Environment Tool

Environment Tool Instructions

Suggested Lead: Unit Manager or Unit Champion

Suggested Support: Unit Staff, Infection Prevention and Control, Facilities

Approximate Completion Time: 1 to 3 hours (5 – 10 minutes per room)

Objectives

To assess the current environment of an individual clinical unit in your facility.

To improve the unit's current environment by making it meet the needs of your staff.

How to use this tool

- 1. Complete the **Patient Room Checklist** in every patient room on your unit. A total of 18 environment recommendations are found in this checklist.
- 2. Complete the **Hallway Checklist** in the hallway of your unit. A total of 19 environment recommendations are found in this checklist.
- Meet to discuss the recommendations that were not met and plan next steps. Consider the
 risks associated with product locations. You may wish to involve your staff to decide which
 locations would best meet their needs. If so, Sticker Placement Activity Guide will help you
 involve your staff.
- 4. Standardize placement of products, wherever possible, to minimize time spent looking for hand hygiene products around the unit.

Before you start

You will need:

- Multiple copies of the Patient Room Checklist (one checklist per patient room)
- One copy of the Hallway Checklist
- A measuring tape

Recommendation categories

Important-to-Have recommendations are based on:

- Nationally legislated requirements (NOTE: These recommendations will be indicated); and/or
- Best practice (the minimum standard based on current recommendations in the medical literature); and/or
- Human factors principles.

Nice-to-Have recommendations are based on:

Advisory or optional recommendations.

Human Factors Principles

The following human factors principles were applied to generate the recommendations contained in the Patient Room and Hallway Checklists: (See **What is a User-Friendly Hand Hygiene Environment?** for a full explanation of these principles.)

Visibility **<V>** Efficiency **<E>**

Accessibility <A> Flexibility <F>

Consistency **<C>** Error Prevention **<EP>**

Special Notes

- This tool is not intended to be used in units where the patient population may ingest hand hygiene products (namely, ABHR, soap, and lotion). For such units, follow **Sticker Placement Activity** to understand where products could be best located. Also, consider ABHR and lotion for personal carry.
- The Patient Room Checklist is intended to assess patient rooms. It is not intended to assess the patient washrooms.

Patient Room Checklist

Patient Room Checklist

Alcohol-Based Hand Rub (ABHR)

Recommendation	Met	Not	Met	N/A	Rationale / Notes
 At least one ABHR dispenser is located insroom. If Not Met, skip to #2. If Met: 	side the				TIP: Patients should be able to see their healthcare provider clean their hands.
 At least one ABHR dispenser is locate point-of-care (i.e. within 3 ft (91cm) from 	m where				To support staff in cleaning their hands. <c></c>
care is provided). ¹ [For multi-bed roo least one ABHR dispenser is located a bed.]	oms, at by each				DEFINITION: Point-of-care (POC) refers to where the following three elements are present at the same time: the patient, the healthcare provider, and care involving contact. ²
					Examples of POC dispensers include dispensers on: footboards, table tops, bed rails, and IV poles.
 An ABHR dispenser is not located immoderate to sinks. 	mediately				To avoid an increase in skin irritation when ABHR is immediately used after washing hands with soap and water. ²
 An ABHR dispenser is not located immoderate to soap dispenser. 					To avoid any confusion between ABHR and soap products. <ep></ep>
 An ABHR dispenser is located by the door room.² If Not Met, skip to #3. 	outside the				To enable staff to clean their hands before and after patient contact. <c></c>
If Met: a. Doorway ABHR dispensers are locate comfortable reach of the door.	d within				To eliminate any excess reaching that may be required while moving through the doorways. <a> <v> <e></e></v>
 ABHR is on the same side of the door handle, wherever doors have handles 'N/A' if the door(s) do not have handle 	. [Check				To easily access the ABHR before opening and after closing the door. <a> <v> <e></e></v>
 An ABHR dispenser is located by the door room. If Not Met, skip to #4. 					To enable staff to clean their hands before and after patient contact. <c></c>
If Met: a. Doorway ABHR dispensers are locate comfortable reach of the door.	d within				To eliminate any excess reaching that may be required while moving through the doorways. <a> <v> <e></e></v>
·	ant-to-Have				
N	ice-to-Have				
otal number of ABHRs in this room (includi	ng any just outside	the ro	oom): ₋		If zero, skip to #6.

