrub is manufactured according to the WHO-recommended formula	YES	NO	
The alcohol-based handrub is manufactured within the healthcare facility	YES	NO	
The alcohol-based handrub is manufactured by a local company	YES	NO	
An alcohol-based handrub adherent to the international microbiological norms (EN or ASTM) is purchased from the market	YES	NO	
Alcohol-based handrubs are readily available at the point of care/near to patient – e.g. at the bed side	YES	NO	
Alcohol-based handrubs are readily available to each health-care worker - in individual pocket bottles	YES	NO	
EDUCATION & TRAINING			
There is a programme of training on infection control			
Training on infection control is compulsory for all staff		_	
Health-care workers are offered continuous education on infection control			
PROMOTION			
Alcohol-based handrubs are promoted to be used at the point of care/near to patient care		_	
Pocket leaflets on hand hygiene are distributed to health-care workers		_	
Pocket leaflets on hand hygiene are distributed to health-care workers Other promotional gadgets (e.g. stickers) on hand hygiene are distributed to health-care workers			
Other promotional gadgets (e.g. stickers) on hand hygiene are distributed to health-care workers Reminders (posters) on infection control principles are well visible on hospital walls			
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			ICS

To help us understand the different approaches to Clean Care across the world we invite you to complete the following questions.								
TYPE OF FACIL	LITY:							
O General	O Teaching	O Private	O Acute care	O Long	term care			
NUMBER OF BI	NUMBER OF BEDS:							
ANNUAL ADMIS	SSIONS:							
ANNUAL PATIE	NT-DAYS:							
DEPARTMENTS:								
O Internal medic	cine	O High Specia	lity Medical Departm	nent*	O Surgery	O High Speciality Surgery **		
O Intensive care unit		O Mixed medie	O Mixed medical/surgical		O Emergency unit	O Obstetrics		
O Pediatrics O Long term/re		rehabilitation		O Elderly Care	O Radiology			
O Outpatient clinic O Laborator		O Laboratory			O Other			
* e.g. Neurology,	, cardiology, o	ncology, etc	**e.g. Neurosurgery	y, cardiac :	surgery, etc			
NUMBERS OF F	FACILITY STA	FF:						
Total number of	staff		Total nun	nber of he	alth-care workers			
Doctors Medical students			Infection	Control Doctors				
Nurses Student nurses			Infection	Control Nurses				
Care Staff / Orderlies / Auxiliary Staff								
Laboratory Staff /Scientists Microbiology Scientists / Technicians								
Pharmacists: Pharmacy technicians:								
Management / Administrative								
ADDITIONAL IN	FORMATION							
Facility Name:								
Country:				Region:_				
Completed by:				Role				
E-mail address:				Phone nu	umber:			
Date:								

WHO FACILITY-LEVEL SITUATION ANALYSIS

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