Patient Room Checklist Page 1 of 6

Alcohol-Based Hand Rub (ABHR) [Continued]

Re	com	mendation	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Notes
5.	AL	L ABHRs:				
	a.	Are in clear view from the room entrance.				To ensure products are visible as staff walk toward the patient. <v></v>
	b.	Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). <i>If Not Met, skip to #5d.</i>				To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e></e>
	C.	Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed).				To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep></ep> TIP: Where space limitations exist, consider mounting ABHR on IV poles or footboards.
	d.	Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars).				To ensure accessibility of ABHR at all times. <a>
	e.	Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets).				To ensure ABHR does not interfere with other products in the environment. <a>
	f.	Are not located near ignition sources.				To decrease the risk of fire. <ep></ep>
	g.	Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered a nozzle or actuator height of 95-119cm (37 - 47in) from the floor.)				To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Elbow height for adults in the United State ranges from 95cm to 119cm. 3
	h.	Have refills that are stocked in the room				To increase the efficiency of replenishing products <e></e>
		Important-to-Ha	ve			
		Nice-to-Ha	ve			

Patient Room Checklist Page 2 of 6

Reco	ommendation	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Note
	At least one glove box is located inside the room. <i>If</i> Not Met, skip to Sink & Surrounding Area.				To promote donning gloves at the point-of-care.
7. (Glove boxes are located within glove box holders nside the room. <i>If Not Met, skip to #8.</i> If Met:			П	To promote hand cleaning prior to donning gloves.
ć	 An ABHR dispenser is located within comfortable reach of glove box holders located inside the room. 				<e></e>
	c. Extra glove boxes are stored within the room.				To increase the efficiency of replenishing products <e></e>
	One glove box holder is located immediately outside he room.				To promote donning gloves before entering a patient's room.
	Important-to-Have				
	Nice-to-Have				
otal r	number of glove box holders in this room (includin	a anviu	et oute	side th	ne room): If zero, skip to
Reco	ommendation	Met		Met	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Rec o					Rationale / Note To ensure products are visible as staff walk toware
Reco	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d.	Met	Not		Rationale / Note
10. A	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed).	Met	Not		Rationale / Note To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for</v>
Reco	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars).	Met	Not		Rationale / Note To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all times. <a></ep></e></v>
Reco	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). e. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets).	Met	Not		To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all</ep></e></v>
Reco	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). a. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets). f. Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an access point	Met	Not		To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all times. <a> To ensure glove box holders do not interfere with other products in the environment. <a></ep></e></v>
Reco	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). e. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets). f. Are within comfortable reach. (Note:	Met	Not		To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all times. <a> To ensure glove box holders do not interfere with other products in the environment. <a> To minimize reaching required to access products</ep></e></v>
Recc 10. 7	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). a. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets). f. Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an access point	Met	Not		Rationale / Note To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all times. <a> To ensure glove box holders do not interfere with other products in the environment. <a> To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Shoulder height for adults in the United States ranges from 121cm to 152cm.³ To ensure all glove sizes are available at all times</ep></e></v>
Recc 10. 7	ommendation ALL glove box holders: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #10d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). a. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets). b. Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an access point height of 121-152cm (48 - 60 in) from the floor.)	Met	Not		To ensure products are visible as staff walk towar the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at all times. <a> To ensure glove box holders do not interfere with other products in the environment. <a> To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Shoulder height for adults in the United</ep></e></v>

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Nice-to-Have

Hand Washing Sinks & Surrounding Area

Recommendation	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Notes
 A sink that is dedicated solely to handwashing is located inside the room. If Not Met, skip to #12. If Met 				NOTE: Hand washing sinks should not be used for any other purpose as this will increase the risk of subsequent hand contamination. ²
				NOTE: If a handwashing sink is not available in throom, access to a sink located elsewhere on the unit is necessary to wash hands that are visibly soiled.
 A "Handwashing Only" sign hangs immediately by the sink. 				To indicate that sinks are for hand washing only and not for cleaning of equipment, emptying of intravenous and other solutions. ²
b. The sink is located within 3ft (91cm) of the door. ²				To ensure staff can wash their hands after the removal of personal protective equipment prior to leaving the room.
 The sink is located 1 meter (3.3 ft) or more from the patient and clean supplies (e.g. gloves, gauze). 				To protect the patient and clean supplies from splash contamination. <ep></ep>
d. Back and side splashes are mounted near sinks. ⁶				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
e. Backsplashes extend under the soap dispenser. ⁷				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
f. Backsplashes extend under the paper towel dispenser. 7				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
g. Backsplashes extend to a minimum of 60cm (24in) above sink level and a minimum of 25cm (10in) below sink level. ⁶				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
h. A soap dispenser is located near the sink.				To ensure accessibility of soap when it is needed. <e> <a></e>
 Sufficient hand clearance is found between a soap dispenser and sink levers. 				To ensure accessibility of soap when it is needed. <e> <a></e>
j. The sink is free of bar soap. ²				To mitigate the risk of cross contamination that ma result from sharing bar soap. <ep></ep>
 k. A paper towel dispenser is located near the sink. 				To enable staff to dry their hands after washing. <e> <a></e>
 A hot-air dryer is not located inside the room.² 				To decrease the time required for hand drying. <e> <a></e>
				NOTE: Warm air currents dry hands slowly and can be used by only one individual at a time. This results in queues and the temptation to dry hands on clothing. ⁶
m. A lotion dispenser is located near the sink.				To promote hand moisturizing after hand washing. <e> <a></e>
Important-to-Have				
Nice-to-Have				

Patient Room Checklist Page 4 of 6

Hand Washing Sinks & Surrounding Area [Continued] 12. Total number of sinks in this room: If zero, skip to #14. Not Met Rationale / Notes Recommendation Met 13. ALL sinks: a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. To ensure visibility of sinks at all times. <V> b. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed To ensure accessibility of sinks at all times. <A> objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). Important-to-Have Nice-to-Have

Waste Receptacle Recommendation Met Not Met Rationale / Notes To promote disposal of gloves that may be used 14. At least one waste receptacle that is foot-operated or within the room. <A> lid-free and is lined with a waste bag is located in the room. To ensure that paper towels used to dry hands and turn off sink taps can be thrown out as needed. <E> a. One waste receptacle is located by the sink.² Important-to-Have Nice-to-Have 15. Total number of waste receptacles in this room: ___

Patient Room Checklist Page 5 of 6

Recommendation	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Note
 A facility-approved lotion dispenser is available inside the room. 				To promote hand moisturizing.
tile room.				
Important-to-Have				
Nice-to-Have			l	
otal number of lotions in this room (including any just c				·
Recommendation 18. ALL lotion bottles or dispensers:	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Note
 a. Are in clear view from the room entrance. b. Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #18d. c. Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). d. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). e. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets). f. Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an access point height of 95-119cm (48 - 60 in) from the floor.) 				To ensure products are visible as staff walk toward the patient. <v> To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> TIP: Where space limitations exist, consider mounting ABHR on IV poles or footboards. To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep> To ensure accessibility of lotion at all times. <a> To ensure lotion does not interfere with other products in the environment. <a> To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Elbow height for adults in the United State ranges from 95cm to 119cm. 6</ep></e></v>
Important-to-Have				
Nice-to-Have				

Completed By:

Date:

Hallway Checklist

Hallway Checklist

Alcohol-Based Hand Rub (ABHR)

Recommend	ation	Met	Not	Met	N/A	Rationale / Notes
soiled utili	ne ABHR dispenser is located by the door to the try room. [Check 'N/A' if you do not have a soiled n.] If Not Met, skip to #2.					To promote hand cleaning after risk of contact with bodily fluids.
	t: Doorway ABHR dispensers are located within comfortable reach of the door.					To eliminate any excess reaching that may be required while moving through the doorways. <a> <v> <e></e></v>
c	ABHR is on the same side of the door as the door handle, wherever doors have handles. Check 'N/A' if the door(s) do not have handles.]					To easily access the ABHR before opening and after closing the door. <a> <v> <e></e></v>
	ocated within comfortable reach of: [Check u do not have the following equipment on your					To promote hand cleaning after risk of contact with bodily fluids.
	specimen drop-off bins.					TIP: Ensure ABHR placed in these locations are small and slender in
	blood analysis machines.					profile.
	urine analysis machines. Oneumatic tube systems.					
<u> </u>						
3. ABHR is l						To ensure accessibility of ABHR at all times. <a>
a. i	n and around nurses' stations and substations.					
b. c	computer-on-wheels (COWs)					NOTE: Ensure that ABHR bottles located on COWs are small in size are not place on work surfaces.
4. ABHR is l	ocated at the main entrance of each unit.					To promote hand cleaning upon entering or leaving the unit. <a>
	Important-to-Have					
	Nice-to-Have					
otal number c	of ABHRs in the hall: If zero,	skip to	<i>#7.</i>			

Hallway Checklist Page 1 of 6

Alcohol-Based Hand Rub (ABHR) [Continued]

6. ALL AE a.	Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free		
b.	of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). <i>If Not Met, skip to #6d.</i> Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws		To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e> To ensure that products are not inadvertently</e>
	and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed).		moved from their assigned locations. <ep></ep> TIP: Where space limitations exist, consider mounting ABHR on IV poles or footboards.
C.	Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars).		To ensure accessibility of ABHR at all times. <a>
d.	Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets).		To ensure ABHR does not interfere with other products in the environment. <a>
e.	Are not located near ignition sources.		To decrease the risk of fire. <ep></ep>
f.	Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered a nozzle or actuator height of 95-119cm (37 - 47 in) from the floor.)		To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Elbow height for adults in the United States ranges from 95cm to 119cm. ⁶
	Important-to-Have		
	Nice-to-Have		
	•		

Hallway Checklist Page 2 of 6

Glove Box Holders

Recommendat	ion	Met	Not I	Vlet	Rationale / Notes
7. Glove box ho	olders are located in the hall.				To promote donning gloves before entering a patient's room.
	Important-to-Have				
	Nice-to-Have				
					•
otal number of	glove box holders in the hall (including a	ny just o	utside	the ro	oom): If zero, skip to #1
Recommendat		Met	Not I	Vlet	Rationale / Notes
9. ALL glove I	oox holders:				
	Are mounted on vertical surfaces that are free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to # 9d.				To increase accessibility and visibility of product and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e></e>
b.	Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate screws and anchors have been used or manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed).				To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep></ep>
C.	Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars).				To ensure accessibility of glove box holders at a times. <a>
d.	Are not blocking other objects (e.g. power outlets and gas outlets).				To ensure glove boxes holders do not interfere with other products in the environment. <a>
e.	Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an access point height of 121-152cm (48 -				To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a> NOTE: Shoulder height for adults in the United
f.	60 in) from the floor.) Have a place for three glove boxes.	п			States ranges from 121cm to 152cm. ⁶
g.	Contain glove boxes in a standardized order:				To increase the efficiency of accessing the correct glove size. <e></e>
	 For horizontally-oriented holders, gloves are organized by size: Small, Medium, Large (L to R). For vertically-oriented holders, gloves are organized by size: Small, Medium, Large (Bottom to 				NOTE: Standardization simplifies workload by enabling staff to predict where products are located. ⁴
	Тор).				
	Important-to-Have				
	•				
	Nice-to-Have				

Hallway Checklist Page 3 of 6

Hand Washing Sinks & Surrounding Area

Recommendation	Met	Not	Met	Rationale / Notes
A sink that is dedicated solely to handwashing is located in the hallway. If Not Met, skip to #11. If Met				NOTE: Hand washing sinks should not be used for any other purpose as this will increase the risk of subsequent hand contamination. ²
				NOTE: If a handwashing sink is not available in the room, access to a sink located elsewhere on the unit is necessary to wash hands that are visibly soiled.
 A "Handwashing Only" sign hangs immediately the sink. 	by			To indicate that sinks are for hand washing only and not for cleaning of equipment, emptying of intravenous and other solutions. ²
b. The sink is located 1 meter or more from clean supplies (e.g. gloves, gauze). ⁵				To protect the clean supplies from splash contamination. <ep></ep>
c. Back and side splashes are mounted near sink	s. ⁶			To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
d. Backsplashes extend under the soap dispenser	r. ⁷			To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
e. Backsplashes extend under the paper towel dispenser. ⁷				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
f. Backsplashes extend to a minimum of 60cm (2- above sink level and a minimum of 25cm (10in) below sink level.⁶				To protect surfaces near sinks against splash contamination and fungal growth. <ep></ep>
g. A soap dispenser is located near the sink.				To ensure accessibility of soap when it is needed. <e> <a></e>
 Sufficient hand clearance is found between a so dispenser and sink levers. 	pap			To ensure accessibility of soap when it is needed. <e> <a></e>
i. The sink is free of bar soap. ²				To mitigate the risk of cross contamination that may result from sharing bar soap.
j. A lotion dispenser is located near the sink.				To promote hand moisturizing after hand washing. <e> <a></e>
k. A paper towel dispenser is located near the sinl	k. 🔲			To enable staff to dry their hands after washing. <e> <a></e>
I. A hot-air dryer is not located near the sink. ²				To decrease the time required for hand drying. <e> <a></e>
				NOTE: Warm air currents dry hands slowly and can be used by only one individual at a time. This results in queues and the temptation to dry hands on clothing. 6
Important-to-Ha	ave			
Nice-to-Ha	ave			

Hallway Checklist Page 4 of 6

otal number of sinks in this room: If zer	ro, skip t	o #13.	
Recommendation	Met	Not Met	Rationale / Notes
 12. ALL sinks: a. Are not blocked by movable objects (e.g. medical equipment, supply carts, and chairs) nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beams or pillars). 			To ensure accessibility of sinks at all times. <a< th=""></a<>
Important-to-Have			
Nice-to-Have			

Waste Receptacle

16.

Recommendation	Met	Not Me	t N/A	Rationale / Notes
13. At least one waste receptacle that is foot-operated or lid- free and is lined with a waste bag is located in and around nurses' stations and substations.				To promote disposal of waste disposal (e.g. paper towels, gloves) as needed. <f></f>
14. A waste receptacle that is foot-operated or lid-free and is lined with a waste bag is located near the sink. ²				To ensure that paper towels used to dry hands and turn off sink taps can be thrown out when needed. <e> <a></e>
15. One waste receptacle that is foot-operated or lid-free and is lined with a waste bag is located by: [Check 'N/A' if you do not have the following items on your unit.]				To promote disposal of waste (e.g. paper towels, gloves) that has potentially come into contact with bodily fluids. <f></f>
a. specimen drop-off bins.				
b. blood analysis machines.				
c. urine analysis machines.				
d. pneumatic tube systems.				
Important-to-Have				
Nice-to-Have				
otal number of waste receptacles in the hallway:				
namber of waste receptacion in the namay.				

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Recommendation	Met	Not Met	Rationale / Notes
 A facility-approved lotion dispenser is available in ar around nurses' stations and substations. 	nd 🔲		To promote hand moisturizing as needed. <f< th=""></f<>
Important-to	-Have		
Nice-to			
otal number of lotions in the hallway:	If zero, omit	t #19.	
Recommendation	Met	Not Met	Rationale / Notes
19. ALL lotion bottles or dispensers:			
 Are mounted on vertical surfaces that free of clutter (e.g. walls, doors, and splashboards). If Not Met, skip to #19 			To increase accessibility and visibility of products and to keep countertops or desk space clear for use by staff. <a> <e></e>
 Are securely fixed (i.e. appropriate scr and anchors have been used or 			To ensure that products are not inadvertently moved from their assigned locations. <ep></ep>
manufacturer's adhesives have been applied as instructed). c. Are not blocked by movable objects (e			TIP: Where space limitations exist, consider mounting ABHR on IV poles or footboards.
medical equipment, supply carts, and nor fixed objects (e.g. structural beam pillars).	chairs)		To ensure accessibility of lotion at all times. <a>
 d. Are not blocking other objects (e.g. po outlets and gas outlets). 	wer		To ensure lotion does not interfere with other products in the environment. <a>
e. Are within comfortable reach. (Note: Comfortable reach is considered an ac point height of 95-119cm (48 - 60 in) fi			To minimize reaching required to access products at uncomfortable heights. <a>
the floor.)	OIII		NOTE: Elbow height for adults in the United States ranges from 95cm to 119cm. ⁶
Important-to	-Have		

Hallway Checklist Page 6 of 6

Sticker Placement Activity

Purpose

The purpose of this activity is to engage staff in deciding on the placement of hand hygiene products on the unit. Participation from different staff groups will ensure that identified locations will be aligned with various user workflows.

Necessary supplies

CPSI will provide the following stickers:

- Blue stickers to identify locations for hand sanitizers
- Yellow stickers to identify locations for gloves
- Pink stickers to identify locations for soaps
- White stickers to identify locations for lotions
- Black stickers to identify locations for waste receptacles (optional)

Description:

Different coloured stickers will be distributed to all staff on the unit including physicians, nurses, nursing assistants, personal support workers, housekeeping, as well as physiotherapists and occupational therapists, if applicable. Staff will use the appropriate coloured stickers to identify places where they would like hand sanitizers, glove box holders, soap dispensers, lotion dispensers and waste receptacles to be located. In order to identify optimal locations, instruct staff members to go about their days as usual. While doing so, each time they would like to sanitize their hands but a sanitizer is unavailable, instruct them to mark the location where they would like one installed. The same should be done to identify locations for gloves, soaps, lotions and waste receptacles.

Duration

Approximately 10 days

Procedure

Step 1 - Sticker Placement

- Hold a staff meeting to explain the purpose of this activity.
- Distribute the different colored stickers and describe what product each color represents.
- Instruct the staff to identify locations where different hand hygiene products should be installed to better support and improve their hand hygiene. Provide staff with Table A1 Things to Keep in Mind When Identifying Product Placement.
- Allow staff to identify locations over a one-week period.

Step 2 – Discussion

- Hold another staff meeting to discuss the locations that have been identified for each product.
- Discuss the rationale behind each location to ensure that it is optimal.
- Determine and finalize the locations where each type of product should be installed.
- Note the exact locations, heights and orientations of the products.
- Wherever possible, standardize the location of products.
- Coordinate with the necessary people such as Maintenance and Facilities, to carry out the installation and remove the stickers.

Table 2 - 1 – Considerations When Identifying Product Locations

- Limitations while holding or carrying items
- Distance and height of objects for comfortable and convenient reach
- Physical and structural constraints of walls, beams and pillars
- Restrictions of field of view and/or line of sight
- Placement of products is not limited to walls.
 Locations can potentially include: footboards, overthe-bed tables, windows, pillars, etc.
- Patient population and their access to hand hygiene products
- If considering placement of products at the head of the bed, consider whether or not the path to the product is clear, and if reaching over the patient is required.
- Consider placement of products on mobile equipment, for example, computers on wheels, medication carts, and IV poles.

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